

Monday, March 24th, 1930

RAISES C. M. A.

Philadelphia, Pa., Mar.—The C. M. A. Intelligence Magazine published here by the Society of Friends for the Colored, has the following editorial concerning the Col. Merchant's Association.

A little man without financial resources goes to the wall. A successful attempt to meet difficulties has resulted in the Colored Merchants' Association.

It has been estimated that if Negroes all over the country handled their own buying and selling of food and consumption amounting to several millions of dollars a half million would be available. As it is, nine-tenths of the men who are Negro customers are white.

Colored Athletes

York, March.—The All-American track and field team which was organized by Secretary Daniel J. Ferry of the Amateur Athletic Union contained the names of four track stars.

Winning the coveted places were Tolan, of Michigan, for the 100 yard run; Phil Edwards of New York for the 880 yards; Gus Moore of Pittsburgh for the cross country and Edward Gordon of Iowa, running broad jump.

Atlantic City, N.J.—Of 3,500 free furnished at Asbury M. E. Church on the North Side during the past week, more than 1,200 were served to white men long employment, according to Rev. Perry, pastor of the church. Before in the history of the church have similar conditions prevailed regarding white applicants. Funds for continuing the work are raised by church collections. Appeals for aid by letter and operation of bakers and butchers. Substantial meals of meat, bread, and bread are served.

FT \$10000 FOR NEGROES

Nebraska.—Mme. Mary Rogers, a wealthy white friend of the Negro who died here recently at the age of 97, left \$10,000 for creation of a scholarship fund for Negroes at the University of Nebraska.

New York, Mar.—Slavery placed a upon the Negro woman a sixty years of freedom have been able to remove. And being regarded as an inferior being, the woman cannot as yet accept the vices of the white woman, strange as it sounds, the woman is regarded as inferior to her white sister, and yet more respected of her than of the woman of any other race. Mrs. Charles W. Brown told Buffalo on Monday evening. She was the speaker at the new \$265,000 Y.M.C.A. building on Avenue Y.M.C.A.

Persons to discover their future in the stars. Some stars seek their future in the stars.

Physics is becoming the spice

The Dawn of Tomorrow

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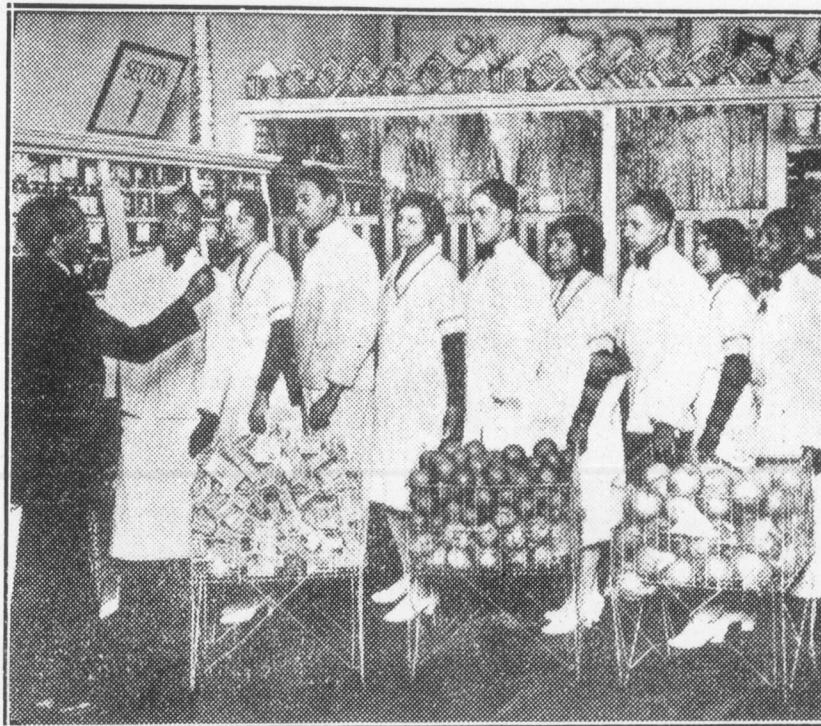
CANADIAN COLORED VETERANS OF 1866

In the year 1865 there was an Irish organization in the United States known as Fenians, men who had served in the Civil war just closing. They openly drilled under arms in all the large cities of the U.S., formed Regiments and Brigades and declared that they were strong enough, and instructed to invade Canada, and make it into an Irish Republic, in revenge for the alleged wrongs suffered by Ireland, and in the fall of that year and following spring the Canadian Government placed volunteers of Canadian Militia on active service to guard the frontiers, and drilled other military units frequently, to be ready for action.

At London, Ont., the Victoria Rifles, the Highlanders, two infantry companies and two additional companies recruited in March 1866 were formed into the 7th Battalion, London Light Infantry under Lt. Col. J. B. Taylor. On the first of June 1866 word came that the Fenians were at Buffalo, N.Y. intending to cross that afternoon. The 7th were on the road to meet them, stopping at Paris that night. The next morning very early they pushed on by train, arriving and taking part with the Queen's Own Regiment of Rifles of Toronto, the 13th Light Infantry of Hamilton, and the St. Catharines Field Battery in the engagement at Ridgeway, Ont. On the 2nd of June 1866, when the Fenians attempted to cross over, the colored citizens of London met in the Second Baptist Church and offered their services as volunteers to defend Canada.

During the night of the 2nd of June the Fenians retreated, part of them were taken prisoners and held in the centre stream by a U.S. gunboat for some days. About a week after the engagement the 7th Regiment returned to London. At the railway station Mr. Richard Berry, a well-known property holder and auctioneer, Hayden Watters, Anthony Grey and other colored citizens some of whom had served with the Northern troops during the American Civil War, were waiting and offered their services as a company, to Color Sergeant E. T. Essery, a law student and Military School Graduate, and Major McPherson then in command of the troops, gave

Continued on page 8



A group of Colored help of the Loblaw Groceries, Chicago. They are being trained in efficiency by James Hall Porter (in black).

NEGRO NOT MORE SUBMISSIVE THAN WHITES, TEST SHOWS

New York, Mar. 28.—That Negroes are not more submissive than whites is indicated by psychological tests conducted by Peter Cooper, and reported on in Social Forces for March 1930. His article, as summarized by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, states that he applied the "Allport" psychological test to men and women students, both white and colored, in their respective colleges.

Mr. Cooper concludes from his tests that in the particular phase of personality covered, there are no racial differences. He says:

"The really significant differences are within the white and Negro groups and not between them; in fact, the differences within the group are more than fifty times as great as those between the groups. A further interesting observation is the following: 'that this test disproves the traditional view that the Negro is innately more submissive than the white man. The results given above show that although the differences in the means and medians of the two groups are extremely small nevertheless the slight difference in ascendance favors the Negro.'"

THE SONGS OF THE NEGROES

(Children's Newspaper)

That popular singer and actor Mr. Paul Robeson, the Negro barrister who has forsaken the Bar for the stage and the study, has been telling us how what are called the Negro spirituals came to be.

He does not realize, perhaps, that his story is one with the marvellous folk lore history which links mankind together through the ages.

These songs sprang from the hearts of the Negroes in America when they were slaves and were not allowed to learn reading or writing and therefore had to carry words and music in their memories. In many cases the tunes were born in Africa in far-away ages, Mr. Robeson says, before the Negroes were captured and carried across the Atlantic into bondage.

An Arab Chief's Story.

In Dahomey, he says, songs have passed verbally from generation to generation so that we know today the songs the Negroes sang in a free Africa long before white men were seen there. This may well be. Some of the greatest facts, legends and masterpieces of literature came down to us from people who were devoid of education.

When Nineveh was buried beneath

INDUSTRIAL CHANGE FOR THE NEGRO

New York, Mar. 28.—Under the leadership of its president, Dr. Meyer Jacobstein, former congressman and bank president, the Rochester, N.Y., branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People has entered upon a program of obtaining industrial opportunity for colored people.

A report in the local white daily, the Rochester Democrat and Chronicle, of the branch's most recent meeting, gives the following summary.

"To open the doors of opportunity in industry to every colored person in Rochester is the big task of the Rochester branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, it was declared by Dr. Meyer Jacobstein, president of the branch, in opening the annual membership drive at a meeting in Mount Olivet Baptist Church yesterday afternoon.

"Especially the colored boys and girls who some day will be the leaders of their race must be given the chance to participate in the city's industry," Dr. Jacobstein said. A survey of the situation is being planned, he added, and it is hoped that it will be completed in time to bear fruit next fall.

"Industry must be impressed with the fact that the colored people want to occupy and are capable of filling positions of responsibility, he went on. And unless the colored people themselves have sufficient self-respect to demand their opportunities, he told his audience, they never will get them."

A feature of this meeting was the presentation by the principal of Washington Junior High School of Harry Bray, colored boy, recently elected president of the High School community.

a mountain of earth its name and site forgotten by civilization. Sir Henry Layard arrived secretly to explore, uncertain what he might find, or where the city actually lay hidden. He met an Arab chief who could neither read nor write, but who could remember stories. He told the Englishman the following tale.

The palace was built by Arthur, the lieutenant of Nimrod. Here the

Continued on Page 8.