

FIVE PERSONS BURN TO DEATH IN HOUSE FIRE

Mother and Five Children
Perish in Burning House—
Another Child Very Low.

North Bay, Ont., Nov. 9.—Five persons dead and one child badly burned was the total reached tonight in the carnage of a fire which destroyed three houses at Kearney at 4.30 this morning. The dead are: Mrs. Fred Wheeler, her baby girl Doris, aged three years, Roy Wheeler aged about six years, and Sophie, aged seventeen years, who died this evening from burns. Another child, Alfred, is very low. The only members of the family to escape were William, aged twenty-three, and Freddie, aged about nine, who jumped from a window at the rear of the house. William made a brave attempt to rescue his mother from a front room, but she failed to answer his calls.

The tragedy occurred during the absence of Mr. Wheeler, who had left for North Bay, a distance of about twenty-five miles, on an early train. He was informed of the fate of his family by a telegram which was handed to him at the station here, and sobbing wildly, he sought the nearest telephone. He returned to the scene of the tragedy on the noon train.

It is believed that Mrs. Wheeler was spared the suffering of death actually from the flames, but that she died because they reached her, as it was known that she had been suffering from heart trouble for some time. With her in bed was the three-month-old child Doris.

The houses on both sides of the Wheeler home were burned, but the occupants escaped with their lives, and some of their belongings. The cause of the fire is not yet known.

American Schooner On Judique Shoals

Was Loaded With Lumber—
Lost Several Sails in Recent Gales.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 9.—The American four-masted schooner Mary Manon Granger, from Campbellton, N. B., for New York, went ashore on Judique shoals, near the entrance of the Strait of Canso this morning. She was found later at high tide by the trawler Venezo, and towed into Port Hawkesbury. The extent of the damage to the ship will not be known until examination is held. She lost several sails in the recent gales off the coast. The Granger has a cargo of lumber, registers 609 tons, and has been from Boston.

Winter Weather Prevailing In Middle West

Nine Inches of Snow Fell in
Michigan Yesterday.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Winter weather prevailed today throughout portions of the Middle West of the United States. Reports to the Weather Bureau said heavy snow had fallen in Southern Michigan, extreme Northern Illinois, Southern Wisconsin, Southern Minnesota and Southern Iowa. Snow covered the ground at Grand Rapids, Mich., to a depth of nine inches early today.

Despondent And Out of Work, Man Commits Suicide

Montreal, Nov. 9.—George G. Callaway, 35 years old, colored, of 286 Chaboussier street, fired four bullets into his breast early this afternoon. He left a note addressed to the Chief of Police, explaining that as he was out of work he was going to take his own life. A feature of the suicide is the fact that Callaway placed a mirror in front of him just prior to firing the fatal shots. It is thought by the police that he did this in order to see himself.

Died

McEACHERN—On Sunday, Nov. 6th, in Boston, Mass., after a brief illness, Archie McEACHERN, formerly of this city, leaving to mourn, his mother, Mrs. John McEACHERN, one sister, Mrs. E. N. Stockford of Hampton, and three brothers, Donald of Presque Isle, Maine, John, of Montreal and Henry, of this city.

The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon from his brother's residence, 25 High street. Burial services will be conducted at 2.30 o'clock.

BURTON—At his residence, 362 Main street, on Nov. 8, 1921, William Burton, aged seventy-two years, leaving a loving wife, four sons and four daughters to mourn.

Funeral Friday afternoon from his late residence, services at three o'clock.

RYAN—At her parents' residence, 315 Princess street, on the 7th inst., Anna F. fourth daughter of David H. and Elizabeth Ryan, in the 35th year of her age.

Interment Thursday at Brownville Junction.

French Are Holding Marriage Markets

Girls Selected by Judges—
Courtships Are Rapid But
Unions Are Happy.

A story is going the rounds of the American press that the marriage market is being revived in certain parts of France, particularly in Poitou and Vendee. The war left France with many hundreds of thousands of old women, who in the ordinary course of events could hardly be expected to become wives, their prospective husbands having been killed or maimed. Moreover, the burden of taxation which the French people have to shoulder has made the marriage more cautious in venturing into matrimony, for the idea that two can live as cheaply as one is not a French proverb. The marriage market idea is not destined to strike a balance between the sexes. A million eligible cannot be summoned forth from their graves. The idea is to encourage every available man to take a wife, and this idea is said to be working out satisfactorily.

The Get-Acquainted Club.

The marriage markets are becoming an established feature of the life of hundreds of villages and towns. Usually they are held on the regular weekly market day, but sometimes there are special markets with nothing on exhibition but the girls and their admirers. The idea is to meet, we suppose, partly for the purpose of attracting young men from a distance to the markets. It might be supposed that the young men in any particular neighborhood would have plenty of opportunities of meeting the young ladies in the same parish and forming their own opinions as to their value as wives. The marriage market, however, gives the young men an opportunity to see a number of girls in one place. They have also the advantage of knowing that the girls who display themselves at the market are desirous of getting married and are not committed to some unknown rival. It must often happen that for many reasons a girl would not make such a strong appeal to the young men as she would if she were up and about in the streets as her for the first time.

Catalogue of Beauty.

The girls are selected for the market by men who are supposed to be good judges of looks and who understand thoroughly the sort of wife a young Frenchman should have. These experts travel about the country—at whose instance is not explained—and make a list of all the marriageable girls in the neighborhood. They are then classified according to age, looks, and build, and their various qualifications are noted. These items are set down on a card, which is supplied each girl with the list. The girls are then invited to present herself at the next market, where a special place is reserved for the contestants. Each girl comes provided with a large red parasol, which serves her, besides offering her protection against sun and rain. It also serves the purpose of a small tent when a prospective husband wishes to make an examination of the girl. The girls are told, for some time, help themselves to a sample embrace.

Few Without Offers.

For a casual kiss the girl merely lowers her parasol to fend off the eyes of the onlookers, but when the investigator desires to refresh himself more copiously, she turns her back upon the spectators and holds the parasol in such a way that both are kept out of public view. This gesture with the parasol is usually a signal for applause, because it is supposed that the man and the girl are strongly attracted and that a marriage is likely to result. At the close of the market there is a general jollification, and many of the girls walk off with their new friends to complete the plans for marriage. We are told, for we are told, for a girl to receive at least one offer of marriage in the course of a single fair, and the more attractive, as a rule, receive several. When a girl attracts several offers, she is popular, which shows that there are fewer divorces and fewer illegitimate children than elsewhere. It is also noted that the birth rates in these districts are greater than elsewhere, which is a matter of prime importance to the Government of France. On this account the Government is said to be watching the experiments with keen interest.

It is also promoting beauty contests with the hope of increasing the marriage rate, although one would think that a girl pretty enough to win one of these contests or even make a credible showing in one of them, would not lack for admirers in her own neighborhood. Still, as the philosopher remarked, the way of a man and his maid is past finding out, and it is not likely that the girls who succeed do, as a matter of fact, succeed in a great number of cases.

Armed U. S. Marines Stand Guard Over Registered Mail

Boston, Nov. 9.—Armed marines stood guard over registered mail pouches on trains leaving this city for the north and west tonight. The pouches were guarded as readily as possible, officials said, to be sent to other mail trains operated out of Boston.

A detail of 300 marines for duty in England was ordered by post office and railway mail officials after a conference today.

HONORS GIVEN U. S. UNKNOWN SOLDIER LAD

Lies in Place Where Only
Martyred Presidents Have
Slept in Death.

CEREMONIES WERE
BRIEF YESTERDAY

President Harding and Other
Government Leaders Place
Wreaths Upon Casket.

Washington, Nov. 9.—The United States unknown warrior, in life a simple soldier, but honored in death as perhaps no one of his countrymen has been honored, lies tonight in a place where only martyred Presidents, Lincoln, Garfield and McKinley, have slept in death.

Lying in state under the vast, shadowy dome of the Capitol, the unknown kept lonely vigil. Only the motionless figure of five armed men, once his comrades, shared his watch, one at the head and one facing inward at each corner of the lie.

Sudden silence and gray, chilling rain all through the day seemed to mark the mourning of his home country for the unknown dead returned from the battlefields of France. But no lot of the full meed of honor was denied the homecoming warrior on that account. From the highest officials of the Republic's Government to the last soldier, sailor and marine in its service, rain and cold meant nothing but the desire to do honor to the heroic dead.

Today's ceremonies were brief. They began when the far boom of saluting guns down the Potomac signalled the coming of the cruiser Olympia, and ended when President and Mrs. Harding entered the hall and at once all the lights were flashed on in the dim chamber. Mrs. Harding stepped forward and laid a wide white ribbon across the rain soaked flag on the casket. Following her, the President pinned to the ribbon a silver shield of the United States, set with forty-eight golden stars. Then a wreath of crimson roses was handed to the President and he laid it gently on the casket near the head. Next came Vice-President Coolidge, followed by Speaker Gillett of the House of Representatives, who laid in place the tribute of Congress, a wreath of pink roses and anaparnas. The only speakers of these simple ceremonies were the few clustered in the doorway of the great chamber. The last words placed, those who had brought the unknown warrior home, have switched off, all but a few shaded electric lights up among the pillars above the sculptured walls. In the murky twilight, alone, but for his five silent sentinels, the unknown warrior entered upon the night watch.

Fame As Praying Football Coach

"Never, since I have been coaching at football, have I sent a team to the gridiron without praying that my men would come out victorious and that they would not be hurt in the contest."

That is the way Earle "Greasy" Neale, former major league outfielder, started a recent remarkable speech to the undergraduate body at Washington and Jefferson universities. Neale was better known as Oshes when he broke into professional baseball with the London Canadian League club in 1915. He was sold by London to Cleveland, where he was turned loose only to bob up again at Wheeling, W. Va., from there he went to Saginaw in 1916. The South Michigan League disbanded that year and Neale finished the season with London that year under Doc Reising and Wally Hartwell. He joined the Cincinnati Reds, and helped to win the 1919 world's championship.

"Things that are not worth praying for are not worth having," Neale continued. "I am praying that we will win our next game and that we will go through the season without a defeat. I believe that my prayers have helped somewhat so far this season as none of my players have been hurt to speak of, and we have come off the field a winner in every game."

No one knew that Neale was a praying coach until he delivered his remarkable speech. He received a standing ovation.

That Neale has a strong eleven this season can be seen from the showing in six games, in which the Presidents have rolled up 139 points and have had 17 points scored on them. The scores of the first games W. and J. 14, Bethany 0; W. and J. 20, Bucknell 0; W. and J. 64, West Virginia Wesleyan 9; W. and J. 14, Carnegie Tech. 0; W. and J. 14, Lehigh 7; W. and J. 17, Syracuse 10.

Neale has many veterans from last year, but he has developed several new stars who will eventually take their place.

The game that Neale and every follower of Washington and Jefferson wants to win is the game with Pittsburg on Nov. 13, and Neale is now bringing along a team that can win with Glenn Warner's powerful squad.

Urbana, Ill., Nov. 7.—Ten alumni of the University of Illinois living in New York City today pledged \$1,000 each to the new memorial stadium which is to be dedicated to all services men in the United States military. It will be the largest in America, seating more than 75,000, costing \$2,500,000, with a three-deck arrangement of seats patterned after the new home of the New York Yankees. The nation-wide alumni campaign closes Nov. 6. Students have pledged practically \$1,000,000.

Premier Carbs Interrupters

(Continued from page 1)
who made a witty speech in support of the Government, which found much favor with the audience. The Premier, Mr. Lemaire, was saying that he regretted that the vote had been given to women, and remarked that Mr. Lemaire would have more reason to regret this step when election day came round.

The Premier made a determined attack on the railway policy outlined by Hon. Walter Mitchell, Provincial Treasurer of Quebec, who is a candidate in Montreal. "Mr. Mitchell wants to return the railways to private ownership," said the Premier. "That is what Sir Lomer Gouin wants also. If we want economy and retrenchment the one thing not to do is to put men in power who squander \$500,000,000 on railways when they were unnecessary. The Premier insisted. He stated that Mr. Mitchell was one of those who must be held responsible for the programme of excessive railway building which had led to the present problem.

The Canadian National Railway was making good progress, the Premier said. It will continue to do so if you don't turn it over to the Copper of Montreal, the Mackenzie King's of Ontario and the Duff of Lunenburg. But political control meant bankruptcy to the system.

Arsenault Receives Heavy Sentence For Larceny

Montreal, Nov. 8.—Sentence of 24 months hard labor was imposed this afternoon on Louis Arsenault, found guilty of the theft of rings, valued at \$3,650, from prominent jewellery firms of this city. The arrest of Arsenault had been received from many wordy rings with evidence bearing false acceptance stamps on August 23 last.

Dog Derby Again Under Discussion

Prospects of Large List
Entries in the North
Country Classic.

The Pas, Man., Nov. 7.—Cold weather once again revives The Pas 200 mile dog derby as a topic of conversation in this northern country and prospects look for a record number of entries. While still many months away, February 23, 1922, being the date on which it will be run, enquiries have been received from many wordy entrants, and the line-up of eleven crack teams is practically assured, but many more contestants may yet be heard from.

Many of this year's drivers, including Goyne, Dupas, Billy Winterton, Morgan, Brakerton, Larry McKay, Sam Pranteau and Jack Hayes, have entered. A new entrant will be Billy Ruslik, of Lake Chapais, Quebec, but very little is known of his ability or his team. Stu Blackman, of Gladstone, who enters annually but never shows up, is another likely entrant. An invitation has been sent to the Nome Kennel Club by the Derby committee to send teams and the Fairbanks racing drivers have also announced their intention of sending a representative.

IS INTERESTED IN QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY

The fine sporting spirit and marvellous golfing ability of Miss Cecil Lettice, winner of the champion of Great Britain, Canada and France, has been universally admired, but nowhere more so than to Canadians and it may be of interest to Canadians to know that the "golfing queen" has a close connection with Canada.

Miss Lettice's grandfather was principal of Queen's University, and principal professor of divinity from 1860 to 1864, in which latter year his death occurred.

Miss Lettice and her sister, Miss Edith, are still deeply interested in the development of Queen's University.

MISS FANNY DURACK TO TRY COME-BACK

Miss Fanny Durack, of Australia, for many years undisputed champion world swimmer of the world, who was defeated by American mermals in 1918 and retired from competition the following season, is about to return to activity. Word comes from Sydney, her home town, that she is preparing for the approaching Australian title tests and that she has accepted the invitation to attend the next water carnival of the Hawaiian A. U. in Honolulu. Her attempt to effect a comeback will be watched with keen interest from this side.

Windsor, Ont., Nov. 7.—Tom Gibbons has signed to box Soldier Jones, of Toronto, ten rounds to a decision at the Armories here, November 16. The show is under the auspices of the Border Cities Athletic Club.

USE SLOAN'S TO WARD OFF PAIN

LITTLE aches grow into big pains unless ward off by an application of Sloan's Liniment. Rheumatism, stiff joints, lame back won't fight long against Sloan's Liniment.

For more than forty years Sloan's Liniment has helped thousands of people all over the world. You won't be an exception. It certainly does produce results. Apply it without rubbing. Keep it on your family shelf always handy for instant use. Ask your neighbor.

At all druggists—35c, 70c, \$1.40. Made in Canada.

Sloan's Liniment (Pain's enemy)

Significance of The Franchise

Bishop Le Blanc and Rev.
Father Duke Speak to
Women's Catholic League.

The significance of the Franchise, and the duty of every woman to exercise the same, were lucidly presented, and strongly urged by His Lordship Bishop LeBlanc, and the Reverend Father Duke, at a meeting of the St. John sub-division of the Women's Catholic League, held in the Knights of Columbus Hall, Coburn street, last evening.

The speakers also dwelt on the object of the league and the splendid work already accomplished by it since its inception of comparatively recent date. They commended in an especial manner the lecture course planned by the Educational Committee and urged that it be thrown open to the public.

Mrs. D. P. Chisholm, the president, presided at the meeting which was largely attended. The reports of a number of standing committees were read by the recording secretary, Miss M. R. Carver.

L. A. Ouellet was to have addressed the meeting on the Franchise, but as he found it impossible to be present, Bishop LeBlanc and Father Duke were called upon and responded in a very able manner. During the evening Miss Gullivan sang several selections in splendid voice. She was accompanied by Mrs. J. M. Barnes.

Towards the conclusion of the meeting refreshments were served from a daintily appointed set table in which a color scheme of red and white predominated. Mrs. F. H. Foster and Mrs. F. J. Power presided.

United Farmers' Co-operative Co. Sues For Slander

Claim Damages of Dr. Farewell, Oshawa, to the Extent of \$50,000.

Toronto, Nov. 9.—A writ for slander, claiming \$50,000 damages, has been issued by the United Farmers' Co-operative Company against Dr. A. A. Farewell of Oshawa, following his criticism of the company's affairs. The writ is issued by Gordon Waldron, K. C., solicitor to the U. F. O.

When interviewed today Dr. Farewell said he knew of the writ but had nothing to say. He said the real reason for the calling of the share holders of the United Farmers' Co-operative Company at the Carleton Place Hotel this afternoon is to prepare the way for the election of a new board of directors.

"I did not send out eighty invitations to attend as was reported," said the doctor. "I merely sent out from 25 to 30 notices with the object of getting a few shareholders together and putting the position of affairs before them with a view to getting a new board elected."

LATE ARRESTS

John Deneau, of no fixed place of abode, was arrested about midnight on a charge of wandering around the city and giving a satisfactory account of himself. Three inmates and two protectionists further increased the number of occupants at the police station during the night.

YOU MAY HAVE KIDNEY TROUBLE AND NOT KNOW IT

If your back aches and you suffer from dragging pains, it is an evidence your kidneys may not be acting just right. What you need is a course with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They contain both Mandrake and Butternut and act very beneficially upon the liver and kidneys. "I was bothered a great deal with my kidneys, but got quick relief from Dr. Hamilton's Pills. My trouble manifested itself by pain in the back and by constant headache. I was unable to sleep after using a few boxes of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They brought me health, strength and vigor." Sold every where, or, The Catarhogue Co., Montreal.

MACDONALD'S
Cut Brier
More Tobacco for the Money

Packages 15¢
½ lb Tins 85¢

The Tobacco with a heart

Three pounds mackerel, ¼ pound boiled potato and a little less than a pint of milk.

Add 3 teaspoons salt, 1 teaspoon pepper, 2 tablespoons lard, 2 ounces of butter and ½ tablespoon butter and potato.

Grind the mackerel and potato twice, add the other ingredients, form into cakes and fry.

Biggest Problem At U. S. Conference Will Be China

Repington Thinks That
na's Case, Well Stated, Will
Gain Support.

Washington, Nov. 9.—Within three days of the opening of the conference, and in spite of difficulties and complexities of subjects to be discussed, there is certain quiet confidence that the subject of President Harding calling the assembly together may be accomplished.

The foundation of this feeling is to be found in the obvious and remarkable good-will of the delegates, which reflect, presumably the sentiments and intentions of the Governments which they represent. No exception can be discovered in this rule, and relations will remain amicable, provided that no one seeks to draw up an indictment against others or to snatch selfish advantages from certain divergences.

It is believed that the conference will be a success. The foundation of this feeling is to be found in the obvious and remarkable good-will of the delegates, which reflect, presumably the sentiments and intentions of the Governments which they represent. No exception can be discovered in this rule, and relations will remain amicable, provided that no one seeks to draw up an indictment against others or to snatch selfish advantages from certain divergences.

We all know our own views are naturally tinged with them. We must also strive to comprehend at least the views of other nations and even to respect them. No one must be asked to sacrifice vital national interests or security. But a spirit of compromise and consultation will be in the air, and good temper should be the prevailing note.

If we take the limitation of naval armaments first, we shall, in the hands of course, study courteous and with critical eyes, the plan which the American delegation will submit to us. If this plan follows the general lines of the project outlined last Friday, Mr. Hughes will hardly expect that no one will better it. It is difficult in thinking over the supposed plan is not to discover who constitutes naval power, but to think of who does not constitute it. No one who possesses by the index figure or any percentage the relative importance of the possession of naval power to England and the United States is likely to do so.

In other words, the plan may be found to lack simplicity, and the experience of the first Peace Conference was that the more we see ourselves up with technical details in an attempt to show technical superiority, the more we embarras ourselves. It is now said, moreover, that the plan is restricted to capital ships, and I do not think that the restriction would needlessly terminate rivalry were we all to agree to suspend all warfare construction for a term of years, and leave it at that, without any suggestion of control, control in the hands of nations to carry out their undertaking when national parliaments had countenanced it. The best way, perhaps, will be for each delegation of the three great naval powers to bring forward its own scheme in turn and then the best features of all the plans may give us the result which we all desire.

Cruz of Situation.

The crux of the situation is China. Like several other Powers China is well founded in men and material for the presentation of her case. It is to be hoped that she will be wise in her opening and make her points with moderation and without venom. It will be a strong case, and no Power should have been forced on China to bring when all the facts have been presented. When we think of all the annexations, enforced leases, spheres of influence, concessions and so on that have been forced on China since 1899, when Secretary Hay proclaimed the principle of the open door, we stand amazed that the world should so long have permitted and even condoned such gross injustice.

A day of reckoning has come for us all, for, even if some governments may escape censure, its nations, who have been supported by their governments, may not. But, on the other hand, these things go back to a period long ago, when more high-handed methods were the common vogue, and China's weakness, had she been stronger, would not have saved her. We cannot unmake all the Chinese eggs, but we can see that there is no more scrambling and renew in a more drastic and effective form the old principles of Mr. Hay. It will take some time to define what we mean by China, the open door, the integrity of China, her administrative integrity, the status of existing commitments, equality of commercial opportunity and so forth, while we have to settle some common principles respecting concessions, monopolies, preferential economic privileges and railway rates, most of which things cannot escape a bowing acquaintance with the principles of Hay, which we all accepted at the time.

Never was there such a dirty Augean stable known to mankind. Even when it is clean we have to make China visible as a government by helping her with money and men to learn to govern herself again; and if we cannot bring ourselves to confer such duty to any Power mandated ad hoc, then some three of us must undertake it together, with some central reconstruction commission to watch over the progress of the whole business.

Norwegian Mackerel Cakes.

Three pounds mackerel, ¼ pound boiled potato and a little less than a pint of milk.

Add 3 teaspoons salt, 1 teaspoon pepper, 2 tablespoons lard, 2 ounces of butter and ½ tablespoon butter and potato.

Grind the mackerel and potato twice, add the other ingredients, form into cakes and fry.