

SEE WHAT THE SMILE SIGNATURE OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

put up in one-size bottles only. It is safe, does not allow anyone to tell it is on the plus or minus that it is good and will answer every need that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

Castoria is an emollient, cathartic, and is safe for infants and children.

Hampton and Cherbourg; Umbria, Genoa and Quebec; ...

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TO THE LAST MAN.

Every Canadian Was Killed or Wounded.

But Not Before They Had Repulsed the Attack of the Boers.

Lts. Ralph Markham, R. H. Ryan, and Other Officers Wounded—Full List of Casualties Not Yet Cabled—News of the Gallant Fight Received With Cheers in the Canadian Commons That Evening.

LONDON, April 4.—There was severe fighting all day long on March 31st, in the neighborhood of Hart's River, in the southwestern extremity of the Transvaal, between part of General Kitchener's forces and the forces of Generals Delarey and Kemp, resulting in the repulse of the Boers after heavy losses on both sides.

LONDON, April 4.—Lord Kitchener's official report, dated from Pretoria, yesterday evening, says: "General Kitchener (Lord Kitchener's brother) sent Colonel Keir and Colonel Cookson from Vreikuil, Western Transvaal, March 31, to go towards Hart's River. They soon struck the track of the Boers, and carried on a running fight for eight miles, following the track through the bush. Emerging on a plain, large Boer reinforcements advanced against their flanks, forcing the British troops to take up a defensive position, which they hastily entrenched. Fighting ensued at close quarters until the Boers were repulsed on all sides.

LONDON, April 4.—The Canadian contingent of the Transvaal campaign, which was sent forward by the Boers, was repulsed with heavy losses on both sides. The Boers were repulsed on all sides. The Canadian contingent of the Transvaal campaign, which was sent forward by the Boers, was repulsed with heavy losses on both sides.

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MIXED PAINT.

Thorne's Pure Ready-mixed Paint, a combination of pure white lead, linseed oil and dryers. No chemical combination or soap mixture. Insist on having Thorne's. It is the best. Ask for our painters supply Catalogue.

W. H. THORNE & CO. LTD., ST. JOHN, N. B.



at last accounts were with the force: Major Merritt (in command), Surgeon Major H. R. Duff, Capt. J. H. Humeley, J. E. McDonald, P. E. Thacker, L. R. Synder, Lieut. Ryan, W. Marshall, A. F. Ashmead, J. F. Humeley, G. R. McKeay, B. P. Clark, H. G. Brunton, G. W. M. Farrell, W. P. London, H. J. Lambkin, J. D. H. Graham, A. H. Gault, W. Rodden (Acting Quartermaster and Veterinary Lieut. A. R. James).

LONDON, April 4.—From Brussels a correspondent of the "Morning Post" writes that Dr. Leyds, the European representative of the Transvaal, had received a despatch from Louisbourg Marquis saying that a force under Gen. Botha is advancing towards the Natal frontier.

OTTAWA, April 4.—A preliminary report from the war office to the governor general in respect to Canadian casualties in the action at Kleinbarr's River, March 31, says: "Scout Major Rifles—Killed, nine non-commissioned officers and men. 'Wounded—40 non-commissioned officers and men.

OTTAWA, April 4.—General O'Grady-Haly and officers here have no idea what squadrons were with Bruce Carruthers. From the names of the officers wounded it would appear that the body in action was made up of portions of several troops.

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CHAMBERLAIN'S CONGRATULATIONS. OTTAWA, April 6.—Mr. Chamberlain congratulated Lord Minto: "I congratulate the dominion on the heroic conduct of the Canadian Rifles in action with Delarey. I deeply regret the heavy casualties and desire to express heartfelt sympathy with the relatives of those who have given their lives to maintain the splendid traditions of Canadian valor."

LORD MINTO'S CONGRATULATIONS. OTTAWA, April 6.—The following telegram was sent this afternoon by Lord Minto: "General Commanding, Cape Town: Communicate the following to officer commanding the Canadian Mounted Rifles. Heartiest congratulations to all ranks on their splendid success. Deeply deplore heavy loss."

THE LIST OF KILLED AND WOUNDED. OTTAWA, April 6.—For three days the militia department has been busy with despatches and inquiries for particulars of the casualty in the battle of March 31st. The names of the officers wounded were received on Friday, four days after the fight, and it was not until two days later that the names of the rank and file of the Canadian Rifles killed and wounded, was obtained at government house.

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SPRING SUITS.

We are without doubt showing the best values in Spring Suits for men, young men and boys ever shown in St. John, even better value than we showed last year.

MEN'S SPRING SUITS, \$3.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.50, 8.00, 8.50, 8.75, 9.50, 10.00, 11.00 and up.

YOUNG MEN'S SUITS, \$4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00 and up.

BOYS' 3-PIECE SUITS, \$2.50, 3.00, 4.00 and up. BOYS' TWO PIECE SUIT, 75c., \$1.25 to \$2. and up.

All goods new and up-to-date. Nothing Old. Nothing Shoddy.

J. N. HARVEY, 199 UNION STREET, Opera House Block, St. John, N. B.

REV. JOHN COLLINS, A Native of St. John, Tell of Some Incidents

That Occurred in N. B. at the Time of the War of the Southern Rebellion—Says That He Betrayed His Own Brother into Captivity.

(Special Cor. of the Sun.) BOSTON, April 7.—At a recent meeting of the Woman's Relief Corps, an organization growing out of the civil war in Secession, Rev. Mr. Collins, a native of St. John, gave an address, in which he told of a number of interesting events which occurred in New Brunswick during the great conflict. Rev. Mr. Collins' subject was War Time in Maine. In it he told of the capture of his brother, Capt. William Collins, a native of St. John, who was known as the "Calais Bank Raid." The speaker began by giving a brief account of the early life of his brother at St. John, and of his going South, where he entered the service of the Confederate army when the civil war broke out.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Representative Sulzer of New York has introduced a resolution asking that the secretary of state be requested, if not incompatible with public interest, to transmit to the house of representatives the report and communication of the governor of Louisiana, together with all accompanying affidavits and documents concerning the existence and operations in the State of Louisiana of a British base of supplies, conducted and controlled by British military officers, whereby horses and mules and other supplies, contraband of war, are shipped on British transports to South Africa, for the support of the forces operating against the South African republics. The enlistment of Americans for the British base of supplies in Louisiana is another reason given by Mr. Sulzer for presenting the resolution.

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