

TEMPERANCE COLUMN.

By the Women's Christian Temperance Union of St. John.

ASPIRATION. Build three more stately mansions, O my soul. As the swift seasons roll; Leave thy low-voiced psalm; Let each new temple, nobler than the last, Shut thee from heaven with a dome more vast.

O. W. HOLMES. NEWCASTLE, Feb. 8th, 1899.

Dear White Ribbon Sisters: So much work lies before us we need to stir our "pure minds by way of remembrance" that these early months of the year may be filled with deeds of loyalty and love to our Divine Leader and our neighbors.

We are glad to know that some of our superintendents are urging on their work. We sincerely hope that the "franchise petitions" have been faithfully circulated in every town and village.

Our provincial report of last year's work does not show as much interest of our local unions in department work as we wish to see. We ask that each local superintendent read the report of her department as given in our last annual report, making yourselves thoroughly acquainted with the branch of work which has been given you. Let your provincial superintendent know that she has your hearty co-operation.

Literature.—Have you in your union a supply of suitable literature for the use of the superintendents of departments? If not will you get a supply? We should ever be ready with leaders and tract distributing as we have opportunity; they will speak where we cannot.

Scientific Temperance.—Are you showing a kindly interest in "scientific temperance instruction," as given in our schools? Let our teachers know that their work is appreciated, remembering that in them we have our most efficient helpers in the "temperance reform."

Juvenile Work.—Are Bands of Hope or other juvenile societies being carried on by your union? We urge the necessity of making our temperance teaching as thorough and far-reaching as possible; if we sow the good seed of the gospel of temperance bountifully, we shall reap bountifully.

Organization.—Are there towns and villages where unions might be organized? If you know of any please call the attention of your county superintendent to that fact. Which county will be first to report a new union. The general officers of the Dominion W. C. T. U. are asking that our unions give attention to the departments and work named above, making a specialty of those which are educational.

Thank Offering.—We especially desire that every union do their best to make the thank offering unanimous; you have already received the full explanation from dominion and provincial superintendents of "systematic giving" regarding the aims and object of the promoters of this scheme. If we have personally adopted the plan of "systematic and proportionate saving we are sure that the request of our dominion officers will meet with a glad response.

White Shield.—"The White Shield movement" is now being agitated; you have already received direct letter and manual from dominion superintendent; will each give earnest attention to this subject, which promises to arrest thought and be of great benefit. Will you if possible do work on this line?

Rescue Work.—As appeals are constantly being made by unfortunate girls for admission to Maternity hospital in connection with the Salvation Army Rescue Home in St. John, from towns and localities outside of the city, Adjutant Jost, who has charge, asks if our society will help her by appointing one in each union, to whom she can write for information in regard to such cases. We hope you will comply with her wish, and send the name to her address at once.

Our work is becoming increasingly important and is now recognized as a strong force in the temperance reform. The Master has given us a place in His vineyard; and every woman should apply herself to the special work which has been committed to her; acquainting herself fully with the work expected of her, doing it faithfully, keeping a record of the same that an intelligent report may be given at the close of the society year.

If we would see this year filled with effectual service we need daily to be in communion with our "Master," committing our works to Him.

Yours affectionately, D. McLEOD, President Provincial W. C. T. U.

The local union is the power house from which must come the electricity to turn the wheels of every form of beneficent activity in the W. C. T. U.—Woman's Journal.

THE WHITE RIBBON FOR ASIA. The January copy of "The White Ribbon for Asia," the official organ of the India W. C. T. U., has been received and proves to be a most interesting number. In the table of contents appear the following: "Report of the Bengal Convention"; "Echoes from the National (U.S.) Convention." A story in three chapters, "Who Did Sin: This Man or His Parents," by Lady Henry Somerset; Bands of Hope Lesson on Ventilation, with talk on Alcohol and the Lunatic; Local and State Prohibition in America; Christian England and the Drink Traffic; by Agnes E. Slack, and various minor selections of prose and verse.

SALOONS. Concerning his reported attitude towards the saloon, Bishop Potter states that he has been much misunderstood. By "saloon," he says he does not mean "dram-shop," but "coffee house," or a place which shall

complete with the liquor saloon on a temperance basis. "To say that a saloon is a social necessity," he explains, "is not to say that the rum saloon is a necessity any more than to say that a bank is of necessity a fare bank."

We are glad the bishop is endeavoring to set himself right before the public on the question. But in the light of results, we cannot say we are sorry for his predicament. \* \* \* Liquor men chuckled with glee when Bishop Potter was reported as an advocate of the saloon, but the agitation which has resulted has proved no small boon to the anti-saloon cause—Union Signal.

The canteen has been abolished in the American navy. The house of representatives, almost unanimously, passed a bill to abolish it in the army as well, but an amendment was introduced into the senate permitting the sale of beer.

Carlton W. C. T. U. intend holding a children's concert on Thursday, March 9th. A good programme is being prepared. There will be a silver collection at the door.

STOCK BREEDERS

Of the Maritime Provinces, in Session at Sussex.

Request That the Time of Cattle Exhibits at St. John Exhibition be Shortened to Six Days.

SUSSEX, March 2.—The second day's proceedings of the Maritime Breeders' association were marked with enthusiasm and good attendance.

At the opening of the morning session there was a discussion upon provincial exhibitions. C. A. Everett, who was present, was pitted with various questions.

C. A. Archibald moved, and it was seconded and carried, that the St. John Exhibition association be asked to limit the time of cattle exhibits to six days.

W. W. Black said there should be better loading facilities at St. John. If the wharf were extended to take in two more cars it would be good provision.

John F. Frost said there was no question but that the shortening of the time of exhibition would be popular. He thought the railway could easily arrange a longer wharf.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, L. B. Elderkin, Amherst, N. S.; secretary-treasurer, W. W. Hubbard, Sussex, N. B.; vice-presidents, for New Brunswick, M. H. Parlee of Sussex; for Nova Scotia, C. A. Archibald of Truro; for P. E. Island, E. R. Brow of Charlottetown; directors for New Brunswick, H. M. Campbell, B. M. Fawcett, John F. Frost; directors for Nova Scotia, W. W. Black, F. S. Black, F. L. Fuller; directors for Prince Edward Island, F. G. Boyer, Senator Ferguson, J. W. Calbeck; auditors, C. W. Holmes and C. H. Blair. Representatives to the St. John exhibition, M. H. Parlee of Sussex and John F. Frost of Hanover. Representatives to the Halifax exhibition, C. A. Archibald of Truro and W. W. Black of Amherst. Representatives to P. E. Island exhibition, E. R. Brow and F. L. Hazard of Charlottetown.

At the afternoon session F. L. Fuller, manager of the government farm, Truro, gave an interesting address upon agricultural education, bringing out many pointed and practical ideas. The discussion that ensued was participated in by Col. Blair, B. M. Fawcett and a number of other members. R. Robertson, manager of the Maritime Experimental farm, spoke upon the importance of stock husbandry in the maritime provinces, and claimed for the intelligent breeding of stock would do more for this country than any other line of work. "The A. Peters, deputy commissioner of agriculture for New Brunswick, spoke briefly upon this question, first presenting Hon. C. H. Labllois' regrets for his non-attendance. A very practical paper upon sheep husbandry, prepared by Donald Innes, was read by W. W. Hubbard. An interesting discussion followed, and the meeting adjourned to meet again at the call of the executive committee.

THE BRITISH COMMONS.

LONDON, March 2.—In the house of commons today the parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, Right Hon. Wm. St. John Broderick, replying to a question relative to British trade in Hawaii, said the British ambassador at Washington, Sir Julian Pauncefote, had made representations to the government of the United States calling attention to the effect upon British trade of the application of the United States navigation laws to Hawaii and other newly acquired possessions of the United States.

"I hear you have a little sister at your house?" said a grocer to a small boy. "Yes, sir," replied Johnny. "Do you like her?" was the grocer's next question. "I wish it was a boy," said Johnny. "So I could play marbles with him, an' ball, an' all those things when he got bigger." "Well," said the grocer, "why don't you exchange your little sister for a boy?" Johnny reflected for a minute, then said, rather sorrowfully: "We can't now. It's too late. We've used her four days!"

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MR. McDADE

Takes Issue With Mr. Reynolds' Estimate of the Catholic Vote.

And, Over the Shoulders of the Sun and Globe, Reads His Own Candidate a Bit of a Lecture.

(Daily Telegraph, 2nd inst.) To the Editor of the Telegraph:

Sir—What have I done to receive so much attention at the hands of the Sun and Globe newspapers? It is true that I attended a meeting of the friends of the government in McLaughlin's building on the evening of election day. I went there very reluctantly, at the request of some friends, and, in response, as I understood, of calls from the audience, I made a few observations at that meeting, and, as my remarks on that occasion have been made the subject of newspaper and platform utterances since, I purpose inflicting on your readers exactly what I did say. After congratulating the gentlemen composing the government ticket upon their election, I remarked that I was particularly interested in two of the candidates. I had done my best, I said, to induce Mr. McKeown to think favorably of the idea of accepting a place on the government ticket because I recognized in him a man who would bring great strength to many quarters to the ticket; and I insisted as far as any efforts of mine were possible that a Roman Catholic should be on the government ticket. I have done this, I said, not because of any feeling of sectarian prejudice or any other, but because of a matter of justice to a very important element in the community and because of the desirability of securing as large a part of the Catholic population in support of the government ticket as possible. But over and beyond all this I stated that I was anxious to see a Catholic run on the government ticket in order that he should be given to the slander that had gone forth that St. John was so prejudiced that it would not support a ticket having on it a Roman Catholic. I regarded the verdict, as we then understood it, as an answer to that slander; and I hoped that hereafter the Orange and the Green would be found fighting side by side, and that peace and harmony would prevail between all creeds and classes in the community. This, sir, in brief, was the statement made by myself, and I am quite prepared to be judged by fair-minded people, irrespective of creed, as to whether my observations were calculated to incite prejudice in any quarter.

Since the Globe and Sun have been good enough to pay so much attention to myself, I may be pardoned if I refer to their statements with respect to the distribution of the Catholic vote in this city in the recent election. Taking Mr. Reynolds' statement on declaration day, as a text for their articles, they seek to make it appear that the government ticket received only a handful of Protestant votes, in addition to the 2,800 Roman Catholic votes stated by Mr. Reynolds to have been polled by the government ticket. I am not now concerned as to where Mr. Reynolds got his information upon which he based his statement that 2,800 Catholics voted for the government ticket. I desire to state that the best information based upon a careful estimate from all the polls, shows that there was a total of between 2,600 and 2,700 Catholic votes polled in the election altogether. Of this number between 400 or 500 voted for the straight opposition ticket, and from a hundred to a hundred and fifty for Mr. Shaw and three members of the government ticket. This latter number to Mr. Shaw did not include some 30 or 40 who dropped Mr. Purdy and voted for Mr. Shaw because of the incident of the lady member of the school board, regarding which Mr. Reynolds presented a motion. Just before the election a plot had been formed to stampede the Catholic vote to Mr. Shaw. In my opinion the plot was intended to destroy the success of the whole government ticket, but it fell far short of the mark, although enough straggling votes were lost to Mr. Purdy and given to Mr. Shaw to make the latter gentleman in advance of Mr. Reynolds by a few votes. It would be seen by the above that the total Catholic vote in favor of the government ticket probably did not exceed 200 or 250 votes. Perhaps with this information before them, the Sun and Globe will prepare a new statement as to what proportion of Catholic and Protestant votes went to the representative tickets, and in this connection I would commend to their careful consideration the following statement made by Mr. Lockhart on declaration day:—"Hundreds of honest voters of the cross or creed (Roman Catholic) that candidate had mentioned had voted the opposition ticket." As a matter of fact, not only did a considerable portion of the Catholic voters support the opposition ticket, but very active Roman Catholics stood at several of the polls, representing the opposition party. Kings, Sidney and Prince wards being represented in their interests by active Catholic canvassers, and these were only a few among the many Catholic active workers on that side. It was not a struggle in any sense of the word between the Catholics of St. John and the opposition ticket on election day. Mr. Shaw's personal popularity and Mr. Lockhart's business connection gave their ticket quite a standing among Catholics; and I am prepared to confess that if Mr. Stockton had not refused to take a Roman Catholic on his ticket, it might have been very difficult to have elected any of the government ticket. If there is a suggestion in this to the opposition people with reference to the future, I give it to them "free—gratis—for nothing."

Now, then, with respect to the prominence given to myself by the Sun and Globe in the campaign just ended, I did not seek to obtrude my-



Ladies Tell Each Other

of the comfort and security afforded to them by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Headaches and Backaches that come expectedly or unexpectedly are charmed away, and the rich, red blood made by

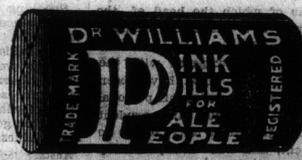
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

shows itself in the rosy cheeks and clear, bright eyes of those who use them. These pills are not a purgative; they give strength instead of taking it away. They act directly on the blood and nerves; invigorate the body; regulate the functions, and restore health and strength to the exhausted woman when every effort of the physician proves unavailing. Mothers anxious for the healthy development of their growing girls should insist upon their taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

IN A DECLINE.

Mrs. W. Goodwin, Argyle Sound, N.S., says:—"After the birth of my first child I was in poor health and unable to recover my strength. I had a severe pain in my left side and lung, which almost made it impossible for me to breathe. I had a bad cough day and night, and was troubled with night sweats, and on awakening found myself very weak. My complexion was sallow, and my appetite entirely gone. All my friends believed me to be in a decline. Our family physician attended me for a long time but I got no better. Then a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Acting on this advice I bought a supply, and continued their use for a couple of months, when my health was fully restored. I am sincere in saying that I believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life."

The wonderful success of this remedy has led to many attempts at imitation and substitution, but these never cured anyone. Refuse any package that does not bear the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Put up in packages that look like the engraving on the right, the wrapper printed in red ink. Sold by all dealers, but if in doubt send to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed post paid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50.



self upon the public attention. If some friendly candidates and newspapers were good enough to make friendly references to myself that were so scarce a reason why I should be made the subject of newspaper representation. I deny most emphatically that I ever saw a Westmorland county or any place else with a view of trying to persuade Premier Drummond to induce Mr. Purdy or any other member of the government ticket to resign in favor of Mr. Reynolds, or that I held any conversation or had any correspondence whatever with him on the subject. If the Sun or Globe has any evidence to the contrary I will be very glad to have them produce it.

Has not the Sun, in its reference to the election in the city of St. John, been rather playing with a two-edged knife, and should it not be held that it clutch the blade rather than the handle? On the one hand it seems to be anxious to incite the friends of Mr. Reynolds against the other members of the government ticket, and in this way to weaken the opposition; and on the other hand it is seeking to make it appear that it would have reaped but very little break in the ranks of the Protestant supporters of the government ticket to have defeated that ticket. The election being over would it not be better citizenship to remember only the agreeable things in connection with the election, instead of seeking to stir up religious strife in our community? If report be true, the Sun people lost no sleep over the defeat of the late leader of the opposition and rejoiced over the election of Mr. Hazen, as a gentleman who is likely to gain strength in a quarter where Mr. Stockton was not strong. Are the Sun's tactics calculated to strengthen Mr. Hazen in the direction indicated?

With reference to the St. John Globe's attention to myself I would be loathe to say anything calculated to lessen that paper's good opinion of myself. It has always been so ready to say so many friendly things about me that I can afford to smile at its present attack of ill-temper in aggressive recollection of happier days. If it were not for that I might point to the spectacle of the "masterly inactivity" during the campaign of the newspaper controlled by the liberal member of parliament for this constituency while an assault was being made on the liberal citadel by ex-Minister of Finance Foster and other heavy conservative guns. It were not for that, I might refer to its unwillingness to assist Hon. Mr. Blair in a battle which he fought so successfully all over the province against the conservative forces; if it were not for that I might also point out that the only work done in the campaign by the St. John Globe was to strike its friends in the most unmanly of all ways—below the belt; and if it were not for that I might remind Mr. Ellis and the Globe that neither the liberal nor the local government party owe them anything for their services in the campaign just ended. But I will not say any of these things, for a man who steps out of the ranks at a critical moment in his party's fortunes to execute a manoeuvre on his

own account against his former friends may well be left to his own reflections and wondering where he is "at." Yours very truly, MICHAEL McDADE.

THE LATE M. H. CURRY.

Milton Hamilton Curry died at Oldtown, Maine, on Saturday, Jan. 14, at the age of 24 years. Mr. Curry was born in Barnesville, Kings Co., N. B., one of a family of five children, four of whom are yet living, the parents being James A. and Maggie E. Curry. After attending the town schools he took a commercial course at St. John, and later he passed the examinations for government and mail service. Soon after he entered the service of Manson, Robertson & Allison, wholesale dry goods merchants, St. John, where he remained two years, being several times promoted. His health failing, he was compelled to resign his position, and for a time devoted his energies to recuperating his strength. In the month of August, 1897, he came to St. John, where he remained in the latter city, where he remained until his death. He was taken with a severe hemorrhage on his way from the store to his boarding place, after closing the store Saturday night, Jan. 8th, and from that time until his death, which occurred just one week later, he had a succession of hemorrhages. His uncle, Thomas Hamilton, and his wife, saw that nothing was lacking to make him as comfortable as possible during his illness, watching by his bedside night and day. Mr. Curry was a resident of Oldtown, but while a resident of Oldtown was a constant attendant at the Congregational church, of which Rev. William Williams is pastor. He was also a member of the I. O. O. F. and Foresters, who did everything they could for him while ill, as did many neighbors and friends. During his stay in Oldtown he won the respect and esteem of his employer, and made many friends by his upright, manly conduct and sterling integrity of character. The funeral service was held at the home of Thomas Hamilton, on Sunday, Jan. 15, Rev. Mr. Williams officiating. A quartet composed of Mrs. Lenooster, Miss Alice Gannon, Messrs. Phelps and Harding rendered several appropriate selections. The floral offerings were many and beautiful, a floral pillow from the Oddfellows deserving especial mention. The remains, accompanied by his mother, who had been summoned, but failed to arrive in time to see her son alive, and Thomas Hamilton, were taken for interment to his old home at Barnesville, where a service was held at the Reformed Presbyterian church, Rev. Mr. Thompson, pastor.

Prussia has nearly 400 orphan asylums, with 20,000 inmates.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

CUSHING PULP CO.

Organization Meeting Held Wednesday Afternoon at Union Point.

Election of President and Directors—Work to be Pushed Ahead Vigorously—List of Stockholders.

At a meeting of the Cushing Sulphite Fibre Company held Wednesday at the company's office at Union point, there were present Joseph Allison, Thomas McAvity, Geo. McArthur, Joseph E. Dunlop, James Intosh, W. H. Murray, Jas. Fleming, Thos. A. Rankine, Geo. F. Baird, G. S. Cushing and the provisional secretary, L. A. Currey.

Following is a list of the shareholders: Joseph Allison, Thomas McAvity, C. M. Bostwick, A. Jones, H. A. Drury, R. Keltie Jones, M. E. Edwards, Joseph Bullock, T. H. Bullock, Alfred C. Blair, George McArthur, W. S. Fisher, Joseph K. Dunlop, R. B. Emerson, W. W. Turnbull, John F. Bullock, Dr. McIntosh, W. H. Murray, James McAvity, George McKeown, Thomas Rankine, Captain Edward Partington, Geo. F. Baird, Geo. S. Cushing. Thomas McAvity was elected chairman and L. A. Currey secretary of the meeting. At the request of the chairman, the managing director, Geo. F. Baird, made a statement to the affairs of the company. He also read a letter from Capt. Edward Partington, president of the Pulp and Paper Makers' association of Great Britain, in which that gentleman stated he would take two-thirds of the capital stock of the company, and would give his personal supervision to the preparation of the plans and the selection of machinery. Mr. Baird also read a cablegram from the said gentleman, stating that he would have pleasure in accepting the presidency of the company if elected. The communications from Capt. Partington also informed the shareholders that the plans of the pulp mill were now being prepared by competent engineers under his personal supervision, and that the erection of the mill would be proceeded with as speedily as possible. The provisional directors then retired from office and the following directors were elected, viz.: Capt. Edward Partington, Manchester, Eng., Geo. S. Cushing, Geo. F. Baird, Wm. H. Murray, Joseph Allison, Thos. McAvity, Jas. Fleming.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors Capt. Edward Partington was elected president, Joseph Allison, vice-president; Geo. S. Cushing, managing director; Jas. S. Gregory, secretary-treasurer, and L. A. Currey solicitor of the company. The vice-president and directors were appointed to prepare by-laws. The directors adjourned to meet at the call of the vice-president.