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ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, JULY 30, 1907

LATEST WEATHER REPORT.

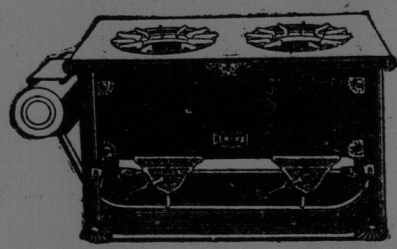
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ONE CENT

The Star

OIL STOVES

For Summer Cooking.



No Smoke. No Smell. Large Flame. Great Heat. Asbestos Wick.

1 Burner, \$5.25 and \$5.75. 2 " 6.85 and 9.50. OVENS.

W. H. THORNE & Co. Ltd, Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Snaps For Boys!



We've sold many Wagons and Carts this year, because we have had the right goods at the right prices; but to clear the balance quickly, take your choice at almost Half Their Regular Value.

TWO-WHEEL CARTS that should sell at 35c, 55c and 90c. Now 20c, 39c and 59c. FOUR-WHEEL WAGONS that should sell at 55c, 90c, \$1.60, \$2.10, \$2.90 and \$4.50—Now 39c, 59c, \$1.10, \$1.40, \$1.90 and \$3.00. PIONEER FLYERS at \$3.75. These wonderful little Autos are similar to the "Irish Mail," which sells regularly at 6.50. WHEEL BARROWS, which should sell at 90c and \$1.50—Now .59c and 95c.

EMERSON & FISHER Ltd., 25 Germain St. Retail Tel. 866.

MEN'S SUITS, \$5, \$7 and \$9

Every Suit is more than value for the money—honest through and through—specially selected up-to-date Worsted and Tweeds in all the new color effects. If you can equal them for the price we'll never say another word.

Ready to Put On. Alterations Made when Necessary.

American Clothing House, 11-15 Charlotte St., St. John.

THE BIG SALE is still in full swing—everybody getting bargains. Now we have a Special Sale of Accordion Pleated Skirts from \$2.00 up. At The Parisian Store, 47 Brussels Street.

SEE OUR WINDOW For Saturday Bargains in Straw and Linen HATS FOR CHILDREN.

F. S. THOMAS, Dufferin Block, 539 Main St., N. E.

BIG CLEARANCE SALE!

In Ladies' Accordion Pleated Skirts. Different shades and sizes. We offer them to you for \$2.98 when their regular price was \$5.00. Call early and take your choice.

J. ASHKINS, - - 655 Main Street.

Stores Open till 8 P. M. St. John, N. B., July 29, 1907.

Real Bargains in Boy's Wash Blouses

We have decided to clear all our Wash Suits and Blouses, and have cut the prices below the actual cost, thus giving Real Bargains just at the time you want them. Lots of hot weather yet.

50c Blouses for 39c 75c Blouses for 59c 60c Blouses 85c Blouses

\$1.50 Wash Suits Now 98 cents. J. N. HARVEY, Tailoring and Clothing Opera House Block

VAN HORNE SAYS ROSS CHEATED HIM IN A DEAL SOME YEARS AGO

On the Witness Stand Today in the Coal-Steel Case at Sydney, He Tells of an Old Dispute—Thinks That Ross is Not a Safe Man

SYDNEY, N. S., July 30.—The first shot in the battle for supremacy between the coal and steel companies was fired this morning. Long before the hour appointed for the opening, a large number of interested spectators gathered at the court room. These included many ladies. There was a large array of counsel present. Promptly at ten o'clock Judge Longley took his seat and the court was opened. The judge stated it was a special session to hear the case between the two companies. He intimated readiness to proceed. Privilege of the bar was granted Judge Nesbitt and A. M. Stewart, of the Ontario bar and A. J. Brown of the Quebec bar.

W. B. A. Ritchie opened the case for the steel Co. and drew briefly the statement of claims and explained the contract between the two companies, emphasizing the quality of coal that was stipulated in the price and the option which the steel company took on the coal company, as laid down in the contract. He said it would be proved that the article sold by the coal company to the steel company, was not coal in the commercial sense, and could not be used by the steel company. Mr. Ritchie related how the friction began and increased until the abrogation of the contract. The dispute was on the Philadelphia seam in 1904 which is outside of the peninsula named. The judge asked whether No. 5 mine was on the Philadelphia seam and was it not easily proved or disproved.

Mr. Ritchie said it was difficult to prove geologists being unable to say with certainty. The steel Co. had been required to take seventy-five tons No. 5 coal, specified the balance in good coal without prejudice to rights under contract. August, September, October, 1906, are months in which occurred the incidents leading to the present difficulty. The steel Co. complained not only of quality but of quantity. There was considerable shortage for some months and the company has to buy coal from outside at an inflated price. The work could not be run at the accustomed capacity, which occasioned a heavy loss. In November, 1906, it was simply a question of quality. Instead of giving 75 tons of No. 6 coal and 2,400 tons of good coal, the matter was reversed. No. 6 main they believe is not on the Philadelphia seam and the coal is not freshly mined and free from stone, and is not fit for the use of the steel company. After careful analysis, the coal was refused. Coal has been refused before. The main issue will be, was the steel company justified in refusing the coal, and if so was the coal company justified in breaking the contract. Mr. Ritchie contended that the coal company was not justified, and that the contract entailed a heavy loss on the steel company.

Judge Nesbitt was of the same opinion. The contract was deposited with the National Trust Company as security for an advance of bonds and became a party to the contract. Sir William Van Horne, sworn, said he was a director on both companies at the time of the trouble when he resigned from the coal company. The steel company was formed to find a winter market for the coal company and to hold the men together. In 1897, when it was decided to start the steel company, experts were secured to determine the necessary quality of coal (objected to) and a contract was entered into. Then came the lease of the coal company to the steel company, when Mr. Ross was president of both companies.

Cross-examined by Mr. Ritchie, he said he came to Sydney to further the interests of the steel company and to give evidence. When he resigned he had got his facts from Mr. Plummer as to the nature of the trouble, but what Plummer or Jones had told him had nothing to do with his resignation. "I thought Ross's action unwarranted. It was done without consent or knowledge of his directors and against their wishes. He (witness) was on the directorate of the coal company at the suggestion of Mr. Dimmock, who thought the coal best served the interests of the steel company by being there. When he resigned Mr. Dimmock, representing the steel company, expressed regret at his leaving the coal board. I think I told him it was too late. I did not go back. Ross did not relish the idea of my being on the board. My feelings against Ross were caused by an old business transaction, though superficially I would have been on Ross's terms. I felt I had been cheated by Mr. Ross. The merits were all on my side." He was willing to let the people judge between them. The trouble between them dated back seven or eight years. He was not angry when he did not get back on the board. He has \$100,000 in the steel company. He did not know whether he had received information from the coal company on November 9th and 10th. "I have been heard and soul with the coal company. My trouble with Mr. Ross made me feel I could not trust the steel company to the mercies of Mr. Ross. The sugges-

MISS DORA JONES WINS THE GOV.-GENERAL'S MEDAL

For the Winner in Grade Ten—Creditable Marks Made by Several of the Other Competitors

The results of the examinations in Grade 10 for the Governor General's silver medal, were made known today, by Dr. Bridges. Miss Dora Jones, daughter of Mrs. Emma Jones of Duke street won first place. She has proved herself to be a very clever girl on more than one occasion. Two years ago she won the Trueman medal for the highest marks in the High School entrance examinations. Following is a list of those who made creditable marks:

Table with columns for subject names (Arithmetic, History, English, Algebra, Natural Science, Greek or French, Latin, Total) and student names (Dora Jones, Hazel Holder, Gretta Robinson, Catherine Murdoch, Joyce Wishart, Alex. Macdunn, Kenneth Woodrow, Agnes Ross, Grace Macdonald, Ernest Baker, Chas. Bennett).

SAY DR. PUGSLEY WILL ENTER THE CABINET

Hon. Mr. Sutherland Also Looked Upon at Ottawa as a Likely Man.

(Montreal Star) OTTAWA, Ont., July 29.—Although definite announcements will in all probability, not be forthcoming for a fortnight or more, the idea prevails that the preliminary steps in the reorganization of the cabinet will be the appointment of Hon. William Pugsley, former premier of New Brunswick, as Minister of Railways and Canals, and the appointment of Hon. R. F. Sutherland as Minister of Public Works to succeed Hon. Charles Hyman. The Farde boom, which was inaugurated some six weeks ago, has not, it is said, developed the strength anticipated, and the desire of Mr. Archibald Campbell to become a minister of the crown is not likely to be realized. In the event of Deputy Speaker Macell succeeding Hon. R. F. Sutherland as Speaker, Mr. Campbell will, in all probability, become deputy speaker. He has had considerable experience as chairman of the railway committee, and has often had charge of the House when in the committee stage. Any more extended re-organization of the cabinet than that outlined above, is not likely to occur for the present. The retirement of Sir Frederick Borden, Sir Richard Cartwright, and possibly Hon. R. W. Scott and Hon. Wm. Patterson, being possibilities of the more or less distant future, which should they materialize, will involve a general cabinet re-organization and re-arrangement of the portfolio.

BRUTAL FARMER STABBED HIS HORSE

MONTREAL, July 30.—A case of awful brutality came before the court today. Never a day passes without a case of cruelty to horses in the Montreal courts, but today's case was the worst for many years. Ferdinand Lazzate, a carter of St. Lambert, was driving a load of manure in a cart and got into a ditch so deep that the shafts were on the bank. The enraged driver took his four pronged fork and stabbed his horse. A farmer nearby tried to stop him but could not, and the farmer walked two miles to a phone and got the police. The horse has twenty-two wounds on one flank and seventeen on the other, and the blanket was soaked with blood. Also the man's hands and face were bloody from the spurs from the wounds. The man admits he was drunk and struck the horse. The trial takes place Thursday.

tion was to go back on the coal board in the interest of peace. I was with the steel people because I believed they were in the right. Before the contract was made we made inquiries as to the quality of coal necessary for the making of steel."

HEARING IN THE CASE AGAINST WM. BECKETT

BIG RAILROAD DEAL IN SOUTH AMERICA

Company to Acquire 2,000 Miles of Line

Sir Wm. Van Horne and Other Capitalists to Extend Their Operations in the South.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The Times today says the syndicate of New York and Canadian capitalists, including Sir Wm. Van Horne and Wm. Lammam Bull, which for some time, has been engaged in traction and harbor improvements undertakings in Brazil, has laid plans, it was reported yesterday, to extend its operations to steam railroad undertakings. The syndicate is said to have under consideration the construction of a gold of 2,000 miles of railway in Brazil to connect and extend existing lines. The ultimate purpose, it is said is to connect Rio de Janeiro with Montevideo, the capital of Uruguay. Among the railroads said to have been acquired are the Sao Paulo and Rio Grande railroads, and Sorocabana Railway. The latter was constructed by the state of Sao Paulo and has been leased to the American syndicate which is understood to have agreed to assume the \$10,000,000 of five per cent. bonds issued by the state to cover the cost of the railroad. Part of the contract with the state is said to be an undertaking on the part of the syndicate to share in raising a coffee valorization loan. Under the title of Port-of-Para, a company was organized some months ago, for the purpose of extending the Rio Grande and the Harriman lines is interested along with the other capitalists mentioned in the Rio Grande de Sul undertaking.

EVELYN THAW WILL RETURN TO THE STAGE

In Spite of Harry K.'s Opposition She Will Go Back to Her Old Job.

NEW YORK, July 30.—According to a report circulated today Evelyn Nesbit Thaw intends to return to the stage this fall, despite the objections of her husband and his lawyers. At the office of Daniel O'Reilly, one of Thaw's counsel, a member of the firm said the report was not true. According to the rumors in circulation Mrs. Thaw has been taking lessons of Carl Blennerman for some time past and she admitted to her friends that she was preparing to take part in a Broadway production in the near future. It has been freely prophesied along Broadway ever since the Thaw trial that Mrs. Thaw would not be able to endure retirement from the stage if her brother-in-law and her husband wished for her. It is now said that if Mrs. Thaw returns to the stage it will not be as a chorus girl but she will have a prominent part. She is said to have a sweet voice and ability for acting. She first attracted attention on the stage by her dancing, and she hopes to improve in this line. Daniel O'Reilly and Fosbury, Thaw's lawyers, and Mrs. William Thaw, it is reported, have been bitterly opposed to Evelyn's going on the stage, but Mrs. Thaw, it is said, does not believe it will have a detrimental effect on her husband's next trial if she returns to the stage. The second hearing of the famous murder case will probably come on at the September term of the criminal court.

STEAMER PRINCE GEORGE WAS IN COLLISION

HALIFAX, N. S., July 30.—The steamer Prince George from Boston collided in Yarmouth Harbor this morning with the barque Lowood, anchored in the stream awaiting a crew to sail for South America. A dense fog prevailed. The Lowood was badly damaged.

TWO PICTURES, FOUND

LONDON, July 30.—According to the Milan correspondent of the Tribune Paradies, the painter of Trieste, has found two hitherto unknown pictures by Titian in the village of Tronchi. One represents the Magdalen and the other the Descent from the Cross. The pictures, it is stated, are of great value.

BRITAIN AND RUSSIA SETTLE INDIAN QUESTION

LONDON, July 30.—It is announced that the negotiations between Great Britain and Russia, have resulted in an agreement amicably adjusting all outstanding differences on the Indian Frontier and in Persia. Both powers have consented to the delimitation of their spheres of interest in these regions. Sir Arthur Nicolson, the British Ambassador at St. Petersburg, who is at present visiting in London, is arranging the final details of this matter.

Three Witnesses Were Examined Today and the Prisoner Admitted to Bail of \$1,600

Constable Wm. Beckett, one of the guards in charge of the jail prisoners, who compose the chain gang, has been charged before the Police Magistrate with shooting John Cook, a prisoner. The officer was in court this morning and a preliminary examination into the case was commenced by Magistrate Ritchie.

Guard Michael Collins gave evidence that his and Beckett were in charge of twelve prisoners whom they took from the jail to the Rural Cemetery to work at cutting down a piece of a hill. After the handcuffs had been taken off the prisoners they sat down to rest for a few minutes before going to their work. One man walked towards a shed and while the guards were looking after him John Cook started to escape. He jumped over a fence. Supt. Clayton of the cemetery shouted that the man was running away. Witness called out to Cook to stop and Beckett jumped over the fence and followed the prisoner into the woods. Beckett called for help and Supt. Clayton was looking after other prisoners and directing Mr. Clayton to where Beckett was. Mike Cogswell took advantage and ran away. Beckett and Clayton then came back with Cook, who refused to allow the handcuffs to be placed on his wrists. Cook told witness if he struck him with a baton he would kill him. He broke clear and tried to hit Beckett on the head. He made the second attempt to strike. Guard Beckett stooped down and shot Cook on the leg. Cook used very bad language. After he was shot he fell down and Beckett remained in the road and looked after the other prisoners to prevent an attack on witness and Beckett while they were handling Cook.

Supt. Clayton gave about the same evidence as Collins. When he went to Beckett's assistance Cook said he would not return with Beckett. He said he would go to jail but not to work. He would return to jail on condition that no handcuffs were placed on him. While the two officers were working on Cook the other prisoners assumed a dangerous attitude, so witness took a revolver from Collins and ordered the prisoners to bunch together, and that the first man who interfered with the officers would be shot down. The prisoners bunched and there was no interference. The witness said the policemen have been too easy with the prisoners.

At 12:30 o'clock the magistrate, police clerk Henderson, the guards with Mr. Clayton and Jeremiah Donovan adjourned to the general public hospital where the evidence of the injured prisoner was taken.

A VERANDAH CAFE ON NEW CUNARDER

All the Advantages of a Seaside Hotel on the Big Lusitania.

LIVERPOOL, July 30.—One of the features of the new Cunarder Lusitania, the biggest ship afloat, which has just finished a successful trial trip is the "Verandah Cafe." This is situated with a view across of the vessel and passengers can sit there and enjoy the sea air while they are completely sheltered from the wind. It will be like dining on the brow of some cliff swept by ocean breezes with an outlook of ocean and sky above.

There are also two "regal suites" on this ship, designed to meet the demands of travellers who want the utmost luxury. They will cost \$2,000 each a trip. Sir William White, who had much to do with creating the big liner said that the coal consumption of the steamer would be 45 tons an hour, or about 5,500 tons for a trans-Atlantic trip.

MANSLAUGHTER THE CHARGE AGAINST U. S. GUARD

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., July 30.—The verdict of a coroner's jury in the case of Miss Elizabeth Cabenehead, of Pergus, Ont., who was shot and killed by Private Cyrus Gillette, who was aiming at a deserter, charges him with involuntary manslaughter. A warrant was issued by Prosecuting Attorney Holding and a demand will be made on the officers at Fort Brady, for the man, which probably will be refused.