

banks of a branch of the river Schuylkill. Six miles *w.* of Middleton, six *n. e.* of Lebanon, and 65 *n. w.* of Philadelphia.

TULPEROCKEN, a small river of the same name, in the county of Berks in the same province.

TULPETIAC, SANTA MARIA DE, a settlement of the *alcaldia mayor* of Ecatepec, in Nueva España: it comprises 54 Indian families.

TULTENGO, a settlement of the *alcaldia mayor* of Tula, in the same kingdom as the last; distant a quarter of a league *e.* of its capital. It comprises 79 Indian families.

TULTEPEC, a settlement of the *alcaldia mayor* of Coautitlan, in the same kingdom as the former; annexed to the curacy of the settlement of its capital, from which it is distant 2 leagues *e. n. e.* It comprises 378 Indian families.

TULTEPEC, another settlement of the same name; the head settlement of the *alcaldia mayor* of Metepec, in the same kingdom. It comprises 62 Indian families.

TULTITLAN, SAN LORENZO DE, a large settlement of the jurisdiction and *alcaldia mayor* of Tucuba, in the same kingdom as the last; situate five leagues from its capital, towards the *n.* and beyond the port of Barrientos. It contains 332 Indian families, and a convent of Franciscan monks; in the church of which, they worship an effigy of St. Anthony of Padua, for which the inhabitants have a singular devotion. In the plains of this settlement it was, that Hernan Cortez halted with his army, to recover them from the fatigues of war, on his celebrated retreat from Mexico, on the sad night after the death of Moctezuma.

TULUA, a settlement of the province and government of Popayan, in the new kingdom of Granada.

TULULULI, a river of the province and government of Esmeraldas, in the kingdom of Quito; which runs to the *w.* and after it has received the waters of the rivers Patari and Aquasucia, enters by the *n.* into the river Bogota, in lat. 58 *n.*

TULUMBA, a river of the province and settlement of Tucuman in Peru, of the district and jurisdiction of the city of Cordova.

TUMACO, an island of the Pacific Ocean or South Sea; called also Gorgona. It belongs to the government and province of Esmeraldas, in the kingdom of Quito. It is from *s. e.* to *n. w.* two miles long; and one broad from *n. e.* to *s. w.*; distant one mile and a half from the continent of

Tierra Firme, opposite the mouth or entrance of the river Mira, called also Aqua-Clara. It is surrounded by other small islands, called La Viuda, El Viudo, Placer de Poilas, and El Morro. It has a snug commodious port, consisting of a small settlement of the same name; with good anchoring ground for small vessels. The climate is hot: it has the name of Tumaco, and is also called Gorgonilla, for this was the name of the chief, or elder *cacique* of the island, when the Spaniards conquered it. [It is in lat. 1° 46' *n.* and long. 78° 43' *w.*]

TUMACO, a settlement of the same province and government as the former.

TUMBACO, a settlement of the province and *corregimiento* of Quito.

TUMBADEN, SAN LUIS DE, a settlement of the province and *corregimiento* of Caxamarca in Peru, annexed to the curacy of the *corregimiento* of Chalique.

TUMBADO, an island of the N. Sea, one of the Lucayas: and the last of those forming the Bahama channel to the *n.* of the island of this name. It is inhabited by the English.

TUMBAVIRO, a settlement of the province and *corregimiento* of Ibarra in the kingdom of Quito, situate on the *e.* part of Mount Yanacuru, and to the *s.* of Caguasqui. To the *n. n. e.* it has another settlement called Las Salinas, in which district they discovered a fossil salt, of which, though of bad quality, the consumption is very great. It is of a moderate climate, serene and healthy, and very fertile in cotton and sugar-canes. It is in lat. 26° 7' *n.*

TUMBEZ, a settlement of the *corregimiento* of Piura in Peru, founded on the banks of a river of the same name, and near the coast of the S. Sea; famous for Francis Pizarro disembarking here in 1526, when on his way to the conquest of Peru; as also, for the peculiar circumstance attending the landing of Peter of Candia, one of his soldiers, and a native of the island of that name: for he was the first who put his foot on earth; and to whom occurred the prodigy of a furious lion, which had been set upon him by the Indians to tear him to pieces, crouching to a Cross which he carried in his hand; when they, being overpowered at the sight, submitted to the Spaniards, whom they afterwards assisted to conquer the Indians of the Island of Puna; between whom, and these, there was always an irreconcilable enmity. This settlement is of a warm and dry climate, but benign and healthful, very fertile and abundant in productions, cotton, tobacco, and cocoa of excellent