# glurthuest Beviek. 

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## The Late Cardinal Taschereaa <br> life and wort of his eminence

Wi:llen for the Revien.
At 6.15 oclock last evening, namely, April 12th, 1898, His Eminence- Elzear Alexandre Cardinal Taschereau breathed his last breath. His end was peace-
fui as his life was calm, well regulated and virtuous. The death siene took place in his own pa scene in Quebec, and among the sorrow bed were His Ground his dying bed were His Grace A rch-
bishop Begin, Mgr. Marois, Vicar General, and the other members of his hoasehold, together with his two nephews. Messss. Alex The end did not come suddenly for since '94, when he gave over the administration ef the diocese to Mgr. Begin, his health was broken, and thence forward he
led a retired life, concerning himself more with the things of eternity and spending his days in diligent preparation tor the life of happiness that lies beyond the grave.
Two years ago or thereabouts
his maladies increased his maladies increased and his
already shattered constitution began to break up, end even then near, but his strong will power near, but his strong wim in good stead, and while submitting himself to the Divine dispenations of Providence, he bravely clung to life to walk in the crounds of his palace and University, and on special occasions he appeared in the sanctuary of his well-beloved Basilica.
A week or ten days ago he
grew rapidly worse, and then it became plain to medical experts that the venerable Cardinal had not many more days to live; he gradually sank and hovered
between life and death in a partially unconscious state until his hour of release came last evening. I called at the Palace a few minutes before six o'clock, p.m., to make enquiries, and learned that a crisis of the heart bad occurred in the early morning; the vital organ had refused to beat for a moment, but it went on active for a few hours more. The doctors said the spasms were 1 and so they did, with fatal results. Needless to say that the city is Needless to say that the city is
n grief for the demise of its illustrious churchman and model citrizen, whose genial face was so well known to the people of Quebec for the past fifty years and more. Every building in the city Hlagstaff has it decorated with some emblem of mourning and courtesy. Looking from the windows of my study I see the Pa pal colors raised on one end of the University building, the national flag on the other, and the central tower is adorned with the cross. As it stands high upon the pinnacle pointing heavenward it seems to speak with more impressive force to the
Christian heart on this solemn Christian heart on this solemn
The biographical sketch of the deceased Cardinal need be but brief, because his exalted rank in
the Catholic Church of the New the Catholic Church of the New World for so many years has kept his name almost as a houschold word. Still it were well to keep
fresh in the minds of the reading fresh in the minds of the reading
public what heights of fortune public what heights of fortune of the clerical domain by the pro-
per exercise of the talents which
God bestows for good and wise purposes.
It may be said that the emi nent man whose life-work w are shortly reviewing did not rise
to distinction through any speto distinction through any spe
cially brilliant parts, for his el cially brilliant parts, for $h$
ration was due rather to ration was due rather to per
sistent application to his studie and duties in the early stages of his clerical career, keen perceptive faculties, sincere derotion termination of purpose, which nerer suffered itself to be of rectitude by the clamours of popular favor or disfavor. With him there was always a difference betwe $\cdot n$ the serene world of reliof boisterous politics and corrup tion. And no man strove harde to keep the evil influence away
from contaminating the good and irtuous. He had a keen horro of the follies and deceptions of
the outer world, and whenever he failed to correct them he shrank from contact with them. In this sense he seemed to resem
ble the late Archbishop Kenrick of St. Louis, for of both prelate it may be said in a certain sense although they lived in it
Whatever work Mgr. Tasche reau put his hand to that he did pose, and he seemed to realize that the lives of priests, charged held np as a of souding, should be world. At the call of duty Monsignor Taschereau jour He went to Baltimore to parti cipate in the ceremonies comme morating that See's hundreth year of establishment. At vari ous times he visited Montreal Ottawa and Kingston dioceses
but always called by duty but always called by duty or
courtesy; and perhaps he took these trips with reluctance because travel of itself had n fascination for him. In this
feature t.e had an affinity with teature tie had an affinity with
prelates like Archbishop Corrigan of New York,-calm reser ved prelates, who are always happiest in the midst of thei tering to their every want and safely guiding them on the road to heaven.
Of course the deceased Cardinal had no spare time on his hands : for the outlying pa rishes of his wide diocese absorbed much of his episcopa attentiou, and at home he had his affections and interests deep noble University, his seminaries noble University, his seminaries and other seats of learning and culture. He had a very clear conception of the sacred clies that bound him to his clergy and faithful laity, and while he had his share of episcopal troubles, he always strove to adjust differences between pastors and flocks by the strict rule of justice aud equity, and always with discreet judgment and foresight
Being one of the founders of Lava University and a Professor and Superior in it for so many years he, naturally, was attached to it
and its students, those of the and its students, those of the
Seminary were dear to him, and upon them he bestowed much attention, knowing well the advantage of shaping their
minds in the direction of purity minds in the direction of purity
and virtue, so as to make of them worthy priests to minister at the The
The ideals he set for his own guidance were of the exalted pat
tern, and in their fulfilment he
had the example of illustrious predecessors, beginning with the
historic Bishop Frs. de Montmoency Laval, who ruled the anient See from 1658 to 88 . All of the succeeding prelates labored
with zeal to keep ap the stanwith zeal to ke
dard set them.
In seeng to the up to dat equipment in the great educational institutions under him, he neglected none of the aids fur nished by advanced science or
the latest discoveries. It is he latest discoveries. It is Largely to his vigilant care that
Laral University owes its high position among the first seats
learning in this New World.
earning in this New World.
In speaking of the lamented deceased it is difficult to conrey He clear idea of his individuality. He had many personal endow-
ments that made him seem different from many of his predecessors; being a perfect model of punctuality himself he was quick to detect its absence in thers. He lived and moved by nicely regulated method and by
trict economy of time he effec ted much without hurry or conusion. He instinctively felt he principles of truth in himelf, and whenever he had busiuess to do with other people less fer to his well reasoned deciions. To some people, who
iewed him from afar, he was iewed him from afar, he was
counted cold and austere in manner and bearing; but this Was a wrong idea of his real hisposition. Close contact with he misleading impressions ga way under his courteous and
dignified treatment. He had the inherent stamp of the enightened Christian prelate and well bred gentleman, combined with a high degree of the prover f the best school. Neither had he any of the contentious spirit rat would cause annoyance to apholding the doctrines Catholicity he never gratuit ously meddled with ontside reeds, but treated all men with er then that he should woneen regarded with deepest res ect by the different creeds, ects, races and nationalities. And as less wonder, indeed, that he ics of Caved by the irish Catho amine years of 46-47, when the oor Irish Catholic immigrants were cast by the ship-load, pla-ue-stricken, cholera-smitten and
in a dying condition, on th a dying condition, on the
hores of Grosse Isle, the then Rev. Father Taschereau willing $y$ offered the sacrifice of his life save the bodies and souls of actually perishing in those hor ble fever sheds, wherein th tench of contagious disease ould frighten any one save nd except a serant of god rodom above all else Hundred the Irish peasants died n board he stinking pestilential ship he stinking pestilential ships and the shattered remnants that were dumped on this Isle on the St Lawrence had no earthly hope of relief save in God's meries and the kind ministrations of His anointed ministers. The cause of this dread calamity could be traced to the inhuma nity of the British Government but this is not the time to pursue the subject. Let it suffice to Bon that Fathers Taschereau,
Bond others, joined with Rev. Father Moylan-then chaplain at Grosse Isle-and Father
McMahon of St. Patrick's, Que-
bec, to save the saveable and to pearance before the Judgment seat. Rev. Father Taschereau worked heroically until he was stricken down by the fell disea-
se. He did enough, se. He did enough, however, to earn the lasting gratitude of the
Catholic Irish race in Canada. Catholic Irish race in Canada.
And now that the self-same man, And now that the self-same man ying cold in death, Irish hearts will recal his services and send up fervent prayes
The deceased Cardinal, Elzea Alexandre Taschereau, was born Sainte Marie de Manor-house vince of Quebec, on February 16 th or 17 th, 1820 , and came o parentage which counts among itskinsfolk some of the oldest and best known French Canadian Judge Jean Thomas Tascherean whose ancestors came from France early in the 18th century His mother, Marie Panet, wa daughter of Hon. Jean Antoine Panet, first President of the As sembly of Canada. His fathe was a warm-hearted patriot, pos sessing all the rugged principles of honor that marked the true gentleman of the old school, and
he won distinction by his ability when he was a member of the Legislative Assembly Lower of Canada. The Taschereaus ins mong their ancestors, the Joliet coufrere and companion of the heroic Pere Marquette on that historic voyage which resulted

In spite of his manifold duties he found time to write an eradite history of the Quebec Seminary, which contains much va est annals of Canadian Cat nolicity. His varied intellectual powers were now in full bloom, and his stability as a zealous Rome; consequently he was ap pointed Coadjutor, with right of succession to Archbishop Baillargeon, whose health was fast failng him. Before the day of the Auxiliary's consecration had come, the venerable Metropolitan was called to his reward, so that Dr. Taschereau was consecrated
seventeenth bishop and fourth seventeenth bishop and fourth
archbishop of Quebec, by the now lamented Archbishop Lynch, of of Toronto, on St. Joseph's day,
1871. His record as a diocesan ad. ministrator for nearly a quarter ministrator for nearly a quarter by it the success of his wise rule may be measured
In 1886 the Cardinal's hat w
bestowed upon him. In this connection it may setisfy curiosity to ble dhat, although the venerafirst Canadian Cardinal, there was a like honor conferred upon the Rt. Rev. Thomas Weld, D.D., in 1830 , who, at the time of his elevation, ranked as Coadjutor to the Hon. and Rt. Rev. Dr Macdonnell, of Kingston, and first Bishop of Upper Canada. Cardi-
the great English dignitary never
set foot on Canadian soil nor exercised any of his functions in ber of the Canadian Hierarchy at the time he received the red hat. It was thought that his honor was due to a desire of Pius English Government for having granted Irish Catholic emancipaion the year before.
In virtue of his being the head of the historic See of Quebec, and
by his own high personal charac-
er, it was universally admitted ed his honor and right desery wore it. Having "fought the rood fight," he goes down to his grave accompanied by the benediction of the Church and the prayers of the people lear ing an untarnished name behind him and a peosperous archdioArchbishop Begin.

> Wm. Elaison.

## Mounted Pulice in the North.

Ererybody has a good word to ay about our police boys who are doing duty in the far north, from Wrangel to Dawson City. An American, who has just been
over the Skagway trail, says of over th
them:
The

The Mounted Police are proing one of the greatest safe-
cuards to the men on the trail guards to the men on the trail.
They are divided into squads tationed at distances ranging from 25 to 50 miles, bet ween the Summit and Dawson. The police men on the trail whens to ald all in need of assisiancenerer found sts, break-downs, and other up haps incidental to the mis Besides that, their presence has wholesome effect toward chas ing petty thiering. much of which is constantly going on on the trail, which, without the police. would grow to a proportion that would make nevessary Canadian Government is evident-

