THE CAMP AT OFTAWA.

We paid a visit to the camp near this city yesterday and had an opportunity of see ing how our friends enjoyed themselves under the circumstances of this year's drill regulations. Colonel Jackson and Brigade Major Mattice gave us every facility to obtain an understanding of the Force and, we must concede, that, in every respect, we found all matters in such a state as would delight the heart of an old Campaigner.

The location of the cump upon Rideau Ifull is the finest that possibly could be found in the vicinity of Ottawa. The tents are laid out in regular order, and adjoining on the "Stewart property" is a large and capacious field used for the purposes of drill and other military evolutions. practice under the direction of Capt. Weatherley, Musketry Instructor at the Rifle Ringe in the immediate vicinity, is the first duty of the men each day. In this the men are already evincing signs of improve-ment, which if continued to the end will be fruitful of good results. The morning perade takes place from about 9 o'clock till 11, and the afternoon from 3 till 6 o'clock. Every man is in camp by 10 o'clock p. m., after which time none are allowed into camp without the countersign or producing his pass. The officers are comfortable, and in their tents have every convenience.

The field Battery is in command of Cipt. Stewart with Lieuts. Billings and Savage as Subalterns. Surgeon Vancortlandt and Paymaster A.S. Woodburn are also on duty with the battery as usual. This corps have lost none of its old prestige either in regard to deill or the general physique of its men- It has four field guns, 59 horses, and 67 non commissioned officers and men. The temporary sheds erected are well suited for the stabling of the Artillery horses and also those of the Cavalry.

Two cavulcy troops are in camp and told off as squadrons, under command of Col. Lovelace, late of her Hajesty's service. The first squadron is from Prescott and in command of Lieut. Rennie and Cornet Satchell, who also acts as A jurant. This troop musters 45 strong. The second squad ron belongs to Ottaws, under command of Captain Sparks, with Liout Stater and Curnet Stewart as Subalterns. The troop musters 50 strong. The Cavalry is put through aword and carbine exercises from 9 to 11:30 a. m., each dir; and from 3 to 6 p.m. execute squadron and troop movements, also mounted, dismounted and patrol duty.
The 59.h Battalion musters in full

strength under the command of Majir Maclennan. The staff of this Battalion comprises Lieut Col. Bergin, Major Mac lennan, Major Wood, Paymaster Archibald, Quartermaster Wood and Surgeon Lindsay. The Battalion numbers seven companies as follows:

No. 1. from Cornwall, Lieut, Blyth and

42 non commissioned officers and men. No. 2, from Cornwall, Capt. Davy, Ensign Bethune and 43 non commissioned officers and men.

No. 3, from Cornwall; Capt. Adams, Lieut. Turner and 42 non commissioned officers and men-

No 4. from Lancaster; Capt. A. B. Maclennan, Lieut. McDougall and 42 non commissioned officers and men.

No. 5. from Aultsville; Capt. Bredin and 42 non commissioned officers and men-

Bullock and 42 non commissioned officers and men.

No. 7, from Dunvegan, Kenyon, Capt. McDiarmid, Lieut. McCuaig, Ensign Stewart and 43 non commissioned officers and

The 56th Battalion which has Intherto been a very strong one falls short this year, soms of its companies having been disband The staff consists of Col. H. D. Jessup of Prescott; Adjutant Mowat of Otta .a. Surgeon Church and Quartermaster Bolton There are four Companies in Camp of the following strength:

No. 1, from Ottawa; Capt. McCunig Lieut Pearson, Ensign Lang and 42 Non commissioned officer and men.

No. 2 from Prescott; Capt. Bennet, Licut Jones and 42 non commissioned officers and men.

No. 4. from Kemptville, Capt Campbell Ensign Chambers, and 36 non commissioned officers and men.

No. 7, from Spencyille; Capt. Car-michael, Lieut. Stitt, and 42 Non-commis-sioned officers and men.

The 41st Battalion, like the previous one, is somewhat below its old strength, but is yet a good corps and in charge of an energetic officer. A band, in connection with the Perth Company, accommonies this Battalion. It joins with the 55th Battalion which is also a Rifle Corps, for the purpose of drill.

The S aff consists of Lieut. Col. Cole of Brockville, Major Gwynne, Quartermaster Jones, Surgion Moore, Paymaster Maclon aid. It numbers but five companies, the respective strength of each being as fol-

No. I, Brockville; Captain Cook, Lieut. Sheffield and 45 non-commissioned officers and men.

No. 2, Gananoque, Captain Lagge, En sign Thompson and 32 non-commissioned cers and nien.

No. 3. Frankville; Major Lauder, Liout. Clutterbuck and 30 non commissioned officers and men.

No. 4, Merrickville; Captain Merrick, Lt. Harrison and 36 non-commissioned officer and men.

No. 5, Carleton Place ; Capt. Bell, Lieut. Cramm, Lusien Gallies and of non commissioned officers and men.

The 42nd Ba talion musters in good force under its popular comman ler, Lt. Col. Buell M. P. In addition, on the Stiff there are Myor Gemmili of Almonte, Adjutant Lowe, Surgeon Vaux and Quartermister Lanskail. There are 5 companies of the Battalion in camp, as follows:

No. 1, Brockville; Lieut, Sparham and 42 non commissioned officers and men.

No. 2, Perth; Captain Douglass, Lieut. Matheson and 42 non commissioned officers and men.

No. 3. Landsdowne, Capt. Bradley; Ensign Dickson and 42 non commissioned offi cers and men.

No. 4, Smith's Falls, Capt. Gould and 42 non commissioned o licers and men.

No. 5, Pembroke, Capt. Irving, Lieut. Supple and 42 non-commissioned officers and men.

A line bin I in connection with the Perth company is attached to this battalion.

The once fine 43rd battation familiarly known as the Culcton Bluzers is reduced almost to a skeleton, having but two com-panies in camp. The staff is therefore in complete and has but two efficers present-2 non commissioned officers and men.
No, 6, from Dickinson's Lunding Capt.

You companies:

gual The following is the strength of the us to the end of the number, and leaves us; like Oliver Twist, asking for "more."

No. 3, from Metcslf; Capt. Morgan, Ward. en of the County; Lieut. Carson and 36 non commissioned officers and men.

No.6 frem Goulborn, Capt. Garvin. Lt. Tub. man and 34 non commissioned officers and

A band in connection with the Metcalfe company, is also attached to the Buttalion. It is rather unfortunate that this once fine regiment should be so poorly represented in numbers in comp.

The 18th Buttalion from L'Original, is somewhat analagous to our own Metropol ican Battalion hving but two companies in cump. The staff comprises Major McLean and A ljurant Dartnell. The following is the strength of the two companies:

No. 3, L'Original; Lieut. O'Brien and 32 non commissioned officers and men.

No. 5, VanKleck Bill, Capt. Maclen-uen, and 33 non-commissioned officers and men.

This Battalion as well as the 43rd is at tached to the 42nd Battlalion for drill and discipline.

On Dominion Day there will be a regular field day in the morning, after which the troops will march through the city. The afternoon will be a holiday to those encamp. ed, with a view to allowing the troops to see the sports in and around the city.

The total strength of the encampment is 89 officers, 1.160 men, and 110 horses.

REVIEWS.

The June number of Blackwood's Magazine, which complets Volume CXV., is filled, as usual, with interesting matter, and is a proof that instead of degenerating, this periodical like wine, mellows and improves with age.

The serials, "Alice Lorraine" and "Valen" tine and his Brother," are continued. Both have already received so much favourable notice that we need only say that their interest remains unabated.

In "The Poets at Play" we find many verses which were not written for publication, but dropped naturally into the private communications of such writers as Scott, Cowper, Limb, Swift, and minuy others.

" The Romance of the Japanese Revolution" begins by describing the Japanese and the objects they displayed at the Vienna Exposition, and gives a very interesting account of their character and condition, of the changes that have had taken place since the opening of their ports, and the revolution which led to the overthrow of the Shogun and the revival of the supremacy of the Mikado.

"Sex in Mind and Education" discusses a matter of great interest to Americans, namely, the "identical education of boys and girls." It reviews E. H. Clarke's work on the subject, recently published in Boston, and also some essys which have appeared

in the English Fortinghtly Reciew,
"New Books" is a relew, with copious
extracts, of Victor Hugo's "Ninety three." It is extremely laudatory, remarking, in conclusion, that it was intended to discuss more than work; "but what other work can we place by the side of 'Quatre ringt treize'?'

The usual political article, describing the reception of the Conservative Budget and Quartermaster Hanna and Surgeon McDou. Parliamentary doings since Easter, brings