Galetta and adds much to the variety and beauty of the scenery by causing a series of interesting falls at the point of intersection by the Mississippi. The power furnished by these falls is utilized to operate grist and woolen mills in the village; the long lines of comfortable looking frieze displayed upon the stretchers testified to activity in business.

It may hardly be taken for granted that all the excursionists were true field naturalists, and therefore came solely to pry into nature's secrets. From the happy appearance of many interesting groups of from two to a dozen persons who were not communing with nature it is safe to say that secrets of another order were made, interchanged and investigated during the afternoon. However that may be, it was a well satisfied party which gathered at six o'clock at the call of the President in Whyte's beautiful grove 'neath "the murmuring pines and the hemlocks"—in fact to hear an account of the different "finds" by the leaders of the different sections.

It was much to be regretted that Geology and Entomology were not represented owing to absence or modesty on the part of the leaders.

Prof. Prince, Dominion Commissioner of Fisheries, spoke interestingly regarding some specimens which he had succeeded in capturing. In the Botanical section an interesting collection was exhibited by Messrs. Whyte and Craig.

Among the specimens collected were good representations of the Wild Orange Red Lily, L. Philadelphicum, which Mr Whyte recommended for garden cultivation, and the Carolina or thornless rose, R. Carolina. Flowering branches of Potentilla fruticosa, shrubby five finger, were also shown and described by Mr. Whyte as a most desirable shrub and one whose beauty was enhanced by cultivation.

This region seemed to be particularly rich in climbing plants, as Mr. Craig extolled the merits of four useful and ornamental species, mentioning Virginia creeper, Ampelopsis quinquefolia; Climbing Butter Sweet, Celastrus scandens; Moonseed, Menispermum Canadense; and Climbing Bindweed, Polygonum citinode. Several honeysuckles were shown in fruit and in flower, the most beautiful at that time being