

Bishop. His See shall be the Metropolitan See. The election is decided by a majority of all the Bishops by actual vote, or else in writing, under their hand and seal. The Metropolitan takes precedence of the other Bishops, presides over the House of Bishop, convenes the Provincial Synod, and is the President of it. At the request of two thirds of the Clerical Lay Members of any Diocesan Synod, he has full power to visit such Diocese, and the Bishop thereof, and to inhibit the exercise of such parts of the ordinary jurisdiction of such Bishop as may seem expedient to him. Generally speaking, it may be said that he has all the rights and duties belonging to the Presiding Officers of Societies with which we are all familiar.

DUTY OF THE MEMBERS OF A CHURCH CHOIR.

1. To regard the Singing not as Music only, but as Praise of the all-Holy God, to consider it a privilege to lead the praises of His people, and to watch against anything that may endanger the unity of the Choir.

2. To be punctual at choir practising, and not to be annoyed at any reasonable admonition.

3. To be very careful as to outward demeanour, coming in good time, kneeling and making the responses audibly.

4. To remember that our whole life must be in keeping with our being members of a Church Choir.

5. To attend the Holy Communion with regularity.

6. To respect each other, and to pray for each other.

THE Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol presided at the opening lecture of the London Literary and Scientific Association lately, and in the course of his remarks he said this was the period when all true friends of science ought to rally round science. During recent years there had been a great deal of false science, and among many philosophers there had been a disregard of these irresistible things called facts. He was afraid many scientific men had been indulging in imagination and speculation, and in far too sweeping generalizations, which had repelled many. Some even had indulged in fiction. Owing to this, theologians, more especially, had had a hard time of it, as they had been told the doctrines they preached were impossible and false. But still there had been a number of earnest men who valued truth and fact, and when those were ascertained, made fair deductions from them.

OUR PRINTED BIBLE.

THE first printed Bible was by Gutenberg—1456. It was a demifolio of two volumes of 1,282 pages, each page having two columns of 42 lines. Coverdale's Bible, the first Bible in English, is supposed to have been printed in Zurich, by Christopher Froschover, and published October 4th, 1555.

The Bishops' Bible, so-called because eight of the fourteen translators were Bishops, was printed by Rickard Jugge, London, 1568.

The Breeches Bible was so-called from its rendering of aprons for breeches, Gen. 3 : 7, and was printed in London by Christopher Barker, 1578.