

taking, and enclose a fee of \$1. No candidate's name will be entered at the Department whose fee has not been remitted. A candidate who purposes writing on both the second and third, or on the intermediate, third and second, will have to pay a double fee, \$2. The fees are applied to the expense of the examination. By the regulations of 1884, the stigma is removed that a teacher may receive a certificate without examination in reading and writing. These two subjects are on the curricula for intermediate, third and second class examinations for July, 1884. Another important amendment affects the removal or extension of third-class certificates. Holders of such certificates who desire a renewal are required to present themselves at the non-professional third class examination in July. The Minister of Education will grant no extension except to meet some unexpected emergency, and then only until the next ensuing examination.

EDUCATIONAL AFFAIRS IN THE LEGISLATURE OF ONTARIO.

(Continued from March Number.)

March 12.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTES.

Hon. G. W. Ross moved that the order-in-Council passed March 1st authorizing the adoption of the following new regulations respecting Collegiate Institutes be ratified:—

I. The following conditions are required from each Collegiate Institute now existing for its continuance, and for the establishment and continuance of any new Collegiate Institute, namely:—

(1) Suitable school buildings, outbuildings, grounds, and appliances for physical training.

(2) Library containing standing books of reference bearing on the subjects of the programme.

(3) Laboratory, with all necessary chemicals and apparatus for teaching the subject of elementary science.

(4) Four masters at least, each of whom shall be specially qualified to give instruction in one of the following departments:—Classics, mathematics, natural science, and modern languages, including English; the teaching staff of the institute being such as to provide the means of thorough instruction in all the departments mentioned.

(5) The excellence of the school, as required by the foregoing, must always be maintained to justify the special grant in each year.

II. No new Collegiate Institute shall be established unless all of the above conditions

are complied with; and unless the yearly salaries of the four specially qualified masters required by condition (4) amount in the aggregate to the sum of \$4,500 at least.

III. In case it shall appear, after due enquiry, that any Collegiate Institute has made default in the performance, observance or fulfilment of any of the conditions, or in maintaining the proper standard of efficiency, the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council may withdraw its status and rights as a Collegiate Institute.

IV. The foregoing are intended to apply to each Collegiate Institute now existing or that may hereafter be established.

After discussion the motion was allowed to stand (see March 15th).

March 14.

HIGH AND MODEL SCHOOLS.

Mr. French moved that it was desirable that the attention of the Government be drawn to the discriminating legislation passed by this House against High and Model Schools in municipalities separated from counties for municipal purposes, and that it was unjust where such schools are made free to the public generally that they should not be assisted by the County Councils.

After discussion the motion was withdrawn.

SUPERANNUATED TEACHERS.

Mr. Bishop moved for a return showing the names of teachers on the superannuation list, the date of their superannuation, the amount received by each, their place of abode at the time of superannuation, and by whom their superannuation was recommended.

Mr. Meredith asked if the Government interpreted the provisions of the statute to mean that a teacher incapacitated for teaching but not for other work should have a claim on the fund.

Mr. Ross (Middlesex) said he would look into the matter.

HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Mr. Harcourt enquired whether it was intended, and if so, when, to make provision for a suitable theoretical and practical course of professional training for all High School teachers as recommended by the teachers themselves at their last annual meeting.

Mr. Ross (Middlesex) said it was intended to make such provision, but it could not be done this year. He hoped to carry out the intention in 1885.

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO.

Mr. Ross introduced a bill to amend the Act respecting the University of Toronto. He explained it proposed to give increased