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The Toronto World.

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NINTH YEAR. TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 11, 1888.—EIGHT PAGES. PRICE ONE CENT

FROM THE WHEAT FIELDS.

SIR WILLIAM HOWLAND'S TRIP THROUGH MANITOBA.

What He Saw During a Two Hundred Mile Journey by a Conveyance—In a Position to Talk With Authority—The Loss 50 Per Cent.

Sir William P. Howland, of the firm of W. P. Howland & Co., grain brokers, has been in Manitoba for the past two weeks making a thorough examination as to the state of the crops, the wheat crop particularly. He reached town yesterday afternoon, and in the evening one of The World's young men called at his Simcoe-street residence.

Sir William said: "I found the opinions very various up there. The parties discussing the wheat situation really knew so little about it that I determined on thoroughly examining the crops for myself. I travelled in an ordinary conveyance for over 200 miles—the different sections in Manitoba especially—and took samples from the fields as I went along. I also communicated with parties that I could rely upon. The companies with which I am connected have agents all through the country and whom I came in contact with as well. I made what I consider a thorough examination of the country I passed through. I brought samples with me from a great many hundred wheat fields. I have them marked separately and divided in districts, and the localities that they came from. These samples are all in the head. I shall have them shelled out and from these I can give a fair statement of the state of the crops in the country which I traversed. It is a matter of great difficulty to judge of the crops, even when you are on the spot because the conditions are very different and vary within very short distances.

"I found that at the time of the early frosts which they had on Aug. 7, I think, that a portion of the wheat was in bloom. That portion which was in this condition never formed any grain at all. The heads are perfectly empty. That which was a little more forward suffered to an extent which will leave it of very little value. The next stage is that where it was a little more advanced still. The wheat coming under this description is of a quality of poor frosted wheat. Then you would have another stage in which it would be good frosted wheat, which would bear considerable value. Then you have the earliest wheat of all, which is damaged to a very small extent. There was one portion of the crop in a condition that would prevent me from forming a decisive judgment and that was this: The latest wheat of all was not injured up to the time of my examination of it; but two pretty severe frosts occurred before I finished my journey. To what extent these frosts damaged the wheat I cannot state, and the extent of the loss to the wheat resulting from these frosts is a matter of importance when giving an estimate of the total loss.

"My estimate of the loss by frosts at the time was that 50 per cent. of the wheat crop was damaged more or less. This is taking the whole Province into account. The crop is a very heavy one—wheat, oats and barley are all very heavy.

"Had it not been for the frosts the yield would have been enormous. There will undoubtedly be a large quantity of good wheat produced there, but the aggregate yield will be very greatly diminished, as in all cases where frost has touched it the grains shrunk. The crop yield will be diminished in proportion to the shrinkage.

"I notice that I have been mentioned in some papers here as having an interest in exaggerating the damage. This is quite a mistake. The interest which I have in that country in connection with the companies which I represent, would deter me from doing such a thing if there were no other reason for saying or doing nothing that would be injurious to the country or its future prospects. Besides this my purchases for the supply of my own mills have yet to be made, and it would be rather to my interest to take a course that would tend to keep down prices than the opposite.

"A week ago last Saturday I was at a place called Plum Creek, which borders on the Souris district. I saw Mr. McCulloch, the owner of the mill there, and a gentleman in business there who was formerly in my employment and in whom I can place confidence. They both fully corroborated my statement in regard to the injury done to the crop. The question of the damage to the wheat was a matter of some uncertainty at that time both to them and to myself. On the train on my way home, however, I found the gentleman to whom I referred as being in business in Plum Creek. He, knowing how anxious I was to ascertain the results of the later frosts, had taken pains to collect information from 45 farmers whom he knew in that section of the country. He showed me his memoranda, in which was recorded the name of each farmer and the quantity of land each had under crop. The result showed that they had in the aggregate 4215 acres of land in wheat. Of that they returned 1050 acres as containing wheat they considered good wheat. The balance was either destroyed or badly damaged. This more than corroborates my statement, and I regret to say makes the state of things in that particular locality appear worse than I had imagined. But it is not to be inferred from this that this would be the average loss in the whole country. The wheat in those portions of the country from Morris South, and all portions that lie south of lakes and bodies of water is largely uninjured and in some cases very little injured. That part of the country to the south of Lake Manitoba and that part of the country which lies to the south of the Riding Mountains were protected by these conditions, and in these particular sections there is very little damage done.

"I was also told that in many points on the main line west that the injury done was not so great, but upon the whole I much fear that my estimate of the damage will be fully borne out."

"The crops of all kinds are very heavy and the prices current being so much higher than heretofore the Province will probably realize as much for their product this year as last. The result to the country will not be so unfavorable as at first would appear. There will, however, be a great many individual cases, where the farmers will suffer total loss of their wheat crop, upon whom it will bear very hard."

THE MANITOBA WHEAT CROP.

The Estimate of Damage Made by The Montreal Witness.

From Friday's Montreal Witness.

The importance of Manitoba and the Canadian North-West as a wheat producing country is fully recognized not only in England but in America. For the first time in the history of the grain trade the Manitoba and Canadian wheat crop is reported at Chicago with anxiety as a factor in the situation.

Yesterday the Montreal Stock Exchange was, according to the statement of one of its members, flooded with telegraphic despatches asking for authentic reports regarding the Manitoba wheat crop and whether it has been seriously injured by the frost. There is no doubt entertained in any quarter now that the damage is serious. Those who are most pessimistic seem to have lost their heads altogether and declare, in spite of the absurdity of statements against which there is most positive evidence, that the whole crop has been injured. Those who are most hopeful estimate that the uninjured crop will be as large as the whole crop of last year and will amount to about 13,000,000 bushels for export. Those who are best informed believe the damage is somewhat greater and put the amount of frosted wheat at from 8,000,000 to 10,000,000 bushels, or about one-half of the whole crop. The price of wheat is still advancing rapidly, and No. 1 Manitoba hard cannot now be purchased for $1.20 per bushel here. The price of flour is also going up, every day seeing an addition to the price.

Mr. Duncan McIntyre, who returned from a tour in the North-West Territories to-day, is in the best of health, and has received a thorough tanning by the sun.

To a Witness reporter, speaking only of what had come under his own personal observation, he stated that he had seen the crops of Morden and Gretna marketed. They realized 80 cents per bushel. They were sound; and Mr. McIntyre was satisfied that if the crops in Manitoba and the Territories were marketed before there was any drop in the prices, farmers would realize fifty per cent. more money than last year.

There would have to be allowance made, Mr. McIntyre said, for considerable damage to wheat raised along the Manitoba and South-Western as well as Manitoba and North-Western. The main line of the Canadian Pacific from Poplar Point to Moose Jaw was comparatively free from frost. The districts that suffered most were those in the south and north, and the low-lying lands and fields with a northern exposure. Strange to say most of the damage was done on the south-western lines, contiguous to Dakota. There was no damage to the barley crop, which had been largely secured. The oat crop on the main line of the C. P. R. and the Manitoba and North-Western was very heavy, and had not suffered from frost.

"Derby" cigarettes (5c.) are superior to any ten cent package manufactured by any other firm.

Remanded to Answer the Charge.

Charles W. Schnell, alias Eugene Wilks, the man arrested on Sunday night by Sergeant Detective Robson and Detective Davis on a charge of bringing stolen property into Canada appeared before the Police Magistrate yesterday morning. Evidence for the Crown was offered by Robert H. Ramsgate, diamond dealer, of No. 10 Maiden-lane, New York, who testified that the prisoner had secured a portion of the property found in his possession from him on false pretences, alleging that he was agent for a big diamond commission house. Ramsgate claimed $1000 worth of the property found with Schnell and the remaining $2000 worth still awaits owners. Schnell pleaded not guilty and was remanded until Friday.

Madre' E Hijo cigars exceptionally fine Superior to imported.

The Phonograph Must be Non-Political.

The following is the wording of the letter which Mayor Clarke sent to Exhibition Manager Hill regarding the possibility of a Commercial Union Speech being imported:—

DEAR MR. HILL.—I see in the press statements that one of Edison's phonographs will be on exhibition at the Fair, and that it will repeat a speech which Mr. Wiman will deliver into it in New York. I need hardly say to you that I hope there will be no political matter of any kind in the speech, as if there were it might cause division and mar the success which all good citizens desire to see attend the exhibition.

"Athlete" cigarettes (10c.) are richer in flavor, sweeter and cooler than any other brand in the market.

It Was an Irregular House.

Early yesterday morning Inspector Ward's police made a descent on No. 35 Terauley-street as a disorderly house. Six persons were arrested: George Warren and Isabella Warren keepers, Ida Smith, Annie Wilson, Eva Leonard and Layinia Williams, inmates. The four girls stated in the witness box that the house kept by the Warrens was all right and that they were respectable boarders. The Magistrate did not believe this, and sent the Warrens to prison for six months each. Ida Smith and Annie Wilson were discharged and the other two were allowed to go under a suspended sentence.

Visitors to the Fair.

W. & D. Dineen, on the corner of King and Yonge-streets, have their fall stock of hats opened up. This firm deal very extensively in the finer class of goods; the styles are always the newest. This season their stock is larger than usual, and the Dineens boast of having the best line of $2.00 stiff felt hats ever shown in Toronto; their hats at $2.50 and $3.00 are better value than formerly. Novelties in children's caps in plush, Tom O'Shanters, fez, polos, knockabouts, &c.

No Evidence of Foul Play.

Yesterday afternoon Coroner Powell held an inquest at the City Morgue on the body of John Sloan, which was found floating in the bay on Saturday. The verdict was death by drowning, but whether through suicidal mania or accidentally the evidence did not disclose. There was not a particle of evidence of foul play.

An Artistic Triumph.

Nothing so artistic has ever been seen in the way of window dressing as the display which met the gaze of The World at The Atradome yesterday. The eastern window of this establishment is formed into a most realistic grave showing a widow mourning over a tomb and her little girl depositing on the grave a bouquet of flowers, the effect being designed to show the superb mourning outfits that the firm have such prominence for. The western window carries one of the altar, and contains a bride, exquisitely attired, as well as a groom and the officiating clergyman, the figures alone being an attraction that must be most extreme in their cost.

Wedding trousseaux and the different branches of ladies' tailoring are the specialties of the house, and certainly this method of showing their productions cannot fail to carry to our visitors the admission our city ladies have of the firm's pre-eminence in this art.

The dressing was designed by Mr. Nolan and the figures executed by the best producers of our continent, a New York firm, who gave the display credit for being the finest they have ever heard of. Visitors will find the display on the south side of our principal thoroughfare, King-street, midway between Church and Yonge-street.

Smoke the old reliable brand, "Cable," over a quarter of a century in the market. Demand larger than ever.

CHAT ACROSS THE CABLE.

Cardinal Moran conferred the pallium upon the primate at Armagh, Ireland, on Sunday.

The North German Gazette denies that Prince Bismarck intends to resign as Minister of Commerce.

Floods in the south of Spain have caused loss of many lives and done enormous damage to property.

The famous Star and Garter hotel at Richmond, Eng., has been partly burned. The loss is heavy.

A Franco-Russian company has been formed to unite the Black Sea and the Caspian Sea by a canal. Forty million roubles will be required.

In a fight between pilgrims to Mecca and servants of the Grand Shereeff, recently, several persons were killed and many wounded. The trouble was caused by the Shereeff defrauding the pilgrims.

New York and Return $10.50

by the short picturesque West Shore Route, Monday, Sept. 17th, tickets good ten days to return, and can be used all rail or down the Hudson-river on the day line steamers. Fast trains, elegant sleeping-cars, best accommodations. Call on nearest ticket agent for further information.

At the Police Court.

Col. Denison yesterday fined Charles Adams alias Jacobs, $50 and costs or 15 days for being disorderly. A penalty of $10 and costs or ten days was imposed on William Williams for trespass on the property of Hillock & Kent. For stealing picks and shovels belonging to the Corporation James Sullivan was sent to jail for 15 days. Benjamin and Thomas McCance were sent for trial on the charge of stealing a piano from the Mendelssohn Piano Company, and Samuel Pearson was committed for the theft of a horse and buggy from Barnes Bros. The adulterated milk cases were adjourned for a week. Arthur Smith pleaded guilty to the larceny of shirts from George Rogers and was sent to jail for ten days.

Boulanger's Ambition.

It is quite among the possibilities that the ambitious General Boulanger will eventually place himself at the head of the French nation, in which event we may confidently look forward to some stormy scenes in Europe. It is the ambition of the Canadian Harness Co. to manufacture the best harness made and to sell it for the least money. Their stores are 176 and 178 King-street east.

TWO SERIOUS ACCIDENTS.

Bricklayers on Strike at Montreal—Another Raid on the Bucket Shops.

MONTREAL, Sept 10.—While Etienne Girouard of this city was on a shooting expedition at St. Barnabe his gun suddenly exploded, penetrating one of his eyes and tearing away a portion of his face.

Michael Dwyer fell from a moving train train at St. Henri to-day and sustained injuries from which it is feared he will not recover.

The bricklayers working for the Corporation, in consequence of their pay being reduced from $4 to $3.50 per day, have struck work.

Chief Hughes to-day organized another raid on the bucket shops and made an attempt to catch one of them doing business, but found them all closed.

Kate Moore and three men named Hainey, Rossiter and Dillon were before the Recorder to-day for being concerned in a row in the Gregory House. Hainey was shot in the neck, Dillon was shot in the mouth and Rossiter was stabbed. The injuries are not dangerous. Scalding water was also a weapon used. The woman was fined $8.50 or one month, Hainey and Dillon were fined $10 each or one month, and Rossiter was remanded.

Three leaf screens at W. A. Murray & Co.'s. Screens made to order at W. A. Murray & Co.'s, Work mounted on screen at W. A. Murray & Co.'s. New screens just arrived at W. A. Murray & Co.'s. 624

AT THEIR SILVER WEDDING.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Parker Have a Pleasant Evening Among Friends.

Last evening Rev. Dr. Parker and Mrs. Parker held an "at home" at their residence, No. 238 Huron-street, the occasion being their silver wedding. Twenty-five years ago Mr. and Mrs. Parker were married at Montreal by Rev. Dr. Harper of Brampton, who was present last night as an honored guest. Since then Dr. Parker has occupied charges at Odelltown, Brampton, St. Catharines, London, Woodstock, Thorold, Chatham, St. Thomas, and Toronto. He is now in charge of Spadina-avenue Methodist Church, one of the most prosperous in the city. He has been twice elected president of the London Conference, been chairman of several districts, occupied positions on all the important committees of the Methodist body, and is one of the regents of Victoria University.

Last evening from 7 till after 10 a constant stream of visitors flowed towards 238 Huron-street, consisting of members of his own church, ministers and friends, all of whom with many others unable to attend, wish Dr. and Mrs. Parker may live to spend their golden wedding in the city of Toronto.

Try "Athlete" cigarette tobacco.

A Woman and Money at the Bottom of It.

SARNIA, Sept. 10.—Henry McKillop came over here from Port Huron some time since and opened a confectionery store. He had got in trouble through a libel suit in Detroit in which he was arrested. A Port Huronite named Rudgers bailed him and McKillop came to this side. Yesterday he went over and his bondsman gave him up. McKillop was then placed in the bastile. The libel suit in Detroit is said to have been occasioned by statements McKillop had published in a Detroit paper and they originally grew out of transactions he had with a Mrs. Stellwagen where several hundred dollars took a mysterious route.

For Cigarettes B.C. Cigarette Tobacco has no equal. 246

Why He Shouldn't Leave.

Queen's Park, Sunday Afternoon.

First Youth: "Hello, Bill! How are you? Where are you working now?"

Second Youth: "Over at McFarlane's painting window shades. It's a good job. Get twelve dollars a week in the States when you learn the trade. What are you doing now?"

First Youth: "I'm working for Plantena & Co., the undertakers, varnishing coffins; but I'm going to quit. There's no money in it."

Second Youth: "Don't you quit, stay on and perhaps you'll get to drive the hearse after a while."

A RIGHT ROYAL WELCOME.

HIS EXCELLENCY OF PRESTON IN THE QUEEN CITY OF THE WEST.

The Governor-General and Lady Stanley Put in a Busy Day Among Toronto's Loyal Legions—How the Addresses Poured in—At the Board of Trade, the Queen's Hotel, and the Pavilion—A Brilliant Evening of the Fete.

Toronto yesterday did honor to herself and to our new Governor-General, Lord Stanley of Preston. His Excellency received a right hearty welcome from the lieges of the Queen City of the West. The proceedings were successful in every respect, and may be regarded as a happy augury of the Governor-General's term of office. Nothing was lacking to give eclat to the occasion. The weather was brilliant, so was His Lordship; the addresses of welcome were numerous and the replies most felicitous; the City Fathers set the weariness with his long journey, lent an attentive ear to Mayor Clarke as he expatiated on Toronto's greatness, was manifestly interested in Ald. Frankland's eulogy of Canada and her resources and delighted with the pertinent remarks of Ald. Piper, Dodds and others of the City Fathers. At Parkdale Col. G. T. Denison was introduced to His Excellency and they chatted pleasantly. Before arriving at Union Station the Governor-General introduced Lady Stanley, who thanked the officials for that early welcome, and in brief yet felicitous terms expressed her pleasure at what she had already seen of Canada. On behalf of the Reception Committee Lady Stanley accepted handsome bouquets. At Union Station there was a large crowd, who cheered the Vice-Regal party on alighting from the train, on entering the carriages in waiting and on arriving at their quarters in the Queen's Hotel.

Included in the party were the four sons of the Governor-General:

VICTOR A. STANLEY.
ARTHUR S. STANLEY.
F. C. STANLEY.
G. I. STANLEY.
MISS LISTER, companion to Lady Stanley.
CAPTAIN C. COLVILLE, Military Secretary.
LIEUT. A. MACMAHON, Aide.

LORD STANLEY OF PRESTON.

Probabilities.

Cold weather will soon be upon us, and the probabilities are that you will want underwear. We have in Men's some fine goods just suitable for the fall at $1.50 the garment. If you need something heavier we can give you it in Scotch Wool at $1.25 each—and we have a line in of extra heavy goods, heavy enough for the explorers of the North Pole. A. White, 65 King-street west.

City Hall Small Talk.

The Leader-lane arbitrators held two sessions yesterday.

Medical Health Officer Canniff has returned from Niagara, where he has been investigating the diseased peach question. He will submit a report to the Mayor.

The Mayor and Relief Officer Taylor will shortly formulate a scheme to meet the demands on the city's charity during the coming winter.

The Court of Revision met yesterday afternoon and passed a number of local improvement assessments.

Exhibition Notes.

If any exhibitors have been disappointed in getting the signs or banners for their display by giving them to slow daub painters just drop down to Price & Robinson, World building, 12 Melinda-street, and see their work and prices. They guarantee the best work and lowest prices in the city. Look through the exhibition and see the many showy signs they have executed for all the largest manufacturers and merchants that are exhibiting. If you are in want of a sign you can have it with one hour's notice. Price & Robinson, World building, 12 Melinda-street.

The only Medicated Electric Belt and appliance yet known. No vinegar or acids used. Cure guaranteed. W. T. Boe & Co., 155 Queen west.

The Y. W. C. T. U.

The annual meeting of the Young Women's Christian Temperance Union was held yesterday afternoon at 273 Yonge-street. Miss Tilley presided. Reports from the treasurer, band of hope committee, flower mission and kitchen garden were presented and adopted, the reports showing the Union to be in a flourishing condition. Miss Tilley was re-elected President and the following are the Vice-presidents: Miss McMichael (Presbyterian), Miss Fawcett (Methodist), Miss Saunders (Anglican), Miss Scott (Congregational); Corresponding Secretary, Miss Finch; Recording Secretary, Miss Teasdale; Treasurer, Miss McDonald; Superintendent Band of Hope, Miss Berkinshaw; Superintendent Flower Mission, Miss Cook; Superintendent Kitchen Garden, Miss Tilley.

In the evening the annual reception was held in the lecture-room of the Association Hall, which was crowded. Miss Tilley presided. Short addresses were given by city ministers and others and an excellent program of vocal and instrumental music rendered. Light refreshments were served at the close, the waiters being a bevy of bright, neatly dressed little maidens, members of the kitchen garden.

Popular West Shore Route.

Excursion to New York, Monday, Sept. 17. Fare for round trip including privilege of taking day line steamers on Hudson-river $10.50 from Toronto, $9.00 from Suspension Bridge. Tickets good ten days. Call on nearest ticket agent for further information.

B. C. Cigarette Tobacco, 10c. package. 24

Remembering Mitchellstown.

DUBLIN, Sept. 10.—The police were stationed throughout Mitchellstown yesterday to prevent the proposed celebration of last year's riots. In a conflict between citizens and police a girl was wounded. A demonstration in memory of the Mitchellstown riots was held at Waterford, and was addressed by Messrs. Wm. O'Brien, Sullivan and others.

Actina.

The Great Eye Restorer. Catarrh may possible under its influence. The only remedy ever given on trial. 155 Queen west.

fashion and the Church, the Services, Benevolence and Trade emulated the civic body.

Lord Stanley comes amongst us with the reputation of statesmanship, culture and geniality, and will doubtless efficiently discharge his multifarious duties. If only a tithe of the good wishes bestowed upon him yesterday be realized, he will be well nigh a paragon of excellence. As Governor-General shrewdness and tact are required, and these Lord Stanley possesses in a marked degree. A dignified yet withal conciliatory bearing is essential, and judging from yesterday's proceedings His Excellency will not be found wanting in this desideratum. But there is another important factor for a successful representative of the Crown and that is an amiable and accomplished lady to second the efforts of the Chief and shed that air of grace and refinement which goes so far to soothe asperities and shed a halo around the office. As the representative of the Queen the Governor-General takes an interest in societies legion, institutions almost innumerable and agencies of the most diverse kind. We all know how H. R. H. Princess Louise, and notably Lady Lansdowne, actively promoted all philanthropic works, and Lady Stanley will be emulated to follow their good example.

The Governor-General is a thorough Englishman and will find himself at home in Canada. He created the best impression yesterday, from his genial chat with the Reception Committee en route from North Toronto, through the somewhat tedious reception of seven addresses in the afternoon, to the close of a fatiguing day, the climax of which was the grand demonstration in the Pavilion.

Subjoined are detailed particulars of the doings of the day, which will alike be a Red Letter Day in the history of Toronto and of the distinguished nobleman whom she so enthusiastically welcomed on his first visit.

THE ARRIVAL FROM THE CAPITAL.

The Vice-Regal Party Reach North Toronto at an Early Hour.

At North Toronto, soon after 7 o'clock yesterday morning, visitors promenaded the neat little station of the Canadian Pacific railway in readiness for the arrival of the 7.28 train from the Capital, by which it was announced His Excellency would travel. The Mayor, Ald. Dodds and his Reception Committee, several other members of the Council and City Clerk Irwins were present on time, but the train was not. It was 40 minutes late, and the time was whiled away in mutual congratulations on the fineness of the morning and admiration of the beautiful geraniums and suspended greenery which decked the front of the station. Nearly all the visitors wore the red rose, the floral emblem of the House of Lancaster. On the arrival of the train the municipal party boarded His Excellency's car and by the Mayor each was introduced to the Governor-General. Lord Stanley graciously received the party. The formal introductions over, His Excellency chatted freely with all, expressed his gratification with what he had seen of "this magnificent country," regretted that his visit to Toronto would be of such short duration, promised to stay longer with us next time, and in fact showed himself an extremely affable and agreeable gentleman. He showed no signs of weariness after his long journey, and at the room at 3.30 and the introductions were made by Ald. Gibbs, one of the members. The address in this case took the form of a handsomely bound volume containing the address and the signatures of the members of the conference. Rev. Hugh Johnston in his capacity as secretary of the conference read the address. It called His Excellency's attention to the importance of the Methodist Church in the Province and the Dominion, claiming for it one-third of the population of Ontario and nearly one-fifth of that of the Dominion. Its efforts in the direction of the conversion of the aborigines was pointed to with pride, as also the fact that none of the Indians of the Methodist persuasion could be found in the ranks of the Riel rebels. The address was signed by Rev. E. A. Stafford, L.L.B., D.D., President, and Rev. Hugh Johnston, M.A., B.D., Secretary.

Lord Stanley in his reply expressed himself as fully alive to the power of the Methodist Church in Canada and the work it had done in converting the uncivilized to civilization. He hoped that the kind wishes expressed about himself in the address would bear fruit and that on the close of his career in Canada he might be held in the same regard. He expressed himself as grateful and surprised at the hearty welcome shown him since his arrival in Canada.

At both Union Station and Queen's Hotel many prominent citizens assembled. The Garrison was represented by Col. Otter and Col. Gray.

ADDRESSES POURED IN.

How His Excellency Was Congratulated by the Clergy, the National Societies, Etc.

In the drawing-room of the Queen's His Excellency received addresses from various representative bodies. The Mayor and Reception Committee were present by special invitation. The first address was from the Bishop, clergy and lay representatives of the Synod of the Diocese of Toronto. In the absence of the Bishop in England it was presented by Archdeacon Boddy, who was accompanied by Rev. John Pearson, Hon. Clerical Secretary of the Synod, Dr. J. George Hodgins, Hon. Lay Secretary, and a large number of the clergy. The address commenced with the usual protestations of loyalty, and then stated that they valued the presence of Her Majesty's representative as a pledge of the essential unity of the Empire and a guarantee for a continuance of the blessings of peace and prosperity. They doubted not that the same traditional loyalty which had for so many centuries characterized the venerable Mother Church would ever mark the Church of England in Canada. Heaven's choicest blessing on Lord Stanley's administration was invoked.

His Excellency made a brief reply. He was happy to acknowledge the spirit of loyalty which pervades every portion of Her Majesty's dominions, "and," said he, "by no means is it the least felt in this great Dominion which, though it unites many persons originally of many different nationalities and doubtless of many religious persuasions, contains those who almost all unite in that devotion to Her Majesty's person and throne of which you have borne such eloquent testimony to-day." Continuing, His Excellency said he earnestly trusted and confidently believed that nothing would endanger the unity of the Empire. As the world got older they hoped it would get wiser. Whether in civil life or in the church they recognized that toleration had its place more now than at an earlier period of the world's history. By conciliation, without sacrificing principle they held dear, much might be done to ensure peace. Reference had been made to his political life, but he reminded them that anyone occupying his office ceased to be a politician. In conclusion he hoped that true principles would guide him safely to a righteous administration.

St. George's Society Address.

It was just 3 o'clock in the afternoon when the officers and prominent members of St. George's Society were marshalled into the drawing room. Mayor Clarke introduced each member of the delegation to His Excellency, who responded with a warm clasp of the hand and a hearty shake. The address, which was handsomely illuminated, was signed on behalf of the society by Presidents J. Spooner and Secretary J. E. Pells, and read by the former. It breathed the usual loyal sentiments and expressed the hope that His Excellency's stay in the Dominion would redound to the benefit of the country and to the advantage of himself.

In his reply Lord Stanley complimented the society on the good work it had accomplished, referred in general terms to the prosperous condition of Canada, especially in connection with the grain harvest, and concluded by warmly thanking the delegation for its expressions of loyalty and friendship to the old flag.

The Methodist Conference.

The Methodist Conference delegation was the next to follow. The members filed into the Queen's Hotel where they were marshalled into the parlors by Ald. Piper, who introduced the President, John Nunn, formerly a member of his own regiment, that he had accepted the duty properly belonging to the President of the Society. The address said among other things:

Our association is composed of men of all ranks who have served in the regular forces of Her Majesty, and numbers amongst its members representatives who have fought for Queen and country in almost every battle in which Her Majesty's forces have been engaged during the present century, and we take this opportunity of assuring her most gracious majesty, through you, her august representative, of our unswerving loyalty to her and to the British Empire.

In reply His Excellency said that he was extremely grateful for the address presented to him by the veterans. He had not served so long or so honorably as many of those present, but he knew the loyalty which pervaded all, and consequently he would not answer the address in very many words. Those who had worn Her Majesty's uniform always felt a sentiment of loyalty which remained with them in their later years. He wished he had had the experience of many of the veterans now before him. There was nothing in which subjects of Her Majesty more delighted than in that freedom under equal laws such as was found in this country and which bound her subjects together here.

The veterans were preceded in their march to the hotel by a carriage containing five old soldiers whose advanced age entitled them to a drive to the common destination. They were Col.-Sergt. Kay, late 13th Regt.; James Banks, hon. East India Company's Service; Samuel Dunbar, late 36th Regt.; A. McDonald, late 93rd Highlanders; and Ed. Reeves, late 66th Regt.

The Sons of Scotia's Welcome.

The St. Andrew's Society was next on the list, and the veterans having bidden farewell to His Excellency the Scotsmen filed in to the number of forty or fifty. Their address was read by Dr. Daniel Clark, Vice-President of the society, and it said, after a declaration of loyalty to the old flag:

Your Excellency will also find that men of Scottish name and race occupy no mean place in the history of this Canada of ours, that in all the walks of life the sons of the heather hold positions among the foremost. Though conscious that our first duty is to the land of our adoption we cherish the memory of the old land and think that no harm is done by striving to cultivate here some of the sturdy qualities of our forefathers. Not all who come to this country are blessed with a superfluity of this world's goods, many who come require assistance at first to give them a start, and this is the primary reason for the existence of this society. Formed fifty-two years ago for the purpose of assisting destitute Scotch immigrants our work has been quietly carried on ever since with very gratifying results.

His Excellency thanked the society for the kind terms used in the address, which assured him, as the Queen's representative, of the loyalty of its members to Her Majesty and her throne. He knew that no hearts beat with a warmer devotion to the person of the Queen. A love for the land of one's adoption did not interfere with a love for the land of one's birth or ancestry. Wherever energy could overcome the forces of nature it was pretty certain that gentlemen of Scottish nationality would be pioneers in the field. He hoped that the good qualities of Scottish character would long animate the members of the society in their good work and with the same good results.

IN THE BOARD OF TRADE ROTUNDA.

His Excellency's Talk to Toronto's Busy Business Men.

At 4 o'clock the floor of the Board of Trade rotunda was crowded with Toronto's busy business men. Union Jacks, streamers and bunting hung from the balusters and covered the walls. Ladies gracefully inclined from the galleries and looked down on the throng. A band of musicians stationed in the north gallery merrily tuned their instruments to patriotic airs. Thus every condition which goes to make up a reception was present. The Vice-Regal party arrived promptly at 4 o'clock. President W. D. Matthews, jr., wearing a trim frock coat and a button hole bouquet, escorted the Governor-General up on the scarlet carpet to the platform at the north end of the rotunda. He was followed by the aides, Mayor Clarke and several aldermen. On reaching the platform an address was presented by President Matthews to His Excellency, which, being important, as coming from the mercantile community in this great business city, is given in full, together with the Governor-General's reply:

We the Council of the Board of Trade of Toronto avail ourselves of this the first opportunity afforded us by the visit of Your Excellency to this city to convey to Your Excellency on behalf of its members the assurance of their unalterable and abiding attachment to the Throne and Person of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria.

To assure Your Excellency that they deem it no small honor to be the subjects of that Empire which having for its foundations the principles of truth and righteousness must continue to exert the most healthful influence among the nations of the earth.

We desire to extend to Your Excellency and to Lady Stanley the most cordial and loyal welcome to our city, and we desire to join with all classes of the community in expressing our gratification at the appointment of Your Excellency to the exalted position of that of Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada and to the consequent identification of your illustrious house with the history of this country.

A history which the personal qualities, sound judgment and wise administration of a long line of illustrious governors-general has doubtless much to enrich and the benefits of whose extended influence it has been the good fortune of its people to enjoy.

Your Excellency will have had no difficulty in perceiving, though having so recently come among us, how great the evidences are which every where abound of the vast resources of this young country, nor can Your Excellency have failed to discover how these are being turned to account by the energy and enterprise of its people; indeed, the keenness with which every branch of trade is prosecuted, when the competition which everywhere has to be forced to-day is considered, and the consequent diminished results which this implies, it is evident that no country is more highly favored than Canada, and no people have more abundant causes for thankfulness than those over whom you have been called upon to preside.

It may not be out of place for us to state how great the satisfaction was with which we viewed the framing of a treaty in connection with the fisheries by the commissioners appointed by the British, United States and Canadian Governments for that purpose, and how much we had hoped that its adoption would have proved an abiding bond of friendship and good-will between the contracting parties; and, while we greatly regret that for the moment the treaty has failed to secure the endorsement of the Senate of the United States, we are, nevertheless, of the opinion that nothing will arise to disturb those relations which ought ever to exist between two nations so closely identified by blood, language and commercial interests as are Canada and the United States.

We earnestly pray that in the discharge of your many and important duties you may ever be aided and directed by a gracious and alwise Providence, that your own health and that of Lady Stanley and the various members of your family may be preserved, and that the period of your administration may be marked by the largest possible measure of enjoyment and happiness for ourself and family as well as to the prosperity and happiness of the people of this great Dominion.

Lord Stanley's Reply.

Then His Excellency replied as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN OF THE COUNCIL OF THE BOARD OF TRADE: I thank you sincerely for your kind address of welcome, and I assure you that, as representative of Her Majesty, it is a source of the deepest satisfaction to me to receive the assurance which I might have already expected of your unwavering loyalty and devotion to her Throne and her Person. Coming amongst you as I do, a comparative stranger, let me at once say that I feel a very short time will altogether have removed me from that category, for I have been met everywhere by the kindness and hospitality of which I had often heard, but which must be felt to be realized. I thank you one and all sincerely for the kindness of your greeting. No one can look for-

From the Sons of England.

On returning to the hotel from the Board of Trade, His Excellency received an address from the Grand Lodge officers and members of the Sons of England Benevolent Society. The address was presented by Dr. S. B. Pollard, M.W.G.P., who was accompanied by the whole of the officers, who signed the address, and also by Dr. J. S. King, R. Claddick, Thos. Claxton, Wm. Barker, Wm. Toms, etc. The address was one of the most elegant in design His Lordship has yet received. It is in the shape of an album richly bound in morocco and beautifully illuminated. The Union Jack, English rose and the old English standard adorn the front page, whilst the maple and rose leaves entwined adorn the remaining pages. The address itself is replete with sentences of fealty and loyalty to the British Crown and the representative of Her Majesty in Canada, and one paragraph says:

Our society founded but fourteen years ago and now numbering five thousand is composed of Englishmen and their descendants, united by fraternal ties for the protection of their mutual welfare and social well-being.

The basis of the principles which bind us together is a voluntary obligation firmly to preserve our allegiance to Her Most Gracious Majesty, to uphold the integrity of the British Empire, the constitution and guarantees the liberties secured to us by our forefathers and to maintain intact the proud status of the Dominion as an integral part of that glorious Empire on which the sun never sets.

The address was signed on behalf of the order by S. B. Polland, M.D., M.W.G.P.; J. W. Kempling, R.W.G.V.P.; J. W. Carter, R.W.G.S.; B. Hinchcliffe, R.W.G.T.; H. P. Hobson, D.G.C.; Thos. Down, W.P. Albion lodge; T. M. Baley, W.P. Middlesex; Chas. Reeve, W.P. Kent; Chas. Tarling, W.P. York; Samuel Walker, W. P. Brighton; L. H. Collins, W.P. Somerset; T. H. Johnston, W.P. Surrey; Jas. Poffley, W.P. Warwick; Henry Langley, W.P. Manchester; H. W. Smallpiece, W.P. St. George's; Lewis Brown, W.P. London; Wm. Mitchell, W.P. Stafford; W. T. James, W.P. Windsor; F. J. Drewitt, W.P. Portsmouth; W. Miles, W.P. Norfolk; H. J. Boswell, W.P. Richmond; John Aldridge, W.P. Preston; Frank Wootton, W.P. Birmingham.

In reply His Excellency thanked the deputation for their address, which contained so many sentiments of loyalty to the Queen. "The principles of your society," continued His Excellency, "are such as anyone in my position can most heartily endorse. The heartiness of your welcome is most gratifying and is what I have received everywhere since I landed in Canada. Your expressions of readiness to aid in of case need I note with pleasure. I know that you and every son of Canada will do their duty."

From the Veterans.

The Army and Navy Veterans assembled at the Temperance Hall about 4 o'clock, and half an hour later marched down, two deep, to the Queen's Hotel. They were under the command of Mr. John Nunn (late 16th Foot), and numbered about fifty. Among those who attended the parade, or who met the column at the hotel, were: Lieut.-Col. Grassett, late Grenadiers; Lieut.-Col. Dawson, 47th regiment; Lieut.-Col. Fred Denison, Capt. Drayton, late 16th regiment; Capt. Beales, late 10th regiment; Capt. Hobbs, late 40th regiment; Lieut. Foy, late 1st Royal Dragoons; Lieut. Wickham, late Royal Navy; Captain Newton, late Royal Navy and Dr. Canniff, late Surgeon Royal Artillery. The great majority of the veterans wore medals and formed rather an interesting group as they stood at ease in front of the Queen's Hotel awaiting their turn for an introduction to the Governor-General.

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