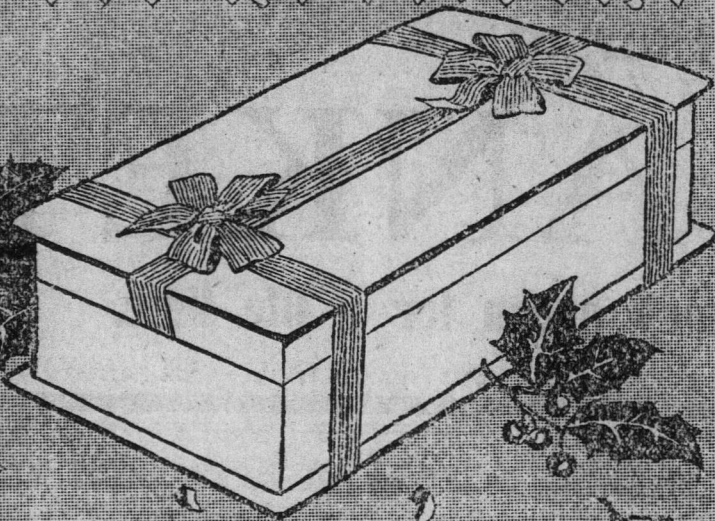


For
Christmas
Moir's
Chocolates
Moirs • Limited • Halifax • Nova • Scotia • Canada



Only Hate to Be Won by a Peace Move Now.

Beck Says Allies Would Turn Against us as Teutons Have—Foresees America.

James M. Beck, recently returned from a study of conditions in Europe, speaking on the 23rd ult., at the annual dinner of the Fifth Avenue Association at the Waldorf, said that if this country tried to force a premature peace it would stand, at the end of the war, hated by the Allies with a hatred no less than that now held for us by the Central Powers. Moreover, he uttered a warning that the United States was in danger of having later to face, single-handed, groups of nations in titanic struggles, of which the present war in Europe might be only a beginning.

Mr. Beck pleaded for a united country aroused to the need for dealing with other powers of the world on the principle laid down by Washington: "Observe good faith and justice with all nations; cultivate peace and harmony with all." He called justice "a positive all affirmative force" that "involves active duties as well as passive rights," adding that between justice and injustice this country could not remain neutral. He asked for a policy that would be hereafter "independent in all things, neutral in nothing." He called on President Wilson in his new administration to recognize this as the tocsin of the American people.

Says We Have Lost Respect.

"Few if any aspects of this world crisis should give the thoughtful American greater concern than the altered attitude of other nations in this country," said Mr. Beck. "To provincial Americans the judgment of the world may be a matter of indifference, but its more thoughtful citizens ignore the portentous possibilities involved in this changed attitude. No one who has travelled in Europe during this world crisis can question the fact that the United States no longer enjoys the respect and good-will of the world in the same measure as heretofore.

"Those who affect indifference in this matter may well be reminded that in the very foundation of the United States, its great founders who were assuredly men of vision, recognized in the very preamble of the Declaration of Independence that a direct respect to the opinions of mankind imposed upon this, as any nation, moral responsibilities and practical obligations.

"It would serve no useful purpose at this time to analyze the attitude of

the different groups of nations toward this country at the present hour. It is enough to say that one group of nations has for this country an intense feeling of resentment and hatred. Other groups of nations feel that with humanity on the cross, America cannot defend itself, like the Roman soldiers, with parting the raiment of the crucified.

Not Qualified to be Peacemaker.

"These nations accept the fact of our neutrality but if this nation, having in the words of its Chief Magistrate disclaimed any concern in the objects and causes of the war, shall attempt to intervene to force a premature peace, it will gain and merit a feeling of hatred from this group of powers not less in intensity than that of the Central Powers.

"The third group of nations, the lesser neutral powers, have a sense of bitter disillusion and disappointment in the feeling that they looked to this greatest of neutral powers for leadership to protect the interests of neutrals, and looked in vain.

"I am not here to charge any man or any party, or any section or any class with complete responsibility for this portentous 'bouleversement' in our relations with the rest of the world. I have previous to the election criticised that which I regarded as unfortunate in our foreign policy, but now that the American people have placed the stamp of their approval upon the administrative acts of the last four years, the minority party, to which I belong, should, while reserving to itself the fullest liberty of criticism as to future acts, yet accept as the will of the American people the acts already past, and in this spirit of acceptance wish the President-elect God-speed in his new administration. Such at least is my attitude. But the American people cannot be too insistently warned that when this war is over and the belligerent nations are bleeding to exhaustion and America is rich and prosperous beyond the dream of avarice, they are not likely to look upon the country with any too friendly eyes.

"The world is not likely to forget that we, of all nations, willingly or unwillingly, have found enormous prosperity in the infinite suffering of other nations, and when this war is over the nerve of the world will be that of a neurotic and as dangerous to antagonize.

May Have to Fight Alone.

"The fact is the more portentous,

as there will be an increasing tendency in the future for nations to act, not as units, but in groups, and if this nation should, through any reason, become involved in a war with any leading power, that power is not likely to fight alone, while in the present attitude of the rest of the world towards neutral America, it would be only natural if this nation in such event were left to fight its own battles as best it could. In this connection our recent experience on the Mexican border should give us some food for reflection.

"To every thinking American the possibilities of this situation ought to fill him with apprehension, but our country, through its traditions of isolation, has been so influenced by the spirit of provincialism that only a minority in America pays any attention to the gathering clouds, which, though they be at the present moment no bigger than a man's hand, may yet some day overcast the heavens.

"The man who believes that this will be the last war is an incurable optimist. On the contrary, it is, in my judgment, only the beginning of a series of titanic conflicts. This war is not one that can be adjusted for at least a generation with mutual goodwill. Over ravaged fields, newly-made graves, and desolated homes the belligerent powers are likely, for at least half a century, to gaze at each other with irreconcilable hatred.

"We know in our own country how many years were required to soften and extinguish the intense resentment of our civil war; and if it is difficult for brethren of a common race, who acknowledge loyalty to a common flag, to make peace with each other, it is infinitely more difficult for belligerent nations of different races, having no common allegiance, and between whom there is and has been for centuries inveterate hatreds, to forget the terrible wounds of this titanic war.

Wisdom from Wilson.

"In my judgment, therefore, the world is likely to be a seething cauldron of international hatred for some decades to come, and it will be difficult and perhaps impossible for the United States to escape in the future from the entanglements of this world crisis.

"In his many effective speeches, President Wilson made no more significant or remarkable statement than his prediction that this was the last great war in which the United States could remain neutral. Little attention was paid to this statement, although it involved an obvious abandonment of the persistent American traditions of isolation. While it seems to me that the statement was somewhat sweeping, yet I believe that thoughtful Americans will concur in the substantial meaning of the remark, which was that the world, whether the United States is willing or not, will compel it to bear its share of the burdens of a common civilization.

"In this portentous period to come, America will have need of the wisest statesmanship and the greatest unity of action. This is the time more than any other when the best men of America should go into politics. This is

a time when Americans should put aside all minor differences and endeavor to act in this world contest with reasonable unity of action. And yet, instead of such unity, our country is drifting into a menacing spirit of disunion in the strife between sections and classes.

"That unity of action can be attained and only attained if those officials to whom the interests and honor of the nation have been committed for another period of power shall represent the best traditions of American citizenship. The first and greatest of our Presidents gave to his countrymen in his farewell testament the golden rule of its foreign policy: 'Observe good faith and justice with all nations; cultivate peace and harmony with all.' The infinite beauty and value of that rule time cannot wither nor custom stale. But it should be observed that while Washington enjoined his countrymen to cultivate peace and harmony with all nations, it was only after he had first admonished his countrymen to 'observe faith and justice.'"

Your Boys and Girls.

One busy mother has solved to her satisfaction the problem of fresh air for her baby. She bundles him up in his fuzzy coat and peaked bonnet, put mittens on his hands, a hot water bottle at his feet and deposits him in the big clothes basket.

No matter how cold the day, the window is thrown wide open, the doors leading to the other rooms are closed to avoid drafts. Fresh air never kills, but drafts do. The air in the room is very soon as cold as it is outside, and little baby sitting in the sunshine, amuses himself by the hour watching the plants in the window, trying to reach the curtains, and laughing at the passing people who stare at the unusual sight.

25 cents Destroys Your Dandruff and Stops Falling Hair

Save your hair! Make it thick, wavy and beautiful—try this!

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is made evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scrub. There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrivel and loosen—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine to-night—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, lustre and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance, an incomparable gloss and softness; but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp.

Everyday Etiquette.

"I have seen some envelopes with the address written in them on indented lines and so that each line is started directly underneath each other. Which is correct?" asked Bertha.

"Both are used a great deal at present, the latter being the newer fashion," advised her sister.

Itch! Itch! Itch!

Instant relief from that itch. A few drops of a simple, soothing liquid and the itch is gone as if by magic—gone that endless, gnawing, nerve-racking itch. Can you imagine it—all agony swept away in a moment.

This relief is yours from the first few drops of the simple, external wash, the D. D. D. Prescription for Eczema—that marvellous new discovery for skin diseases which has aroused universal praise.

If you suffer from any skin ailment whatever, get a bottle of D. D. D. Prescription to-day. Sold Everywhere. Recommended by T. McMurdo & Co., A. W. Kennedy, M. Connors, Peter O'Mara.

It is better to line cake pans with greased paper to prevent the cake from burning in the bottom. Insist on having oysters absolutely fresh. To be sure of this have them opened while you wait. Fish should not be allowed to stand in water for any length of time. Water causes the flesh to become soft. There is nothing better than wood ashes for the flower pots.

Providence Journal Says.

There are two German submarines in the neighborhood of West Indies—That four left Kiel November, two of which were sunk and two others got away.

(N. Y. Times.) Providence, R. I., Dec. 4.—The Providence Journal will say to-morrow morning: The wireless warnings recently issued to captains of merchant vessels in the Western Atlantic were put out by the order of the British Admiralty, with the full knowledge that there are now in the neighborhood of West Indian waters two large German submarines which have been here since the visit of the U-53, and also because of the knowledge of the British Admiralty that two other German type left Kiel for the coast of the United States on November 5 and were able to evade every effort that was made to capture or sink them before they got out of the North Sea.

The Journal is able to state authoritatively that the plan of despatching four of the new German submarines from Kiel on November 5 was known in advance to the British authorities that all four submarines left Kiel on that date and at different hours, and that two of them were sunk during the same day by British destroyers the other two getting safely away.

The United States Government has been fully informed of this situation and President Wilson has made strenuous representations to Ambassador Von Bernstorff concerning it.

Newspapers and the War.

(From the Buffalo Express.)

The day of the one-cent newspaper is past. The world-war settled that. The war has been particularly hard on newspapers. There was a decreased volume of advertising at the beginning of the war, while the expenses of collecting war news were unprecedented. The combination put the quietus on hundreds of newspapers in every part of the world. Many others are destined to go out of business ere the end of the present era of high prices for materials. The weaker papers are bound to go to the wall. The stronger ones are protecting themselves by asking their subscribers to pay something more than a nominal price for their reading matter. Almost everything that enters into the making of a newspaper has doubled in price. The exceptions have troubled. Hardest blow of all is the growing scarcity and cost of white paper, the most important of our raw materials. There have been days of late when the Express was not sure that it would get enough paper to print its edition, at any price.

Rather Rubbing it In.

A Winnipeg department store had the following in its advertisement last week:—"Creamery Butter, formerly 26c. per lb. Tuesday Special, 40c." That's rubbing the H. C. of L. talk into the consumer with a vengeance. It's all very well to make a leader of butter at 40c, but to tell the dealer that the same butter used to sell at 26c. is to call forth the wrath of the housewife. As a parting stab, the advertisement reads: "Not more than 5 lbs. to one customer." The average woman would be hard to convince that the above is a typographical error.

BIG SHIPMENT OF RABBITS.—A large consignment of rabbits has just reached the local market from the Gaff Topsails.

Sunday Services

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.
Church of England Cathedral—Holy Communion at 8 a.m., also on the first Sunday of the month at 7 and 11 (Choral). Other services at 11 a.m. and 3.30 p.m.
St. Michael's Mission Church, Casey St.—Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; Morning Prayer at 11. Evensong, 6.30.
Christ Church, Quidi Vidi—Holy Communion 2nd Sunday at 8 a.m.; Evening Prayer, 3rd Sunday in each month at 7 p.m. Every other Sunday at 3.30 p.m.
Virginia School Chapel—Evening Prayer every Sunday at 3.30 p.m.
St. Thomas's—Men's Corporate Communion, 8 a.m.; Morning Prayer, 11 a.m.; Preacher, Rev. C. A. Mounson; Sunday Schools, 3.30 p.m.; Evensong and Sermon, 6.30 p.m. Preacher, The Rector. Subject: "The Well-Known Rod and the Unknown Grave."

METHODIST.

Gower Street—11, Rev. H. Royle; 6.30, Rev. D. B. Hemmison.
George Street—11, Rev. A. A. Holmes; 6.30, Missionary Service. Chairman, C. H. Hutchings, K. C. Cochrane Street—11 and 6.30, Rev. Dr. Bond.
Wesley—11, Rev. D. B. Hemmison; 6.30, Rev. H. Royle.

St. Andrew's (Presbyterian)—11 and 6.30, Rev. Gordon Dickie. Congregational—11 and 6.30, Rev. W. H. Thomas.
Salvation Army (No. 1 Citadel, New Gower St.)—7 a.m., Kneaddir!; 11, Holiness Meeting; 3 p.m., Praise Meeting; 7 p.m., Great Salvation Meeting. Adj. Sheard will sing.

Scientific Saving!

Life insurance constitutes a savings bank account with the additional feature of protection. If the life insurance depositor dies, instantly a sum equal to the savings of many years becomes available under his life insurance policy.

Whereas only the deposits themselves, with interest, would be available for the relatives of a depositor in a savings bank.

Banks are, of course, an absolute economic necessity, but they do not fulfil the double purpose that an insurance office accomplishes.

Patient saving of \$50.00 per annum for 20 years would give a depositor \$1,000, plus interest, but if he died during the first year his family would withdraw only \$50.00.

Under a Mutual Life Endowment policy maturing at the end of 20 years a deposit of \$50.00 would carry with it an indemnity of \$1,000, payable to the beneficiary if the assured died in the first or any succeeding year—and the full amount with profits is payable to the assured if living at maturity.

Thus an Endowment policy in the Mutual combines SAVINGS, INVESTMENT and PROTECTION.

The Best Security one can hold is a Mutual Policy.

The Mutual Life of Canada

WATERLOO ONTARIO

A. S. RENDELL, Gen. Agent. W. J. PIKE, Spec. Agent. St. John's, Newfoundland

Good advice about Xmas Gifts!

While the high cost of living makes luxuries somewhat a problem, what more suitable for the coming Gift Season than really useful Gifts instead of the expensive trifles so often sent, and often so little appreciated?

Our extensive Furniture Showrooms are filled with beautiful articles suitable for Xmas Gifts. For Ladies: Cosy Chairs, Book Cases, Work Stands, Writing Desks, etc. For Men: Smokers' Cabinets, Den Chairs, Students' Chairs, Card Tables, Book Stands and many other articles of Furniture too numerous to list.

Let your Christmas Gift be a substantial one, and be sure you see the splendid stock on view in our Showrooms.

U. S. Picture and Portrait Co.

General Furnishers.

Don't DELAY!

Extraordinary BARGAIN SPECIALS suitable for Christmas Gifts, in

Gem Rings, Cuff Links,
Brooches, Tie Pins,
Pendants, Fobs,
Neck Chains Watches,
Ear Rings, Signet Rings
Lockets. Etc., Etc.

D. A. McRAE, Jeweller.

THREE VITAL QUESTIONS
Are you full of energy, vital force, and general good health? Do you know that good digestion is the foundation of good health? Pains and constipation in stomach and chest after eating, with indigestion, headache, dizziness, are sure signs of indigestion. Mother Seigel's Syrup, the great herbal remedy and tonic, will cure you.

AFTER MEALS TAKE MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP. AND BANISH STOMACH TROUBLES

At all Drug Stores, or direct on receipt of price, 50c. and \$1.00. The large bottle contains three times as much as the smaller. A. J. WATTS & Co. LAUREN, Craig Street West, Montreal.