

100 EVENTS WHICH HAVE MADE HISTORY

The Year Just Closed Was Marked by Many Outstanding Occurrences Which Make the Year a Notable One—The Italian Earthquake the Feature.

Jan. 1—Manitoba purchased the Bell telephone system in the province for \$1,300,000. The law prohibiting the sale of alcoholic beverages went into effect in Georgia.

Jan. 2—Maximilian Harden, German editor, sentenced to four months imprisonment for libelling Count Kuno von Moltke.

Jan. 6—U. S. Supreme Court declares employers' liability act unconstitutional. Second trial of Harry K. Thaw for killing Stanford White began in New York.

Jan. 9—The New York-Brooklyn tunnel opened for traffic.

Jan. 11—Mullá Hadid proclaimed Sultan of Morocco and holy war declared.

Jan. 15—John Walter Smith (Dem.), elected U. S. senator from Maryland.

Jan. 15—Opening of first Swedish parliament under King Gustav.

Jan. 21—John Sharp Williams (Rep.), elected U. S. senator from Mississippi.

Jan. 21—George P. Wetmore (Rep.) was elected U. S. senator from Rhode Island.

Jan. 22—British Labor Party declared Socialism its definite object.

Jan. 26—Mrs. Eddy removed from Concord, N. H., to Brookline, Mass.

Jan. 27—Wedding of Miss Gladys Vanderbilt and Count Lazzaro Sacchetti in New York.

Jan. 28—Losevelt issued proclamation announcing conclusion of Franco-American reciprocity arrangement.

Feb. 1—King Carlos of Portugal and the crown prince were assassinated. Harry K. Thaw was acquitted and sent to Asylum for Criminal Insane.

Feb. 2—Mannell H. was proclaimed King of Portugal.

Feb. 10—Arbitration treaty between United States and France signed in Washington.

Feb. 11—Woman suffragists made attempt to storm British House of Commons.

Feb. 20—Russian General Stoessel condemned to death for surrendering Port Arthur.

Feb. 25—The first of the sub-Hudson tunnels (New York to Jersey City) opened.

Feb. 25—Ex-Gov. W. O. Bradley (Rep.) elected U. S. senator from Kentucky.

March 3—For the first time in 25 years the liberal government of New Brunswick was defeated in the general elections.

March 6—Frank B. Gary elected U. S. senator from South Carolina.

March 11—The Russian Duma passed a bill establishing an embassy in Japan.

March 13—Four of the Pennsylvania capitol graters were found guilty.

March 24—Ex-Gov. John W. Stewart (Rep.) appointed U. S. senator from Vermont.

March 27—Hall Milton (Dem.) appointed U. S. senator from Florida.

March 30—Empress of Japan bestowed upon late Durham White Stone decoration of Grand Rising Sun and \$100,000 upon his family.

March 31—Charlesagne Tower resigned as ambassador to Germany.

April 6—Russia, Germany, Denmark and Sweden agree to maintain status quo of Baltic.

April 11—Treaties between U. S. and Great Britain for determining Canadian boundary and regulating Great Lakes fisheries, signed in Washington.

April 23—Act denouncing treaty of Stockholm of 1863 signed by England, France and Sweden. First woman's congress in Italy opened in Rome.

April 26—Centenary celebration of Roman Catholic diocese of New York began.

May 4—Fernando Guachalla elected president of Bolivia.

BRITISH WOMEN ON CANADIAN HOMESTEADS

News Among the Interests of the Opportunities in Western Canada.

Ottawa, Jan. 5—Miss Binney Clark, of Fort Qu'Appelle, noted newspaper writer and popular author, held an interview with Hon. Frank Oliver in Ottawa, and discussed the question of homesteads for women.

August 18—Persia appointed diplomatic representatives at Athens, Greece, for first time in 2,800 years.

August 22—Turkey recalls its Ambassadors at Berlin and Vienna and its minister at Belgrade.

August 23—Holland refuses to compromise with Venezuela.

September 17—The Congress of the International Patent Union opened at Stockholm. Japan decided to postpone its international exposition until 1917.

September 9—Congo annexation treaty passed by Belgian Senate.

September 15—St. Petersburg police arrest 55 members of great nihilist conspiracy.

September 20—Bill was signed abolishing convict-lease system in Georgia.

September 22—International Fisheries Congress opened at Washington.

September 24—Carnegie gave \$1,200,000 to found here fund in Scotland.

September 28—The International Tuberculosis Congress opened at Washington.

October 1—Two-cent postage between U. S. and Great Britain went into effect.

October 5—Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria declared independence of the principality.

October 7—Emperor of Austria announced rights of sovereignty over Bosnia and Herzegovina.

October 8—Arbitration treaty between U. S. and China signed at Washington.

October 12—The Cretan parliament voted union with Greece.

October 17—American battleship fleet warmly welcomed at Yokohama, Japan.

October 22—Officers and men of American fleet received at Tokio.

October 25—Liberals, elected at Canadian elections, victorious at Ottawa.

October 28—Centenary of Roman Catholic diocese of Boston is celebrated.

October 29—American battleship fleet arrived at Amoy, China.

November 1—King Edward granted amnesty to prisoners and greater political rights to natives of India.

November 3—Wm. H. Taft elected President of the United States by popular vote.

November 7—Holland revoked treaty of 1864 with Venezuela.

November 10—France and Germany agreed to settle their disputes by the Hague tribunal.

November 14—Upon the death of Emperor of China prince Chun proclaimed regent and his son heir presumptive.

Nov. 15—Death of Empress Dowager of China announced at Peking.

November 17—Emperor William promised to leave conduct of foreign affairs to ministers.

November 24—Governor A. B. Cummins, of Iowa, elected U. S. Senator for Iowa.

November 30—U. S. Supreme Court by reversal of decision of lower court upheld order of Virginia Railroad Commission fixing two cent passenger rate in state.

December 2—Dutch naval demerit medals awarded to Venezuela.

December 5—Representative Champ Clark, of Missouri, chosen minority leader of the House.

December 10—Abraham Ruef convicted of bribery at San Francisco.

NEWS FROM THE CAPITAL

Indian Officer's Return—Subsidy for Steamship Line—The Vacant Senate.

Ottawa, Jan. 4—Lieut.-Col. Shoro, D.S.O., of the 18th Tiwana Lancers, India, who for the past two years has been attached to the headquarters staff at Ottawa, returns to India.

Hon. Sydney Fisher, minister of agriculture, returned today from Rome, where he represented Canada at the convention of international agriculturists.

J. H. Dooley, of St. John, N.B., on Monday afternoon had an interview with Sir Richard Cartwright in respect to steamship matters.

At the request of the promoters of the ice races in Montreal and Ottawa, a regulation has been passed in respect to the carrying of horses from the States affected by the foot and mouth disease.

Successor to Senator Bernier, M.P. for the city has been appointed by the government.

Adopt Lemieux Act Legislation. The Labor Department has received a copy of the bill introduced in the House to be submitted to the legislators of Wisconsin and California.

GRAIN SHIPMENTS DOUBLE. 43,538,596 bushels Carried From Head of Lakes.

Ottawa, Jan. 4—An official statement received at the grain inspection branch of the Department of Agriculture shows that of the crop of 1905 there were shipped from Port Arthur and Fort William up to the close of navigation on Dec. 15th, 23,025,226 bushels of grain, as against 23,482,427 in the corresponding period of 1904.

Of the season's wheat output from Port William and Port Arthur 23,569,374 bushels were carried to Great Britain and 12,418,116 in foreign vessels to United States ports.

Chicago, Jan. 4—The Supreme Court of the United States, sitting through Chief Justice Fuller, made certain today that the Standard Oil Company of Indiana will not have to pay the fine of \$20,000 imposed upon it by Judge K. M. Landis, of the United States district court of Chicago.

Supreme Court of U. S. Gives Decision in Standard Oil Case.

Chicago, Jan. 4—The Supreme Court of the United States, sitting through Chief Justice Fuller, made certain today that the Standard Oil Company of Indiana will not have to pay the fine of \$20,000 imposed upon it by Judge K. M. Landis, of the United States district court of Chicago.

LABORATORY FOR CALGARY. Rumored That Alberta Government Will Establish Laboratory There.

Calgary, Jan. 5—There is every assurance that a government laboratory will be established in Calgary for the benefit of southern Alberta.

President's Diplomatic Nominees. Washington, D.C., Jan. 4—President Roosevelt sent to the senate today the following nominations: Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary: Huntington Wilson, of Illinois, to Roumania and Servia, and diplomatic agent in Bulgaria; consuls: Arnold Standelin, of Missouri, at Mexico City; Alban G. Snyder, of West Virginia, at Panama.

Pittsburg Company to Reorganize. Chicago, Jan. 5—A meeting of directors of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Milling Company will be held in Chicago this afternoon for the purpose of devising means for the reorganization of the company and having it removed from the hands of its present officers.

Aiding Earthquake Sufferers. St. Paul, Jan. 5—Empress Nicholas has sent \$10,000 from his private purse to the Russian diplomatic representative at Rome for the relief of the earthquake sufferers.

Japanese Foreign Trade. Tokio, Jan. 4—The government reports of Japan's foreign commerce in 1905 show that the exports amounted to almost 375,000,000 yen (\$178,000,000) and the imports to 436,000,000 yen (\$218,000,000), or a total of about \$1,200,000,000 (\$600,000,000).

Hon. Sidney Fisher Returns. Ottawa, Jan. 4—Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, returned today from Rome, where he represented Canada at the convention of international agriculturists.

Sixteen British Tars Drowned. Sydney, N. S. W., Jan. 5—The pilot cutter of the British Cruiser Encounter was sunk in a collision with a collier today. Sixteen sailors were drowned.

RAILWAYS FIND WAY OF EVADING THE ACT

Rebates Made to Best Trust Through "Damages to Shipments" Channels—Government Has Accountants at Work Who Were Actual Spies.

Chicago, Jan. 4—Certain alleged discrepancies in the account of Morris & Co., said to have been discovered in advance by employees of the packing house, who were also acting as paid spies for the government, were brought out before a grand jury in the federal building today.

It is said that a number of claims paid by railroads to Morris & Co. have been revealed in the testimony of H. C. Downing, superintendent of the packing department, that the company is receiving accounts of thousands of dollars for alleged damages to shipments of beef, whereas the records of the shipments of thousands of dollars for alleged damages to shipments of beef have been received in unseizable condition.

It is also the purpose of the government to show that the amount of paid claims is disproportionate with the amount of beef shipped to and by the company, and that as much has been paid to the Morris corporation as shown in the ordinary run of trade.

The other witness today was W. H. Drue, of New York, claimant of the C. P. R. road of New Jersey, a part of the Pennsylvania system. This road is said to have carried large quantities of beef to trust property at the Atlantic coast for the export trade, and the records show that it paid rebates which the government regards as disproportionate and which the district attorney hopes to establish as violations of the interstate commerce act.

GRAIN SHIPMENTS DOUBLE. 43,538,596 bushels Carried From Head of Lakes.

Ottawa, Jan. 4—An official statement received at the grain inspection branch of the Department of Agriculture shows that of the crop of 1905 there were shipped from Port Arthur and Fort William up to the close of navigation on Dec. 15th, 23,025,226 bushels of grain, as against 23,482,427 in the corresponding period of 1904.

Of the season's wheat output from Port William and Port Arthur 23,569,374 bushels were carried to Great Britain and 12,418,116 in foreign vessels to United States ports.

Chicago, Jan. 4—The Supreme Court of the United States, sitting through Chief Justice Fuller, made certain today that the Standard Oil Company of Indiana will not have to pay the fine of \$20,000 imposed upon it by Judge K. M. Landis, of the United States district court of Chicago.

LABORATORY FOR CALGARY. Rumored That Alberta Government Will Establish Laboratory There.

Calgary, Jan. 5—There is every assurance that a government laboratory will be established in Calgary for the benefit of southern Alberta.

President's Diplomatic Nominees. Washington, D.C., Jan. 4—President Roosevelt sent to the senate today the following nominations: Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary: Huntington Wilson, of Illinois, to Roumania and Servia, and diplomatic agent in Bulgaria; consuls: Arnold Standelin, of Missouri, at Mexico City; Alban G. Snyder, of West Virginia, at Panama.

Pittsburg Company to Reorganize. Chicago, Jan. 5—A meeting of directors of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Milling Company will be held in Chicago this afternoon for the purpose of devising means for the reorganization of the company and having it removed from the hands of its present officers.

Aiding Earthquake Sufferers. St. Paul, Jan. 5—Empress Nicholas has sent \$10,000 from his private purse to the Russian diplomatic representative at Rome for the relief of the earthquake sufferers.

Japanese Foreign Trade. Tokio, Jan. 4—The government reports of Japan's foreign commerce in 1905 show that the exports amounted to almost 375,000,000 yen (\$178,000,000) and the imports to 436,000,000 yen (\$218,000,000), or a total of about \$1,200,000,000 (\$600,000,000).

Hon. Sidney Fisher Returns. Ottawa, Jan. 4—Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, returned today from Rome, where he represented Canada at the convention of international agriculturists.

Sixteen British Tars Drowned. Sydney, N. S. W., Jan. 5—The pilot cutter of the British Cruiser Encounter was sunk in a collision with a collier today. Sixteen sailors were drowned.

SENSATION IN THE HICKS MURDER TRIAL

Witness for Defence Swears he Sold Revolver Found Beside Murdered Man to Rogers, Star Witness for the Prosecution.

Winnipeg, Jan. 5—Another surprise was sprung this morning in the Hicks murder trial, which to date has furnished so many dramatic sensations, when a witness, John Krucifino, swore that he had sold the revolver found beside the murdered man Lennox, to Rogers, the star witness for the prosecution. He stated that he had repaired the weapon before selling it and easily identified the same when it was produced.

If this witness is believed it looks as if the whole case against Hicks would fall to the ground. The defence has been working along the theory that four men were implicated in this murder in the C. P. R. yards, and were handed together and swept away the life of Hicks, an innocent man. Rogers told with great detail and precision the story of how he actually saw Hicks do the shooting.

Pittsburg Graters Indicted. Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 4—The seven county grand jury accused of accepting bribes and conspiring to secure the conviction of the two former bankers, accused of giving bribes, upon complaint of the Voters League, were indicted late today by a grand jury empaneled this morning.

Child Burned on Stove. Wainwright, Alta., Jan. 5—The eighteen months old child of James Fuller died here yesterday afternoon from burns received while playing too near the kitchen stove, the mother being in the next room.

\$30,000 Fire in Brandon. Brandon, Man., Jan. 5—Coville company's big warehouse on Pacific street took fire at 8:45 last evening and, fanned by a steady west wind, was totally destroyed. The contents were valued at \$30,000. The brigade was badly handicapped by the intense cold. The building was fully insured, but a \$5,000 policy having been renewed during the day.

81,500,000 TIMBER DEAL

English Syndicate Purchases 405,000 Acres in Nova Scotia

Halifax, Jan. 4—One of the biggest timber deals in the history of the Maritime Provinces has been put through by Alfred Dickie Lumber Co., of Nova Scotia, in an English syndicate headed by Sir Thomas Frowbridge, the chief promoter of the Blackstock Steamship enterprise from Ireland to Canada.

The deal was put through by the Royal Bank of Canada, which practically has been managing the property for a year or more, and which has a claim upon it of nearly one million dollars including interest. For several months the negotiations have been conducted by Duncan Cameron, inspector of the Royal Bank, who returned from England by the Tanager.

A part of the deal is that the purchasers are to build a line of railway from Halifax eastward to Guysboro and the Strait of Cansu. This railway will street took fire at 8:45 last evening and, fanned by a steady west wind, was totally destroyed. The contents were valued at \$30,000. The brigade was badly handicapped by the intense cold. The building was fully insured, but a \$5,000 policy having been renewed during the day.

It is said that a number of claims paid by railroads to Morris & Co. have been revealed in the testimony of H. C. Downing, superintendent of the packing department, that the company is receiving accounts of thousands of dollars for alleged damages to shipments of beef, whereas the records of the shipments of thousands of dollars for alleged damages to shipments of beef have been received in unseizable condition.

It is also the purpose of the government to show that the amount of paid claims is disproportionate with the amount of beef shipped to and by the company, and that as much has been paid to the Morris corporation as shown in the ordinary run of trade.

The other witness today was W. H. Drue, of New York, claimant of the C. P. R. road of New Jersey, a part of the Pennsylvania system. This road is said to have carried large quantities of beef to trust property at the Atlantic coast for the export trade, and the records show that it paid rebates which the government regards as disproportionate and which the district attorney hopes to establish as violations of the interstate commerce act.

GRAIN SHIPMENTS DOUBLE. 43,538,596 bushels Carried From Head of Lakes.

Ottawa, Jan. 4—An official statement received at the grain inspection branch of the Department of Agriculture shows that of the crop of 1905 there were shipped from Port Arthur and Fort William up to the close of navigation on Dec. 15th, 23,025,226 bushels of grain, as against 23,482,427 in the corresponding period of 1904.

Of the season's wheat output from Port William and Port Arthur 23,569,374 bushels were carried to Great Britain and 12,418,116 in foreign vessels to United States ports.

Chicago, Jan. 4—The Supreme Court of the United States, sitting through Chief Justice Fuller, made certain today that the Standard Oil Company of Indiana will not have to pay the fine of \$20,000 imposed upon it by Judge K. M. Landis, of the United States district court of Chicago.

LABORATORY FOR CALGARY. Rumored That Alberta Government Will Establish Laboratory There.

Calgary, Jan. 5—There is every assurance that a government laboratory will be established in Calgary for the benefit of southern Alberta.

President's Diplomatic Nominees. Washington, D.C., Jan. 4—President Roosevelt sent to the senate today the following nominations: Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary: Huntington Wilson, of Illinois, to Roumania and Servia, and diplomatic agent in Bulgaria; consuls: Arnold Standelin, of Missouri, at Mexico City; Alban G. Snyder, of West Virginia, at Panama.

Pittsburg Company to Reorganize. Chicago, Jan. 5—A meeting of directors of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Milling Company will be held in Chicago this afternoon for the purpose of devising means for the reorganization of the company and having it removed from the hands of its present officers.

Aiding Earthquake Sufferers. St. Paul, Jan. 5—Empress Nicholas has sent \$10,000 from his private purse to the Russian diplomatic representative at Rome for the relief of the earthquake sufferers.

Japanese Foreign Trade. Tokio, Jan. 4—The government reports of Japan's foreign commerce in 1905 show that the exports amounted to almost 375,000,000 yen (\$178,000,000) and the imports to 436,000,000 yen (\$218,000,000), or a total of about \$1,200,000,000 (\$600,000,000).

Hon. Sidney Fisher Returns. Ottawa, Jan. 4—Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, returned today from Rome, where he represented Canada at the convention of international agriculturists.

Sixteen British Tars Drowned. Sydney, N. S. W., Jan. 5—The pilot cutter of the British Cruiser Encounter was sunk in a collision with a collier today. Sixteen sailors were drowned.

LYNX - FISHERS - MINKS - FOXES and other RAW FURS WANTED

Good results—prompt returns. THE BRITISH CANADIAN FUR CO. 2 and 4 Lemoine St., Montreal, Dept. C.

Write for price list. We pay express. Shipments held separate until remittance is approved.

LABORATORY FOR CALGARY

Rumored That Alberta Government Will Establish Laboratory There.

Terrible Effect of La Grippe

How many people there are who know from bitter experience the evils which follow in the train of La Grippe! The whooping cough, the sore throat, the loss of appetite, the fever, the aching limbs, the weakness, the dizziness, the headache, the general prostration, and the victim gradually declines, until prematurely carried off by the dreaded "white plague".

What would not the sufferer give to know of SURE remedy—of some medicine that would not only arrest the disease, but build up the system, and restore permanent health and strength; in a word, give new life and hope? SUCH A TONIC IS PSYCHINE.

Mrs. Hope (nee Cattle), of Morphe, Ont. writes: "My lungs were in a terrible state, I had La Grippe, and it had settled on my lungs. I kept steadily getting worse, and got so low that I was confined to bed, and could not even sit up. I could eat several days, but they said nothing could be done for me. Then I started taking PSYCHINE and it has certainly done wonders. I am now as strong as I was before my sickness, and a truly say that PSYCHINE saved my life." Such testimony as this is convincing.

If you are suffering in a similar way, and have almost despairing of ever recovering the health you once enjoyed, why not send for a sample bottle of PSYCHINE and test it for yourself? There is no reason why you should not be restored. PSYCHINE has proved the strongest remedy in the world of other cases. Why not in yours? PSYCHINE is sold by all druggists and dealers at 50c and \$1.00 a bottle. LIFE IN EVERY DOSE.

PSYCHINE THE GREATEST OF TONICS

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE Dr. T. A. S. Co., Limited, Toronto. Please send me trial bottle of your medicine, with your special offer.

LABORATORY FOR CALGARY

Rumored That Alberta Government Will Establish Laboratory There.

Calgary, Jan. 5—There is every assurance that a government laboratory will be established in Calgary for the benefit of southern Alberta.

President's Diplomatic Nominees. Washington, D.C., Jan. 4—President Roosevelt sent to the senate today the following nominations: Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary: Huntington Wilson, of Illinois, to Roumania and Servia, and diplomatic agent in Bulgaria; consuls: Arnold Standelin, of Missouri, at Mexico City; Alban G. Snyder, of West Virginia, at Panama.

Pittsburg Company to Reorganize. Chicago, Jan. 5—A meeting of directors of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Milling Company will be held in Chicago this afternoon for the purpose of devising means for the reorganization of the company and having it removed from the hands of its present officers.

Aiding Earthquake Sufferers. St. Paul, Jan. 5—Empress Nicholas has sent \$10,000 from his private purse to the Russian diplomatic representative at Rome for the relief of the earthquake sufferers.

Japanese Foreign Trade. Tokio, Jan. 4—The government reports of Japan's foreign commerce in 1905 show that the exports amounted to almost 375,000,000 yen (\$178,000,000) and the imports to 436,000,000 yen (\$218,000,000), or a total of about \$1,200,000,000 (\$600,000,000).

Hon. Sidney Fisher Returns. Ottawa, Jan. 4—Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, returned today from Rome, where he represented Canada at the convention of international agriculturists.

Sixteen British Tars Drowned. Sydney, N. S. W., Jan. 5—The pilot cutter of the British Cruiser Encounter was sunk in a collision with a collier today. Sixteen sailors were drowned.

LABORATORY FOR CALGARY

Rumored That Alberta Government Will Establish Laboratory There.

Calgary, Jan. 5—There is every assurance that a government laboratory will be established in Calgary for the benefit of southern Alberta.

President's Diplomatic Nominees. Washington, D.C., Jan. 4—President Roosevelt sent to the senate today the following nominations: Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary: Huntington Wilson, of Illinois, to Roumania and Servia, and diplomatic agent in Bulgaria; consuls: Arnold Standelin, of Missouri, at Mexico City; Alban G. Snyder, of West Virginia, at Panama.

Pittsburg Company to Reorganize. Chicago, Jan. 5—A meeting of directors of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Milling Company will be held in Chicago this afternoon for the purpose of devising means for the reorganization of the company and having it removed from the hands of its present officers.

Aiding Earthquake Sufferers. St. Paul, Jan. 5—Empress Nicholas has sent \$10,000 from his private purse to the Russian diplomatic representative at Rome for the relief of the earthquake sufferers.

Japanese Foreign Trade. Tokio, Jan. 4—The government reports of Japan's foreign commerce in 1905 show that the exports amounted to almost 375,000,000 yen (\$178,000,000) and the imports to 436,000,000 yen (\$218,000,000), or a total of about \$1,200,000,000 (\$600,000,000).

Hon. Sidney Fisher Returns. Ottawa, Jan. 4—Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, returned today from Rome, where he represented Canada at the convention of international agriculturists.

Sixteen British Tars Drowned. Sydney, N. S. W., Jan. 5—The pilot cutter of the British Cruiser Encounter was sunk in a collision with a collier today. Sixteen sailors were drowned.

LABORATORY FOR CALGARY

Rumored That Alberta Government Will Establish Laboratory There.

Calgary, Jan. 5—There is every assurance that a government laboratory will be established in Calgary for the benefit of southern Alberta.

President's Diplomatic Nominees. Washington, D.C., Jan. 4—President Roosevelt sent to the senate today the following nominations: Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary: Huntington Wilson, of Illinois, to Roumania and Servia, and diplomatic agent in Bulgaria; consuls: Arnold Standelin, of Missouri, at Mexico City; Alban G. Snyder, of West Virginia, at Panama.