

Non Colonial Secretary

THE CARBONEAR HERALD, AND OUTPORT TELEPHONE.

Vol. 1.

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No 6.

THE CARBONEAR HERALD
AND
OUTPORT TELEPHONE.

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All communications to be addressed to the Editor, Proprietor and Publisher,

J. A. ROCHFORD,
Herald Office, Water St,
Carbonear, Nfld

JUST RECEIVED,
Per Cortes, from New York,
100 Barrels Beckstein's T. M.

PORK,
50 ditto LOINS, 50 ditto JOLIES,
50 ditto BEEF CUTTINGS.
May 22. J. & T. HEARN.

AGENCY CARD.

The undersigned thankful for past favours informs his friends and the trade, that he continues to manage the Collection of Debts due by persons residing in Conception Bay District, Newfoundland. Security for future payment taken by mortgage on property or otherwise. Holding commissions as Notary Public Commissioner Supreme Court, and Land Surveyor, business under these heads carefully attended to. Plans of Land taken.

Inquiries made—questions answered. All business considered confidential. No greater publicity than necessary given to any matter.
The proprietor of any newspaper copying this card will have his newspaper bills collected as payment for yearly insertions in the paper and copy paper sent to my address.

G. W. R. HIERLIHY,
Bay Roberts.

FOR SALE.

A. Prince & Co., 5 Oct. Double CABINET ORGAN,

6 stops, in handsome Walnut Case; cost \$150 will be sold for \$100; delivered in St John's, if applied for immediately.

Apply to
F. W. BOWDEN,
At Bowden's Sewing Machine Depot,
St. John's, Nfld.

**ST. JOHN'S, No. 1,
MARBLE WORKS,**

**THEATRE HILL, ST. JOHN'S,
ROBERT A. MACKIM,**

MANUFACTURER OF
**Monuments, Tombs, Grave
Stones, Tables, Mantel Pieces,
Hall and Centre Tables, &c.**

He has on hand a large assortment of Italian and other Marble, and is now prepared to execute all orders in his line.
N. B.—The above articles will be sold at much lower prices than in any other part of the Provinces or the United States.

WARRANTED TO GIVE GENERAL SATISFACTION.

NOTICE,

**ACROSS NEWFOUNDLAND
WITH THE
GOVERNOR;**

**A VISIT TO OUR MINING REGION;
AND—THIS**

Newfoundland of Ours,

Being a series on the natural resources and future prosperity of the colony, by the Rev. M. HARVEY.

For sale at the office of this paper price fifty cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS.



PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir JOHN HAWLEY GLOVER, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael & St. George, Governor & Commander in-Chief in and over the Island of Newfoundland and its Dependencies.

WHEREAS by an Act passed by the Legislature of this Colony, in the 41st year of the Reign of Her Majesty, entitled, "An Act respecting the fishery of Lobsters," it is enacted, that "The Governor in Council may, after such public enquiry and notice as shall be deemed expedient, from time to time, by order, restrict, or prohibit, either entirely or subject to any exceptions and regulations, the fishing for and taking of Lobsters within any District or part of Districts in this Colony named in the Order, during such period either in every year or in such number of years as may be limited by the Order and may by the Order provide for enforcing the Order and any restriction or regulation contained therein, by fines not exceeding One Hundred Dollars;" that "All Orders made, and all alterations or revocations of Orders made under this Act, shall be published in the Royal Gazette and one other Newspaper in the Colony, for the period of One Month before the same shall take effect;" and that all offences against this Act, or against any Order made in pursuance of this Act, may be prosecuted, and all fines under this Act or any such Order, may be recovered with costs of suit, on summary conviction before a Stipendiary Magistrate; and in default of payment of any fine, the same may be recovered by distress and sale of the offenders Goods and Chattles; or in case of such default he may be committed to prison for a period not exceeding Three Months, or until payment."

Now, therefore, I, the Governor, by and with the advice of my Council, do order that—1st. No person shall, within any District in the colony, between the 5th day of August and the 31st day of the same Month, inclusive, in any year, fish for, Catch, Kill, Buy, Sell or have in his possession, any Lobsters for the purpose of being Canned or Tinned, or put or preserved in Tins or Cans otherwise, for Exportation; and upon the Person Fishing for, Catching, Killing, Buying, Selling or having in his possession any Lobsters within the said period, shall in all cases devolve the proof that such Lobsters are not for the purposes aforesaid.

2nd. Soft shelled and young Lobsters, of less size than Nine Inches in length, measuring from Head to Tail, exclusive of Claws or Peelers, shall not be at any time Fished for, Caught, Killed, Bought, Sold or Possessed, but when caught by accident in Nets or other Fishing apparatus, lawfully used for other Fish, such Soft shelled and young Lobsters shall be forthwith liberated alive, at the risk and cost of the Owner of, or Person working such Net or apparatus, on whom in every case shall devolve the proof of such actual liberation.

3rd. All Offenders against the provisions of these Orders shall be subject to a fine not exceeding One Hundred Dollars, or imprisonment for a period not exceeding Three Months for each Offence.

GIVEN under my hand and Seal, at the Government House in St. John's, this Nineteenth day of May, A. D. 1879.
By His Excellency's Command,
E. D. SHEA,
Colonial Secretary.

CARD.

JOHN A. ROCHFORD,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

"Herald" Building, Water St.,
CARBONEAR, N.F.L.D.
Next Post & Telegraph Offices.

All business transacted with punctuality and satisfaction.

NEWS PER MAIL.

European.

Failures in the Iron Trade.

The announcement of the failure of Messrs. Lloyd & Co. and Hopkins, Gikes & Co., Limited, two large and important firms in Cleveland, whose headquarters are at Middlesborough, created on Wednesday the greatest surprise and regret throughout the north of England district, especially as it was supplemented at night by the statement that a voluntary liquidator had been appointed for the Skerne Iron Co., Limited, of Darlington. The liabilities of Messrs. Lloyd & Co., of whom one of the principal partners is Mr. Isaac Wilson, M. P. for Middlesborough, are stated to amount to nearly £400,000, whilst those of Hopkins, Gikes, & Co. approach £200,000. The latter company has been brought to a stand by the failure of Messrs. Lloyd. The company has still £130,000 of uncalled capital, and stocks, moveable plant, book debts, &c., amounting to £190,000. It is, therefore, hoped, that the suspension will be temporary. The capital of the company is £675,000. The last balance sheet showed losses up to that time of £49,000. The Skerne Iron Company, at Darlington, with £200,000 fully paid up, was turned into a limited company about seven years ago. Losses have been made during the last year of between £20,000 and £30,000. This company had also works on lease at Middlesborough and chiefly manufactured plates. Hopkins, Gikes & Co., did largely in plates and engineering work. They built the Tay Bridge and other celebrated structures. Messrs. Lloyd & Co., were chiefly owners of furnaces.

Speech of the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at the annual dinner of the county bankers on Wednesday, after referring to the important position which the banking system held in this county, said he and his colleagues felt that the time had come when it might be necessary for some action to be taken with regard to the constitution of certain banks. Circumstances, to which he need not particularly allude, made it obvious that some interposition was needed, not because the legislation of former years had brought about conditions of difficulty to them. It was felt by the Government to be a matter worthy of consideration whether bankers should not be relieved of the difficulties which had been created for them by previous legislation. The Government were called on to consider the question when there was agitation on the subject, and they thought it was undesirable to foster that agitation and excitement by hasty legislation. The Government felt that though there was real difficulty to be met and overcome, yet anything like feverishness of action might produce consequences very detrimental to the best interests of the country. (Applause.) And the Government, thought it better therefore to stay their hands and wait until the agitation had subsided. He hoped that the time had now come, and that before this session was concluded the Government would be able to introduce and pass a measure which would be of real advantage to the banking community. One golden rule to be observed in banking was that the lender should not become servant of the borrower; and though it was undoubtedly to the interest of banks to assist their customers, yet it was an unnatural and disastrous state of things when bankers had to make ruinous sacrifices to keep customers on their legs for a short time before they finally collapsed. (Loud cheers.)—*Liverpool Mercury.*

On Sunday, Richard Kay, of 3, Hunt's Court, Greengate, Salford, died at the advanced age of 103 years. The deceased, who was formerly in the army, served in the Peninsular War under the Duke of Wellington. He leaves a widow whose age is 74.

Eaten by Famished Dogs.

The following are extracts from a letter from the Rev. G. Ginsburg, missionary to the Jews at Magador, Morocco:—We have passed a season of indescribable difficulties, misery, sickness and trial ever since I returned to my station. Hundreds, I may say thousands pressed to the gates for relief; skeletons—emaciated by hunger, almost naked, bearing traces of every possible disease and suffering—who for a loaf of bread, would be trodden down by the crush, bruised, and not unfrequently seriously injured, sometimes a leg or an arm broken in their eagerness to be the first to receive relief. When out of town on my daily walks I hardly ever returned to town without picking up a dying person, sometimes two or three at a time. More than once have I met a young man or woman coming from the town with no strength to finish the last quarter of a mile; with bruised head and broken teeth from falls in the effort to get up from the ground. The starvation was not confined to men, cattle, camels, horses, asses, sheep, and poultry have all, or nearly all perished; but the dogs have survived, and in their insatiable hunger, finding no food in towns and abandoned by their masters, who either died or left their villages in search of food, fell on human flesh. Roaming over the country in bands of 20, 30, or 50, they sometimes even attacked any human being they met and devoured him. Some 20 persons were eaten up within one mile of the town. One day I was busy by the river side, with the help of my servant, giving help to a dying young woman, when our attention was drawn to an Arab, who was being eaten by dogs. He was dead before we reached him, and had only the painful duty of burying the remains decently in the sand. There are cases which have come before me that I really cannot put on paper. More than 13,000 have in this town perished from hunger. The dead were buried not more than one span deep, and the dogs soon uncovered the earth. The sight of so much misery to our fellow-creatures has naturally affected the Europeans. Small-pox, measles, cholera and typhoid fever (the latter now raging) have succeeded each other. There is hardly a house where there is not a sick person. In the Mullah, or Jewish quarter, every house has been turned into an hospital."

A singular arrest was made in St. Petersburg on April 19. A lady and gentleman were walking arm-in-arm toward the Vosnessenski Bridge, followed by another gentleman. The lady looked round uneasily several times, and on arriving at the bridge leaned over the parapet to look at the canal. In doing this her hat fell off. Instantly she jumped in after it, but was speedily rejoined by her pursuer, who after a brief struggle brought her on shore. It then appeared that the lady was a man in disguise, who belonged to the Nihilist conspiracy, and that the man who jumped into the water after him was a member of the secret police. The lady's companion was also arrested.

According to intelligence published by the Athens newspapers the Greek Government is informed that the Turkish authorities in Epirus are forming bands of Turco-Albanians nominally for the purpose of suppressing of brigandage, but in reality to harass the Christian population. Fears are entertained of a collision, as great irritation prevails in the province. A military camp will be formed shortly in Western Greece.

The news from Zululand does not appear to be very favorable to the British troops, they having met with some recent disasters while they are also suffering from a large amount of sickness. The appointment of Sir Garnet Wolseley to succeed Lord Chelmsford indicates, notwithstanding previous reports, a want of confidence in the ability of the latter to successfully cope against the natives. Sir Garnet Wolseley, although a comparatively young man has seen a great deal of active service.

Provincial.

The Northeast Passage.

The news from Professor Nordenskjold's Arctic exploring expedition, if authentic, means that a north eastern passage from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean has been accomplished. This feat will place the Swedish explorer in front rank of those daring men who have so many times braved the dangers of the Arctic region, and so often with little to show as practical results of their labors. Most of the voyagers whose attempts to reach the Pole are to seek a northern passage between the two great oceans make up the exciting story of Arctic navigation have sailed from east to west and have made the waters north of America the scene of their explorations. Nordenskjold determined to solve the question whether or not there is a navigable water north of Asia, and he has proved that there is.

It is too soon even to speculate about the practical value of his achievement. It may seem at first improbable that valuable vessels of commerce will ever undertake the passage to and from Europe by way of Behring Strait when Nordenskjold has accomplished it only after encountering great peril and after fears had been entertained that he and his ship were lost. But it must be remembered that he is the pioneer voyager over this route; and now that it is established that such a route exists, clear of ice at certain seasons, future explorations and surveys may show that the voyage may be made with comparative safety. The Jeannette expedition, which will soon sail from California, will find much encouragement in Nordenskjold's success, and will probably add greatly to our knowledge of a region which is now at least open to exploration.

A Female Lawyer.

Since that plucky, persistent little widow lady, Belva A. Lockwood, Esq., has secured by act of Congress right to plead and practice before the Supreme Court of the United States, her friends have given her the brevet title of "Judge." She is some five and forty years of age, fragile in form, with an intelligent countenance, and she was by profession a school teacher before she commenced the study of the law. She has now practiced here for about six years before the courts and in the prosecution of claims before the Departments, with success. Her friends say that she has realized over \$3,000 a year which is very fair remuneration for a practitioner. It was hard for the solemn old ducks who grace the bench of the Supreme Court to have to admit her to practice before them, and when Congress passed her enabling act they seriously conferred as to the best manner of their excluding her by making vigorous examinations necessary. Common sense, however, prevailed over antiquated prejudices, and they refrained from erecting any additional barriers. It was well for them that they did so, for the "Judge" would have gone over them all, sooner or later.—*Exchange.*

The phenomenon of "red snow" is visible near Cardwell's Summit Hotel. This snow usually confined to arctic latitudes, but on the lofty summit south of Mount Stanford there is a patch of several acres. The surface of the vast drifts, to the depth of three or four inches, is of a beautiful pinkish tint. Scientists differ as to the cause of this wonderful freak of nature, but the accepted theory is that it is produced by myriads of minute organisms. The sight of the lofty peaks covered with "red snow" is well worth a trip to the summit.

General Shields, the only general who won the distinction of having defeated "Stonewall" Jackson, died suddenly at Ottomone, Iowa, on the evening of the 1st of June. He was born at Almore, near Dunganon, on the 6th of May, 1807, so that he was in his seventieth year at the time of his death.

THE HAGUE, May 20.—The Chamber to-day, by 40 votes to 39, rejected article 1 of the Government bill relating to the construction of canals. The debate was then suspended, on the motion of the Government.

SEMENTS.
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