#### WELL DONE, ALDERMEN!

The Mayor has called a special meeting of the Council to-night to consider the by-law to be submitted to the rateprayers to get their direction as to the wer question. From the first the Times has favored leaving the question to the people, and it congratulates the Council upon deciding upon that course. It is an eminently proper and safe one for the people's servants, the aldermen, to consult the people, their masters, on a estion of such magnitude and involv ing such serious obligations for so long a to the city.

But now that the fiat of the people is to be sought, it behooves the Council to see that the question is laid fully and frankly before them, so that there shall be an intelligent verdict given. there be no chance for popular misun-derstanding of the case. There is ample time to get the by-law into such shape as to avoid error and confusion nong the lay readers. To do this should be the aldermen's care. That accomplished, they may properly claim to have placed the responsibility of decision where it rightly belongs, and leave the with the people to be served and who have to bear the debts and pay the bills. The Times accepts the Council's decision as wise, and in the public interest, and looks to it to see that the issue is clearly and fairly defined, even if a few days' delay is necessary to do so.

#### FOILED AND DESPERATE.

The Tory organs hardly seem to know where they are at with regard to the Opposition and its obstructive tactics. designed to prevent the passage of legislation to secure, by entrusting their compilation to the Judges, fair voters' lists in Manitoba, Various and contra dictory announcements have been made by the organs: A few days ago truculent arrogance characterized their manner of dealing with the subject. The cauens had positively refused to acept Sir Wilfrid Laurier's proposition to leave the matter to the Judges. The Opposition would not think of so coercing and insulting the Roblin Government as by such an agreement to admit that the Manitoba franchise act was defective and partisan; an instrument for oppressing Liberal voters. No; it would hold supplies by organized obstruction, and it would fight till it was "thin as a pipestem," before it would consider giving way one iota. Day after day its speakers made their protestations of determination to fight to the death, in the House and in the press. The organs had their instructions, and day after day they continued to boast of the success of the obstructionists. Gleefully they saw hampered, and that the country was being put to much needless expense. They much pleasure out of the condition they had brought about. Laurier was be "forced to capitulate." The Oposition would show him that it was the real arbiter of what the laws of the country should be, and that the minor ity, and not the majority, would dictate the course of Parliament. The battle was already won. Each day a new story was sent forth representing the Premier to be a humble suppliant at the feet of Borden, Foster, Fowler, Bennett, and the rest of the coterie of political degenerates who aspired to control Parliament, beseeching them to accept this or that offer of submission and compromise. The public, judging by these announcements, was to understand that the Opposition was driving a very hard bargain with Laurier, and that the only reason that the matter had not been disposed of was that, in addition to giving it all it asked by way of amendments to the bill, Laurier had not yet been humbled sufficiently-probably had not agreed to some public ceremony of passing under arrow for the delectation of the ob-

on the floor of the House. This sort of thing may have been very well adapted, according to the ideas of the Tory organs, to help to "save the face" of the party when the inevitable backdown occurred, and it was obliged be a cushion to render the fall less disastrous to the amour propre of the truculent ones. But it was a policy that depended for party gain by falsehood upon disposing of the matter quickly. It could not last. Like the cry of "Wolf!" it was too often repeated without reason and it became ridiculous. Sir Wilfrid could not be moved. He stood upon his first and very fair offer made in the House, calmly pursued his policy in snite of Opposition hoodlumism and gave the country an opportunity to bene well seized of the situation

That course, like the Elections bill, is being justified by events. A voters' list revision in Manitoba has taken place under the Provincial Act, and the result has been such a demonstration of its injustice and partisanship as to prove beyond all cavil the necessity, in the votthe Dominion Elections bill which the sition is obstructing. So obvious has this been to Parliament and the ntry that even Mr. Borden, leader of osition, has been constrained to to the Manitoba Government to appeal to the Manitoba Government or render the outrage less glaring by imdiately announcing a further extenaion of time and the provision of facili-ties to enable the disfranchised voters to

ows a question of facts to mar the pi fully makes the announcement that "At last, after many wasted weeks, a com promise has been effected at Ottawa The Government, after a parade of con siderable bluster, has given way. \* \* Mr. Borden and his followers have acquitted themselves well; they have shown that the minority not only has rights, but can enforce them." This braggart appears, however, to be a writer whose word is accounted of little value, even in the Mail and Empire sanctum, for, in another column, we find it stated that an Opposition caucus was in pro gress to consider a statement from the party leader on this very question, and it was suggested that "an informal can cus of Conservative and Liberal members may be proposed" to deal with it! Ev-dently "Flaneur's" statement that the Government had "given way" was a falsehood. The Toronto World represents Sir Wilfrid as "not in a mood to hurry up negotiations"; says the Tories are "full of fight," and looks for a resumption of hostilities. Its idea is that the Government is satisfied with the progress made, and believes that the Opposition dares not continue its obstructive policy and thus court the certain condemnation of the people.

So there you have it. The Aylesworth bill, as has been recently demonstrated, was sorely needed to remove a rank injustice. Willing to be absolutely fair, Sir Wilfrid proposed to leave the voters' lists to the Judges. The Opposition refused to agree to that, and resorted to obstruction with the object of compelling the withdrawal of the measure and retaining partisan control of the lists It has caused much demoralization of public business, and hundreds of thou-sands of dollars' loss to the country. It has boasted of gain by its course, but its boasts were falsehoods. Sir Wilfrid's osition is that which he has maintained from the beginning. The self-degradation of some of the Opposition politi cians has been in vain.

#### THE POLICY OF DECEIT. The power monopoly organ, whose tac-

tics have not yet apparently succeeded in "touching" the hard Gibsonite heart. seeks to evade apologizing for its misrepresentation of the local company's power offer by asserting that the \$16 ratewhich was an option till the city decided which plan of payment and measurement it would choose-contemplated the year ly peak load system of measurement uch an attempt at excusing the falsehood is but an aggravation of the original deceit. The Herald was fully aware that this option was, at the city's choice, open "at any time" to change to the basis of a price 10 per cent. below the Hydro Commission's price, and the onthly peak load, the city to have the right "to readjust the amount to be paid by the city." Why did the organ, nstead of making that clear, attempt to onceal it, and mislead its readers by omitting to note its very existence? Why did it, after mentioning the offer of \$16 power "to be measured according to the yearly peak load," add: The Commission's contract provides that the measurement shall be by the monthly peak load, which will enormously reduce the cost"? What excuse for that deception? Why say the offer was not 10 per cent. lower than the Hydro price at Hamflton, when it specifically allowed for "difference in cost of transmission"

#### CHAMBERLAIN'S BIG BLUFF.

In this month's Fortnightly Review Francis Allston Channing has an appre ciative article on "Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman," in which he makes reference to Bannerman's position on the Boer war, and relates how the late Prethrough his foolish bungling and bravahe embroiled the country in war with the Transvaal, needlessly causing the specifically to exclude the Chinese. Far

of money. In dealing with this incident Mr. Channing says:

He always "played the game." His sense of fairness was not restricted to his own party. A bright light was thrown on his sense of honor by his sword play with Mr. Chamberlain on Mr. Robsom's amendment to the address in 1904. For four whole years Sir Henry had scrupulously abstained from a crushing retort he might make to Mr. Chamberlain's bitter sneers and vehement denunciations, because it was confidential. When a few unguarded words of challenge and rash taunts gave the chance at last, Sir Henry blandly asked, "Does the right hon. gentleman refer to the conversation I had with him at that time, and the correspondence that followed, and will he absolve me from any condition of confidence in regard to it? Mr. Chamberlain, visibly disconcerted, had to assent. Next day the country learned that Mr. Chamberlain had tried to get the Liberal leader to accept joint responsibility in 1899 for the military measures with which he was backing up his "new diplomacy." Mr. Chamberlain had naively urged: "You need not be alarmed. There will be no fighting. We are playing a game of bluff." Yes! a little bravado, and he would get his way with the muddle-headed and easily intim idated Kruger!

A few light touches as courteous as they were unanswerable, and Mr. Chamberlain stood convicted of having involved the two countries in loss and misery by inconceivable miscalculation.

We all know how the "game of bluff" ended. How the country, yes, the em-

ended. How the country, yes, the empire, was plunged into a miserable, costly war, one in which defeat often brought ridicule if not diagrace and how even victory brought little honor or satisfaction. Through this "game of bluff" many of Canada's sons sleep in African graves. When the history of the Boer war comes to be written, it will be shown that it was brought about register!

The Opposition is now quite at sea. In Saturday's Mail and Empire its political awashbuckler, "Flaneur," who never al.

#### EDITORAL NOTES,

nous to Sir Wilfrid do not strike Poronto Saturday Night, whose sympe thies are entirely Tory, as worthy being taken seriously. It says, "the sweep made in the provincial contest has little significance in Federal politics. The forces line up in quité a different way for the Dominion elections."

It was recently discovered that nearly New York school children were or of starvation-not merely in poverty that may be termed a depriva tion of luxuries, but actually lacking food to sustain life. And the funds necessary to fill the stomachs of these little ones for months would cost les than the self-denial of rich New Yorkers entertainments for a single night.

Even that ironclad Tory organ, the Vancouver Sunset, asks why Sir Hib-bert Tupper quarrelled with the Victoria Conservatives. It hints that the answe "if truthfully given without abridge ment, would involve a recitation of the facts in the Green-Caron scandal. It would place Mr. Borden and Sir Charles in the position of condoning graft on the Pacific and denouncing it on the Atlantic." That wouldn't trouble them

Mr. Henderson, M. P., so far forgot nimself on Friday as to refer to the Government as a "grafting Government" Called upon to apologize, he declared: "I did not intend to use the expression in an offensive way. I would not have thought that any one in this House would have felt hurt if the term bad been applied to himself." Mr. Henderson should understand that in the United States the courts have held that the ap plication of such a term is distinctly li eHous.

The Huron Expositor announces that the recent vote in that county was much smaller than that of the Provincial election of 1905, the decrease in the three ridings being 1,414 votes. Of this '1'es crease, 769 are from the Liberal side ad 645 from the Conservative. In South Huron there was a decrease in every municipality, save Hensall, where, by a peculiar coincidence, the vote was exactly the same as at the last election except that the total stood reversed as is affected the parties.

Its wheedling insinuation, abuse and ntimidation—even its terrible verbal club, "Cataract aldermen"-having failed o prevent the Council from deciding to refer the street railway and power natters to the ratepayers, the cheeky Herald now turns from its bulldozing and pretends to defend the aldermen, using them as a sort of moral umbrella The aldermen need no defence "in this matter. They are doing right in trusting the people and avoiding the false position into which the Herald sought o drive them.

The many friends of the late Harry Collins, Supreme Treasurer of the I. C F., will hear of his death with deep regret. He succumbed to a long-standing complaint, the fatal ending of which could hardly be a surprise to those who knew of it. It was unfortunate, how ever, that the official business with which he was connected should have been the subject of controversy in his last hours, It is comforting to know, however, that of the salary reductionter, but affected the office-the dying

The Toronto Mail and Empire inter prets a recent Order-in-Council requiring all Asiatic immigrants to have \$200 in their possession, except in the case of mier unmasked Chamberlain in the immigrants from those countries with House of Commons and showed how which the Government of Canada has made special arrangements, or those condo in connection with his new diplemacy cerning whose countries special statutory regulations exist, as being designed structionists, or perhaps, kow-towing in turn to each of the leaders of the gang Mr. Channing says:

| Additional protection against turn to each of the leaders of the gang Mr. Channing says: general language, but India is the only country to which it will opply.

Again has sworn evidence dissipated another of Mr. Ames' "scandals." That gentleman charged the Government tug, Storm King, was sent from Chicoutim to Quebec for coal, thus making the cost \$1 more than if the coal had been bought at Chicoutimi. Mr. Tache, Government engineer, swore that the trip to Quebec was made for other supplies not for coal alone, and that therefore there was not a dollar loss caused there by. He also showed that there was difference of no less than \$21 a day be tween the actual cost of operating the tug and the figures stated by Mr. Amer manufacturing his scandal!

The eminently fair (?) and independ ent (?) Toronto News holds up its hands in horror at the disclosures of Judge Cassels' inquiry into the Marine Depart ment, and declares: "It is the system deliberately maintained by the Govern nent in order to strengthen the party organization and feed fat the wing, of mercenaries which supplies the corruption fund for elections." It does not trouble our mendacious contemporary to make such a statement with the full knowledge that the inquiry was set on foot, and is being pressed by the Government to expose and punish any wrong

The Herald seeks to excuse its course in refusing to retract falsehoods, intended to boom the Hydro scheme, by accusing the Times of denying that the opened in Toronto on Saturday,

cost of transformer stations was in-cluded in the Hydro estimates. That is but another of the Herald's half-truths That certain transformer station esti-Times has again and again published. The municipality contracting stipulates the voltage and the commission (sec. 8 of the draft contract) builds a transformer station, whence the power at the approximate voltage is delivered. After that, the commission is done with it. It charges all the cost to us, of course, no matter how much it may be, and adds it to the price. But we cannot have from it power at several voltages, and the transformation for every separate requirement must be done by the city and at the city's expense. If we stipulate for power at 60,000, 20,000, 5,000 or 2,000 volts and any power for use at a higher or lower tension than the one named is required, we must do the transforming, providing the plant and conducting the operation. We cannot look to the commission; it will not do the work or bear the cost and loss it

## Our Exchanges

Sure. (Toronto News.) To make a city healthy and beautiful a paying investment.

What Blake Is. (Toronto Telegram.)

Samuel Hume Blake is not always right. He is always himself. Mr. Blake is a real original human document in an age of shams and imitations.

#### Is a Bachelor

The Canadian Courier prints a lot of gush about Mr. Bourassa and describes him as clasping his wife's hand in view of the public on election night in Montreal. The pretty little story is pure fiction, as Mr. Bourassa has no wife, and press, had one and never had one.

#### Has No Use for the Farmers.

(Toronto Globe.)
While Mr. Foster's desire to aid the manufacturers at the expense of the farmers is widely known and even proudly declared, it is surprising that he should attack the policy of aiding the western farmers through the banks during the recent monetary stringency.

#### Simon Fraser as the "Sun."

Simon Fraser as the "Sun."

(R. E. Gosnell, in Victoria Times.)
Ned Stout, at Yale, the discoverer of
Stout's Gulch, on Williams Creek, hale
at 84, who went up the Thompson River
among the first miners in 1858, talked
to an Indian chief about the first white
man he had ever seen. Many, many
moons ago three white men and a party
came down the Fraser River. He referred to them as "The Sun, the Moon
and the Stars." The Sun was undoubtedly no other than Simon Fraser himself, the first explorer of the river now
bearing his name. The chief was an old
man then, and it would have been fifty
years before the first gold rush, the
hundredth anniversary of which will be
celebrated at New Westminster this fall
during fair time.

My Lady's Lid.

#### My Lady's Lid. (New York World.)

(New York World.)

My soat!
Where did you get that hat?
Who ever did
Invent a lady's lid
Like that?
Who ever did
Invent a lady's lid
Like that?
It has a serve to roll it got
And stretch it thore and more,
From centrepiece to rim, until
It errords from ghore to shore.
And Mkewise lifts its summit up,
On birds' and other wings,
Above the earth until it scrapes
The clouds and other wings,
Above the earth until it scrapes
The clouds and other things?
Who sadded to this wondrous width
Of brim, so that the space
Could ceasily secanmodate
An automodate
An suconodate
An suconodate
The time of the season of the season
On earth or in the sky,
A flat of wide-extended plain,
A mountain towering high?
Cut widee doors for her to get
Inside of any place.
And put the ceiling on the roof.
To give her nodding space.
Breet upon the ground,
And shove the wide horizon back
To let her turn around. Push up to clouds to let her stand
Brect upon the ground,
And shove the wide horizon back
To let her turn around.
Oh, weirdly, witching, woosy hat
That fishetens out and towers—
Whoever saw a thing like that—
A pancake filled with flowers?
A hat contagious—apreading? Yee,
That names the Merry Wid.;
And she who fails to catch it should
Slip out and change her lid.
Gee whis! And what scat! Where did she get that hat? An Example From Japan.

An Example From Japan.

(Weekly Sun.)

A detachment of Russian soldiers left
Harbin last week, at the invitation of
the Japanese Government, to take part
in the dedication of a monument erected
by Japan to Russian soldiers who fell
in the defence of Port Arthur.

It is but yesterday that Japan was
classed among the barbarous Astions:

classed among the barbarous nations; the echo of the shots fired in her war

classed among the barbarous factions; the ech of the shots fired in her war with Russia have barely died away; and still there is to-day, on Japanese territory, a monument, erected at the expense of that country, to Russians who fell in the late, war, and other Russians have been incited to join in the eremony of dedication.

The people of the United States and Canada consider themselves in the very fore-front of civilization. They speak the same language and are joint heirs in the religious and moral traditions of a thousand years. It is almost an even century since they faced rach other on the field of battle. Still, a proposition by an American association to erect a monument at Fort Erie to the United States soldien who fell there in 1813 has called forth a fierce cry of protest in this country.

The mere statement of the facts seems to carry with it all the comments necessary.

#### FOUGHT BATTLE. Sagan, Indo-China, June 22 .- An en

gagement took place between the French forces and a band of Chinese reformers at Banmang on June 19th. Details of the encounter are lacking.

#### CHINESE FLEET.

ernment to expose and punish any wrongdoing that might be found to exist, and
to purify and improve the departments.

Amoy, June 19.—Admiral Sah, commanding the Pei Yang squadron of the
Chinese navy, is at Amoy with the cruiser Hai Yung, making preparations for
the reception of the American battleship

# BANK OF HAMILTON

#### Selecting

Bank

The Bank of Hamilton has long been recognized by the citizens of Hamilton as an ideal institution for the safe custody and care of savings and temporarily idle money.

It has all the advantages that go with a Capital and Reservo of five million dollars, and total assets of over thirty million dollars. The Head Office and General Management, also the control and direction of this large fund, centre in Hamilton, where depositors are personally familiar with the reputation and the conservative manner in which the Bank is conducted.

This fact alone has been considered of sufficient importance by many thousands of our citizens to cause their selection of the Bank of Hamilton as the depository for their money. The Directorate and Chief Officers are also well-known as successful, conservative business men.

These points are submitted for the consideration of prospective patrons, when selecting a bank for the deposit of either small weekly savings, or the larger sums incidental to business transactions.

Branches open Saturday Evening, 7 to 9 P. M.

#### HEAD OFFICE-CORNER KING AND JAMES STS CITY BRANCHES

Corner Sherman Ave. and Barton St. Corner King and Wellington Sts

Corner James and Barton Sts. Corner York and Queen Sts.

### CORPUS CHRISTI

CELEBRATED.

IMPOSING CEREMONY AT ST MARY'S CATHEDRAL YESTERDAY

Churches-Collections for the Hos-

All the magnificent splendor and eremony with which the Catholic Church observes its great feasts attended the Corpus Christi celebration tended the Corpus Christi celebration yesterday and particularly was this true at St. Mary's Cathedral, nearly two thousand people kneeling in reverend adoration on the lawn at St. Joseph's Convent, while his Lordship Bishop Dowling officiated at benediction of the blessed sacrement. The interior of the cathedral, the high altar ablaze with beautiful colored electric lights, banked with flowers, and the sanctuary draped with festoons of red, white and gold, presented an imposing picture. Immediately after the low mass, celebrated by Rev. Father Leyes, the procession with the cross bearer, acolytes, sanctuary boys, choir low mass, celebrated by Rev. Father Leyes, the procession with the cross bearer, acolytes, sanctuary boys, choir boys in their surplices, the Catholic societies and men of the parish, the first communion children, the girls in spotless white; the Young Ladies' Sodality, flower girls, His Lordship under a golden canopy, carrying the Blessed Sacrament, and the women of the parish, marched to the convent lawn.

into the convent grounds. The temporary altar on the southwest corner of the lawn was elaborately decorated with colored lights and flowers. With the green trees for a background it presented a magnificent spectacle as the clergy in their robes of office, the children carrying sacred banners and chanting appropriate hymns marched through the gates. The grounds were decorated with the papal and chanting appropriate hymns marched through the gates. The grounds were decorated with the papal colors, white and gold.

Following Benediction of the Blessed Sacrement the procession returned
to the cathedral where benediction was again celebrated

At the 9 o'clock mass a large class of boys and girls made the first Holy Communion and in the afternoon were enrolled in the scapular.

In each of the other Catholic Churches the Blessed Sacrament was carried in procession, the c singing hymns and carrying

banners.

In St. Joseph's Church at High Mass the Blessed Sacrament was carried by Rev. Father Englert and the canopy bearers were Messrs. M. Malone V. Edwards, M. Cooper and D. McCarthy. In the afternoon Bishop Dowling confirmed a class of 46 children, who in the evening renewed their vows. His 'Jordship cangratulated the children, and the priest, Rev. Father Holden, in the way the members of the class answered the questions.

A very impressive ceremony took.

first communion children, the girls in spotless white; the Young Ladies' Sodality, flower girls, His Lordship under a golden canopy, carrying the Blessed Sacrament, and the women of the parish, marched to the convent lawn.

Before leaving the cathedral, Rev. Dean Mahony made a brief reference to the feast, which, he said, was an external profession of the belief in the real presence, the glory of the Catholic Church. The Corpus Christi procession was no mere secular par-near him. The procession was fol-near him. The procession was folprocession was no mere secular parade, but a great act of religion.

Members of the Catholic societies formed a guard of honor while the procession marched over Sheaffe street under a beautifully decorated arch.

Members of the Catholic societies formed a guard of honor while the procession marched over Sheaffe street under a beautifully decorated arch.

Howers, occupied the place of honor will be held in November. The septender. It is expected elections will be held in November.

The recount in St. James' Division ended in adding nine to Bourassa's majority.

British Columbia schools will hoist the Union Jack every morning.

What Time Is It?

What time is it?
Time to do well—
Time to Hye better—
Time to Hye better—
Give up that grudge—
Answer that letter—
Shat kind word to sweeten a sorrow, on that kind deed that will live till to-more-

Time to try hard
Time to try hard
In that new situation—
Time solid under ton
Solid under ton
viving up needlessly, changing and drifting,
aving the quicksends that ever are sifting.

What time is it?
Time to be thrifty,
Farmers, take warning—
Plough in the springtime—
Sow in the morning—
ring rain is coming, zephyrs are blowing;
eaven will attent to the quickening and
growing.
Time to count loss—
Lessen expenses,
Time to look well.
To the gates and the fences;
sking and mending, as good workers should,
utting out evil, and keeping the good.

What time is it?
Time to be earnest,
Laying up treasure,
Time to be thoughtful,
Choosing true pleasure;
ing setern justice—of truth being fond,
ting your word just as good as your bond.
Time to be happy,
Doing your best
Time to be trusted.
Leaving the rest:
The set on the set of the set of

#### An Apple Blossom.

Laurier may make a tour of the west in September. It is expected elections will be held in November.

Tuesday, June 23, 1908

Don't Overlook Our

# Our Summer Clearing Sale

This great sale now going on with a swing that means that people are getting bargains every time and coming back for more-Don't forget that besides everything in hot weather goods on sale, there is our clearing-out sale of Dress Goods. All kinds of Dress Goods and Silks at sacrifice prices.

### Wash Suits at a Sacrifice

Beautifully made garments that are the perfection of cut and style, on sale at these prices:
\$5.00 Suits for ... \$1.95 \$6.50 Suits for ... \$2.95 \$7.00 Suits for ... \$3.95 \$10.00 Suits for ... \$4.95 Women's Dress Skirts \$6 for \$3.39

#### Made of Panamas and Worsteds in brown, navy, green and black, all made in the very newest styles; worth \$5.00 to \$6.00, on sale for each \$3.39 Embroideries on Sale

25 and 29c value, on sale for Embroideries worth 40c, for 25c; 35c, for ... 20c Embroideries, 25c, for 15c; 15c, for ... 7½c

### Notion Department Clearances

rough Department Clearances	
Veilings worth 25c, for 1	5e
Bibs worth 20c, for 1	Oc
Collars worth 25e, for 1	5e
lose Supporters worth 25c, for 1	0e
landkerchiefs worth 10c, for 121	40
Wash Belts worth 25c, for 1	Se
Wash Belts worth 35c, for	9e

#### Bargains in Blouses

 

 Lawn and Print Blouses, worth 75c, for
 39e

 Lawn and Mull Blouses, worth \$1, for
 69c

 Lawn Blouses, worth \$1.25, for
 79c

 Lawn and Mull Waists, \$1.50, for
 95e

 Lawn and Mull Waists, worth \$3, for
 \$1.95

 Bargains in Women's Underwear

White Underskirts, embroidery and lace, worth \$1.25 and 

#### Men's Underwear on Sale

Men's Balbriggan Underwear, worth 50c, on sale for 35c Men's Silk Underwear, worth \$1.00, for . . . . . . . . 49c

#### Staple Department Bargains

Sheeting, 72 inches wide, plain unbleached, worth 20 Table Linen, 64 inches, cream, worth 45c, on sale for Bleached Table Linen, worth 70c, on sale for per ye