

## CANDIDATES TAKEN BY THROAT IN QUEBEC

Have to Sign a Traitorous Document or Go in Peril of Their Lives—Hon. Mr. Sevigny Upon Refusal Has to Fly for His Life.

Quebec, Nov. 11.—Henri Bourassa, leader of the Nationalist party, was in Quebec today and conferred with his lieutenants here. It was decided not to oppose the candidacy of Lucien Cannon, a Laurier Liberal, in Dorchester county after Mr. Cannon had signed the following statements:

"I, the undersigned candidate for the Liberal deputation, by these presents, agree, if I am elected, to exact the immediate suspension of the Military Service Act of 1917, and of all its effects, until the Canadian electors have been consulted by a plebiscite, and, should the majority of the people condemn conscription in this referendum, I agree to require that it (the Military Act) be considered as void and without effect from its very origin, and that in consequence the conscripts be liberated from service and discharged.

"I also agree to vote against any Government that would refuse to adopt the above mentioned policy."

Lucien Cannon has signed this engagement, but Mr. Sevigny flatly refused to affix his signature to it. It is understood this statement from the Nationalist party will be presented to every candidate in Quebec.

Sevigny Refused Hearing.

Firing revolver shots and smashing every pane of glass in the Hotel Andet at Saint-Anselme, where the Hon. Albert Sevigny had retired after being refused a chance to speak a single word at the meeting of some 15,000 electors of Dorchester and surrounding counties, the population of Dorchester county manifested warmly against the Union candidacy of Mr. Sevigny this afternoon. This evening the trouble had subsided, but everyone was hot in the determination of keeping Sevigny out of the riding, not only during the campaign but on ballot day also.

Both Messrs. Lucien Cannon (Liberal candidate in the riding) and Ernest Lapointe, M.P. for Kamouraski, were heartily applauded by the meeting at St. Anselme, and, considering the fact that St. Anselme has always been the Conservative stronghold in the county, one may easily gauge public sentiment there in the present electoral campaign.

There were at St. Anselme at 2 o'clock this afternoon, when the meeting was called, fully fifteen thousand people. In all, six Liberal

speakers took part, and each one was warmly applauded. Armand Lavergne, the Nationalist, was also one of the speakers, and he stated that in this campaign he was, in the name of the Nationalist party, in favor of the candidacy of Lucien Cannon.

When the trouble started at the very opening of the meeting, George Dussault, Prefect of the county, was chosen to preside. The meeting opened in front of the Audet Hotel, the Conservative headquarters in the town. It was there that Mr. Sevigny attempted to speak, but the crowd would not hear a word from him. His very appearance at the railing was the signal of a spontaneous outbreak of cries: "Judas!" "You can't cheat us any more!" "Iscaiot!" "You have sold the blood of your own!" "Down!" Outsiders declare this was the spontaneous cry of thousands of men, and that it could not have been caused by a set or organized interrupters.

Appealing for Hearing

Lucien Cannon, the Liberal candidate, when the trouble broke out, came to the railing and asked the people of Dorchester to at least hear Mr. Sevigny, but the people would not have it. Mr. Lapointe, another Liberal speaker, asked the crowd to keep silence, but they kept on shouting "Down with Sevigny! He has sold the blood of our sons!" After the tumult had lasted twenty full minutes Mr. Cannon again rose and asked the populace if they would listen to the Liberal speakers. The cry of all was: "Speak, speak; but we won't have Sevigny!" Mr. Cannon then started to speak, but Mr. Dussault and the proprietor of the Audet Hotel told him that they would have no Liberal meeting at their place, so the assembly moved over to another place. The Liberal speakers included Lucien Cannon, Ernest Lapointe, L. J. Gauthier, late M.P. for St. Hyacinthe, J. N. Francoeur, M.P. for Lotbiniere, Lacteur Roy, advocate, Onebaca City; Eugene Dussault, Alderman, Quebec city.

From what is heard in other centres of Dorchester county, Mr. Sevigny stands no more chance of being heard elsewhere in the riding. After the window smashing at the Hotel Andet, it was said the Hon. Mr. Sevigny had escaped by the back door and motored to Quebec city, but late inquiries at all local hotels and in St. Anselme failed to locate him. It is surmised he will leave St. Anselme some time to-night and will proceed to Ottawa.

## SALT'S FINE FOR KIDNEYS, QUIT MEAT

Flush the Kidneys at Once when Back Hurts or Bladder bothers.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well known authority. Meat forms uric acid which clogs the kidney pores so they sluggishly filter or strain only part of the waste and poisons from the blood, then you get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, liver trouble, nervousness, constipation, dizziness, sleeplessness, bladder disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts, or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular in passage, or attended by a sensation of scalding, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any reliable pharmacy and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them into activity, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder disorder. Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia water drink which all regular meat eaters should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.

## U. S. STRIKE-BREAKING PLAN.

(Associated Press)

Sydney, Australia, Nov. 12.—American strike-breaking methods were used for the first time in Australia during the general strike of 50,000 men against the "American Taylor System" which marked the month of August in New South Wales. But there was this difference, here it was done not by a corporation but by the government of the state, and the strike-breakers were volunteers—men and women—some of whom refused to accept the pay offered. Rural residents flocked to Sydney by hundreds and the situation presently became practically one of the country against the city.

Leaders of the strike were prosecuted by the National Government, headed by the Acting Premier, George W. Fuller. Some of them are awaiting trial on charges of conspiracy or sedition. Fifty odd Industrial Workers of the World were arrested and most of them were sent to jail for six months. This is the extreme penalty under the Unlawful Associations Act lately passed by the Federal Parliament.

## CHURCH IS DESPOILED

(Associated Press)

Mexico City, Nov. 12.—Properties the value of which will reach several million dollars, held in the names of private individuals, have been taken over by the government on charges that in reality they belong to the Catholic church and that the persons in whose names they stand are pretended owners. Under the new constitution, all church property becomes property of the nation. The properties are located in the state of Puebla, Durango, Michoacan and Jalisco.



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## GUELPH TOOK FINAL GAME

Defeated Galt by Closest Score of Rugby Season.

Galt, Nov. 12.—Guelph Collegiate Saturday afternoon at Dickson Park won a hard-fought game from G. C. I. A. and thereby are winners of this district of the Interscholastic League and the Hamilton cup, and are now in line for the Junior O. E. F. U. semi-finals. The score was 7 to 1, and the feature of the game was the splendid exhibition of the locals after their recent bad defeat at Brantford.

Both teams played their best. Guelph scored in the first quarter on a drop-kick, while Galt did not tally until the second quarter, when a kick to the dead-line gave the locals their only point. A kick to the dead-line and another drop-kick by Carroll gave the visitors four more points in the second half. Both lines were about the same weight and both teams tackled well. Meyers, of Galt, had his knee strained, while Hunter Wilson, also of Galt, had his arm broken. The teams:

Guelph—Half-backs, Sleming, Nunn, Carroll, Smith; quarter-back, Creelman; wings, Charlesworth, Buckland, McNally, Wilkinson; Colburn, Hays, McKel, Pequegnat, McNeven.

Galt—Half-backs, Herbert, Kress, Wilson, Meyers; quarter-back, McFadyen; wings, Gardiner, Fink, H. Sneyde, MacKendrick, Risk, Lunn, Moss, A. Sneyde and Kress.

Referee, P. Munro, Toronto. Umpire, J. Carley, Galt.

## Courier Features

Special features which are of interest to the whole family are published daily in The Courier. They include:

"Side Talks," by Ruth Cameron.

Daily Pattern Service.

"Rippling Rhymes" by Walt Mason.

That Son-in-Law of Pa's.

Good-Night Stories for Children.

"Zimmie," the Wise Owl.

The Serial Story.

Overseas War Pictures.

Recipe Column.

The Merchants Corner.

War Menus.

No other newspaper in Ontario gives a free four-page Colored Comic Section on Saturday.

## WORKERS DEMAND REPRESENTATION IN PEACE COUNCIL

Report of American Federation of Labor is Submitted To-day.

Buffalo, N.Y., Nov. 12.—Demand for "adequate and direct" representation of wage earners at the world peace conference is made in the annual report of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor, submitted to-day to the Federation in convention here. The report declares that the world war "must wipe out all vestige of the old conceit that the nation belongs to the ruler."

Questions raised by the war occupy virtually the entire report. No room is left for doubt that the United States Government has the unanimous support of organized American labor in the war, and it is asserted with equal emphasis that the vital interests of the average citizen demand that he have a voice in the readjustments to come with the dawn of peace.

Optimism over labor achievements in the last year is tempered with a warning that benefits obtained from emergency opportunities must be based on principles of human welfare and not the result of taking advantage of the nation's necessity. Freedom of expression is upheld, but the report says those who abuse the freedom of the press to undermine the nation's free institutions should be punished as traitors.

President Wilson's war address to Congress is included in the report, with the declaration adopted by a meeting of union officials last March when it was seen to be inevitable that the European conflict would spread to America. Under the heading "Labor and the War," the report says:

"Under all circumstances it is the duty of any Government to protect its people against wilful and wholesale murder. . . . A people unwilling to make the supreme sacrifice in support of the Government, which undertakes to make that principle good are undeserving to live and enjoy the privilege of free, democratic Government."

The duty of wage-earners in the war is emphasized particularly in the section of the report devoted to "Peace Terms," which advocates an international agreement to secure peace and the settlement of the present war without "vindictive" indemnities or territorial changes. The section says:

"It is an imperative duty from which there is no escape that wage-earners as well as all other citizens of this Republic and our Government in its righteous effort to defend principles of humanity and to establish democracy in international relations. Because we desire permanent peace it is our duty to fight and sacrifice until these purposes can be achieved."

"When nations can send representatives to negotiate peace terms in accordance with this concept, we maintain that the basic provisions of the peace treaty should be formulated with regard to the rights and welfare of the men, women, and children constituting the nations rather than the Governments of the nations. The Government should be only an instrumentality of the people instead of dominating and actuating their lives. This terrific war must wipe out all vestige of the old conceit that the nation belongs to the ruler or Government."

"We hold that the same principles should apply to relations between nations and that secret diplomacy should be replaced by diplomatic representatives responsible to the people of their own country and received by either the Parliament of the country to which they are accredited or by a representative of the people, responsible to them."

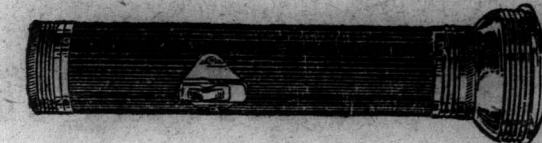
"Working people have never been properly represented in diplomatic affairs. The future must be constructed upon broader lines than the past. We insist, therefore, that the Government of the United States provide adequate and direct representatives of wage-earners among the plenipotentiaries sent to the Peace Congress, and urge upon the labor movements of other countries to take like action."

"We urge the adoption of the following declarations as the basis upon which peace must be negotiated."

"1. The combination of the free

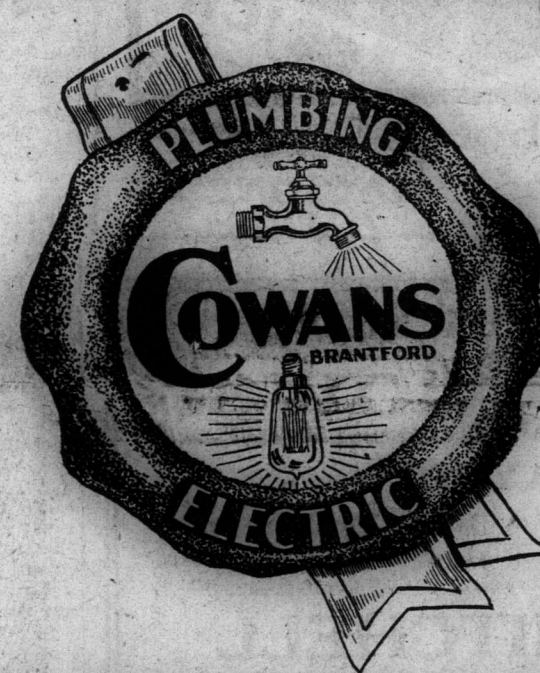
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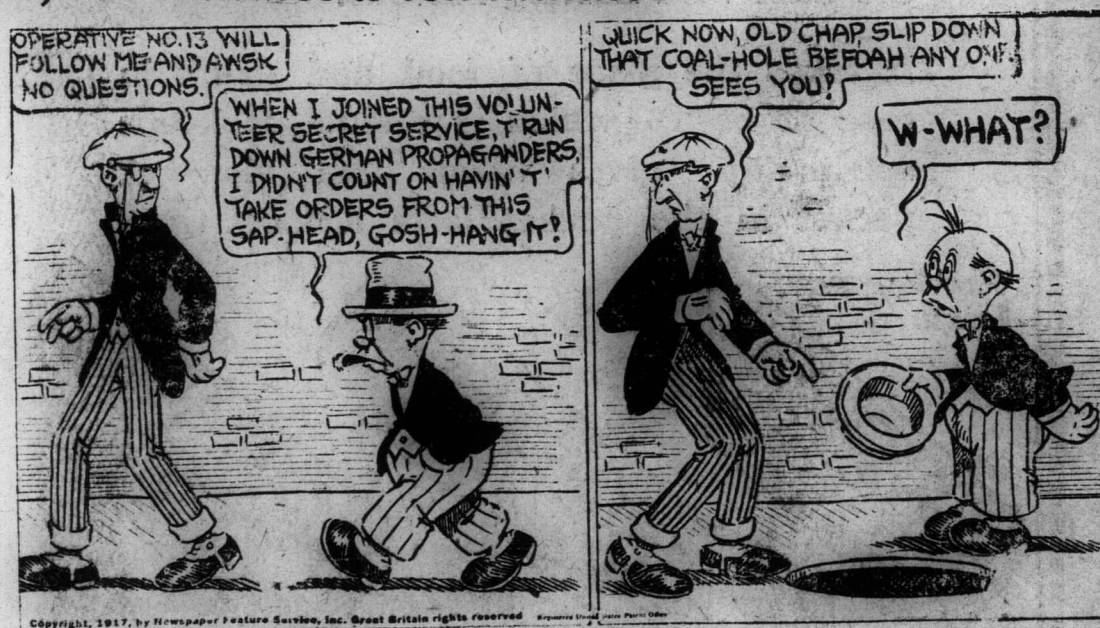
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