MANUFACTURES

OF THE

MISPECK MILLS, - - St. John, N. B.

ALL WOOL GOODS, viz:

HEAVY and LIGHT GREY CLOTH; HEAVY GREY and SCARLET FLANNEL;

MISPECK TWEED.

Heavy Grey Blankets.

ALSO:

FIRST CLASS COTTON WARPS.

The above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best materials, and warranted to give satisfaction.

☞ ORDERS FROM THE TRADE RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

☞ Warehouse—Reed's Building, Water Street.

sep 11—1yd&w J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

To Cash Purchasers and Close Buyers.

WE OFFER VERY LIBERAL TERMS TO

Store Keepers, Mill-Men, Lumber-Men, Tailors, Auctioneers, Fancy Good Dealers, Toy Purchasers, Jewellers, Milliners, Peddlars,

And all Persons Purchasing for Cash, or short time, are invited to inspect our Stock, which is complete in all departments, has been personally selected on the best terms, with great taste and good judgement, the goods are offered at the lowest living profit, with extra inducements to the above.

EVERITT & BUTLER,

Wholesale Warerooms, 55 and 57 King Street.

BUY YOUR

Sewing Machines

FROM THE MANUFACTURER, AND

Save Twenty Per Cent!

BUY YOUR

SEWING MACHINES

Where you can get them Repaired!

MACHINES SOLD

—BY—

Weekly Investments!

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

PARTIES desirous of purchasing can be thoroughly INSTRUCTED at their houses FREE OF CHARGE.

J. D. LAWLOR,

MANUFACTURER OF

The Singer Family, Singer Manufacturing, J. P. Howe and Lawlor

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!

82 KING STREET.

All kinds of Sewing Machines Repaired and Improved.

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THE DAILY TRIBUNE

Is issued every afternoon from the office,

No. 51 Prince William Street.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE $5 per annum in advance. SINGLE COPIES two cents.

REGULAR CARRIERS will deliver the paper to subscribers in the City, at their places of business or residences, immediately after it is issued.

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS can secure the DAILY TRIBUNE (postage pre-paid) at $6.20, or $5, postage paid at office of delivery.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE

Is issued every TUESDAY MORNING, and mailed in time for the early morning trains, East and West.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE ONE DOLLAR, invariably IN ADVANCE. POSTAGE must be paid at the office of delivery.

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following are the rates charged for Transient Advertisements in THE TRIBUNE

For Advertisements of Governments, Corporations, Railway and Steamboat Co.'s and other public bodies,—for Theatres, Concerts, Lectures and other public entertainments, first insertion, 80 cts.; each subsequent insertion, 40 cts. For ordinary mercantile transient advertising, first insertion, 60 cts.; each subsequent insertion, 20 cts. Advertisements of

Employment Wanted,
Help Wanted,
Agents Wanted,
Rooms Wanted,
Articles Lost,
Articles found,
Houses to Let,
Lectures,
Removals,
&c., &c.,

Inserted in condensed form, not exceeding five lines, at 25 cts. each insertion, and *five cents* for each additional line.

Marriage Notices, 50 cts.; Deaths 25 cts.; Funeral Notices 25 cts., for each insertion.

Contracts for advertising

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS;

GENERAL BUSINESS; LAND SALES, ETC.,

for long or short periods, may be made at the counting room, on the most liberal terms. TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS, when the advertiser is not a yearly one, MUST BE PREPAID.

☞ Advertisers in THE DAILY TRIBUNE will insure proper display and accuracy in their advertisements by sending the manuscript to the counting room, 51 Prince William street.

Merchants, Manufacturers and others are respectfully solicited to consider the claims of THE DAILY TRIBUNE in the distribution of their advertising patronage. THE TRIBUNE has already secured a large circulation in the city, while the sales on the afternoon trains, East and West, are not exceeded by any other Daily.

M. McLEOD, BUSINESS MANAGER.

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART.....EDITOR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., NOV. 5, 1872.

Monetary Matters—The Banks and the Crisis.

The air is still thick with rumors of financial failure, and the strongest firms are not implicitly confided in. Firms that have had money on deposit for years are now called upon to pay it over. Those who hold merchants' notes anxiously wonder whether the drawers will fail before the notes are due. The bank clerks scan every check sharply, and make sure that there is money enough to the credit of the drawer to meet it before it is accepted. The principal kerosene importers, Messrs. Bullock & Masters, give notice that they will part with no more oil except for cash. Those who attempt to collect small bills find the greatest difficulty in doing so, as even those who have more money than is required to meet their engagements, hold on to it for some insanely conceived notions of business prudence. The withdrawal of money, the disposition to hold it, and the trembling caution of the banks, turn the ordinary fall tightness into a financial crisis of more than ordinary severity. The banks have made the most money by the inflation of trade that has rendered this crisis possible, and they only will escape without losing by it. The majority of business men who discuss the financial situation condemn the banks for aiding in the inflation of gigantic commercial bubbles in seasons of general confidence, and then ceasing to blow the moment difficulties present themselves. Our monetary institutions should not join a conspiracy for floating a great mercantile speculation, and then abandon their fellow conspirators in the hour of danger. Months ago the best informed mercantile men in St. John informed us that the banks, or some of them, had aided in promoting and carrying on an enormous mercantile speculation, into which many innocent parties had accidentally drifted, deceived as to the soundness of the transaction by the apparent confidence reposed in the operators by the Banks, and that if the Banks shut down on the speculators, as then seemed probable, the commercial standing of the city would be injured and many legitimate traders ruined. The Banks are, in a great measure, responsible for the ruin that has been wrought to some and the distress that has overtaken others, and they are selfishly looking to nothing but the keeping up of their dividends and stock premiums.

The I. C. R. R. Opening.

The public have been rather anxiously looking for an announcement giving the programme of a celebration on the occasion of the opening of the Intercolonial to Halifax. This subject was treated by our correspondent, X, some days ago, and is the burden of many inquiries that have been addressed to us. It now seems quite probable that nothing will be done, as there appears to be no one to pay the bills, and no good and sufficient reason for glorifying any one in particular. If the road could have been opened just before the elections we should have seen one of the grandest demonstrations ever witnessed on a railway; but that was not possible of accomplishment. Now the Ministers are holding daily Cabinet meetings in Ottawa, and are not foolish enough to waste time and money when no elections are to be influenced. The merchants of St. John are hard up for money, and feel no very great elation because Halifax has got railway connection with the rest of the continent. Why should they? We can't speak authoritatively for Halifax, but presume that the public-spirited sons of that great city are saving their money for the purpose of getting up a tremendous reception for the Governor General when he goes there to live next summer. They are a far-seeing race, those Halifax people, and take stock in the future.

On the whole, there seems to be no doubt but an attempt to celebrate now would result in a miserable failure. In this dismal season, this moneyless period, this ante-election date, attempts at eloquence would sound flat, enthusiasm would be rebuked as sternly as levity at a funeral, and even champagne corks would refuse to pop. Then let the celebration be quietly postponed until next summer, when the Banks will be eager to lend money to any body, when the Ministers will be enjoying their vacation, when everybody will be only too happy to join in celebrating something. The smallest favors are thankfully received by the happy, and the greatest are accepted as matters of course by the miserable. By all means postpone the formal opening of the railway between St. John and Halifax until next summer.

The New York papers of yesterday do not agree on the political prospect in the Empire State. The *World* appears confident that Greeley will carry the State. The *Herald* says that Kernan's nomination was a mistake, and that Grant and Dix will carry New York by a large majority. The *Times*, the organ of the administration party, charges that at a secret conference between Apollo Hall and Tammany Democratic leaders, on Tuesday night, it was definitely arranged that the latter would drop Lawrence for Mayor and support O'Brien, and the former should throw their Presidential vote for Greeley. If such a bargain should be carried out in good faith, Gen. Dix would probably not secure the Governorship. The *Tribune* philosophically points to the good Greeley and Brown have already done in bringing the Democratic party to the acceptance of Republican principles.

The Banks of Canada.

The Toronto *Mail* gives the official returns of the Banks of Canada, placing the returns for May, the last date before the monetary disturbance begins, in comparison with those of September, as follows:

	Sept. 30th.	May 31st.
LIABILITIES.		
Capital authorized,.....	$53,316,666	$46,566,666
Capital paid up	44,157,490	41,662,318
Circulation....	$24,442,451	$21,244,945
Public deposits.	47,724,270	46,761,214
Government deposits.....	9,857,371	10,268,230
Due other Banks.....	4,539,909	3,048,391
Sundries.....	42,709	21,031
Total.....	$86,586,715	$81,343,811
ASSETS.		
Specie and Provincial Notes	$12,873,064	$13,349,406
Notes and cheques of other Banks.	3,877,895	3,973,17.
Due from other Banks in Canada.....	1,575,803	1,239,767
Due from Banks not in Canada.....	9,715,939	12,604,750
Total available assets.....	$28,041,702	$31,217,094
Stocks of and loans to Government.....	$1,909,273	$1,880,897
Loans to Corporations.....	2,319,082	1,542,414
Discounts.....	104,990,386	95,482,697
Overdue notes.	2,212,330	2,330,546
Bank premises and Real Estate.....	2,589,474	2,578,470
Sundries.....	1,774,406	1,424,484
Total.....	$143,836,652	$136,466,702

The *Mail* calls attention to the fact that the amount of Canadian gold being used in New York, chiefly for facilitating speculations in gold, has gone down three millions since 1st of June. This item remained undisturbed, except by increases, at about thriteen millions, from September, 1871, to May last; since then it has gradually fallen to the average it maintained in 1870, when it first rose to the enormous proportions it has so recently assumed. Up to 1870, the banks were accumulating funds rapidly in a far higher ratio than the demand for accommodation. Their difficulty was an *embarras des riches*. To utilize, therefore, deposits they could not employ in the ordinary course of a bank's business, they turned their attention to New York, where opportunities for the employment of money are more frequent and profitable than in the quiet ways of Canadian trade. The custom thus originated had no effect upon the trade of Canada; its whole influence was confined to adding a certain additional amount of profit to the banks following it. Now, however, owing to the remarkable development of Canadian enterprise since 1870, the banks are finding an exact counter-experience to that they had up to two years ago. The deposits outrun the demand for money; and deposits have all but ceased to flow in, while the drain out has become a flood. The gold consequently at present locked up in short loans to New York speculators, is so much abstracted from the sphere of its legitimate use, and Canadian merchants have to pay a bonus for the use of funds which their fellow Canadians have placed in the banks at their service.

The *Mail* thinks we are pretty well through the stringency for the present and congratulates the country upon the singular steadiness with which the pressure has been borne. The banks hold now of overdue paper $1,211,000; last year at same date they held $2,031,000, the increase being less than ten per cent of the increase of discounts in that period. The crops are being very slowly realized, hopes apparently being entertained that wheat and flour will rise, owing to potato crops failing in Great Britain, which is by no means unlikely. The importance of this esculent may be judged by its yield being in Great Britain and Ireland about *six million tons* per annum, of which it is affirmed one half is destroyed. The season keeps very open, making some amends for the backward spring, and everything betokens a winter of more than ordinary activity in those operations which its utmost rigour is unable to stop.

NEW YORK ITEMS.

The following items of news were telegraphed from New York yesterday:

Over thirty horses have so far died on Staten Island alone.

Henry Clews has taken initiatory steps for five libel suits against the *Tribune*.

A Baltimore special says that not a single vehicle was seen on the streets yesterday.

Almost the usual number of horses are on the streets this morning, though many of them are badly running at the nose.

Only four car lines were running in the city yesterday. All have suffered in Brooklyn. A dummy engine is to be put on the Bleecker street line to day.

Last night Frederick Silva, of Marshall street, Brooklyn, struck Patrick Brady over the head with a gun barrel, smashing his skull for insulting his (Sisva's) wife.

There was not so great mortality yesterday as on Saturday, but many deaths from the disease began to show in Brooklyn. There were new and alarming symptoms attended by swellings of the legs, discharge of blood from nose and ulcerated throat. Twenty deaths are reported.

John Harley, sentenced in May, 1870, in Brooklyn for robbery, and Geo. Thompson sentenced last September in New York to five years for burglary, escaped from Sing Sing during Saturday night. Both are desperate notorious characters. The entire police and detective force here are on the alert for them.

NOTES AND NEWS.

A servant girl wants to know if the "overland route" is a vegetable anything like rutabaga or Yellow Aberdeen.

Victoria C. Woodhull and Tennie C Claflin have been granted one more of the male rights they demand for woman—they have been arrested on a charge of libel.

The Lord Chancellor of England made an example of two quarrelsome magistrates, who had been punching each others noses on the bench, by removing them from the Commission of the Peace.

The Toronto *Mail* maintains that there is circumstantial proof that the arrangement by which Mowat became Premier was cut and dried before Blake left for Europe, and that consequently the Bench has been degraded by this collusion with ambitious politicians.

The Pope has resolved to defend the cause of the Church of Geneva against the decree of the Swiss Government forbidding the exercise of his Episcopal functions within the Swiss territory by the recently appointed Bishop Mermillod.

An apostate and backsliding Mormon organization has been formed at Salt Lake City, and is called the Utah Liberating League. It is taking strong hold on the people, and is spreading rapidly. Its efforts are directed against the powers of the priesthood of the Mormon Church.

A General Conference of Jews is in session in Berlin. The delegates of Roumania have laid before it the condition of their people in the Principalities. They propose to petition the Roumania Chamber for full civil and political privileges, and state that the proposition of emigrating en masse to America has been abandoned.

Extracts from a Blue Book issued by Secretary Fish are printed, which deny the assertions made by Sir Stafford Northcote, to the effect that the American Commissioners gave the English Commissioners to understand that the indirect claims arising from the Alabama outrages should be excluded from the case at Geneva.

Somebody in Kansas attempted to inclose a public road which ran through his farm, and somebody else said, "it was one of the plainest cases of highway robbery he ever heard of." In these degenerate days in which wit and humor are supposed to consist mainly in bad spelling, we ought to be thankful for even such a small favor as this.

At Evansville, Illinois, Sunday, while a baptism was being administered in a Baptist Church in the presence of a large congregation, a portion of the floor suddenly gave way precipitating half of the assembly 14 feet to the ground. Only four or five were badly injured. One lady received severe internal injuries and one man had his foot crushed; several others were slightly injured.

A despatch from Sheffield, Eng., at noon Monday reports some rioting in that city, and the police had arrested five of the ring leaders. The despatch does not say what was the cause of the disorders. The demonstrations against the closing of saloons in Liverpool during certain hours of Sunday were renewed last Sunday. At one place in the city the crowd of dissatisfied and thirsty mortals numbered 10,000.

A Monday's dispatch from London says: The election for members of Parliament for Tiverton to fill the vacancy caused by the elevation to the Judicial bench of Hon. George Denman, is proceeding to-day. A dispatch from that town at 1½ o'clock this afternoon, says that the balloting is being conducted amid great excitement, and a vigilance committee has been formed by both parties, to watch the polls, and see that no unfair advantage is taken. One voter dropped dead from heart disease. The Liberal candidate is the right Hon. W. N. Massey. The Conservatives are supporting J. W. Waldrand, who has previously sat for the borough.

The bankers of the Pennsylvania oil regions have held two meetings relative to the plan recently adopted by the convention of producers to control the market for crude oil. The plan consists of the formation of an agency, with a capital stock of $1,000,000, through which the entire production is to be bought and sold with ample storage, restraining production when necessary. It is believed that the price of oil can be maintained at $5 per barrel. The bankers offer their support and willingness to co-operate in the scheme, and at their last meeting resolutions were unanimously adopted expressing confidence in it. The local papers severely criticize the movement, and the producers are somewhat divided in their opinions, rendering its success as yet uncertain.

Murder and Vengeance.

A WOMAN KICKED NEARLY TO DEATH—HER SON STABS THE VILLAIN WITH A BUTCHER KNIFE

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.

John Radley, a notorious ruffian, who has for years been a terror to the well-disposed inhabitants of the Seventh ward, while in a state of gross intoxication, went into the grocery store of John McTierney, 221 Cherry street, about eleven o'clock Thursday night, and became engaged in an altercation with Mrs. McTierney, kicked her in the stomach, causing her to give premature birth to a child, and was in turn stabbed in the breast with a large butcher knife in the hands of John McTierney, a son of the injured woman.

Radley, who lives at No. 3 Pelham street, staggered into the store and demanded of Mrs. McTierney, who was behind the counter, some goods. These she refused to give him, knowing he had no money with which to pay for them. Radley became greatly excited at being refused the desired articles, and after heaping innumerable imprecations upon the woman ran behind the counter, and dealt her several murderous blows with his fist, and finally kicked her as above stated. The poor woman, who had been pregnant four or five months, broke away from the ruffian and rushed, screaming with pain and terror, into a back room, where sat her son reading an evening paper. Radley followed her, and on entering the door, was met by the son, who seized a knife and plunged it into the villain's breast. Radley at once rushed into the street, where he was found bleeding profusely by the police. Returning to his mother, who had thrown herself on a lounge, John found her suffering great pain and on the point of fainting. He procured water and bathed her face, which done he immediately went in quest of a physician. On returning he found two officers in the store, and to them he gave himself up. Soon after his mother gave birth to a child, and her condition is now so critical that the physicians despair of saving her life.

Radley was removed to Bellevue Hospital, where his injuries were pronounced to be of a very serious if not dangerous nature. Yesterday morning the son was taken to the Essex Market Police Court, and committed by Judge Shandley to await the result of Radley's injuries. During the day a reporter visited him in his cell and had a few minutes conversation with him. He is a mere lad of eighteen, appears exceedingly bright and intelligent, considering the community in which he lives, and has about him none of the rowdy or loafer. His eyes told plainly that he had been weeping, and his countenance, as well as his whole demeanor, indicated great mental suffering.

"McTierney," said the reporter, "this is a sad case of yours."

"I know it, sir; it is sad because of my mother, but as for the part I took in it I don't see how I could well help myself. Do you know how my poor mother is? Will she die?"

As he asked the question his eyes filled with tears and his voice choked. The reporter expressed a hope that the poor woman would survive the injuries she had received, and, by way of diverting the youth's mind from her suffering, asked him if he intended to kill Radley when he stabbed him.

"No, I did not intend to kill him, although I was, as you may imagine, greatly enraged," said McTierney. "He is a desperate character, and I knew it, and had I killed him I don't think I could be seriously blamed for it. Of course I will be kept here some time, but I have every confidence in my lawyer, Mr. William F. Howe, who will, I know, finally get me out of the difficulty. I sent for him this morning, and when he came and heard my story he offered to take the case without any fee whatever, saying I had done nothing more than was clearly my duty, and that if I had killed Radley I would have been justified."

LOCALS.

For a list of Agents for the sale of the DAILY TRIBUNE see first page.

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, or TO LET, see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Peaches, Pine Apples, Salmon, &c.—Purves & Moore
Insolvent Act of 1869—Wm. Pugsley, Jr
Furs, Furs—A. L. Starratt
Knitted Wool Goods—Manchester, Roberston & Allison
Watches and Jewellery—G. H. Martin
Public Notice—J. Howe
Kerosene Oil—A W. Marsters
Labrador Herring—T. G. Geddes
Vessels Wanted—Scammell Bros
Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine—S. B. Scott & Co
$100 Reward—
Insolvent Act of 1869—C. N. Skinner
Notice—Cudlip & Snider
Cheese—Masters & Paterson
Dulce do
Boy's Alpine Hats—D. Magee & Co
Auction Sales.
Farm Stock—W. D. W. Hubbard
Red Rasberry Canes, &c. do

Brevities.

Frosty nights and crispy mornings must remind our readers that fur goods will soon be in season. Mr. Starratt, in his advertisement to day, informs them where to find a good assortment of everything in that line.

Now ready, finely executed Lithographs of the Cathedral of Immaculate Conception, St. John, published by and for sale at the office of the St. John and Halifax Lithograph Company, 1 Church street. 3i

Apples by Auction.

A large quantity of apples in barrels were disposed of by Mr. W. A. Lockhart on the Market Square to day, at from $1.40 to $1.80.

Forced Open

The doors of Mr. Amos Patterson's store, on the South Wharf, were found open early this morning, by Sergeant Dobson, having been forced from the hinges. Nothing is missed from the store.

Coal.

There is a large supply of coal in the market, and vessels continue to arrive with further supplies. Several new coalsheds have been established and others enlarged since last winter, so that there is every prospect of an abundance until the spring.

The Last Farewell.

Prof. Stone positively takes leave of St. John to-night. The price of admission to the entertainment is only twenty five cents, and several valuable presents will be given the lucky ones.

A Lively Imagination.

Mr. John I. Wilson may or may not be a novelist, but he was certainly gifted by the Creator with imaginative faculties of the highest order if the apparition of a man with a pistol at a woman's head, robbing her of her watch, seen by him on Sunday night, was nothing but two young women coaxing their intoxicated brother into the house, as the *Telegraph* states. We learn the matter to be discussed by Mr. Wilson and the *Telegraph*.

Advertise in the DAILY TRIBUNE.

The News of the Week.

The WEEKLY TRIBUNE, published this morning, contains full accounts of the burglaries and other events in St John, an epitome of the crimes, casualties, political and commercial events of the world, and editorial articles upon the various subjects of present interest. Subscription price: One Dollar a year.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Complimentary benefit to Professor Stone, Tuesday evening, Nov. 5th.

Subscribe for the DAILY TRIBUNE, *and have it delivered at your residence every afternoon.*

Pianofortes and Organs.

We would invite the attention of our readers desirous of procuring a good musical instrument to call at the Music Store of Messrs. Landry & McCarty, 44 King street, where they will always find a large and varied stock of first-class pianofortes and organs at the most reasonable prices.

The "News's" Little Joke.

The *News* has a fine sense of humor, and regards the narrow escape of Mr. Rigby from drowning as a joke. We are glad to see Mr. Rigby on the street again, and know that he has quite recovered from the shock.

The circulation of the DAILY TRIBUNE *is rapidly increasing.*

Snow on the Saint Croix.

Our Border correspondent writes: The first snow of the season made its appearance on Saturday evening, when it snowed one quarter of an inch. The nights are very cold.

The new paper, the St Stepben *Journal* is expected to make its appearance on Tuesday.

Cordwood.

There is a fair supply of cordwood at the Slip, at from $6.50 to $7 per cord. The scarcity of cartage, however, prevents many from laying in their winter supply, and detains the schooners much longer than at ordinary times. The horses are beginning to make their appearance on the streets again, and it is therefore quite probable that in the course of a few days cartage rates will be brought down to their usual standard.

Read the advertisements in the DAILY TRIBUNE.

Curing a Hippomalarious Horse almost Instantly.

A country horse that had been suffering from the distemper was driven into the city last evening and put up, by its owner at the Fountain House. Shortly after taking a feed of oats it was seized with violent cramps, and suffered great agony. Blistering and various other remedies were applied, but without relief. This morning, after a consultation between Drs. Greene and Bunting it was deemed advisable to kill the animal, which was done by bleeding, and the poor beast was quickly relieved from suffering by his humane attendants.

The Market Slip.

Business on the South Market Wharf is brisk to-day. The supply of apples is unusually large, and prices range much lower than at this time last season. From $1 to $4 is asked per barrel; Average No. 1 being $2; Gravensteins $4. Potatoes bring $1.75 for Early Rose, per barrel, and $1.40 per bushel in bulk, for Carters; the supply is small, and quality only ordinary. Turnips are selling at 40 cents per bushel, and carrots 45 cents, fair quality, but poor supply.

The Victoria Skating Rink.

At the annual meeting of the Shareholders of the Victoria Skating Club, held yesterday afternoon in the President's office, the following gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing season: W. F. Bunting, O. T. Stone, C. S. Scammell, W. H. Sinnott, B. Boyd, C. McLauchlin, Jr., P. P. Clarke, A. B. Sheraton and Dr. P. R. Inches. The yearly report was read before the meeting. The affairs are in a highly satisfactory condition, but in view of projected improvements on the building no dividend was declared. A meeting of the Directors took place this morning, when Mr. Bunting resigned from the Directory and Mr. G. Fred. Ring was appointed in his stead. W. H. Sinnott was afterwards unanimously elected President, and W. W. Street was reappointed Sec'y Treasurer.

The "Scud."

This fine boat since she has been put on the route between this port and Annapolis has made her trips in excellent time. She arrived here last evening at 7.30 o'clock, having made the run in 3 hours and 51 minutes. She leaves again to-morrow morning at her usual hour.

To Transient Advertisers.

The large and steadily increasing circulation of the DAILY TRIBUNE warrants us in recommending it to merchants and traders generally, as a first class advertising medium. In order to secure as large an advertising patronage as we believe the TRIBUNE deserves, we are induced to offer specially advantageous rates during the approaching holiday season, for terms of one or two months, with or without weekly changes.

Country Market.

[Corrected weekly for THE TRIBUNE.]

TUESDAY, Nov. 5th.

Butter, Rolls, per lb.....	24c. a 28c.
Butter, packed, "	20c. a 22c.
Lard, "	14c. a 15c.
Eggs, per dozen.....	22c. a 28c.
Oats (Prov) per bushel.....	50c. a 52c.
Oats (P. E. I.), "	52c. a 55c.
Potatoes, Kidney, "	80c. a 100.
Potatoes, "	60c. a 80c.
Cheese, Dairy, per lb.....	13c. a 14c.
Beef, "	5c. a 6c.
Mutton, "	5c. a 7c.
Lamb, "	6c. a 8c.
Pork, "	7c. a 8c.
Chickens, per pair.....	45c. a 70c.
Geese, each.....	60c. a 75c.
Turkies, per lb.....	14c. a 16c.
Ducks, per pair.....	60c. a 70c.
Peas, per bushel.....	80c. a 90c.
Beans, "	$2 00 a $2 50
Beets, "	60c. a 70c
Turnips, "	50c. a 60c.

The Wheeler and Wilson Machine.

We notice that Messrs. S. B. Scott & Co., of Montreal, have opened a branch office in the Academy of Music building in this city, for the sale of new improved Wheeler and Wilson Sewing Machines, and as will be seen by reference to our advertising columns they are now opening out an immense stock of these justly popular machines. We understand this company (the Wheeler and Wilson) are now manufacturing between five and six hundred sewing machines daily; that they have sold between *seven and eight hundred thousand*, and that notwithstanding their large production the popularity of this machine is so great that the manufacturers are continually nearly *twenty thousand* behind their orders. We advise our readers to make an early call upon this establishment. 1i

The DAILY TRIBUNE *is not excelled as a city advertising medium.*

☞ $50 IN GOLD, a beautiful Gold Watch, and Two Barrels of Flour will constitute the grand presents at Prof. Stone's farewell seance on Tuesday evening, November 5th.

The "Gold Hunter."

We have received the following fuller information than that given in our telegraphic columns in reference to the schooner "Gold Hunter":

ROCKLAND, ME., Nov. 4.

The schooner "Gold Hunter," Captain McNaughton, from St. John, N. B., for New Haven with lumber and laths, arrived here on Saturday in distress. Three days previously the mate was knocked overboard by jibing of the main boom in a storm, and while endeavoring to rescue him Captain McNaughton was caught by the rope and sustained a severe compound fracture of the leg two inches above the ankle. On arrival here prompt surgical attendance was secured, but it is possible that amputation may be necessary. The mate was rescued having received some severe bruises but no serious injury.

☞ PROF. STONE will give his last farewell seance under the distinguished patronage of his friends in particular, and the pubic generally, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 5th.

The Wind-Bound Fleet Arriving.

The large fleet of vessels bound for this port and detained by the north easterly gale which has prevailed during the past week, are beginning to put in an appearance. Eight, consisting of 1 ship, 5 barks, and 2 brigantines, arrived at the Island this morning, and a large number of others are hourly expected.

Merchants' Exchange.

The following despatches were received at the Exchange yesterday:—

Montreal, Nov. 4th.—Liverpool breadstuffs market firm. Flour 30s. Red Wheat 11 4d a 12 3d. Corn 29s. 3d. Cotton 10d.

Consols, London, 92⅞ a 92⅞.

New York—Flour market firm demand, 5 a 10c better.

Wheat, $1.52 a $1.59.

Corn 65 a 66 cts.

Pork market dull, $15.40.

Grain freights to Liverpool 9d.

Receipts of flour 24,000 bbls; sales 10,000.

Receipts of wheat 146,000 bushels; sales 220,000.

Sugar, Cienfuegos, 9½c; Porto Rico, 9⅞; English Islands, 10c.

Receipts of Corn 180,000 bushels; sales 170,000

Montreal—Flour market firm, 10 to 15c higher.

Ordinary Canada and Welland Canal Superfine, $6.20 a $6 25; Fancy $6.50 a $6.60; Extra $6.90 a $7.10

Receipts of flour 4,000 bbls; sales 5,000.

Oats 32 a 35 cts; Barley 52 a 57 cts.

Chicago.—Market quiet. Spring Wheat $1.08.

City Police Court.

Arthur Gough, 21, for breaking in the door of Harriet Page's house on Brussels street, fined $20.

Charles Lester, 21, drunk on Charlotte street; fined $4 or 5 days Gaol.

Geo. Dixon, 30, drunk on Main street; fined $4.

The Chief of Cracksmen Caught.

Capt. Irving, of the New York detective force, made an arrest at Hackensack, N. J., Thursday, the subject of which deserves a place in the annals of skilful and successful thieves. Gustave F. Kindt, a Belgian, reached New York with a youthful French wife twelve years ago, and being an excellent watchmaker, obtained employment with Wheeler, Parsons & Co., in Franklin square. In 1867 their safe was robbed of $12,000 worth of jewelry, and no trace of the thief could be obtained, as Mr. Wheeler was the only man who had the combination. The firm then built a factory in Brooklyn, and in 1869 they were again robbed of $23,000 in jewelry, and, as before, no clue could be obtained to the guilty party. Two detectives were then employed, under pretence of being watchmen in the factory, and engaged to keep an eye on the employes. Kindt soon unfolded to one of them a proposition to rob the safe, and the detective seemingly fell in with the plan. Kindt proposed to the firm to board up a stairway near the safe, in