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MANY DEMOCRATS WANT PROHIBITION PLANK

Fight of Temperance Men Likely to Excite Denver Convention

Southern and Western Delegates Expected to Favor the Movement--Bryan Shies at Anti-Injunction Clause--Governor Johnson Wants First Place or None--Vice-Presidential Candidate Keeps Politicians Guessing.

Denver, Col., June 29.—The fight over the anti-injunction plank in the Democratic platform is not the only struggle in which the committee has resolutions and possibly the convention itself may be involved. It developed today that the prohibition question is to be brought to the front and that a desperate effort will be made to have a plank declaring in its favor placed in the platform. The prohibition movement will be headed by General James B. Weaver, of Iowa, who demanded of the recent Democratic convention of that state, that it declare in favor of prohibition. General Weaver and his followers were not successful in their efforts in their own state, but not daunted by their failure have made arrangements to bring the matter up before the Democratic national convention. They claim, moreover, to have strong backing from a number of delegations from the southern states which have recently passed prohibition laws and it is declared confidently by General Weaver's adherents that if the Democratic national platform does not contain a prohibition plank, it will only be for the reason that the hardest of fighting has been unable to secure its adoption. The anti-injunction plank continues to provide a large amount of discussion among such party leaders as have already arrived for the convention. While opinions differ as to the exact nature of the plank which should be adopted, all are of one mind in saying that it shall be a definite and specific statement. Such members of the national committee as have discussed the matter are a unit in saying that the wording of the anti-injunction plank shall leave no possible doubt in the mind of any reader as to where the party stands on this question. It is now generally believed, however, that the anti-injunction resolution will not provide for trials by jury in cases of contempt of court, or favor in any way measures which might be regarded as interfering with the prerogatives of a federal court.

WANTS FIRST PLACE OR NONE

Des Moines, Iowa, June 29.—"I am not going to Denver," said Governor Johnson in an interview here today. "I propose to tend to my own knitting and run the state of Minnesota in the best possible way and do a little Chautauque work on the side. However, I will be represented at Denver. Mr. Day, Mr. Myers and other good political and personal friends of mine will be there. They will attend to my interests, if you call it interests."

Mr. Johnson addressed the Chautauque Assembly here tonight. The friends of Mr. Bryan say that such of his critics as are already expressing themselves in favor of a radical anti-injunction plank are fighting the air. The plank has not yet been written; it has not been drafted and its form is still a matter which is under careful consideration. It is said to be the desire of Mr. Bryan to consult as many of the prominent members of the party as is possible before any decisive action in formulating this resolution is taken.

LONGBOAT WILL COMPETE IN THE OLYMPIC RACES

Canadian Indian Has 130 Competitors, Comprising Ten Nationalities.

(Special to The Telegraph.) Montreal, June 29.—The Star's London correspondent cables: I have been officially informed that Longboat's entry into the Olympic games is not in doubt as the eligibility of the Canadian for the Olympic games. He will be pitted against a hundred and thirty competitors, representing at least ten nations, Belgium, Bohemia, Finland, France, Germany, Holland, Hungary, Italy, Norway and the United Kingdom.

MANY IMMIGRANTS ARRIVE AT HALIFAX

Mostly All Hungarians and Austrians, Bound for Sydney and the Canadian West.

(Special to The Telegraph.) Halifax, June 29.—The Hamburg American liner, *Armenia*, arrived today from Hamburg with a big passenger list, mainly Hungarians and Austrians. A few Russians and a number of Roumanians were included in the crowd. The immigrants are chiefly farm laborers destined for Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. They go forward tomorrow. About 300 go to Sydney, the 283 returned by the immigration department to be in the possession of each immigrant has an effect on immigration.

AN ONTARIO BANK CASHIER FOUND DEAD FROM BULLET WOUND

Toronto, June 29.—(Special.) V. E. Denison, son of the late Col. Fred. Denison, of Toronto, and cashier of the Imperial Bank at North Bay, was found in his room above the bank, shot through the head, at North Bay, today. He has been in poor health, but his accounts are in good shape. It is not known whether it is a suicide or accident.

FOREST FIRES DO GREAT DAMAGE

Two North Ontario Towns in Danger of Being Wiped Out

MINES SUFFER, TOO

Many Buildings at Cobalt Diggings Destroyed--Haleybury Church Congregation Met and Prayed for Rain, and Then Went to Fighting the Flames. (Special to The Telegraph.) Haleybury, Ont., June 29.—A dozen houses in Haleybury were burned Saturday afternoon and the buildings of half a dozen mining properties situated in the forest fires that have raged throughout this portion of Temagami district for the last several days. The buildings of Columbus-Coleman Development, Calumet-Lundsen, Cochrane, Progress, Fisher-Epelt and Erie Mining properties comprise the Cobalt mines that suffered, together with the hotel house and another building. The buildings of the Robbester-Belger, Temiskaming and Beech-er were saved by hard fighting through the night. The buildings destroyed in Haleybury were all small residences in the south end. Cobalt lent sister town assistance in the shape of additional hose. Yesterday the fire was very general and as seen from a steamer on Lake Temiskaming was highly spectacular. Great volumes of smoke rolled across the lake driven by the gale, while on shore the flames shot up one tree after another and stopped only at the water's edge. Saturday afternoon the New Liskard fire brigade was wired for and their engine with twelve men and 60 feet of hose arrived about 4 o'clock. They returned home late at night, everybody thinking the fire was under control. They were asked to come back Sunday, and they brought 1,000 feet of hose. The two brigades fought the fire until 7 o'clock this morning. Sunday afternoon nearly every person in town was assisting to quench the fire. In churches no services were held, the minister in each one offering a prayer for rain and then closing. Following are chief losses:—W. McLaughlin, house and contents, \$1,000; W. Thompson, J. Watson, W. Campbell, C. Smith, J. Moore, E. Baker, J. Cole, W. Hickey, S. Brennan, E. Fournier, L. Black, J. F. Farnham. Northeast of New Liskard bush fires destroyed the saw mill of Waugh Brothers. They lost all the season's cut and their loss will amount to \$7,000.

CIVIL SERVICE BILL UP AGAIN

Laurier Decides to Bring the House and Senate Employees Under Act

MAIN EVIL REMAINS

Outside Employees Not Included, and Conservative Protest Not Likely to Bear Fruit--Oliver's Land Bill Practically Passed.

(Special to The Telegraph.) Ottawa, June 29.—The Oliver land bill was got through today, but at the suggestion of R. L. Borden it stands for a third reading, when some amendments will be discussed. Mr. Jackson (Selkirk) gave notice of an amendment to bring all of that portion of Manitoba east of Lake Winnipeg and north of township 30 under the preemption clauses. Mr. Borden suggested that the clause prohibiting employees of the department of the Interior from purchasing domain lands be amended to prevent its evasion by the organization of a company. This was agreed to. Mr. Oliver put through an amendment extending the preemption area westward to the line of the Calgary & Edmonton railway. He also proposed to protect owners of timber lands from incursions of trespassers or illegal cutting in general. Dr. Schaffner claimed that settlers living in the vicinity of timber lands had experienced difficulty in getting their wood supply, owing to the arbitrary action of timber limit owners. When the civil service bill was again taken up in committee, Speaker Sutherland made a statement regarding the attitude of the House in respect to the bill and proposed an amendment that so much of the act as relates to appointments, classification and salaries shall apply to the permanent employees of both houses and library. Mr. Gervais read a letter signed by the House reporters, objecting to being included under the act. Mr. Gervais said the bill would mean the death of the House of Commons and would be unfair, injurious and detrimental to the best interests of parliament. Mr. Fisher would not insist on curtailing the power of both houses. The government would be guided by the judgment of the members. He had understood that the proposed amendment was satisfactory to the House but it was not intended to trench upon the privilege of members. Hon. Mr. Graham received a telegram today from Sir John Weller in charge of the work of repairing the break in the Cornwall canal stating that the canal will be closed for the summer and will not be open until 300 men are employed on the work. Will Treat All Alike. The opposition members argued unsuccessfully for both houses of parliament retaining control of their own servants. Sir Wilfrid Laurier held fast to this attitude. He said a new principle was being introduced in regard to the civil service. Up to the present time every party had acted on his own judgment, but it had been decided that a commission should be appointed to select men to be appointed. What difference, he asked, could there be between officials of departments and officials of houses? There was just as much reason why competitive examinations should be in one case as in the other. The prime minister claimed that debates committee would have the same power of maintaining discipline as at present, though they would not have the same power of selection. Mr. Fisher did not think the model of the United States was a very safe one. The civil service of that country was permeated with partisanship. He agreed that members of the Canadian system ought not to be appointed because of partisanship. Mr. Monk regretted that the outside service, the most important part, had not been included. In Quebec, the outside service was filled with incompetents, men who had been appointed merely for political purposes. If a remedy were not applied to this part of the service at once the evil would become intensified. Paper Trust Outs Wages. Glen's Falls, N. Y., June 29.—Officials of the International Paper Company announced today a cut of ten per cent. in its wage scale, to go into effect August 1. Several thousand men in the company's mills will be affected. Boston Man Dead from the Heat. Boston, Mass., June 29.—Heat and humidity caused the death at the Relief Hospital tonight of Edwin Frothingham, aged 30 years, of Dorchester. Frothingham was overcome on Devonshire street. He leaves a family.

HARD DRILL BEARS FRUIT

Soldiers at Camp Sussex Manoeuvre Like Seasoned Men

INSPECTION DELAYED

Adjutant General Lassard Will Not Arrive Till Tomorrow--Army Service Corps Has Busy Time Feeding the 2,500. (Special to The Telegraph.) Sussex, N. B., June 29.—The 2,500 troops at Camp Sussex put in another hard drill today and a great improvement in appearance is noticed already. The Eighth Hussars had a particularly hard day as they had a long gallop across country this morning and during the afternoon had exercises in wheeling and turning. The artillery had the gun carriages along today and some blank shells were fired during the afternoon. Some companies of the infantry are still at the ranges and the remainder were scattered about the grounds doing company drill under the direction of their officers. Practice was given in advancing under cover with the aid of scouts on the flat between the ridge and the river. Among the trees were stationed several corps of signallers who are progressing well under expert instruction. Lined up at the musketry range were those who had failed to qualify at the range at target practice and under the able instruction of Captain Edwards they showed marked improvement in the use of the subtarget. The members of the Eighth Ambulance Corps were busy occupied in attending to the sick and other duties which fall to their lot. Owing to the serious nature of the illness of Private Sidney White, of H Company, 74th Regiment, a board of officers was called to consider his case. It was decided to send him to his home in Moncton and this was done this evening. Three members of the corps accompanied him. On the outskirts of the camp lies the detachment of engineers at work. The camp is handicapped by a shortage of officers and the present staff is hard worked. Construction of trenches, redoubts and bridges is a part of the work of the engineers. An interesting part of the camp to visit is the corner occupied by No. 7 A. S. Company of St. John's. Here the 1,200 loaves of bread eaten in camp each day are baked and the men who handle the groceries and kill the cattle to provide the meat have their headquarters. In one large room a row of boxes about four feet deep and three feet wide used for mixing. About ten barrels of flour are used each day and two permanent men from the army service corps assist Sergeant Carlisle in leading the bread. A row of bakes ovens, encased in brick, stretches for several yards and the pan and No. 3 spikes it up and gives it a toss to No. 4 and so on until the tent is reached where the staff of life is piled ready for distribution to the different companies. Today Armour Sergeant Sullivan of the C. O. C. inspected the small arms used in camp. Colonel Innes, the senior general, will arrive on Wednesday instead of today as before announced. The Eighth Hussars will parade for target practice tomorrow morning and the third horse will be given a rest. The 74th Regiment will also finish at the ranges tomorrow. The big band and singing are on tonight. Light weather conditions still prevail and tonight was almost clear, giving promise of continued fine weather.

AMERICAN TROOPS TO GUARD MEXICAN BORDER

United States Takes Action to Preserve Neutrality.

Soldiers From Three Texas Fortresses Ordered to the Field--Mexico Sends 2,500 Men to the Rio Grande to Try and Capture Revolutionary Leaders.

Washington, D.C., June 29.—There is a possibility that United States troops may be called on to arrest any of the Mexican revolutionists who may cross the border in an effort to escape from the Mexican authorities. It cannot be learned that any actual orders to this effect have been given, but the officials having to do with the matter say that every step possible is being taken to see that the neutrality law shall be enforced. Several military posts are in proximity to the border of Texas touching the state of Del Rio, where the Mexican revolutionists seem to be doing most of their work and troops may be made ready quickly for any service required of them. They include the men at Fort Sam Houston, Fort Bliss and Fort Clark. Senior Godoy, the Mexican charge at Washington today had another talk with Acting-Secretary Adair of the state department at which the situation was discussed. Mexico and the United States have an agreement whereby the troops of either country may cross the boundary of the other in pursuit of hostile Indians and this may serve as the basis for any steps that might be taken in assisting Mexico to capture the revolutionists. American Troops to Guard Border. Washington, D.C., June 29.—The War Department tonight ordered troops to be sent to the Mexican border at Del Rio and other points to maintain order and prevent any violation of the neutrality law. El Paso, Texas, June 29.—According to information from a reliable source, official advices have been received in Jaurez, across the Rio Grande from this city to the effect that the 2,500 federal troops sent to Torreon, have taken the field in an effort to surround the parties believed to be responsible for the attacks on Viesca and Hacienda Matam, etc. San Antonio, Texas, June 29.—Orders were received tonight at Fort Sam Houston from Washington calling out United States troops to guard the Mexican border.

BISHOP POTTER OF NEW YORK, IS CRITICALLY ILL

Copertown, N. Y., June 29.—The condition of Bishop Henry C. Potter of New York is tonight regarded by his physician as critical. The bishop has been ill for some time with stomach and liver trouble and in his weakened condition was prostrated by the recent hot weather.

GREAT WAR GAME FOR HOME FLEETS

The Dreadnought Takes Part for First Time in Manoeuvres to Repel Attack of German Navy

BERLIN AWARE OF PLAN

Approaching Fight Over Estimates Leads Government to Keep Hands Off Personal Quarrels of Admirals.

(Special Cable to New York Herald.) London, June 28.—The great naval manoeuvres that are to begin next week, when more than three hundred vessels will be mobilised on a war footing for a fortnight's operations in the English Channel and North Sea, will be the most interesting ever held, and the result will be watched with more than usual interest by foreign Powers. They have been designed with one great purpose in view—to test the ability of the ships in permanent commission in home waters to repel the combined attack of the German navy delivered without warning. This fact is as well understood in Berlin as here, and for that purpose the attacking fleet has been made to approximate as closely to the strength of the German navy at the present time as possible. Lord Charles Beresford is in supreme command, and a very great deal of independence is to be left to the commanding officers of the various fleets to carry out operations as seems best to them. The centre of interest on this occasion will be the Dreadnought, as this is the first occasion upon which this ship has taken part in manoeuvres under war conditions. There is a general feeling in the navy that ships of this class are not sufficiently protected from attack by torpedo boats, and these manoeuvres should go far to demonstrate the truth or falsity of this belief. The whole of the signalling stations along the coast and east coast will be manned during the manoeuvres, but nothing in the nature of attack on the coast is looked for, the ships remaining well out to sea the whole time. While on this topic, it may add that I learn the reluctance of the government to bring the quarrelsome admirals of the Channel down to their senses is due to the approach of a violent discussion that will take place over the next naval estimates. Little has been heard of this subject lately but previous arguments on both sides are being slowly arrayed, and when the season is over there will arise the fiercest and most embittered controversy that has ever taken place over the British navy. On one side there is a very large and influential section which considers that a large and immediate increase of the navy is imperative. On the other, there is a small but virulent and determined body of opinion which will fight to the last ditch against any increase in the expenditure of the navy. The authorities are fully alive to the coming of this controversy, and their caution in dealing with Lord Charles Beresford and Sir Percy Scott is due to their anxiety not to have these free to take any part in the bigger navy campaign. It is not exaggeration to say that the fate of the government depends upon this naval discussion. They are in a peculiarly difficult position. If they do consent they will be forced to a large expenditure on Dreadnoughts. If they do not consent their schemes of social betterment, including old age pensions, must be dropped. It can be imagined, therefore, with what dread the government contemplates the coming naval campaign and their anxiety not to interfere at present in the personal quarrels of popular admirals more than they can help. (Continued on page 8, seventh column.)

NEW POLICE FORCE FOR FREDERICTON

Chief Winter Likely to Have All New Men With Him--Gets License to Hunt for Hidden Fortune.

(Special to The Telegraph.) Fredericton, June 29.—Geo. H. Vroom, Dominion government civil inspector, arrived here this evening, and tomorrow, in company with S. B. Hatheway, secretary of the New Brunswick Fruit Growers Association, will go to Georgetown to hold a number of orchard meetings. The lately appointed police commissioners had an informal meeting this morning to organize. On July 2 they take control of police. Commissioners L. W. Johnston, Havelock Coy and Matthew Tennant were all present and Mr. Johnston was elected chairman. George H. Winter has been chosen chief of police, a new office for Fredericton. He is a son of G. W. Winter, and was for a number of years in the Northwest Mounted Police at Dawson City part of the time. It is said all members of the present force will be replaced. Those mentioned for places on the force are "Hubb" McDonald, Fred Stevenson and Oliver Smith. Friends of Sergeant Phillips, who has been on the force for about twenty-five years, want to have him retained. While out on Maryland Hill yesterday, Byron Porter, a young boy, found three young crows. Two of them were jet black, but the other one is pure white. A farmer named Hlingsworth was in the city today with the first cultivated strawberries offered from this vicinity. They retailed at 20 cents per box. Mr. Hlingsworth said that unless there was some rain in the near future the crop will be light in this section. Hon. John Morrissey, chief commissioner of Public Works, has awarded to C. J. B. Simmons, the local contractor, the contract for the reconstruction of the Fredericton end of the Fredericton St. Marys highway bridge. Tenders closed about a week ago and Mr. Simmons' tender, which was chosen from among three, was for about \$34,000. The reconstruction will consist of three further extensive masonry piers and retaining wall abutment where bridge terminates on the existing old-work wharf. All of the new piers will be started on foundation beds rear of the existing old pier. (Continued on page 8, seventh column.)

PLATT WHEELED INTO COURT TO TESTIFY AGAINST MAE WOOD

New York, June 29.—United States Senator Thomas C. Platt was wheeled in a chair into the grand jury room in the criminal courts building today to testify in the case of Mae C. Wood, who is charged with perjury in her suit for divorce from the senator which collapsed several weeks ago. The evidence was presented to the grand jury today by assistant district attorney Gerard. Edward C. Haldy, a printer, who printed the blank forms of the marriage certificate which Miss Mae Wood offered in court filled out to prove that she had been married to the senator, testified that those blanks were not printed until three months after the date on which Miss Wood alleged that she was married. Miss Wood testified that the certificate was filled out within a few hours after the ceremony was performed. She is now at liberty under bail.

HON. THOS. BALLENTYNE OF ONTARIO DEAD

(Special to The Telegraph.) Stratford, Ont., June 29.—Hon. Thos. Ballentyne, former speaker of the Ontario legislature, died this morning at the home of his son Thomas, after an illness extending over a period of about four weeks. Mr. Ballentyne was 79 years of age and a native of Peebles, Scotland. From 1853 to 1894 he represented South Perth in the legislature of Ontario. He was known in agricultural and business circles of the country. In his connection with dairy interests, his Black Creek cheese factory being particularly noted for its product. For many years he was president of the Ontario Dairymen's Association, and latterly was honorary president.

GERMAN PRINCE ON TRIAL FOR PERJURY

Berlin, June 29.—Prince Philip Zu Eulenburg, appeared today before a judge and jury to stand trial on charges of perjury and subornation of perjury in connection with the recent scandal of the revelation of proceedings created such a sensation. The proceedings, according to the leavers engaged in the case, are likely to be greatly prolonged, but interruptions are not unlikely, given the revelation of the health of the prince. Interest in the case has been growing ever greater for months, owing to statements and allegations made by various persons, and it culminated with the arrest of Prince Zu Eulenburg, who was formerly ambassador to Austria and held the post of minister in the Netherlands. The demands to the state attorney who charges him with falsifying his oath during the course of previous suits and with falsifying and with inducing another witness to commit perjury.

MAINE REPUBLICANS CHOOSE CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR

Bangor, Me., June 29.—The names of two candidates, Bert M. Fernald, of Poland, and William T. Haines, of Waterville, will be presented for the nomination of governor at the Republican State convention, which will meet at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in the Bangor Auditorium. There has been some uncertainty as to whether Mr. Haines would appear as a candidate before the convention in view of the claims of supporters of Mr. Fernald, that the latter has a large majority of the delegates, but all doubt was removed tonight when it was announced that Mr. Haines' name will be put before the convention by Robert M. Heath, of Augusta. The friends of Mr. Haines assert that he will have the support of 450 of the 1,223 delegates entitled to vote.

WANTS NON-PARTIZAN COMMISSION

Regarding the commission, Mr. Fowler suggested that not more than one member should be an adherent of one political party. He argued that his would recommend the commission to the confidence of people as a whole. This provision was made in regard to the United States, and was just as much reason why competitive examinations should be in one case as in the other. The prime minister claimed that debates committee would have the same power of maintaining discipline as at present, though they would not have the same power of selection. Mr. Fisher did not think the model of the United States was a very safe one. The civil service of that country was permeated with partisanship. He agreed that members of the Canadian system ought not to be appointed because of partisanship. Mr. Monk regretted that the outside service, the most important part, had not been included. In Quebec, the outside service was filled with incompetents, men who had been appointed merely for political purposes. If a remedy were not applied to this part of the service at once the evil would become intensified.

Paper Trust Outs Wages.

Glen's Falls, N. Y., June 29.—Officials of the International Paper Company announced today a cut of ten per cent. in its wage scale, to go into effect August 1. Several thousand men in the company's mills will be affected.

Boston Man Dead from the Heat.

Boston, Mass., June 29.—Heat and humidity caused the death at the Relief Hospital tonight of Edwin Frothingham, aged 30 years, of Dorchester. Frothingham was overcome on Devonshire street. He leaves a family.

Spanish Prince Named Jaime.

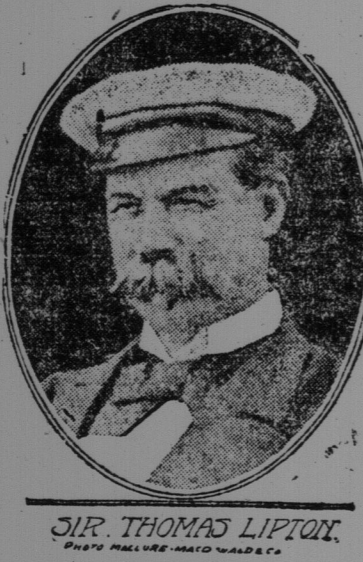
La Granja, June 29.—The christening of the infant son of King Alfonso, under the name of Jaime, took place today in the chapel of the palace here with all the pomp and ceremony of the Spanish court.

Brooklyn Doctor Suicides.

New York, N. Y., June 29.—Dr. Peter V. Burnett, a specialist in diseases of the eye, ear and throat, having an office in Brooklyn, committed suicide today by leaping from the roof garden of his house at 10th Street and Avenue C, where he was under treatment for a nervous breakdown.



Bishop Henry C. Potter.



SIR THOMAS LIPTON.