

An Invading Army of Eager Buyers Take Possession of the N. J. Lahood's Store, 282 Brussels St.

A WHIRLWIND OF BARGAINS for Men, Women and Children! Step lively on this stock, as we'll rush it off Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Furnishings, etc., NOW Being Sacrificed to Turn All Into Cash! The savings are worth making! I desire to let all and everyone know that at this unusual trade event which opened Wednesday there are prices here for these ten days carefully calculated to **SELL, to **MOVE** and to turn this stock into cash.**

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Everything Yours as Marked

Ladies' Dress Goods—In all shades and weaves. Will be bunched into lots to close out at this sale. At 25c, 18c, and 12c. yard

One Lot of Cotton Prints—in light and dark colors. Worth 12c. and 15c. Go at 9c. yard

An Endless Variety of Remnants of Dry Goods, etc., will be laid out on tables. Each piece of goods marked length and sale price.

Boys' Fleece-Lined Penman's Shirts and Drawers; all sizes, from 22 to 32 in. Your choice at this sale, 25c.

Children's Vests and Drawers—in ribbed and plain Sale prices, 25c., 20c. and 15c.

Big range of Plaid Dress Goods—38 inches wide. Go at 12 1/2c.

Boys' and Girls' Hosiery—in cotton and all-wool, Ribbed At 19c. and 15c.

Ladies' Underwear, Vests and Drawers, extra values. Bunched into two lots To sell at 42c. and 29c.

Ladies' Silk Waists—Brand new goods, right up-to-date. Go on sale while they last for 82c.

Ladies' Lawn Waists in all sizes. Worth regular \$1.00 to \$3.00. On sale at 50c., 75c., and \$1.00

Special lot of Heavy Shaker Flannels. Get your share. Worth 12c. yard Sale price, 8c.

Ladies' Underskirts—in black and colored satens and molres. Go on sale at 45c.

Big Range of Girls' Boots Marked up from 98c.

Ladies' Shoe Bargains—See the lots shown in this sale, worth \$2.25 and \$2.50. To be sold for \$1.50

Bunched Lot of Infants' Shoes Go on sale for 20c.

Big Lot of Boys' Shoes in all sizes. Many in lot worth \$2.50 and \$3.00 Will be bunched to clear out at \$1.25

Children's Fur Muffs Go on sale at 68c. and 48c.

SWEATER BARGAINS.

Special Lot of Ladies' Sizes. Go on sale at \$1.65

See the Line of Children's Sweaters On sale at 50c.

Men's Work Pants—Marked at money-saving prices. They are regular values up to \$3.50 On sale for \$1.75 and \$1.25

Men's Heavy Fleece-Lined Underwear; 60c. kind 39c.

Children's Bear Coats On Sale for \$1.25 up

Men's Penman's All-Wool Underwear. On sale for 75c.

Stanfield's Make, Shirts and Drawers for Men At 89c

Big Stock of Ladies' Nightgowns in Flannellette Will be sold at this sale for 69c., 68c. and 48c.

White Cotton—Regular 12c. Sale price, 8c.

Factory Cotton—Regular 10c. Sale price, 6 1/2c.

Heavy Shaker Blankets—Good full sizes \$1.19 and 98c. pair

282 Brussels St. **N. J. Lahood's** 282 Brussels St. **OPEN EVENINGS**



SOME MEETING! QUEEN'S RINK, TONIGHT

MEN OF ST. JOHN, YOU ARE PATRIOTICALLY INVITED TO BE PRESENT

JOIN THE PARADE, FOLLOW THE BAND!

It is everlastingly to the credit of the men of New Brunswick that they have practically filled up the 104th Battalion in such quick order. It is expected tonight's meeting will put on the finishing touches. Every fellow in Col. Fowler's command is a whole hearted friendly comrade, and the officers enjoy the fullest respect and co-operation of the men. If you want to get into this corking fine battalion speak quickly.

Speeches by Hon. J. A. Murray and Sergeant Knight

Ladies will not be admitted before 8.30

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONFERENCE

Interesting session held yesterday—Reports submitted indicate progress

The Sunday school convention was continued yesterday with sessions morning, afternoon and evening. The evening session was particularly well attended and was opened with devotional exercises led by Dr. Bond, after which he addressed the gathering. T. H. Hutchinson of the Y. M. C. A. also spoke.

A. Brown, international representative, addressed the gathering, while Rev. P. R. Hayward also took part. The meetings will be continued today.

on religious education in the St. John Public Library was taken up with the commissioners, with the result that two of the books suggested were procured and attention promised to others as funds might be available for the purpose.

Total scholars . . . 40,040 39,543 497
Teachers and officers . . . 5,002 4,962 38
Cradle Roll members . . . 3,522 2,966 556
Home Dept. members . . . 2,222 2,123 99
Grand total . . . 50,786 48,591 1,195
No. of elementary . . . 18,141 . . .
No. of secondary . . . 12,810 . . .
No. of organized classes . . . 8,592 . . .
No. joining the church during year . . . 1,222 883 339
Average attend-
ance . . . 27,410 26,820 500
The report of the treasurer was read in part and will be presented in more detail at Friday morning's session.

George Lumergan of West St. John was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detectives Barrett and Briggs on the charge of stealing rope to the value of about two hundred dollars, from the Norton Griffith Company. The theft is said to have taken place about two weeks ago and at the time was reported to the police. Monday morning the detectives noticed Abe Jacobson, a drink dealer, driving down Main street with a load of rope and suspecting that it was stolen property they learned from the junkman that he had purchased it from a man who brought it to the Straight Shore in a boat and gave the names of Hopkins and Johnston. He gave a good description of the man and when Lumergan was arrested he was identified by Jacobson as the person who sold him the rope. It is thought that after the rope was stolen it was sunk at a place along the harbor front until Monday morning when it was recovered by the person who stole it and then taken to the Straight Shore where the sale was made. The rope consisted of nearly new nine inch hawser, and a large quantity of it had been cut up into five foot lengths.

Sugar Cookies
Two cups sugar, one cup sour milk, one cup butter and lard, one egg, one teaspoon soda; flavor with nutmeg; just enough flour to roll.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
URIC ACID
GRAVEL
RHEUMATISM
DIABETES

23 THE PHARMACY

HOW TO LIVE ONE HUNDRED YEARS

Dr. Barker closes his series of lectures here—Exercises and diet.

Dr. Barker brought his programme to a close yesterday with two lectures, one to the High School students in the afternoon and the other to the Y.M.C.A. in the evening, to a very large appreciative audience. The evening lecture was considered to be the best of his campaign.

In the afternoon at 3 o'clock he addressed the High School boys and girls with a lecture which was entitled "How to Make the Most Out of Life." He spoke at length on the healthy exercises which would bring the standard of boys and girls up to the best. He advised outdoor life.

The Y.M.C.A. gymnasium was crowded in the evening and all seemed satisfied that they could hear such a brilliant address on such a subject as "How to Live a Hundred Years."

Dr. Barker began this lecture by telling that over 6,000 years ago Moses had written "Blood is the Life and only up to sixteen years ago we did not heed this important subject. He went on further to explain that there were four organs of elimination, namely, the lungs, intestines, skin and kidneys. We should be careful of these vital parts of our body and should take plenty of proper exercise to keep them in good working order.

Dr. Barker mentioned that the people of St. John need not fear the drinking water here as it was among the best of any place he had ever visited in its sweetness and purity. He also mentioned prohibition and thought that within fifteen years we would have the liquor houses all closed up.

He next gave some good advice on "How to Live a Hundred Years," and in this he mentioned that on a visit to Bulgaria some time ago he happened to find that out of five and a half millions of people there was a total of five thousand and seventy-three over the century mark and four hundred and twenty in the wonderful age of one hundred and thirty-five.

GREEK GOVT RESIGNS; DISSOLUTION PROBABLE

(Continued from page 1) The incident provoked tumult, and the sitting was suspended. The ministers retired to confer in private on the situation.

On the resumption of the sitting M. Venizelos insisted that Gen. Yanakitsas owed the house an apology for his abrupt departure, and that unless he apologized the house would be unable to continue its sitting. M. Zaimis then declared that the government considered that no apology was due from the war minister, and demanded a vote of confidence on the question. A long debate followed, in which all the leaders spoke, M. Venizelos delivering two long speeches, defending his policy and condemning that of the government. The former premier said he deplored the fact that Serbia was being left to be crushed by Bulgaria, Greece's hereditary enemy, who would not scruple later to fall on Greece herself.

Challenged by another deputy, as to whether he thought the King wished the country's destruction, M. Venizelos said: "I should have preferred not to drag the King's name into the discussion, but since you ask I will say that in a constitutional government the crown has no place in the responsibility. It is absurd to suppose that the King desires to destroy the country but our state is a constitutional kingdom and is rather a democracy presided over by a King and the whole responsibility rests on the cabinet, if you want a monarch say so openly. But your efforts will be unavailing because the country does not desire change. It is not a question of patriotism but of constitutional liberties."

"I know the King is a distinguished general but he is not equally experienced in things political. . . . If I have tolerated the present cabinet, it is because of the constitutional deadlock created by the crown's action, and the impossibility of holding elections in the present state of mobilization. . . . You are mistaking this toleration for approval of your policy with which I disagree diametrically. Instead of new elections you had better suspend the constitution until the end of the war. Then we may know exactly where the responsibilities lie."

Several members of the cabinet attacked the policy of M. Venizelos. M. Gouaris, minister of the interior, maintained that the constitution conferred upon the King the right to disapprove of a government, and he sought to justify the cabinet's refusal to assist Serbia.

A discussion of proposed military laws, the correspondent says, raised a question between the minister of war, Gen. Yanakitsas and the majority party of former Premier Venizelos. On this issue Premier Zaimis decided to ask a vote of confidence.

The discussion then turned to the foreign policy of the government. M. Venizelos declared it was impossible for his party longer to sustain the government, whose policy he considered harmful to the interests of the country.

All the party leaders engaged in the discussion. The final vote was 147 against the government, to 114. A later despatch to the Havas News Agency from Athens says that at noon today Premier Zaimis went to the palace to present to the King the resignation of the cabinet.

Athens newspapers which are opposed to M. Venizelos consider the dissolution of parliament certain.

King Intimates Greece Will Follow Roumania's Lead.

Saloniki, Nov. 4, via Paris.—According to information secured in Greek sources believed to be reliable King Constantine has assured the French minister at Athens that should Roumania join the Entente Allies or should the situation of Serbia be appreciably ameliorated by an Anglo-French offensive movement, Greece will not be unprepared to change her policy.

The reports that Russian troops are landing at Varna has made a deep impression here.

Venizelos the Idol.

London, Nov. 4.—The Central News correspondent at Athens says that after Premier Zaimis handed his resignation to King Constantine, the chamber of deputies again assembled and there was a striking demonstration in honor of former Premier Venizelos.

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A Riddle Hard to Solve.

Rome, Nov. 4.—Commenting on the Greek cabinet crisis, the Giornale D'Italia says: "Logic seems finally to have triumphed. Venizelos should return to power, but in Balkan affairs any surprise can be expected."

Rushing Work on Athens-Saloniki Railroad.

Paris, Nov. 4.—Work on the railroad being built from Larissa to Saloniki which will form a railway connection between Athens and Saloniki, is being pushed night and day, according to a Saloniki despatch to the Temps. The railroad is one of great military importance.

IMPERIAL THEATRE SEAT SALE FOR HARRY LAUDER SHOW Nov. 30 STARTS TODAY

Landry's Music Store Prices 50c. to \$2.50

OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT—AND SAT. PATELLO STOCK CO. IN "THE TWO ORPHANS"

CHARLIE CHAPLIN COSTS TONIGHT Popular Prices | Matinee Saturday

IMPERIAL'S DOUBLE BILL Jesse L. Lasky Presents That Eminent Comedian VICTOR MOORE

In E. W. Townsend's Famous Comedy of Bowery Life "CHIMMIE FADDEN" 5 REELS OF WHOLESOME HILARITY

"CHIMMIE FADDEN" is one of the most famous characters ever created. He first appeared before the public in a series of newspaper stories by E. W. Townsend. These stories became the foundation of a book which sold in vast quantities and of a play which was popular for years. "Chimmie" is a Bowery boy. He saves a rich young woman of stunning tendencies from the insults of a "master" and thus becomes a footman in the household of millionaire Van Cortlandt, accepting the position because he has become fascinated by the young lady's French maid, whom he dubs "The Duchess." The complications of the story cause "Chimmie" to be accused of burglary, but he is finally proved innocent and his love story with the beautiful lady's maid has a happy conclusion.

DRAIN NO ELECTION IN ENGLAND UNTIL AFTER THE WAR

Government Firmly Opposed to It, Lord Lansdowne Says.

NEW INCOME TAX HITS AMERICAN AGENCIES

Commons favors suspension of payment of rents and other fixed obligations of soldiers until after War.

London, Nov. 4.—The Marquis of Lansdowne, Minister without portfolio announced in the House of Lords today that the government was firmly of the opinion that there should be no general election until after the war.

The suggestion was made in the House of Commons today by Sir Alfred Mond that legislation be enacted to suspend during the war, payment of rent, insurance premiums, interest on mortgages and similar fixed obligations of men who join the army. Sir Alfred whose suggestion was received with favor, said that these charges were like millstones around the necks of many men who, except for them, would be glad to enlist.

Premier Asquith said the government fully recognized the importance of the problem and promised to consider the suggestion carefully.

American Agencies Hard Hit.

Political circles are exercised over ministerial illness with regard to the parliament act, which ordains that parliament automatically expires within ten weeks. It was expected that special legislation would have extended the life of the government until before now, yet the ministers make no sign.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Reginald McKenna today promulgated an order under which agencies of American mercantile firms operating in Great Britain will be compelled to pay an income tax on the basis of their total earnings in Great Britain, including money returned to the United States.

Hitherto these agencies have only paid an income tax on the profits expended in this country. The new tax will hit some agencies very hard, and may have the effect of discouraging the importation of what in war time are considered luxuries that cause an unfavorable trade balance. Armour and Company, the Standard Oil Company and similar firms, duly incorporated here, and paying an income tax as such will not be affected by the new ruling.

The British for some time have been grappling with the agency problem, trying vainly to force taxes from agencies which consistently showed no profits, due to the fact that goods were billed to them at Paris prices making profits impossible. It is declared, though the profit to the American factory was handsome. Agents that were seen today regarding the matter stated that they have not been advised of this new status. As a general rule, they have referred the subject to consuls.

COL. SHILLINGTON IN CHARGE OF NEW HOSPITAL AT BOULOGNE

London, Nov. 4.—(Gazette cable)—Col. Hodgette, Canadian Red Cross commissioner, interviewed today by the Montreal Gazette after his trip to France, stated that his organization now controls, besides the principal depot at Boulogne, advanced depots at each of the three general hospitals, also one at general headquarters. The latter supplies six field ambulances and one clearing casualty hospital. The Canadian organization also controls one stationary hospital and one convalescent depot at Paris, the latter supplying the French hospitals with medical necessities under the superintendency of Philippe Roy, Canadian commissioner at Paris at the front, and many of the depots, permanent buildings are replacing the tents, so that for the coming winter the prospects are for greater comfort than was experienced last winter.