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CARPENTIER VS. TOM GIBBONS

Rickard's Idea, But Frenchman's Hand Prevents.

Bout Proposed for Labor Day—Reform Bureau Seeks Prosecutions—17 Home Runs in Big League Yesterday.

New York, July 5.—Tex Rickard will make an effort to match George Carpentier and Tom Gibbons, in a 12-round bout in Jersey City on Labor Day, so the announced tonight.

Rickard said he has no intention of trying to match Jess Willard with Dempsey, as he thinks that Willard has no idea of re-entering the ring.

Manhasset, N. Y., July 5.—Carpentier will spend several weeks just following the doctor's orders, so his manager announced today.

This, Decamp, said he had no intention of making a fight with Carpentier and Tommy Gibbons in the big arena on Labor Day.

Decamp, however, said he was highly in favor of the match as soon as George's hand is healed and he has had sufficient time to train.

The defeated challenger shows no moroseness over his defeat, but is patiently waiting until he can again appear in the ring to defend his title of light heavyweight champion.

Reform Bureau Plans. Jersey City, N. J., July 5.—Details of plans for the prosecution of public officials in New Jersey were discussed today by officials of the International Reform Bureau.

The "reform" leaders, who declared they would take action in the state courts against officials who they considered had permitted an infraction of the law, met in the office of Herbert O. Gilson, attorney for the bureau.

Dr. W. F. Crafts, superintendent of the Reform Bureau, also declared that Governor Edwards violated the law as well as many other state officials.

The 90,000 spectators who flocked into the great arena also are cited by the reformers as lawbreakers.

Dr. Crafts announced that the bureau was planning a crusade against the exhibition of motion pictures of the fight anywhere in the world.

Benton Harbor, Mich., July 5.—Jimmy Kelly of Chicago won a newspaper decision over Frankie Mason of Fort Wayne, Ind., in a 10-round bout yesterday.

Montrose, Colo., July 5.—Jim Flynn, Pueblo fireman, lost the decision in the 11th round of a scheduled 15-round contest last night to Sugar Kessler, claimant of the Pacific coast heavyweight championship title.

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PERRY CASE IN HANDS OF JURY

Today Occupied With Addresses of Counsel in Yarmouth Murder Matter.

Yarmouth, N. S., July 5.—The fate of Clara Elizabeth Perry, charged with the murder of her husband, George Henry Perry, a retired sea captain, on February 26 last, will be in the hands of the jury this afternoon.

The defense rested its case yesterday afternoon and the proceeding this morning opened with an address to the jury by R. W. E. Landry, the prisoner's counsel.

He advanced the theory that Captain Perry had been followed to his home on the night of the murder by some unknown and armed robber on his own door step.

He expressed disbelief in the evidence regarding the witness in the room the prisoner had said she occupied at the approximate time the murder had been committed.

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SMUTS IN IRELAND ON PEACE MISSION

South African Premier in Dublin Today.

Expressions of Hope That Yesterday's Conference Will Have Good Results—Views of London Papers—Craig Goes to London.

London, July 5.—Reports of excellent augury have reached Westminster relative to the conference in Dublin between De Valera and four southern Unionists, says the parliamentary correspondent of the London Times.

In quarters where a few days ago the prospect of Mr. De Valera coming to London was regarded as doubtful, he adds, there sprang up a belief that the conference had changed the aspect of events and that his coming might be regarded as "not barely possible, but even probable."

The correspondent declares the optimism is due largely to information that "an earnest of good faith" the Sinn Feiners would release the Earl of Bandon.

The Earl of Bandon was kidnapped from his residence in Bantry, County Cork, by a band of armed men on the morning of June 21.

Those at the conference yesterday were: De Valera, Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein, and four Unionists, Earl Middleton, Sir Maurice Dockrell, Sir Robert Henry Woods, and Andrew Jamison, Sinn Fein's visit.

London, July 5.—The visit of General Smuts to South Africa to Ireland was not official. He is not an emissary to the government, says the Daily Mail, but he is going in response to an invitation of certain Irish leaders.

The paper declares he already has met some of these leaders with preliminary success, telling them of his readiness to act as a negotiator whenever and wherever his services are required.

The possibility is expressed by the Daily Mail that General Smuts will attend Friday's conference of Irish Republican representatives and the southern Ireland Unionists.

London, July 5.—General Smuts left Ireland last night and was expected to reach Dublin tomorrow morning.

It was understood here that the purpose of his visit was to confer with Sinn Fein and Unionist leaders on the way to a preliminary to the resumption of their conference next Friday.

Reports received here indicated that the Sinn Fein and Unionist leaders met in Dublin yesterday reaching an understanding as to matters to be discussed at future conferences.

Dublin, July 5.—General Smuts arrived in Dublin this morning and a guest of the Irish mayor here. A welcoming delegation, including the lord mayor, Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein, and R. C. B. O'Connell, M. P. for Wicklow, awaited General Smuts at Kingstown, expecting to meet him there.

Through some slip, however, they missed the general, and he motored to Dublin unnoted.

The London papers. The Dublin conference was the outstanding feature in London newspapers this morning, nearly all treating it sympathetically and emphasizing the hope that it would lead to peace in Ireland.

Comment on the meeting, however, was not devoid of a certain reserve. The conference did not affect the progress of the Sinn Fein guerrilla warfare on crown forces there.

An exception to the general trend of hopefulness was found in the editorial comment by the Morning Post which expressed an opinion that the Sinn Fein publicists. It began its editorial by criticizing the government's attitude of "resting on their laurels."

Great interest was manifested in the mission of General Smuts to Ireland, there being a difference of opinion whether it was prompted by the government, or undertaken at the invitation of Irish leaders.

Craig in London. Sir James Craig, premier of Ulster, left Belfast for London today, and it is pointed out he will have abundant time to confer with members of the government and others whom he may desire to consult, pending a decision by De Valera, respecting the proposed conference of Irish leaders with Lloyd George.

Earl Middleton, one of the four southern Unionists who took part in yesterday's conference at Dublin, arrived in London last night and it is assumed he intends to confer with politicians here during the interval before the resumption of the Dublin conference on Friday.

He declined to talk of the proceedings of the conference, saying the participants mutually had agreed to say nothing for publication at present, and added that so far as he personally was concerned he would say there was no reason to be dissatisfied with the progress made. He reiterated a statement in Dublin last night to the effect that certain decisions had been reached, but refused to indicate anything regarding their character.

As Hiram Sees It

"Hiram," said the Times reporter, "it suddenly dawned upon me yesterday that our mental horizon has widened and is still widening. For example, we are not content with the knowledge of what is going on in our immediate neighborhood. We want to know more about what people are thinking and doing all over the world. For example, I crossed the Irish Sea with General Smuts this morning, and had a word with President Harding on the question of disarmament. I took a look into Siberia, to see what the Jews and anti-Bolsheviks were up to. I saw the men going down into a mine in the north of England. I had a moment with Premier Melchiorri in France and another with the new premier of Italy. I had a glimpse of steamers carrying out of German ports with products to capture the markets in other lands. I chatted briefly with a Russian peasant on the Soviet system and with a Chinese official in Peking. Morning to some acquaintances in Tokyo and Peking, had a word with the governor-general of India, took a stroll in the streets of Calcutta, and proceeded to Constantinople."

"Well," said Hiram, "you had a busy morning. I hope it does you some good. Some fellows get so stuck on themselves that they don't know anybody else in the world."

"I trust," said the reporter, "you are not alluding to the persons who are trying to close the Continental playground."

"No," said Hiram. "The English language is a beautiful language, but it is a damned nuisance to have to learn it."

FRANK L. MORRISON.

TOBACCO FOR THE PRISONERS

All in Canadian Penitentiaries Who Were Used to It are to be Supplied.

Ottawa, July 5.—(Canadian Press)—Prisoners in Portsmouth penitentiary at Kingston are not the only ones to be allowed the use of tobacco this year. When the estimates of the department of justice were put through the House last week, a provision was made for money for the purchase of tobacco for convicts in all Canadian penitentiaries who had been in the habit of using weed previous to their incarceration.

The use of tobacco in penitentiaries was cut off in the time of Sir Oliver Mowat, twenty-four years ago, and from that until very recently none of the convicts has been in the habit of smoking a puff from pipe or cigarette.

SAY FORT NORMAN OIL VERY FINE

Did Not Freeze at 58 Below Zero—Pipe Line Believed Feasible.

Dawson, Y. T., July 5.—(Canadian Press)—Fort Norman oil is of such high grade that it did not freeze last winter, even during fifty-eight below zero weather, according to the party of seven, headed by James MacDonald, which reached here from Fort Norman on Saturday and proceeded to Edmonton yesterday to record oil claims.

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BUILDERS FOR THE OPEN SHOP

Announcement After Refusal of Albany and Troy Unions to Accept Cut and Work With Non-union Men.

Albany, N. Y., July 5.—Twenty-five Albany master builders and eight Troy contractors today announced they would conduct their business on an open shop basis. The announcement was made after the carpenters and painters' unions had refused to accept a wage reduction and to agree to work with non-union men.

About 1,000 men, who have been on strike in the two cities since May 1, were given until last midnight to agree to the employers' proposition. Their failure to accept employers' offer caused the latter to offer employment today to carpenters and painters at \$7 a day.

In their proposition to the unions, the employers offered the painters \$21-2 cents an hour and the carpenters \$7 cents an hour.

Connellsville, Pa., July 5.—Approximately 7,000 coal workers in the independent plants of the Conneville Coal region were affected today by a ten per cent reduction in wages, the second announced this year.

The new rate is about 83-1-3 per cent below the rate paid January 1, but according to coal men, some 45 per cent higher than the prevailing rate in 1912.

TOLLOF DEATH ON FOURTH OF JULY

The Usual Holiday Fatalities Greater Than Those Due to Explosives.

Chicago, July 5.—Reports of fourth of July accidents from various parts of the U. S. revealed today that, while the celebration by fireworks and fire arms took its toll of deaths and seriously injured, by far the greater number of fatalities were from drownings and automobile accidents common to all summer months. Heat prostrations also took some lives.

In New York city seven persons were drowned, one committed suicide after becoming demoralized from heat, and one heat prostration was reported, while premature explosion of fire works accounted for only minor accidents.

Chicago reported two deaths from accidental shootings, another wound. Drownings and fire killed in automobile accidents while a panic in a vacant lot when a quantity of fire works exploded prematurely led to several being hurt.

A young man accidentally shot and killed himself at Minneapolis and at Nashville, Ill., two were killed when a train struck their automobile.

NEW MAN FOR ROTHESAY ROAD

Chief Hawthorne to Put a Liquor Inspector at Work There.

The enforcement of the prohibition act in and about the town of Woodstock has not been carried on as well as it should be, so Chief Inspector Hawthorne said this morning while in the city. He had therefore appointed a new sub-inspector for the district and hoped for better results for the future.

The new official is Frank McClement, who comes to the prohibition force highly recommended by the chief of police of Woodstock, and others in authority in that section.

The chief inspector said that in other parts of the province the act was being enforced in excellent style. He said that it was the general opinion that the crowd which attended the horse races in Fredericton on July 1 was the largest and most orderly one that the city had known for some time. He said that there was not a trace of liquor during the whole day and he looked upon this in fact as a sure sign that the inspectors had the traffic well under control.

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AGRICULTURAL SUBSIDY TO END

Serious State of Britain's Finances.

Chancellor and President of Board of Agriculture Make Statements in Commons—Bill to Repeal Present Act.

London, July 5.—The serious state of the country's finances was emphasized in the House of Commons last night, when Sir Arthur Griffith Boscawen, president of the Board of Agriculture, and Sir Robert Stevenson Horns, chancellor of the exchequer, admitted the impossibility of continuing the agricultural subsidy. Each said, in effect, that the government had decided it must get rid of every vestige of the war policy of control and subsidies. The chancellor declared that he must bluntly tell the house it was impossible to continue the expenditure of this kind with the other colonial commitments.

The president of the Board of Agriculture made his statement in moving the second reading of a bill to repeal the agriculture act, passed last December, which guaranteed minimum prices to the farmer for his produce and was estimated to entail a subsidy amounting to thirty million pounds to the government.

Sir Arthur explained that the government never contemplated such a sudden heavy fall in prices, which would, if the agriculture act, passed last December, which guaranteed minimum prices to the farmer for his produce and was estimated to entail a subsidy amounting to thirty million pounds to the government.

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BAPTIST W. M. U.

An Appeal for Acadia University—Executive Session Here.

The executive of the Maritime United Baptist Women's Missionary Union held a morning session in Germain street Baptist church today.

Mrs. W. G. Clarke, of Fredericton, was in the chair. Reports of committees were read and the executive was addressed by Rev. Dr. DeWolfe, president of the Acadia Seminary, who outlined the needs and urgent requirements of the seminary and asked for aid.

The outside delegates present for the meeting were Mrs. Shurman of Wolfville, Mrs. John Seaman, Amherst; and Miss M. E. Hume, Hanterport, N. S.

A discussion of the action the women should take in assisting Acadia University, took up a large part of the morning but no definite plan of action was decided upon.

Dr. George Cutten, president of the university, addressed the executive last evening and outlined the needs of the university, and spoke of the help which the women might lend to it.

The financial report of the union showed an increase in revenues over last year, indicating a healthy growth.

North River, P. E. I., is to leave at an early date for Telega in India, while Miss Flora Clark and Miss Mason, missionaries to India, are now home on furlough.

Dr. Zella Clarke and Miss Martha Clarke, of Nova Scotia, have also arrived home on furlough from India. After the presentation of the reports of the various officers, and a short discussion of the mission band and young people's work, the meeting adjourned until this afternoon.

OIL WAR IN MEXICO

Mexico City, July 5.—Oil companies, which have closed down operations in the states of Tamaulipas and Vera Cruz without sufficient justification, were ordered to pay indemnification to employees thrown out of work by their action in a decree issued by President Obregon last night.

Although the amount of the indemnity is not stated, it is understood that all laborers would receive three months pay.

Reports from the Tampico district indicate there has been a marked cessation of work during the last week, especially among U. S. concerns.

General Gomez, commander of federal troops in that region, reported yesterday that more than 10,000 workmen had been dismissed within the last few days by foreign oil companies.

No reason for their action has been announced by the companies, but it is understood to be an act of reprisal against the recent decree increasing the export taxes on petroleum.

Reports from the Vera Cruz fields indicate British companies are speeding up operations instead of decreasing their working forces.

Coincident with reports of this situation in Northeastern Mexico, some dispatches from the State of Tabasco, their south, report that several oil gushers have been discovered there within the last few days, and the field gives indications of being very rich.

NEW LOW FOR WAYAGAMACK; THEN A RALLY

Montreal, July 5.—Wayagamack was again the feature of the local stock market during the early trading this morning. This issue established a new low by touching 36. It rallied later, however, to 38, its closing quotation last night was 40. Abitibi remained unchanged at 24.