IT'S ANNOYING

It's very annoying to have to look about for Clothes.

It isn't strange, however, that "particular" people who have looked at Clothing in the other stores cease to look further, once they have seen Ours!

"I've been buying Clothes at So-and-So's, but I like your Clothes so much better," is an expression frequently heard here.

If every man in search of Clothes would make it a point to see ours we imagine there would be little business for other stores.

ASK TO BE SHOWN SOVEREIGN BRAND

OAK HALL

—CLOTHIERS—

Right Opposite the "Chimes" —115 King St. E.

J. Coombes, Manager

MACHINISTS' STRIKE MAY BE PRECIPITATED TO-DAY

Conference Will Be Held Between Men and Mechanical Superintendents.

The situation between the Grand Trunk and the 2000 machinists in its employ has undergone no apparent change during the last twenty-four hours. It is understood, however, that Second Vice-president Champion of the International Association of Machinists and other officers will wait upon Mechanical Superintendent W. Kennedy to-day to further press the claims of the men for recognition. Mr. Kennedy had not been approached up to last night, which passed quietly and, without any perceptible activity whatever in the circles of those interested.

Should the conference of to-day fail to hold out any promise of concessions being granted the men, a general strike may be precipitated at once, but from the statements of Mr. Champion, as representing the feeling of the men, such a step will be taken with great reluctance.

President James O'Connell of Washington has written the local officials in regard to the action to be taken, but they decline to give out what instructions they received. It is learned however that he advised a conference with the mechanical superintendents of each division. The unions between Montreal and Port Huron will send in the number of men in their roll, so that should a strike be declared the number of those entitled to pay will be known.

GOING TO SNAP THAT BONUS.

Delegation From Pt. Arthur Who Want G. T. P. Branch.

Port Arthur, May 3.—(Special.)—Port Arthur will protect its own interests in the matter of a branch of the G. T. Pacific. It has always been the general opinion of the public that the branch of the new transcontinental must be built from this place at the same time that the Thunder Bay branch is being built into Fort William, and that the railway should do the work without a bonus. Port Arthurites think that as people of Ontario are paying for the branch the town, being one of the most important shipping ports on Thunder Bay, should have a branch.

This morning Mayor Vigars and Ald. McKinnon left for the east. They form a vanguard of a large delegation which will go to Toronto and wait upon the Whitney government and press the administration to force the railway to build in here before they are given the bonus which the Ontario Government is paying the line for the branch.

DROP A SENIOR FIFTH CLASS.

Teachers Decide That High Form in Jesse Ketchum School Be Closed.

The slim attendance in the senior fifth classes of the public schools, which has been entering into the deliberations of the board of education for some time past, was the reason for a conference yesterday afternoon between Inspector Hughes and the principals of the schools that have fifth book classes. The outcome was a decision to recommend to the board that the senior fifth class be dropped in Jesse Ketchum school, which will leave only four schools in the city that go beyond the junior fifth grade. These are Dufferin, Wellesley, Ryerson, and Givens-street schools, and it is thought that their locations are sufficiently well distributed to cover the ground required. The change will go into effect with the beginning of the fall term.

DEMOCRATIC COUNCILLORS LEAVE CITY TO FORCE REQUEST

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., May 3.—The city council of the Michigan Soo is in a deadlock over city appointments.

The Democratic members last night came to this side and say they will remain away until they are given a share in the patronage of the city.

The saloons are running without licenses and the saloon men have asked the courts to mandamus the council to grant licenses, and say, if necessary, they will go to the state legislature, asking it to declare the mayor and other half of the council a quorum.

HAULTAIN TO TOUR THE WEST.

Calgary, May 3.—(Special.)—Premier Haultain intends to make a tour of the west about the end of May and to attend a dinner of the Calgary Board of Trade in June, at which time he will probably take occasion to announce the course that he shall have decided upon. Premier Haultain says that the struggle has only begun.

THE BORDEN AMENDMENT

Continued From Page 1.

Mr. Sutherland has been for so many years.

Kind to the New Comers.

"I had the privilege," Mr. Borden continued, "of knowing that gentleman when I first came into parliament, in 1896. He was then an old member of parliament, and I was a young and inexperienced member. I always met at his hands the greatest kindness and cordiality. Afterwards, in my later acquaintance with public life, I met him on many trying and difficult occasions, particularly the occasion when he and I were members of a committee two years ago, to which was entrusted the duty of making a redistribution of seats in the Province of Ontario. And altho there was a certain feeling at that time which might have led to some display of temper on one hand or the other, I can say with grateful recollection that Mr. Sutherland and I, at the conclusion of a very difficult and trying investigation, parted just as good friends as when we began.

Opposition Condolence.

"I repeat that on this side is extended our most cordial and heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family of our late friend and to hon. gentlemen opposite, who by his death have sustained such a great loss. We on this side realize fully the loss which the house and the country have sustained in his death. Canada has lost a man not only of great experience as a public man, but, I have always believed, a man of very great executive ability indeed.

"I feel that I have the hearty sympathy and support of every gentleman on this side of the house in the words I have uttered and in my support of the motion of the right hon. gentleman."

The motion of Sir Wilfrid was then agreed to and the house proceeded with the business of the day, the debate on the autonomy bill.

In the Senate.

In the senate Hon. Mr. Scott announced the death of Hon. James Sutherland. He said Mr. Sutherland had for many years been a member of the government party, becoming a minister after their accession to power, and his death was regretted by both political friends and foes. The respect in which he was held was shown by the fact that he had generally been elected by acclamation. He felt that he voiced the sentiments of all present when he spoke of him as an honorable, upright and genial man. He moved that the house adjourn.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell could not add muh to what had been said by the secretary of state. It had been his good fortune to have been on particularly good terms with Mr. Sutherland. He regretted his loss both to the house and the party. These frequent reminders of our passing must produce a deep impression. To the party Mr. Sutherland's death must be a very great loss.

Sir Richard's Tribute.

Rt. Hon. Sir Richard Cartwright had had the good fortune to be not only in the same house, the same party and the same government as Mr. Sutherland, but also to sit for the other division of the same county. He knew that many, particularly from Ontario, would bear him out when he said that few, if any, indeed, discharged the onerous duty of whip of the Liberal party as Mr. Sutherland did, nor did anyone discharging those duties as he did make so many friends on both sides of politics. The family would, he felt sure, be somewhat consoled by the words of praise from both sides of the house.

The senate then adjourned out of respect to the late minister.

MR. SUTHERLAND DEAD

Continued From Page 1.

business care was marked, however, by energy, tact, caution and a large measure of success. At a very early age Mr. Sutherland began to evince an active interest in the public affairs of his town and country. He entered municipal life when but 27 years of age, being elected for St. George's Ward in the town council. Promotion came quickly and for the three following years he held the office of reeve of Woodstock. The next year (1880) he was elected mayor, the duties of which position he discharged with particular acceptance to the ratepayers. Perhaps more than any other public man Mr. Sutherland has been instrumental in making Woodstock the splendid railway and business centre it is today.

In Politics.

Mr. Sutherland's political career was a remarkable one. From his first entrance into the house he was recognized as a member of exceptional ability and he made his way rapidly from the comparative obscurity of a private member's seat to the head of one of the most important departments of the government. Mr. Sutherland was a forceful speaker, but not a brilliant one, and his success was due not to a few oratorical efforts but his genius for work and his sound business judgment.

He succeeded the late Thomas Oliver as representative of North Oxford in 1881. In the general election of 1882 he was again chosen, his opponent on both occasions being G. R. Pattullo, the present registrar of the county. In general election of 1887 he was opposed by the late Dr. Thrall. In 1891 and in 1896 he defeated D. W. Karn and in 1900 and 1904 J. G. Wallace. He was unopposed when he was promoted from the rank of minister without portfolio to that of minister of marine and fisheries and had to come back to his constituencies for endorsation.

In His Party.

It was not long after his entrance into the house when he was selected as one of the whips, and in 1892 he succeeded the late James Trow of Stratford as chief Liberal whip, a position he held until called to the cabinet. Immediately after the change of government in 1896 he became the chairman of the railway committee, at that time recognized as the most important committee of the house. The work he did there gained for him such recognition that in three years (in 1899) he was called to the cabinet as minister without portfolio. In January, 1902, when Sir Louis Davies was appointed to the supreme court, Mr. Sutherland succeeded him as minister of marine and fisheries. A few months later Hon. J. I. Tarte left the cabinet and Mr. Sutherland immediately took charge of the department of the public works, one of the heaviest departments of the government. Last summer, when Mr. Sutherland's health broke down, Hon. Mr. Hyman, minister without portfolio, took charge of the department.

Organized Famous Tour.

It was in 1895 that Mr. Sutherland, then chief whip, organized the summer tour of Sir Wilfrid Laurier thru Ontario, probably one of the most successful tours ever conducted by Sir Wilfrid and which had not a little added to his success at the general election.

Mr. Sutherland leaves few relatives. He did not marry, and his only surviving sister, Mrs. John A. Mackenzie, Woodstock, his niece and nephew, Miss Mary Little and H. A. Little, barrister, have lived with him for a number of years.

THE PREMIER SOBBED

Continued From Page 1.

schedules soon the proceedings might be indefinitely delayed.

Sir Wilfrid replied that he hoped to have the schedules ready this week. The house then adjourned at 1.40 a.m.

Mr. Fitzpatrick Speaks.

The minister of justice, in resuming the debate, congratulated the house upon the marked freedom of the debate from anything that could offend the most sensitive. But, while some of the Conservative newspapers had criticized the measure fairly, others were stirring up religious and racial bitterness, appealing to the lowest and vilest passions of depraved human nature. The hour of their retribution would be the hour of calm reflection and judgment. He would only say that the record of the Catholic Church was writ large on the pages of the history of the world and of Canada. It was a record of devotion to duty and of patriotism. The French-Canadian was the Canadian who knew no other country. The best blood of Britain and France had been poured out in Canada, and in this commingling, Providence had favored this country with a strong nationality.

He went over early history to show that the Northwest had been discovered and opened up to trade by French-Canadians, and quoted the petition of parliament of 1869 and the consequent Rupert's Land act of 1868, to show that parliament was empowered to legislate for Rupert's Land on the lines of the constitutions of the existing provinces. It was by the Rupert's Land Act, and not by the B.N.A. Act, that Manitoba came into confederation. It was within the power of parliament to give such constitution and administration as was deemed expedient. The most that could be said for the new provinces was that parliament must give such a constitution as is common to all the provinces. "I am not aware," he said, "that this government considers it is bound constitutionally to impose restrictions, but I am aware that this government believes that in good conscience and equity it ought to enact section 16 of this act."

Mr. Fitzpatrick said he pleaded guilty to having drafted the original clause 16.

A Question of Guilt.

"You look guilty," Mr. Borden observed, with a laugh, in which the minister joined, as he replied, "And I feel more guilty than I look." He added that he had drawn two clauses of the bill—the educational clause mentioned and the C.P.R. As to the amended educational clause, Mr. Fitzpatrick promised to deal with it in committee on the bill. If the territories were to be given a constitution like one of the provinces, like which province should it be? It must embody only elements common to all. "And I make bold to say," he added, "that there is not a single province in the Dominion that has the power to legislate exclusively in regard to education, and why should we give the new provinces a power that is possessed by no other province?

The minister of justice went on to declare that there was solemn legislative promise of separate schools for the Northwest, and it was his intention in drafting clause 16 to carry out that compact, and to do it so that there could be no repetition of the Manitoba difficulty. It was his intention to perpetuate only the existing school system, with which everybody seemed satisfied.

Sifton's Part.

Mr. Sifton had handed to him the draft bill as passed by the legislature of the Northwest Territories, and on it were notes in Mr. Sifton's own handwriting and in regard to the school question he wished a clause drawn in accordance with the constitution. There were certain maligning persons who had been spreading reports of grave difference between himself and Mr. Sifton, but the only differences were these that two self-willed and two perhaps strong-minded men might hold.

Mr. Fitzpatrick explained that when in the Quebec legislature he criticised the schools of the province he was criticising the elementary schools, which are not under clerical influence. The clerical schools, he said, were the colleges at which he himself and many of those around him were educated, and of the quality of that education he could leave the house to judge by the speeches of Quebec members. He urged a policy of peace and conciliation.

Mr. Barker Replies.

Mr. Barker of Hamilton followed the minister of justice after the adjournment. Separate schools should be enforced by force of law only when the law was imposed by the people among whom the law was to be enforced. He thought the B.N.A. Act should be applied and contended that education was not a thing to be meddled with by the Dominion parliament except in the way of remedial legislation. So soon as the territories entered into the union they were entitled to all the privileges laid down under the B.N.A. Act, but could not exercise these privileges until they were created provinces.

Mr. Sifton resigned from the cabinet because he did not approve of the bill. Three weeks later he accepted the bill on condition that the original education clause was struck out. The amendment really stifled the bill, and the interference of Mr. Sifton had had that effect. The amendment of Mr. Borden was in the best interests of the west.

Mr. Stockton said that he agreed with the stand taken by the leader of the opposition on the question, and he had not heard one argument advanced by government speakers to destroy that opinion. To-day legislation was being made for a province, but in 1875 it was for unorganized territory. It was not accepted voluntarily. If the premier forced this legislation on the west, he would be sowing the dragon's teeth, which would in the near future breed discontent and trouble.

Mr. Leonard of Laval followed, and the first division came at 12 o'clock, the amendment of Mr. Borden being defeated by a majority of 91.

Mr. Maclean Speaks.

Mr. Maclean referred to the speech of the minister of justice, saying it was an able one, but in his peroration he had evidently culled some of the gems from his St. Jean Baptiste addresses. It was a speech delivered in the interest of a lost cause, the last argument in favor of the ecclesiastical school. It has also demolished the whole argument made by the premier regarding the changes in clause 16. Mr. Maclean said the house and country were entitled to an explanation. This explanation was given to the ex-minister of the interior and the men from the west. "Why," declared Mr. Maclean, "was it not given to the house to-night?" The minister of justice had argued the question was one of expedience, and that the government was in honor bound to carry out engagements to the minority.

Mr. Maclean declared that in his opinion parliament was in honor bound to do justice to all the people of the west, and other than justice to a minority. The people of the west were just as much entitled to be considered in the matter of schools as were the original contracting provinces at time of confederation. The west should be as free as the older provinces.

Mr. Maclean said there was no recognition by the ministers of the English Church missionaries in the early days, or the Presbyterian missionaries. He defended Ontario against the charge of intolerance, and declared that Sir William Mulock had not said a word in defence of Ontario.

Sir Wilfrid's Sneer.

Referring to the spirit of American continent including Canada, Mr. Maclean said there was a thoro belief in liberty of conscience, in equality of civil rights, and a complete separation between church and state, and last of all is the belief that the hope of the nation was the national school system. Sir Wilfrid had sneered at that system. If separate schools were imposed on the West, the new provinces would be put back fifty years in the race of progress.

The leading points in Mr. Maclean's speech were:

"Why should the Province of Quebec, by a solid vote, try to impose a school system on these people who came from Ontario, the people who were developing the West?"

"National schools are turning out Canadians and British subjects, separate schools, Catholics. You must get out of the church business if you want to make a nation."

"I have great respect for the fathers of confederation, but what have they to do with the sons of the confederation who are to-day in front of a great political question?"

Mr. Maclean concluded by stating that the only way to deal with the question of education was by leaving it to the new provinces themselves, on the old Liberal policy of provincial rights.

STRATHCONA'S DONATION.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, May 3.—Lord Strathcona has donated £500 to the Tropical School of Medicine, with which several Canadian physicians are connected.

Ice Shoved Big Freighter.

Port Arthur, May 3.—(Special.)—The steamer Fairmont was released from the bar at the mouth of the Kaministiquia last night. She was lightened of half her cargo by the Miles.

The ice jam had forced the large craft along as tho it were nothing, tons of ice piling on her deck. Capt. Telfer filled the vessel's water compartments with three hundred tons of water, but even this heavy load did not stop her and the vessel was forced some distance out of the channel.

SPEAKER ST. JOHN CAN'T WAIT MEMBERS MUST BE ON TIME

With Eight Chairs Filled, He Administers Silent Rebuke to Tardy Legislators.

Speaker St. John proposes to have the members of the house in their places sharp on time after dinner. At four minutes past 8 o'clock last night he took the chair, and looked around at the rows of empty chairs. Only eight members were in place. The clerk was agitated. Proceeding to the dais, he informed the Speaker that there was no quorum.

"I'll stay here till there is," Mr. St. John replied, and the messengers were sent to scour the corridors for the required 20.

Both leaders were out of the house during the evening session. Many private bills were put thru a stage.

In reply to Mr. Lucas, the commissioner of public works said the government had not considered the question of the right of the province to acquire the ownership or control of long-distance telephone lines within the province, or considered the advisability of establishing provincial long-distance lines. There had been no communication with the Dominion government on the subject.

Mr. Smyth secured an order for correspondence in connection with the sale to C. A. McCool of the timber berth known as block W, in Algoma, and Mr. Auld was promised the correspondence and other papers in connection with the appointment of license commissioners for East Lambton.

Exemption of Wood Lots.

Mr. Downey briefly emphasized the importance of the development and protection of wood lots, when his bill to exempt them from taxation came up for its second reading. He quoted from official reports to snow that, in the older counties of the province, the area of wood lots had decreased at an alarming rate, and, in some cases, had almost reached the vanishing point. Some parts of the province were as bleak and wind-swept as the prairie. No one could deny the value of the wood lot as a windbreak, and for retaining the moisture in the soil, apart altogether from the commercial value of the timber. Mr. Downey dealt briefly with the provisions of the measure. It was purely optional, and therefore could inflict no hardship. It provided for the exemption of one acre in ten, and not exceeding 25 acres under one ownership, the exempted lot to be protected from grazing, and contain an average of not less than 400 trees.

Mr. Harcourt sympathized with the objects of the bill. The encouragement of tree-planting was a most important thing, and the house should do everything in its power.

Mr. Mackay considered the number of acres to be exempted—one in every ten, and not more than 25 acres under a single ownership, was not sufficient. It should at least be doubled.

Hon. Mr. Monteith approved of the bill. It was read a second time.

Assessment Law Changes.

Mr. Downey also moved the second reading of a bill to strike out the clause of the Assessment Act fixing the minimum business tax on a basis of $250. Another clause he wished struck out provides for the taxation of $300 income on mortgages, even when the entire income of the mortgagors does not exceed $700.

Mr. Preston said the clause aimed at the business man who occupies a desk only, and who would otherwise escape taxation.

Hon. Mr. Hanna said the view of the government was that, after all the care that was taken last year to frame an assessment law that would bear equally on all people, it would be unwise to change the law without very careful consideration.

Reduce Sheriff's Fees.

Mr. McGarry suggested the appointment of a committee to consider the question of placing the sheriffs upon a salary basis. This was in opposing the bill of Mr. Thompson of Simcoe for the reduction of the fees received by sheriffs. Mr. McGarry said in some parts of the province sheriffs received ridiculously low remuneration for their services.

Mr. Harcourt supported the suggestion, and the bill went to committee.

Mr. Gallagher asked for an amendment to the General Road Companies Act, providing that part of a toll road may not be abandoned without the consent of council.

Dr. Nesbitt's bill to repeal the section of the High Schools Act, providing for the contribution by the city to the cost of pupils in an adjoining municipality was read a second time, and the doctor's next effort was to secure an amendment to the Assessment Act, by making it plain that the dividends derived by shareholders from shares in a telephone or telegraph company shall be assessable. Another clause more fully defines the powers of the court of revision, county judge and court of appeal.

The bill stands over for further consideration.

Still another bill of Dr. Nesbitt will, if it carries, do away with cumulative voting in connection with the election of boards of education. Mr. Harcourt had not noticed any vigorous protest against the voting principle. Mr. Whitney said that if there was any opposition to the amendment it would come out in committee. And to the municipal committee it was sent.

No License Law Changes.

Mr. Crawford's License Act amendment was then taken up. Its provisions have already been outlined. The provincial secretary asked that it be withdrawn, in view of the fact that the government would have, after the present session, the whole question under consideration.

Mr. Hargcourt asked if the bill standing in Hon. Mr. Hanna's name would be pressed this session, and Mr. Hanna said, "No."

Mr. Crawford accepted the assurance of the minister, and withdrew his bill.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

WOMAN TAKES CARBOLIC AFTER CALLING HER BOY

Her Mouth Badly Burned and She May Die—Had Been Acting Strangely.

Mrs. Mary Kennedy, wife of Lawrence Kennedy, 25 Eastern-avenue, attempted suicide by taking three ounces of carbolic acid about 8.30 last night. She had been out during the afternoon and purchased a 4-oz. bottle of the acid at J. R. Lee's, drugggist. The bottle was labeled poison, and there is little doubt that the act was intentional.

Mrs. Kennedy is a woman about 30 years of age and had been acting rather strangely the past day or two. Last night she ate a hearty supper and then went up to her room. She called downstairs to her little boy, but he did not go to her. Her husband went up and found her with the bottle to her lips, the contents nearly all gone.

He at once telephoned to Dr. W. O. Simpson, who speedily gave her emetics and had her taken to the General Hospital. He says there is no chance of her being poisoned; but she was so much burned by the acid that it is doubtful if she will recover.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP IN N. Y. STATE

Sweeping Measure Introduced in the Assembly at Albany.

Albany, May 3.—Municipal ownership of public service corporations in all cities of the state is the essence of a sweeping measure introduced in the assembly by Mr. Hartman. The main provision of the bill reads as follows:

"Every city of this state shall have power to own, construct, acquire, purchase, maintain and operate gas, electric light, heat and power plants and street railways within its corporate limits, and to lease the same, or any part of the same, to any company incorporated under the laws of this state, for the purpose of operating street railways for any period not longer than 20 years, on such terms and conditions as the city council, board of aldermen or corresponding municipal legislative body shall deem for the best interest of the public."

In each city the proposition must be submitted to the popular vote of the people, and afterwards approved by the board of aldermen or corresponding legislative body. It empowers the board of aldermen to regulate such municipal property, and permits the city to borrow money or issue "public service certificates."

CANADIAN UNION IGNORED.

Montreal, May 3.—(Special.)—J. and T. Bell & Co., shoe manufacturers, have signed a contract with the president of the International Brotherhood of Boot and Shoe Workers in preference to the Canadian boot and shoe workers. A strong canvas had been made by representatives of both unions, but the international won. It is said the employes are satisfied.

KEEP GOOD TIME.

At the request of the United States Naval Observatory, the Toronto Observatory received the midnight signal from Washington, and the Toronto clock was in exact coincidence with the signal received.

"BUY OF THE MAKER"

ENAMELLED CLOTH-BASKET TRUNKS STEAMER TRUNKS AND HAT BOXES

We are showing to-day a nice line of large Wicker Basket Trunks—enamelled cloth covered—leather bound—two heavy straps—very durable—very light—very desirable for European travel

—20.00 and 25.00

Enamelled Cloth Steamer Trunks—leather bound..... **6.00 to 15.00**

Hat Boxes—for ladies—enamelled cloth and leather bound—light and strong—fitted to hold five hats besides tray.. **5.00 to 6.50**

Umbrellas — half price lots clearing to-day—

EAST & CO.

350 YONGE STREET

AMUSEMENTS.

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KIRKE LA SHELLE Presents

His original New York production of HENRY M. BLOSSOM JR.'S great character comedy

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With THOMAS W. ROSS and 150 People.

Next week—MR. E. S. WILLARD.

GRAND Matinee Saturday Best Seats 25 Few Seats 50 EVGS. Best Seats 75. 50. 25 THE FUNNIEST OF ALL FARCES **A FRIEND OF THE FAMILY** NEXT—The Mummy and the Humming Bird

MAJESTIC Matinee Every Day 15 and 25 EVGS. 15-25-35-50 A Pretty Story of Romantic Switzerland **WHEN THE BELL TOLLS** NEXT WEEK THE GUNNER'S MATE

SHEA'S THEATRE Week of May 1

Matinee Daily 25c, Evenings 25c and 50c. Robert Hilliard & Co., Marion Garson Zazell, & Vernon, Walter C. Kelly, Stanley & Brockman, Bean & Hamilton, The Kinetograph, The Three Dumonds.

ASSOCIATION HALL

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Dr. W. T. Grenfell

ON LABRADOR

THURSDAY, MAY 4th, at 8 p.m.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario in the chair.

Admission 25c; reserved seats 50c. Plan at Gourlay, Winter & Leeming.

TO-NIGHT 8 Sharp | **Massey Hall**

Toronto Festival Chorus and Orchestra—Dr. F. H. Torrington, conductor, in

ELIJAH

SOLOISTS:

Eileen Millett, soprano; Grace Carter Merry, contralto; E. Chilson-Ohrman, tenor, and Merrill Hopkinson (Baltimore), baritone.

Reserved Seats, 50, 75, 1.00, 1.50. 422 rush at 25c

FRI. & SAT. EVGS. SAT. MAT. 2.30 | **MASSEY HALL**

GEMS OF LIGHT OPERA

DALE'S ENGLISH OPERA SINGERS

Friday evening, "Jap" night; Sat. aft., "Naval and Military"; Sat. evg., "Arcadian." All in costume.

Prices: 75c, 50c, 25c; mat., 50c, 25c.

EASTERN LEAGUE

FORMAL OPENING

To-Morrow AT DIAMOND PARK

ROCHESTER vs. TORONTO

Plan of reserved seats at Baxter's Cigar Store Game called at 3.45.

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WITH POSSESSION ABOUT MA 1st,

TWO FLATS ABOVE THE WORLD OFFICE

83 YONGE STREET.

Suitable for light manufacturing, warehouse or storage purposes; elevator and heat provided; good entrance from rear; well lighted from each side. Apply to—

W. R. HOUSTON, Secretary and Treasurer, World Office—83 Yonge-st., Toronto.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

NICE SUBURBAN DWELLING IN North Toronto. Nine rooms, furnace and water in house. Large lawn, shade and fruit trees, a snap for quick purchaseh. Apply J. M. Whaley, Smith-avenue, Eglinton.

$3000 —NEW, SOLID BRICK, semi-detached residence, 28-foot lot, wide lane, Nos. 33 and 35 Lambavenue, fronting "Hillcrest Park," beautiful view, Castle Frank, Rosedale Ravine drive and Don Valley; 8 rooms, all modern improvements, 3 minutes to Winchester car and Riverdale Park; liberal terms. Apply Daniel Lamb, 156 Winchester-street. Telephone North 2387.

$3000 —HILLCREST PARK — New, solid brick, semi-detached, 7 rooms, modern, 28 feet frontage, overlooking Castle Frank, Don Valley drive, finest view in Toronto, 3 minutes from cars and Riverdale Park, only 2 left. Call and see plans. Jas. Hewlett, 79 Victoria. 3541

HOUSE FOR SALE—BRICK FOUNDation, 6 rooms, bath, conveniences; cheap if purchased at once. Apply 327 Concord-avenue.

EDUCATIONAL.

KENNEDY SHORTHAND SCHOOL attracts those looking for something better than business college instruction, under congenial surroundings and desirable associations; particulars gladly furnished, 9 Adelaide East.

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GOOD OPENING IN PROFITABLE wholesale manufacturing business for young man with two to five thousand dollars; immediate. Box 50, World.

FOR SALE—BUTCHER BUSINESS and property, in good town in Niagara district. Box 88, World.

Bathroom Flat To Let

4 rooms and bath.

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NEW YORK REAL PAINLESS DENTISTS

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