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The Toronto World.

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Senate Reading Room
10 Jan 1963

TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR — PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING OCTOBER 23 1903—EIGHT PAGES — ONE CENT

CHARGES BRIBE OFFERED TO OBTAIN HIS SUPPORT

John A. Montague Swears Liberal Candidate Smith at the Soo Promised Him $700.

CHARGE.

"Smith promised me that the Payton leases would be issued and I would get $500 on the 20th of October, providing I gave him support."—John A. Montague of Sault Ste. Marie, in a sworn statement.

Sault Ste. Marie, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—A sensation was caused here to-night at a Conservative public meeting by John A. Montague, the well-known mining expert and metallurgist, who made charges against the Liberal candidate, C. N. Smith, and J. O. Cameron, a prominent Liberal worker, now at Michipicoton, where he is acting as deputy returning officer.

The charges, which are made in a sworn statement, were read by Montague, and folow in a condensed form:

Montague's Charges.

"Shortly after the opening of the campaign I was asked by Mr. Smith for my support, but I told him I could not give it if he would go to Toronto and support the corrupt Ross government. I mentioned a number of specific corrupt acts of the Crown Lands Department and demonstrated the illegality of withholding mining leases for the benefit of W. A. Charlton.

"Mr. Smith said they were serious and he would investigate them when he went to Toronto. He did so, and on his return told me things were as stated, and Mr. Charlton was holding up the situation. He said when he went to Toronto as a representative he would clean out this crookedness. I announced that I would make an exposure.

"On October 15 I was visited by a prominent Liberal, who told me I could get the position of chief metallurgist with the Allied Companies, but if I took part against Mr. Smith it would militate against my getting it, as Coyne and Shields were both strong Liberals. I declined to forbear against making my campaign, but on the next night the suggestion to me was repeated.

Smith Saw Him.

"Afterwards Smith told me it would be foolish to buck against him, as he was sure to get in. I told him that would not influence me. Later Smith promised me THAT THE PAYTON LEASES WOULD BE ISSUED, AND THAT I WOULD GET $500 ON THE 20TH OF OCTOBER, PROVIDING I GAVE HIM MY SUPPORT AND STOPPED THE ISSUE OF CONDEMNATORY LITERATURE OR WRITE AN ARTICLE TEARING HOLES IN IT.

"I went on to see how far he would go, and he told me he would force Coyne and Shields to give me Mr. Sjontedt's position and had already negotiated to that effect. He asked me not to campaign against him, and offered to pay my expenses down the line while he had the Payton leases issued to show his good faith. I was further offered a half interest in the water power of Michipicoton River for $500 by J. N. Cameron, who was getting the other half for $700."

Well-Known Man.

Mr. Montague is well known, locally, and in view of other acts brought to light in connection with the Liberal campaign, his sworn statement of an alleged direct attempt to bribe made an impression on the big audience in the Opera House. Along with the main facts he gave a number of details in support of his charge. People are eagerly waiting to see what explanation Mr. Smith will make.

The meeting was a great rally. The House was crowded. Mr. Miscampbell was cheered as he spoke. Other speakers also received enthusiastically were Dr. J. O. Reaume, Essex; W. J. Hanna, Lambton; Mr. Fraser, and W. H. Hearst.

U.S. FAILURES.

United States financial institutions have started to topple. The present week is more prolific of failures than the immediate past, and up to date since Monday those that have closed their doors include the Union Trust Company of Baltimore, Maryland Trust Company, Baltimore; Federal National Bank, Pittsburg, and First National Bank, Allegheny. Besides these the International Trust Co. of Mexico City, with branches in the United States, has gone to the wall. Hard times seem to be with Uncle Sam again, in spots.

WHAT HE IGORES.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Oct. 23.—The Daily Mail, referring to Lord Hamilton's speech, says: "He ignored the immense progress that other countries have made under protection, and that the moribund condition of British agriculture has brought physical deterioration. Free trade has been the utter ruin of Ireland, and German penalization by Canada is giving an advantage to British trade."

The Daily News calls Mr. Chamberlain the great gambler of our politics, and expresses the danger that he may reduce the finest interest of Englishmen to the level of a Whitechapel auction.

Try the top barrel. 31 Colborne street.

LYNCH, HIS CONFESSION.

Sault Ste. Marie, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Immigration officials of the American Soo believed they have uncovered a plot by which it was intended to smuggle Chinamen into their country by the wholesale. On Monday last they arrested Jack Lynch and two Celestials, who had been smuggled across the river below the city, and who were on the train at Dafter Station out from Soo bound for Chicago. Lynch to-day signed a written confession showing that parties in the Canadian Soo and Toronto were implicated in the scheme. He further confessed that he had been engaged in smuggling opium at Buffalo.

Nothing but the best at Thomas.'

Most Popular Tobacco Sold in Canada.

Has all the flavor and satisfying qualities of the most expensive kinds. Will positively not burn the tongue. Sold at a popular price. 1 lb. tin, $1.00; 1-2 lb. tin, 50c; 1-4 lb. package, 25c; sample package, 10c; at A. Clubb & Sons', 49 West King-street. The trade supplied.

GAMEY DENIES CHARGES SHOWS MYSTERY IN DEAL

Crossin Refused to Reveal Names of Men Who Bought Up Gamey's Stock.

PUBLICATION STRANGELY TIMED

Says Book of Evidence Does Not Bear Out His Late Partner's Sworn Statement.

ANXIOUS TO KNOW SOURCE OF $500

Campaign in Muskoka Grows Warm as the End is in Sight.

Bracebridge, Oct. 22.—(From a Staff Reporter.)—R. R. Gamey gave to The World a complete denial of the charges contained in the affidavit of Crossin. When he got off the train from Huntsville this morning he was informed by The World of the substance of the latest document in this sensational case.

"Well, I can't say anything until I see the affidavit, except that if the charges are as you say, they are false in every important particular," he asserted with emphasis. The man from Manitoulin was somewhat surprised that Mr. Crossin had given such a statement. He had left Crossin at 2 o'clock Wednesday and the latter was as friendly as ever.

Later in the day Mr. Gamey took up the charges categorically. By reference to the book of evidence in the bribery scandal, he showed that Crossin's affidavit did not agree with his sworn testimony in the witness box, but said that whoever drafted it had evidently tried to get as close to the evidence as possible. "I can't see the hand of McEvoy in that document," he remarked. "It might have been as well, however, if some light had been thrown on the question where did the money come from, but the statement is remarkably silent on that point.

Has Sold His Interest.

"Yes, it is quite true I have sold my interest in the piano business. I got $2000 yesterday, and there is $1250 more to be paid within a week. When I left Toronto a week ago last Sunday to come here, there was no talk of anybody buying me out, altho I was anxious to sell. I did not hear anything from him till last Friday, when I got a letter at Bracebridge, saying he was arranging with some parties to buy me out. I went to Toronto that night and saw him Saturday, and I asked him who wanted to buy me out. He told me the parties didn't want to see me, that he was going to do all the dealing, and as soon as I had all my stock certificates and deposited them in the bank there would be a cash deposit of $2000. I had my certificates ready Tuesday afternoon, and I asked Crossin again who was buying me out, and again he said the parties did not want to see me at all. On Tuesday it was arranged that Crossin would meet me on Wednesday forenoon at 11 o'clock at the Merchants' Bank. I was there at 11 and he wasn't ready. I went down to the Walker House, and at 12.45 got a telephone from Crossin

Continued on Page 8.

AFTER BLAIR, EMMERSON AS MINISTER OF RAILWAYS

Ex-Premier of New Brunswick Will Be Called to the Cabinet.

Ottawa, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Hon. Andrew G. Blair's successor as Minister of Railways and Canals will be Hon. Henry Robert Emmerson, his old-time yoke-fellow in the government of New Brunswick. Mr. Emmerson may be sworn in before prorogation; if not, he will be immediately after.

When the news got around the corridors of the commons to-night Mr. Emmerson was confronted with offers of congratulations from scores of members on both sides, but he refused to be facilitated and when questioned by reporters on the subject, refused either to confirm or deny the report. There is, however, no doubt of its correctness.

The portfolio of railways and canals has been vacant since July 13, when Mr. Blair resigned rather than swallow the government's Grand Trunk Pacific Railway policy. There is said to be not the best of feelings between Mr. Blair and Mr. Emmerson, but the latter is certainly in a conciliatory mood. His latest reference to the ex-minister was most kindly.

It was on Wednesday evening, when Col. Sam Hughes was urging the government to give suitable employment to Canadians disabled in South Africa, "I can bear testimony," said Mr. Emmerson, "to the fact that the ex-Minister of Railways has given employment on the Intercolonial Railway in the Maritime Provinces to a very large number of these men."

After his defeat for the commons in 1887, Mr. Emmerson turned his attention to local politics, and was Premier of his province from 1896 to August, 1900, when he resigned to run for the federal parliament, and was successful. Mr. Emmerson is a barrister of note in New Brunswick, and an LL.B. of Boston University. He was fifty years old just one month ago.

Have your dinner to-day at the "Palms" Cafe and you will not regret it.

GOOD-BY MARK TWAIN.

New York, Oct. 22.—A farewell dinner was given this evening to Samuel L. Clemens, who will sail on Saturday with his family for Florence, Italy, where he will reside for an indefinite period.

Lost—Foxhound pup, from Donlands; reward. Apply World Office.

Mayor Will Return To-Day.

Mayor Urquhart is expected to return to the city this morning, accompanied by the other city representatives, who have been working at Ottawa, in opposition to the railway bill.

WELL SERVED.

UNCLE SAM—Say, he'd jeet abaout carry them 'ar coat tails clean across to Bobcaygeon or Halifax if I said the word.

CANADA MUST CONTROL.

Money for Defence Not to Be Spent by War Office.

Montreal, Que., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The garrison dinner this evening to Sir Fred Borden was a splendid success. The Minister made a rousing speech, in which he said: "The Canadian nation, like any man of self-respect, must be prepared for attack, and there was, he added, no better way to make attack impossible than to be always ready. The people of Canada Sir Frederick said owed it to the empire to be always in readiness, and he also declared that no money Canada voted for military purposes should be handed over to the War Office or Admiralty, but the expenditure should be controlled at home. This, he said, was the best kind of Imperialism."

COMPELLED BY SOCIALISM SIMPSON QUITS LABOR BODY

President of District Trades Council Said to Have Resigned Last Night for That Reason.

Dismay in the ranks of the Toronto District Labor Council is rumored. James Simpson, its president, is said to have resigned at last night's meeting in Richmond Hall. The secret session now in vogue precludes the possibility of obtaining accurate information on the subject, but it is also said that the cause of the present and promised disturbances are the Socialists. It appears that the Socialists of the city have passed a resolution objecting to any members of theirs being connected with the Trades Council, for what reason is not known. James Simpson, the president of the Council, is also a strong advocate of Socialism in some of its forms, and has been a candidate for parliamentary honors in that interest, and he has therefore been compelled to sever his connection with the Council.

The meeting lasted till nearly midnight, discussing the decision of the Socialistic body and the action of its president, but what further transpired was not given out. After the meeting several delegates were heard to denounce the attitude the Socialists had taken in no mild manner.

The other business of the Council as given out was the reading of the secretary's semi-annual report and the adoption of a resolution condemning the government for its assistance to immigration. The secretary's report showed an increase in membership in the last six months of from 9200 to 11,000. Eleven new locals were added, making the total 83.

DUCK SHOOTER SHOT.

Watertown, N.Y., Oct. 22.—Everett Van Hyning, aged 21 years, was accidentally shot while hunting ducks on Black Lake, near Ogdensburg, last night. The gun was discharged by the trigger catching on the side of the boat, the charge entering the young man's stomach and killing him instantly.

Try the decanter at Thomas.

FOR HER HUSBAND.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Oct. 23.—Mrs. Lyttleton's fiscal campaign during her husband's illness has called out admiration from both parties. A Leamington canvasser remarked: "The successful candidates of the future are those who take to bed and send their wives to do the work."

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

Hillcrest Convalescent Home annual meeting, Central Y.M.C.A., 3 p.m.
Harbord Old Boys' Association annual meeting, University Y.M.C.A., 8 p.m.
48th Highlanders' parade, Armouries, 8 p.m.
Princess, "A Chinese Honeymoon, 8 p.m.
Grand, "The Wizard of the Nile, 8 p.m.
Shea's, vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m.
Massey Hall, "Everyman," 8 p.m.
Star, burlesque 2 and 8 p.m.

CANADA BEARS THE COST AND THE BLOOD-LETTING

Alaskan Commission Expense to This Country is Placed at $200,000.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Oct. 23.—The general opinion in London holds to the belief that Canada, in view of the adverse decision in the Alaskan matter, can now ask the British government for all she wants.

The suggestion is being widely made that the United States should concede the two islands she obtained in the Portland Canal in return for the concession by Canada of the rest of the United States' case, or the concession of the Canadian case regarding the boundary line in return for the acquisition of Pearse and Wales Islands by the United States.

Another suggestion is that Canada should receive nearly the whole of the territory arbitrated in return for a British sacrifice in another part of the world.

The cost of the recent arbitration is estimated at close to $400,000. Canada spent nearly $200,000 in preparing the case and in fees to British lawyers.

The United States' expenditure was about $100,000.

COMPOSITION OF TRIBUNAL

Will Not Be Repeated, Is Lord Alverstone's Opinion.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Oct. 23.—Lord Alverstone declines to believe that Mr. Sifton said that this decision was more diplomatic than judicial. His opinion was founded solely upon legal considerations, and he declined to injure his reputation by going behind any understanding in regard to the four islands. He will indite a reply to Mr. Aylesworth, and remarked that the composition of the tribunal is not likely to be repeated.

Moreton Frewen says: "Canada's case was weak and unfair. The diplomacy of the Mother Country could advance it scarcely a particle by the supporting evidence.

CHAMBERLAIN GOES AHEAD.

Scotsman Sees No Sign of Opposition Among Working Men.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Oct. 23.—The Scotsman says: "The fact that Mr. Chamberlain moves from success to success is the most remarkable feature of the situation. Outside of the party politicians there is no real hostility to his scheme. Nowhere is there a shadow of a sign that the workingmen of the country are opposed now to his fiscal policy. Mr. Chamberlain hints that the general election will not come so soon as the prophets predict, and he promises during the interval to educate the country.

Mr. Ritchie says that on Dec. 12, at Croydon, he will make a complete answer to Mr. Chamberlain.

Corrugated galvanized iron, skylights, etc. Wheeler & Bain, 179 King E. 135

FIRE AT LINDSAY.

Lindsay, Oct. 21.—The Flavelle Milling Company elevator had a narrow escape from destruction by fire this morning. At about 8 o'clock smoke was discovered issuing from the cupola at the top. The firemen responded promptly and by heroic efforts subdued the flames. The loss on the building and machinery will amount to several thousand dollars, and upwards of twenty thousand dollars on the grain.

Did you ever try the top barrel?

SELF GOVERNMENT.

Aylesworth Gives His View of Effect of Alaska Decision.

London, Oct. 22.—Upon leaving Liverpool to-day A. B. Aylesworth, K.C., one of the Canadian commissioners to the Alaska Boundary tribunal, said in justification of his refusal to sign the award:

"It was more of a compromise than a judicial decision. Its effect will be that Dominion goods traversing the disputed territory must pay high tariff duties to the United States. The Canadians feel so keenly on this subject that, altho there will be no cry of separation, they probably will demand a large power of self-government in order to prevent in the future a repetition of such decisions."

CANADA'S PROTEST 'HOLED' THRU DIPLOMATIC HASTE

Alaskan Commission Papers Show the Dominion Was a Reluctant Party to Arbitration.

Ottawa, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The latest official contribution to the literature of the Alaska boundary award was made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier today, when he tabled in the house the correspondence between London, Washington and Ottawa leading up to the reference of the boundary dispute to arbitration. The documents produced, which do not, however, constitute the complete record of the negotiations, make it clear that strong pressure was put upon the Canadian government to consent to the dispute being referred to a tribunal composed of three commissioners on each side, the chief objections to which, from the Canadian standpoint, was that it did not provide for a thoroly judicial trial of the issue, nor for a final decision of the dispute, altho by an irony of fate this latter objection proved to be unfounded.

Emphatic Protest.

Canada's protest against the selection of Secretary Root and Senators Lodge and Turner was most emphatic. Indeed, it was conceded by the Colonial Office that they did not by any means qualify as "Imperial jurists of repute," and it was suggested to Canada that instead of eminent jurists the British commissioners should be men possessing qualifications equivalent to those

Continued on Page 2.

GOOD SUGGESTION.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Oct. 23.—Douglas Sladen suggests that England should authorize Sir Wilfrid Laurier to give the Bahama Islands to America in exchange for the territory desired in Alaska. He advises that Englishmen had better leave bargaining to Canadians, who have local knowledge, which the English have not.

Edwards & Company, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington Street East, Geo. Edwards, F.C.A., A. H. Edwards W. P. Morgan. Phone Main 1163

CANADA, HOLD FAST.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, Oct. 22.—James Reddan, the chief expert of the British Foreign Office in the Venezuela arbitration, declares that after a most careful study of the discussions of the Alaska Boundary Commission he is of the opinion that Canada should not give way on the question nor accept a compromise decision.

CHARLTON AT CLEVELAND PREACHING RECIPROCITY

REPUDIATION MEANS WAR CANADA STANDING ALONE

Diplomacy, Arbitration and War Were Only Ways Open to Settle Very Conflicting Claims.

LOGICAL RESULT OF PROTEST, WAR

And No Canadian Wishes That, Just Because Chief Justice of England Decided Against Us.

OUR CASE STRAINED AND WEAK

Should Be Thankful to Have Cause for Danger Averted—Chance to Strengthen Country as It Is.

Col. Denison writes The World as below regarding his view of the Alaskan boundary settlement:

I see in your issue of this morning an editorial criticizing the position I have taken on the question of the Alaskan boundary award, and I would like to state clearly my views.

The dispute was one complicated and difficult, both sides making very conflicting claims. It had to be settled some time, and could only be settled finally by diplomacy or arbitration or adjudication or war. Diplomacy had absolutely failed, arbitration was refused, but both parties agreed to leave it to the adjudication of six jurists, and the majority of the jurists have given a decision which I believe to be a fair one. This adjudication should have settled the matter, for it is final, unless we wish to repudiate it and adopt the only other alternative—war.

Does any man in Canada wish to go into a costly and dangerous war on account of a dispute which the Chief Justice of England has decided against us? I do not believe there is one. It is for this reason I regret that two of our representatives have protested so vehemently. What object was there in the protest, unless they advocate the legitimate and logical result of such action, viz., war by Canada alone. We should not assume the position of the man put out by the umpire for leg before wicket, who refuses to leave the field.

I have held the view for years that our contentions on the Alaskan boundary were strained and weak, in view of the facts. I do not call myself a jurist, but I have been on the bench for over twenty-six years, trying about 10,000 cases a year, and have acquired a habit of looking at both sides of every case, in the hope of deciding fairly, and I feel I ought to be as able to decide fairly in a matter, as an advocate who all his life has been accustomed to view things from one side only. And in the view I have taken, I am in accord not only with the Lord Chief Justice of England, but with men here in high judicial positions and many others prominent in the legal profession.

War is out of the question. We could build many railroads to the Yukon for less cost in money, and without the other awful losses and suffering which

Continued on Page 5.

WILL REDUCE ANY EVILS OF THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC

Premier Ross Promises Temperance Legislation When House Meets in the New Year.

Gravenhurst, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Premier Ross and Dr. J. W. Hart addressed a meeting here to-night. Dr. Grant, the Mayor of Gravenhurst, occupied the chair. Dr. Hart's address was a brief one, and he contented himself with an explanation of his ability to represent the riding.

Mr. Ross spoke for an hour and a half. He denied having asked Mr. Mackle to run in North Renfrew, and leaving him a Senatorship in case of defeat in the election. He applauded the government action in regard to protecting provincial rights, saying that they had done even more than Sir Oliver Mowat would have done under similar circumstances.

He defended the government in connection with the Shannon and Chew deals, and declared also that their action in paying the laborers at the Sault was not done for the sake of gaining political advantage. In conclusion he referred to the temperance question, saying that when the House met in January or February, they WOULD INTRODUCE LEGISLATION TO REDUCE ANY EVIL THAT THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC MIGHT PRODUCE.

Have your dinner to-day at the "Palms" Cafe and you will not regret it.

MARRIAGES.

DRURY—McTAGGART—On Oct. 21, at the residence of the bride's mother, Belfountain, by the Rev. Stanley Robinson, Catharine, daughter of the late Peter McTaggart, to John Drury, both of Belfountain.

DEATHS.

McCAULEY—At his home, 6th concession Markham, on Wednesday, Oct. 21, Thomas McCauley, in his 89th year.

Funeral from his late residence on Friday, 23rd, at 2 p.m., to the Methodist Cemetery, Armadale.

NICHOLLS—Tuesday, 20th, Mary Elizabeth, beloved wife of R. E. Nicholls.

Funeral private, from 4 Ottawa-street, at 3 p.m. Friday.

SHIRLOW—On Tuesday, Oct. 20, 1903, at her late residence, 35 Ossington-avenue, after a lingering illness, Mary Stewart, relict of the late James Shirlow, in her 86th year.

Funeral from above address, Friday, Oct. 23, at 2.30 p.m., to St. James' Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

London, Jersey City and New York papers please copy.

Metal Ceilings, Skylights and Roofing. A. B. Ormsby & Co., cor. Queen and George Sts. Telephone M.1729. 4-7

Tells the Yankees What They Must Do to Be Saved and to Save Us.

RECIPROCITY.

"Reciprocity of trade in natural products will arrest the drift of events that set toward hostility of sentiment, and will lead to the broadening of trade relations."—John Charlton, to Cleveland Manufacturers.

Cleveland, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—John Charlton, addressing the implement manufacturers' convention this morning, went into the history of trade relations between this country and Canada, tracing its growth and explaining its present varied character.

His conclusions from the facts and figures given follow:

"Will a tax upon food receive Canada's sanction. If sanctioned, then the question of the amount of preference to be given by the colonies to British imports presents itself, and it is extremely doubtful whether Britain's expectations in this regard will be met. It seems certain that Canada will go no further in the line of preference than she has already done, and in case Canadian wheat is put upon the free list in the United States the advantage conferred upon the Canadian grower by this action would not fall much short of the advantage that the proposed preference would confer.

Captivating Sound.

The preferece proposed, however, has a captivating sound and appeals to sentiment as well as to self-interest, and it is not impossible that in some form the scheme will be carried into effect. We are confronted then by the fact that while American sentiment is setting in towards reciprocity, Canadian sentiment is drifting away from it, and a proposal has become a political issue in Great Britain which, if successful, will add a new phase to the question. In the meantime it will be well to enquire whether the proposal to adopt reciprocity in natural products is a reasonable one.

A diagnosis of the case from the American standpoint will reveal the fact that Canada has not been fairly dealt with; that one result has been separation of interests and alienation of feeling, and that if the growth of this feeling is not checked it will speedily lead to the adoption of a Canadian system as hostile to the trade interests of the United States as that of the United States for the last thirty-five years has been to Canada.

Time is Ripe.

The time has come for American public men to get out of the narrow rut of class interests and parish politics, and rise to the higher level of statesmanship. Something wants to be done to arrest the drift of events that sets towards hostility of sentiment and divergence of interest, and it wants to be done soon. RECIPROCITY OF TRADE IN NATURAL PRODUCTS WILL ACCOMPLISH THIS, AND WILL LEAD TO THE BROADENING OF TRADE RELATIONS IN OTHER DIRECTIONS. As to whether it is a reasonable proposition no doubt need be entertained. It will work just as smoothly and with the same degree of mutual advantage as is now the case with all the states of the American union.

If this policy were put into operation, after dropping the amount of wheat and other products handled by Americans for export, and confining the question to the value of farm products imported by each coun-

Continued on Page 2.

Get Ready.

Do you want to be prepared for a cold snap? One's due pretty soon! Order your fur garments to-day. We don't suppose that next to buying diamonds there is anything that causes as much worry as buying furs, and unless you are an expert you must rely on your merchant. Dineen's business has been built up on his reputation as an honest furrier. Write for the new catalogue.

FAIR AND COOLER.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Oct. 22.—(8 p.m.)—Pressure changes continue to be rapid. A depression which was centred west of Lake Superior last night is now north of the lower St. Lawrence Valley and has been accompanied by moderate gales and scattered showers in Ontario and also in the St. Lawrence Valley. In Manitoba and the Territories the weather has been fair. And in the more western districts the temperature has been unusually high for the season.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 46—56; Calgary, 22—64; Qu'Appelle, 30—48; Winnipeg, 28—40; Port Arthur, 28—40; Parry Sound, 40—60; Toronto, 38—68; Ottawa, 32—62; Montreal, 36—56; Quebec, 28—52; Halifax, 32—54.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Strong northwesterly winds; much cooler and mostly fair; some scattered showers.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Some scattered showers, but partly fair and becoming much cooler.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Strong winds and moderate gales; southwesterly to westerly, turning cooler, with showers.

Lake Superior—Fair and cool.

Manitoba—Fair and warmer.

Have your dinner to-day at the "Palms" Cafe and you will not regret it.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Oct. 22.	At.	From.
Majestic	Liverpool	New York
Westernland	Liverpool	Philadelphia
Margolian	London	New York
La Savoie	Havre	New York

One of the most valuable results of persistent advertising is that of creating a steady demand for the article advertised.

The Toronto World—largest circulation—greatest advertising medium.