and desolate, would give food to thousands in exchange for British manufactures.

In British North America we inherit there a patrimony prolific in blessings, and of a singular capacity to multiply them to the hand of industry; we should then patiently, perseveringly, and with unfaltering steps, pursue the course dictated both by duty and interest, and with a moral certainty of obtaining the reward which sweetens toil.

The British constitution appears admirably adapted to the genius, character, and safety of the colonies. There is no restriction of freedom, such as might deaden enterprise, nor is there that insecurity and terror that must be always engendered by unrestrained licentiousness.

It is equally removed from the agrarian spirit provoked by democracy, and that hopeless stagnation that, in countries crouching under a despotic rule, deadens every intellectual faculty, and stunts the growth of soul: the public mind, wherever the institutions of Britain's limited monarchy prevail, preserves a wholesome undecaying vigour. The advantages to be derived from emigration may be thus enumerated:—

The actual settlement of the land.

The increased circulation of money.

The additional impetus to trade.

The extension of commerce, and encouragement of navigation.

The augmentation of property in cities, towns, and villages.

The opportunities afforded for carrying on public improvements.

The spirit of legitimate enterprise it excites.

The happiness it diffuses throughout the community.

The benefit it extends to all connected with the navigation, trade, and commerce of our lakes and rivers.

The enlargement of our exports and imports.

The improvement in husbandry, and all the arts connected with it.

These are some of the solid advantages which would be secured to Canada by British emigrants, and which requires but an energetic effort on her part to secure to a great extent for years to come.

If the British government are seriously resolved in aiding the colonization of the province, their exertions will necessarily have the effect of conferring on it the faculty of bettering its condition in a moral, social, and commercial point of view, by enabling the colonists to carry into effect the most extensive and beneficent plans of education, intercommunication, and internal improvements of all kinds; thereby elevating the standard of the public morals and intelligence; increasing the guarantees, and insuring the durability of British constitutional liberty; multiplying the avenues and facilities of intercourse; strength-

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