

mixed and given in the feed three times a day, followed by a dose of aloes, or:

Turpentine two ounces, new milk one pint, given three successive mornings on an empty stomach, the fourth morning give Tartar emetic two drachms in a pint of raw linseed oil, if the horse has to be worked steadily the following powders will be useful:

Powdered copperas.....	1 ounce,
Powdered bluestone.....	1 ounce,
Powdered sugar.....	2 ounces,

mix and make into twelve powders, one to be given twice daily in the feed.

Worms are not common in cattle; in sheep are the frequent cause of losses and occasionally so in pigs.

Stomach worms, usually found in lambs, are the most serious and most common, they are very small, one-quarter to one-third of an inch long, pale reddish in color, being found in the fourth stomach only. Lambs affected are thirsty, pale in the eyes, lose weight, are dull, lose their appetite, may scour or eat dirt. Benzine or gasoline two to four drachms in six ounces of new milk, given three mornings in succession on an empty stomach, have been highly recommended; ereolin and milk, in similar doses may also be used. Worm powders for sheep should be mixed with plenty of salt and placed in the salt troughs.

Tape worms when present cause symptoms similar to those described for stomach worms, in addition, paleness of the skin and mucous membrane, brittleness of the fleece, loss of flesh, voracious appetite, pieces of the tape