

*Adjournment Debate*

is developing its trade in pulp and paper with China steadily. In 1970 no pulp was exported to that country by Canada. In the following year almost 23,000 metric tons were sent; and in 1972, 16,000 metric tons. During the first eight months of this year some 7,000 metric tons have been exported.

Naturally, Canada is interested in developing trade with the greatest possible Canadian value added. As the Prime Minister (Mr. Trudeau) indicated on October 19, there is to be a visiting delegation which will look at the total subject of the forest industries. At that time there will be an opportunity to make the Chinese aware of the vast range of paper grades available from Canada. It will also be possible to impress upon them the necessity, if they

wish to develop export trade in world markets, of being able to provide adequate packaging for such goods. Canada will thus have an opportunity to foster trade with China, not only in papers rather than in pulp but also in our expertise in such fields as paper manufacture and packaging.

The Canadian government had already taken initiatives in developing trade with the People's Republic of China through the mechanism of the Peking Solo Fair which took place in August, 1972. At that time Canadian businessmen and Canadian government officials were afforded an opportunity to show to officials of the Chinese government and to discuss with them Canadian goods and Canada's capability as a supplier.

Motion agreed to and the House adjourned at 10.25 p.m.