

or leaving for transport purposes only, is excluded from export and import statistics.

3. Excluding shipments of merchandise between the United States and its possessions (Guam, American Samoa, U.S. Virgin Islands, etc.). The value of shipments to and from U.S. Virgin Islands, amounted to in millions U.S. dollars to:, 1979-571, from: 1979-2,879.

4. Includes non-monetary gold.

5. Excluding trade conducted in accordance with the Supplementary Protocol to the Treaty on the Basis of Relations between the Federal Republic of Germany and the German Democratic Republic. The value of this trade amounted to, in million U.S. dollars, exports: 1979-2,578, 1980-2,911, 1981-2,475.

6. Excluding transshipments to and from Peninsular Malaysia.

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Country	1979	1980	1981
1. United States	103,807	114,114	91,030
2. Germany FR (G)	103,016	109,812	103,045
3. Japan	79,003	77,449	64,781
4. Saudi Arab	75,215	77,689	72,241
5. United Kingdom	50,003	48,449	44,781
6. USSR	38,530	30,921	27,808
7. Italy	27,043	29,434	26,207
8. Belgium-Luxembourg	23,172	20,131	15,244
9. Sweden	22,259	21,908	15,990
10. Switzerland	21,767	21,031	19,867
11. Brazil	21,737	19,730	15,155
12. Indonesia	21,560	18,170	13,613
13. Australia	21,244	17,905	12,025
14. Hong Kong	20,967	18,316	14,212
15. China	20,929	20,920	14,317
16. South Korea	20,737	20,731	18,207
17. Singapore (S)	20,240	20,748	17,892
18. Venezuela	20,210	18,945	17,371
19. Spain	20,033	19,201	8,818
20. Bahrain (BA)			
21. Nigeria			
22. Mexico			

1. F.O.B. (free on board). Value at the frontier of the exporting country.

2. Systems of trade-exports: outward moving goods consist of: (a) national goods, i.e. those wholly or partly produced in the country; (b) foreign goods, neither transformed nor declared for domestic consumption in the country, which were outward from overseas stores; (c) nationalized goods, i.e. foreign goods, declared for domestic consumption, which were outward without having been transformed. General exports (G) comprise all three categories and in the general trade system the sum of (b) and (c) was included as re-exports. Special exports (S) comprise categories (a) and (c). Semi-special exports (SS) are defined as equal national exports, i.e. category (a). Direct transit trade, consisting of goods entering