ples and practice of surgery; Dr. Jones, Prof. of principles and practice of medicine; Dr. Blanchard, Prof. of anatomy; Dr. Good, Prof. of clinical surgery; Dr. Whiteford, Registrar and Prof. of clinical medicine; Dr. A. H. Ferguson, Prof. of physiology; Dr. Brett, Prof. of materia medica and therapeutics; Dr. R. B. Ferguson, Prof. of obstetrics; Dr. Sutherland, Prof. of medical jurisprudence; Dr. Patterson, Prof. of hygiene and public health; J. Fawcett, B. A., Prof. of chemistry; Dr. McDiarmid, Demonstrator of anatomy.

BEEF PEPTONOIDS.—A recent improvement has been made in this valuable preparation by the manufacturers which consists in the addition of the solids of milk. It is composed of dry lean of beef, one-third; solids of milk, one-third; and gluten of wheat, one-third; all of which are partially digested or peptonized. Prof. Attfield of London, Eng., has recently made a careful analysis of this preparation and states that it contains the substances named in the quantities above given, and that it is easily and wholly digested when taken into the stomach. He concludes his report as follows:—It is by far the most nutritious and concentrated food I have ever met with. Indeed. a palatible and assimilable and in every way acceptable article of food, containing nearly 70 per cent. of truly nutritive nitrogenous material partially peptonized has never before, to my knowledge, been offered to the medical profession or to the Dr. Stutzer of Bonn, who has also examined this preparation says that the results of his analyses are such as to enable him to pronouuce beef peptonoids to be a most valuable and easily digested nitrogenous food for invalids and convales-

TORONTO UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS.—The following are the names of those who have passed the medical examinations at Toronto University, in the various years:—

FIRST YEAR.—Green, W. D.; Reid, J. B. (æq) Scholarships; Bremner, F. P.; Drummond, H. E.; Eastwood, J. H.; Ege, A.; Johnston, D.; Keane, M. J.; McMahon, J. A.; Olmstead, I.; Perfect, A. H.; Stewart, W. O.; Walters, W. R.; Watson, W. R.; Eadie, A. B.; McKay, A. E.; Thompson, A. B.; Thornburn, J. D.

SECOND YEAR.—Peters, G. A. (1st scholarship); Johnston, D. R. (2nd scholarship); Bigelow, A. W.; Carlyle, J. C.; Caven, W. P.; Greig, W. J.; Ham-

ilton, H. J.; Marty, J.; McKenzie, D.; Mustard, J. W.; Noecker, C. T.; Parker, S. G.; Peaker, J. W.; Weld, O.; Little, H. E. R.; Britton, C. H.; Macoun, J.

THIRD YEAR.—Howel, J. H. (Ist scholarship); Carr, L. (2nd scholarship); Bourke, D.; Broadfoot, A.; Cane, F. W.; Carveth, G. H.; Kinsley, A. B.; Krick, C. A.; Minchin, D. J.; Webster, H. E.; Saunders, M. R.; Hoople, H. N.; Staebler, D. M.; Bascom, H.; Cherry, G. A.

Final.—Clerke, J. W. (Gold Medallist); Johnston, J.; McKenzie, A. F.; Patterson, J. W.; Spence, J.; Stewart, S.; Stewart, R. L.; Bray, J.; Draper, J. S.; Bingham, G. A.; Knill, E. G.

POWDERED EXTRACTS.—A full list of powdered extracts is much needed. These, pharmacy can and ought to provide. For the druggist they are almost as convenient as fluids, while for the country physician they are infinitely more so. are soluble in water and other fluids and hence are available for mixtures. Indeed when we consider their merits, the wonder is that the extracts have not been called into more extensive use. Of late years they have been coming into favor in the United States, especially in that section having Chicago for its centre. One manufacturing firm, at least, in that city, makes a specialty of powdered extracts. The Canadian manufacturing chemist who first occupies this field, and places his preparations prominently before the profession, is certain to be rewarded for his enterprise.

MENTHOL POINTS.—This new remedy for neuralgia, etc., which we noticed in the April number of the Lancet under the head of "Neuralgia Pencils," has been introduced to the medical profession in this city by Mr. Robinson, chemist. Menthol, the crystallized camphor of Japanese oil of peppermint, is applied locally, and for its more convenient use is formed into small cone-shaped pencils mounted in boxwood handles, similar to nitrate of silver pencils. The mode of application is to gently rub the point over the painful part, when a slight prickling impression of burning will be produced, followed in the course of one or two minutes by a pleasantly cool sensation, and an entire alleviation of the pain.

PACKER'S TAR SOAP.—This excellent soap has now been before the profession for some time, and its merits have been thoroughly tested. There is none in the market equal to it for use in skin dis-