Select Literature.

A PETTICOAT INTRIQUE.

THE MAN IN THE MASK.

A period of the last century bears in history the name of the period of adventurers. It comprises the epoch when Elisabeth of Parma, Princess Orsini, Alberoni, Ripperda, and people of a similar stamp, kept the world in suspense, and made a far more important change in the map of Europe than in our age can be affected with far greater resources. The whole of the last century continued to work with adventurous means. Through annoyance at the paltry intrigues which were drawn round his policy like spider-webs, until he cut them with his sword, Frederick the Great christened his enemies Petticoats, and numbers them Cotillon I., II., III., When Cotillon I. (Mara Theresa) had succeeded in winning over Cotillon II. (Elizabeth of Russia) and Cotillon III. (Madame de Pompadour), the great king of Prussia was driven to the very brink of the abyss.

Keunits was sent to paris in order to gain over the French court for an Austrian alliance. The clever diplomatist ostensibly ignored politics entirely, from the acquaintance of *beaux esprits* and artists, and constantly kept himself before the public in one way or the other. He was imperceptibly conveyed by the little waves gossip to the throne, and then he began his game, which consists in nothing less than doing homage to the Pompasour in the way she liked best, and amusing the wearied king better than anybody else could do. One fine day, however, it happened that he was at little heeded as if he were living in a Trappist monastery or among the Otahettas. A dolous mystey, a Russian woman of marvellous beauty occupied the court, and the king more especially. She seemed to have come to the world's capital in order to live there more solitary than on a steep of Southern Russia. She occupied a ruined castle in the neighborhood of Paris, which had been magnificently fitted up, and to which no one was admitted. At times a team of Russian horses flew through the Champs Elysees, or a tall lady appeared at a masked ball, so disguised that little was visible of her beyond her eyes, which discharged from behind velvet masks glances like death's arrows. When Richelieu had reported, in a hunt in the forest of Senart, the little he knew about the Russian, the king was inflamed with curiosity to learn more. From this time the favorite, only accompanied by one servant, rode daily around the mysterious castle, but could discover nothing. A charcoal burner in the adjoining forest had once been led into the castle, foreign looking men conveyed him through the forest with bandaged eyes, and it seemed to him as if he went downwards, and passed through hollow, damp passages. His bandage was removed in a turret shaped vault. He was asked whether he would remain in the lady's service; but he shuddered ed at the gloomy, damp spot, and returned to daylight by the same route. The charcoal burner, however, was unable to tell Richelieu where the entrance to the castle was. He merely pointed to the ground and seemed to wish the duke to understand that a secret subterranean passage led into the building. Richelieu at length formed a resolution to watch the castle from one sunset to the next. In the forest he gave his horse to his servant and sent him away. The duke waited for nightfall at the charcoal burner's fire.

The full moon favored the adventure. At about midnight she emerged from the clouds and threw a pale glimmer over the walls and towers of the building. The duke took a burning log from the charcoal burner's fire and lighted himself by its means through the forest. Then he threw it away and ascended the gentle elevation to the building. Everything was silent in the castle. A few stones stood out from the wall, and Richelieu attempted to clamber up them, but did not get very high. Whenever the attempt failed, however he repeated it until a merry laugh rang above his head. He looked up in surprise, and saw a dark form bending down towards him. The duke laid hand on his sword. "Leave your weapon in its sheath and go to bed yourself," a rich wonderful woman's voice called out to him; "here there are no victories to be gained, either in the battlefield, in a duel, or in a boudoir; so go to bed. Go to bed Richelieu."

Days passed away, and the delicious enigma was not solved. The mysterious chateau of the Russian lady extended in gloomy monotony over the larger portion of a slight elevation, at the base of which lay a dry sandy plain. In the direction of Paris it was bounded by a thick wood close at hand, but on all others, and at a great distance, by farms and villages. The road which formerly led to the majestic edifice now ran into a deep, swampy rut, no mark of a hoof or a foot, now showed it to be a human track. The bushes, which advances beyond the forest, as it were like videttes, shook with amazement in the spring breeze when two horsemen emerged in the morning light and tried to reach the old road. Was there war in the land, a garrison in the castle, or had a hostile camp been formed behind the forest? According to their garb, the horsemen were bearers of a flag of truce. Their clothes had a military cut, and they were armed with swords and pistols. One of them carried a large white flag, supported on the saddle-bow, while on the shoulder of the other hung the cavalry bugle of those days. From time to time he raised the massive instrument to his lips and blew a tremendous blast while the other waved his flag simultaneously, as if to protect themselves from a hostile attack or shots.

They halted at the foot of the hill on which the castle stood. The trumpeter blew thrice; the other waved the flag thrice. No sound was heard in reply; no form became visible, the castle and neighborhood remained solitary, deserted, silent as before. The horseman with the flag shook his head. The trumpet rang out again thrice. Then the flag-bearer drew a large folded paper from his breast, spread out a species of gigantic proclamation on his horse's neck, and read aloud a declaration of war in the most tender verses. In the name of the Duke de Richelieu and seventeen other cavaliers, whom he solemnly rehearsed, he declared war afloat and ashore against the goddess of Love, who had decended from Olympus and held her court in this mysterious castle, until she hoisted the white flag, or made the duke and his allies her prisoners. After this the horsemen galloped round the castle and blew their horn, and read the declaration from the four cardinal points of the compass. Everything, remained silent, however. The flag-bearer greatly annoyed, turned his horse and galloped back to Paris, followed by the trumpeter.

After sunset a troop of horsemen encamped on the edge of the forest, looking towards Paris. They were young gentlemen belonging to the court and guard of Louis XV., all splendidly dressed, armed with swords and pistols, and wearing bright red scarfs as a badge of recognition. Some were engaged in dragging withered branches, brushwood and even whole saplings to a huge fire; while others were unloading a mule, on whose back all the danties of a French vivandiere tent were packed. A cask was immediately rolled up and tapped, and the filled glasses were clinked together amid singing and toasts. Others still arrived singly, and were greeted with cries of joy. They dismounted and attached their horses to some branches. A young lieutenant, the Marquis de Chavelin amused the company by counting them over whenever a new comer arrived. At length he arrived at the result that they were all present, except their leader, the Duke de Richelieu. It had grown almost dark, and only a few stars stood in the heavens, and two horsemen slowly approached the bivouac fire from Paris. No sooner did Chavelin notice them than he alarmed the whole troop. 'Two horsemen' he cried: 'That is contrary to the agreement. The number is full; it is not the the duke, for he will come alone. 'He quickly leaped into the saddle and galloped to meet them. When twenty paces he pulled up his horse, cocked a pistol and challenged them. A loved laugh from Richelieu answered his manœuvre. Chavelin bowed politely. 'Are you assembled?' the duke asked. The officer bowed. 'We are only waiting for you to begin the campaign. But who his your friend?' he asked, pointing to the duke's companion. 'The man with the iron mask,' Richelieu laughingly replied.

To be continued.

AMERICAN HUMOR

ARTEMUS WARD IN RICHMOND.

Richmond, Va., May 18 & 65.

The old man finds himself once more in a Sunny clime. I cum here a few days arter the catterpillertulated.

Mi napurs seem surprised & astonisht at this darin' bravery onto the part of a man at sary time of life, but our family was never know'd to quale in danger's stormy hour.

Mi father was a sutler in the Revolootion War. Mi father once had an inveroo with Gen'ral La Fayette.

He asked La Fayette to lend him five dollars, promising to pay him in the Fall; but Lafy said he couldn't see it in these lamps.' Lafy was French, and his knowledge of our langwidge was a little shake.

Immejutly on my 'rival here I proceeded to the Spotswood House, and calling to my assistant a young man from our town who writes a good runing' hand, I put my otograph on the Register and handin' my umbrella to a baldheded man behind the counter, who I s'posed was Mr. Spotswood, I said, "Spotsy, how does she run."

He called a cullud purson, and said,

"Show the gen'lman to the cowyard, and give him cart number 1."

"Isn't Grant here," I said. "Perhaps Ulyssis wouldn't mind my turnin' in with him."

"Do you know the Gin'ral?" inquired Mr. Spotswood.

"Well, no not zackly; but he'll remember me. His brother-in-law's aunt bough her rye meal of my uncle Lexi all one winter. My uncle Levi's rye meal was—'

"Pooh! pooh!" said Spotsy, "don' bother me,' and he shuved my umbrella onto the floor. Observin' to him not to be so keerless with that wepin,' I accompanied the African to my lodging. "My brother," I said, "air you aware that you've bin imancipated? Do you realize how glorus it is to be free? Tell me, my dear brother, does it seem like some dreams, or do you realize the great fact in all its livin and holy magnitoode?"

He said he would take some gin.

I was showed to the cow-yard, and laid down under a one-mule cart. The hotel was orful crowded, and I was sorry I hadn't gone to the Libby Prison, tho' I could hav' slep comf'ble enuff if the bedclothes hadn't bin bulled off me during the night, by a scoundrul who come and hitched a mule to the cart and druv it off. I thus lost my cuverin' and my throat feels a little husky this morning.

Gen'ral Halleck offers me the hospitality of the city, givin me my choice of hospitals.

He has also very kindly placed at my disposal a small box amboolance.

There is raly a great deal of Union sentiment in this city. I see it on every hand.

I met a man to-day—I am not at liberty to tell his name, but he is a old and influeenteoial citizen of Richmond, and sez he, 'Why I, we've been fightin' agin the Old Flag! Lor bless me, how sing'lar.' He then borrer'd five dollars of me and burst into a flood of tears.

Sed another (a man of standin and formerly a bitter rebuel). 'Let us at once stop this effosion of Blud! The Old Flag is good enuff for me. Sir," he added, 'you air from the North! Have you a doughnut or a piece of custard pie?"

I told him no, but I knew a man from Vermont who has just organized a sort of restaurant where he could go and make a very comfortably breakfast on New England rum and cheese. He borrowed fifty cents of me, and askin' me to send him Wm. Loyde Garrison's ambrotype as soon as I get home, he walked off.

Said another, 'There's bin a tremenduous Union feelin' here from the fust. But we were kept down by a rain of terror. Have you a dagerretype of Wendell Phillips about your person? and will you lend me four dollars for a few days till we air once more a happy and united people?"

Jeff. Davis is not poplar here. She is regarded as a Southern sympathizer and yet I'm told he was kind to his Parents. She ran away from 'em many years ago, and has never bin back. This was shewin' 'em a good deal of consideration when we reflect what his conduct has been. Her captur in female apparel confooses me in regard to his sex, and you see I speak of him as a her as frekent as otherwise, and I guess he feels so himself.

Robert Lee is regarded as a noble feller.

He was opposed to the war at the fust, and draw'd his sword very reluctant. In fact he wouldn't hav drawed his sword at all, only he had a large stock of military cloths on han, which he didn't want to waste. His sex the colored man is right, and he will at once go to New York and open a Sabbath School for negro minstrels.

The surrender of R. Lee, J. Jonsan and others leaves the Confedrit Armey in a rather shattered state. That armey now consist of Kirby Smith, for mules and a Bass drum, and is movin to'rds Texas.

Feelin' a little peckish, I went into a eatenhouse to-day, and encountered a young man with black hair and slender frame. He didn't wear much clothes and them that he did wear looked unhealthy. He frowned upon me, and sed, kinder scornful. "So Sir—you come hear to haunt us in our hour of trouble, do you?"

"No," said I, "I cum here for hash!"

"Pish-haw!" he said sneeringly, "I mean you air in this city for the purpose of gloatin' over a fallen people. Others may basely succumb, but as for me, I will never yield—never, never!" "Hav' suthin to eat?" I pleasantly suggested.

"Tripe and onions!" he said furcely; then he added, "I eat with you, but I hate you. You're a low-lived Yankee!"

To which I pleasantly replied, "How'l have your tripe?"

"Fried, mudsil! with plenty of ham fat!"

He et very ravenus. Poor feller! He had lived on odds ends for several days, eatin crackers that had been turned over by revelers in the bread dry at the bar.

He got full at last, and his heart softened a little to'ards me. "After all," he sed, "you hav some people at the North who air not wholly loathsum beasts!"

"Well; yes," I sed, "we hav now and then a man among us who isn't a cold bluded scoundril, Young man." I mildly but gravely sed, "this croil war is over, and you're licked! Its ruther necessary for somboly to lick in a good, square lively fite, and in this ere case it happens to be the United States of America. You fite splendid, but we was too many for. Then make the best of it, and let us all give in and put the Republic on a firmer basis nor ever.

"I don't gloat over you misfortins, my young friend." Fur from it. I'm a old man now, and my hart is softer nor it once was. You see my spectacles is mistened with something very much like tears. I'm thinkin of the sea of rich good Blud that has been spilt on both sides in this dreadful war. I'm thinkin of our widders and orfuns North and of your's in the South. I kin cry for both. Believe me, my young friend, I kin place my old hands tenderly on the fair young hed of the Virginny maid whose lover was laid low in the battle dust by a fedral bullet, and say as fervantly and piously as a venerable sinner like me kin say anything, God be good to you, my poor dear!"

I riz up to go, and takin my yung Southern f'ren' kindly in the han, I sed, "Yung man adoo! You Southern fellers is probably my brothers, tho' you'v occasionally had a cussed queer way of show'n it. It's over now. Let us all jine on and mak a country on this continent that shall give all Europe the cramp in the stummuck every time they look at us! Adoo, adoo!"

STELLA COLAS.

Rimmel's stella Colas Bouquet, dedicated by permission to this talented Artiste.

Her beauty hangs upon the cheek of night,
As a rich jewel in Ethiop's ear.

Perfumes for the Handkerchief.

Alexandra,	Guard's,	Fragebane,
Princess of Wales,	Rimmel's,	Lilly of the Valley
Jockey Club,	Wood Violet,	Millefleur,
Essence Bouquet,	Patchouly,	Violet.
West End	New Mown Hay,	Loves Myrtle.

The Bard of Avon's Perfume, in a neat Box; Sydenham Eau de Cologne, Trefole Lavender Water, Extract of Lavender Flowers, Verbena Water, Tercentenary Sachet, Perfumed Tercentenary Souvenir, Shakespeare Golden Scented Locket Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, for making the Hair soft and glossy; Rose Leaf Powder, an improvement on Violet Powder, Bloom of Ninion, for the Complexion; Depilatory Powder for removing superfluous hairs without injury to the skin; Napoleon Pommade, for fixing the Mustachos, and instantaneous Hair Dye, for giving the Hair and Whiskers a natural and permanent shade without trouble and danger.

Rimmel's Rose Water Crackers, a new and amusing device for evening parties.

WM. R. WATSON.

City Drug Store, Dec. 21, 1864.

DENTISTRY.

DR LOUIS DE CHEVRY
Surgeon Dentist, (from Paris.)
Queen Street, - - - Charlottetown.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted in every style, with such a close imitation of nature that the most skilful eye cannot discern the difference. The greatest care is bestowed upon the manufacture of the plates, and their make and finish bear evidence of fine workmanship. All dental operations are performed with professional dexterity. Teeth inserted with or without extracting the roots—the best substances are employed. All work warranted as represented. Prices moderate.

Advice giv en daily free of charge.

DENTIFRICE ELIXIR,

For Purifying the Mouth and Preserving the Teeth, prepared by DR. LOUIS DE CHEVRY, Surgeon Dentist, (from Paris.) This Elixir strengthens the gums, renders the breath agreeable, and keeps the mouth in a constant state of freshness and health, and is indispensable to those who wear artificial teeth. Directions—Put a few drops of the Elixir in a little water, dip the brush, and clean the teeth as usual.

SUPERIOR TOOTH POWDER,
Infallible remedy for the Toothache.

☞ DR. DE CHEVRY will be found at his Office at all hours of the day.

January 18, 1865. 3m

AUGUSTUS HERMANS,
Locksmith, Gunsmith and Bell Hanger,
COPPER, SHEET IRON, ZINC & TIN PLATE
WORKER,
QUEEN STREET, - - - - - - - CHARLOTTETOWN.

☞ Tin and Zinc Water Spouts, Stove Pipes, and Tin Ware, constantly on hand.

Stoves fitted up and repaired.

*** All orders promptly attended to.

Oct. 17, 1862.

A FREEHOLD FARM FOR SALE!

CONSISTING of 175 acres of FRONT LAND, in a high state of cultivation, with a good DWELLING HOUSE, BARN, COACH HOUSE, THRESHING MACHINE and all other requisites suitable for a Farm. Also,—One Hundred Acres of WOOD LAND, in the rear, situate on the South side of Elliot River, about seven miles from Charlottetown, and quite near two Public Wharfs, for shipping Produce, &c.

The above Property is well worth the notice of any person wishing to purchase a good freehold property, being the Estate of the late J. C. Wright, Esq. Time will be given for two-thirds of the purchase money. Enquire at the Office of Henry Palmer, Esq., or at the residence of the Subscriber, Prince Street.

CATHERINE WRIGHT, Executrix.

Charlottetown, Sept. 26, 1864. tf

BROWN'S
Bronchial Troches
FOR COUGHS, COLDS,
AND
THROAT DISEASES.

MRS. WINSLOW'S
SOOTHING SYRUP
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING
IT RELIEVES COLIC.

July 27, 1864. 1y

UNION BANK, P. E. I.

THE Days of Discount at this Bank will be MONDAY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, in each week. Notes to be left with the Cashier on these days before one o'clock.

JAMES ANDERSON, Cashier.

Charlottetown, June 4, 1864. 2m

THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
FIRE AND LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
HAVING A LARGE PAID UP CAPITAL,
ACCEPT ALL CLASSES OF RISKS,
At Reasonable Rates of Premium.
CHARLES YOUNG, Agent.

October 19, 1864.

A FINE CHANCE FOR SPECULATORS
—AND—
ENTERPRISING MEN!

THE undersigned has been instructed by the Owners to offer for SALE, or to RENT, several valuable FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES, and FARMS, in Belfast and otherparts of the Island, in good cultivation, well wooded, and possessing other advantages; and for which good and valid titles, and immediate possession can be given.

Also, four LOTS, being the residue of thirteen Building Lots, (the other nine having been sold the present Season) in the most advantageous mercantile situation known as "SUMMER HILL," adjoining MONTAGUE BRIDGE, ten miles from Georgetown, where close to 150,000 bushels of Produce are annually shipped, and nearly all paid or in Cash. Americans and other speculators purchase here and ship for Great Britain, the United States, &c.

A number of Stores, Wharfs, a Meeting House, Post Office, and Temperance Society have been established for some time; with many Grist and Saw and Cloth Mills in the vicinity; where also any quantity of all kinds lumber can be had in trade at low rates. "Summer Hill is" the only *Freehold Property* for sale in the place which renders it most desirable for the above class of artizans now so much wanted in this rising town.

A STORE and DWELLING on it, capable of holding 15,000 bushels produce, with a double Wharf and site for a Lime Kiln, will be sold or leased on reasonable terms.

Plans, particulars or any other information can be obtained by calling at the office of Messrs. Ball & Son, Land Surveyors, Charlottetown. Reference can also be had from W. Sanderson, F. P. Norton, Thos. Annear, Georgetown; Jas. Broderick, Campbelton, Lot 4; F. W. Hughes, *Examiner* Office, Charlottetown, and to the subscriber at Orwell, who is also Agent for the sale of **Manny's Mowing Machine**, the celebrated Yarmouth COOKING STOVE, and also for the Fulling Mills of Messrs. Bourke, Mill View, the Honble. Jas. McLaren, New Perth, Finlay W. McDonald, Pinette; where CLOTH is received and returned with despatch.

RICHARD J. CLARKE.

Orwell Store, Aug. 10, 1864. E I

IS THERE any VIRTUE in Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER AND ZYLOBALSAMUM?

Convincing Testimony.

Rev. C. A. Buckbee, *Assistant Treasurer American Bible Union, N. Y. City*, writes: "I very cheerfully add my testimony to that of numerous friends to the great value of Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum."

Rev. Wm. Cutter, N. Y. City: "My hair is changed to its natural color, and growing on bald spot."

Rev. J. H. Cornell, N. Y. City: "I procured it for a relative. The falling of the hair stopped, and restored it from being gray to its natural and beautiful color."

Rev. J. West, Brooklyn, L. I.: "I will testify to their value in the most liberal sense. They have restored my hair where it was bald, and, where gray, to its original color."

Rev. A. Webster, Boston, Mass.: "I have used them with great effect. I am now neither bald nor gray. My hair was dry and brittle; it is now soft as in youth."

Rev. H. V. Degen, Boston, Mass.: "That they promote the growth of the hair where baldness is, I have the evidence of my own eyes."

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Butler's Rosemary Hair Cleaner.

AN elegant preparation for the Toilet and Nursery, possessing, in the highest degree, the property of removing Scurf and Dandruff from the Head, and by its invigorating qualities increasing the growth of the Hair.

W. R. WATSON.

City Drug Store, Nov. 23, 1864.

DR. LA'MERT
ON
SELF-PRESERVATION.
PRICE WITH ENGRAVINGS AND CASES, 1s. 6D.; BY POST, 3s.

SELF-PRESERVATION: a popular Essay on Nervous and Physical Debility, resulting from injurious habits contracted in youth, or excesses in maturity, which by prematurely exhausting the functions of manhood, destroy the happiness of Married Life, or prevent the fulfilment of engagements that constitute the most cherished objects of existence.

By Dr. La'Mert, 37 Bedford Square, London, Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburg; Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England, &c.

The above work contains most useful and interesting information on the physiological changes which occur in the Reproductive System during the periods of youth, puberty, and manhood; and on the due attainment of that degree of functional vigour upon which the hopes of posterity depend. It also points out how all the attributes of manhood can be preserved to an advanced period of life, how they are lost, and how they can be recovered. It is free from the gross exaggerations, alarming descriptions, and dangerous remedies so generally resorted to by persons, who, practising with false medical qualifications, inflict most serious injuries, and render judicious treatment frequently abortive.

The author is the only legally qualified practitioner whose name stands on the 'Medical Register,' (the sole test of medical qualification) who has been exclusively engaged for a series of years in the treatment of the various functional disorders of the nervous and reproductive system, which, owing to the great discoveries of modern science, are rendered subservient to a rational, simple and easy mode of treatment.

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may be had of the undermentioned Agents, price 25 cents; free by post, 30 cents:—

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Yarmouth, N. S.—Messrs. Young and Baker, Booksellers.

Sydney, C. B.—Mr. J. P. Ward, *News* Office.

St. John, N. B.—Messrs. H. Chubb & Co., *Courier* Office.

Charlottetown, P. E. I.—Mr. J. Ings, *Islander* Office.

Charlottetown, Nov 4, 1863. 1y

THE CHEAPEST AND SAFEST DOCTOR.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

THIS great household Medicine ranks among the leading necessaries of life. It is well known to the world that it cures many complaints other remedies cannot reach, this fact is as well established as that the sun lights the world.

Disorders of the Liver and Stomach.

Most persons will, at some period of their lives, suffer from indigestion, derangement of the liver, stomach or bowels, which if not quickly removed, frequently settles into a dangerous illness. It is well known in India, and other tropical climates, that Holloway's Pills are the only remedy that can be relied on in such cases. Almost every soldier abroad carries a box of them in his knapsack. In England most persons know that these Pills will cure them whenever the liver, stomach or bowels, are out of order, and that they need no physician.

Weakness and Debility.

Such as suffer from weakness, or debility, and those who feel want of energy, should at once have recourse to these Pills, as they immediately purify the blood, and acting upon the main-spring of life, give strength and vigor to the system. To young persons entering into womanhood, with a derangement of the functions, and to mothers at the turn of life, these Pills will be most efficacious in correcting the tide of life that may be on the turn. Young and elderly men suffer in a similar manner at the same periods, when there is always danger: they should therefore undergo a course of this purifying medicine, which ensures lasting health.

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All young children should have administered to them, from time to time, a few doses of these Pills, which will purify their blood, and enable them to pass safely through the different disorders incidental to children, such as measles, hooping-cough, cowpock, and other infantile diseases. These Pills are so harmless in their nature as not to injure the most delicate constitution, and are therefore more peculiarly adapted as a corrective of the humors affecting them.

Dropsy.

Hundreds are cured yearly by the use of these Pills conjointly with the Ointment, which should be rubbed very bountifully into the parts affected.

Derangement of the Kidneys.

If these Pills be used according to the printed directions and the Ointment rubbed over the region of the kidneys, at least once a day as salt is forced into meat, it will penetrate the kidneys and correct any derangement of their organs. Should the affliction be stone or gravel, then the Ointment should be rubbed into the neck of the bladder, and a few days will convince the sufferer that the effect of these two remedies is astonishing.

Disorders of the Stomach

Are the sources of the deadliest maladies. Their effect is to vitiate all the fluids of the body, and to send a poisoned stream through all the channels of circulation. Now what is the operation of the Pills? They cleanse the bowels, regulate the liver, bring the relaxed or irritated stomach into a natural condition, and acting through the secretive organs upon the blood itself, change the state of the system from sickness to health, by exercising a simultaneous and wholesome effect upon all its parts and functions

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The functional irregularities peculiar to the weaker sex, are invariably corrected without pain or inconvenience by the use of Holloway's Pills. They are the safest and surest medicine for all diseases incidental to females of all ages.

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The quantity and quality of the bile are of vital importance to health. Upon the liver, the gland which secretes this fluid so necessary for digestion, the Pills operate specifically infallibly rectifying its irregularities, and effectually curing jaundice, bilious remittants, and all the varieties of disease generated by an unnatural condition of that organ.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known for the following diseases:—

Ague	Debility	Jaundice	Secondary symptoms
Asthma	Dropsy	Liver Complaints	Tic-Doulouroux
Biliouscomplaints	Dysentery	Lumbago	Tumors
Blotches on the skin	Erysipelas	Piles	Ulcers
Bowel complaints	Females Irregularities	Rheumatism	Venereal Affections
Colics	Fevers of all kinds	Retention of Urine	Worms of all kinds
constipation of the bowels.	Fits	Scrofula or King's Evil	Weakness, from whatever cause &c., &c.
Consumption,	Gouts	Sore Throats	
	ead-ache	Stone and Gravel	
	Indigestion		
	Inflammation		

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the civilized world, at the following prices: 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot. dec. 5—1y

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