

15.—1. Seeing that a large number of our men had been killed, he threw away his arms. 2. Thirty thousand Germans had perished in that fight. 3. As they wished to depart, he said he would allow them their freedom. 4. Cæsar reached the river Rhine in safety. 5. They said that thirty military standards had been left. 6. Hearing the shouts of his men, and fearing the Gauls, he rushed out of the camp.

16.—1. The Germans had been very easily induced to cross the Rhine and make war on the Roman people. 2. Messengers were sent to promise vessels for crossing the Rhine. 3. After sending ambassadors and giving up hostages, they betook themselves to their friends. 4. As the Suebi had joined the Usipetes, he had, against his will, lent aid to these tribes. 5. Against Cæsar's will they had ventured to carry over the army. 6. He resolved that the war must be finished. 7. Perceiving that they were hard pressed by the Germans, they were alarmed. 8. They answered that they would prevent Cæsar from conveying his army across the Rhine. 9. They thought that they could not be safe without his consent. 10. He besought Cæsar to take part in the battle. 11. The Germans who had made war on Cæsar, were surrendered to him. 12. So great was Cæsar's reputation that the farthest tribes sent ambassadors and gave hostages.

17.—1. There was the greatest difficulty, for two reasons. 2. So great was the breadth of the river that there was the greatest difficulty in crossing. 3. Although he was crossing by boats, he decided to build a bridge. 4. For the same reason the trees did not injure the bridges. 5. He decided to join the boats together to lessen the force of the current.

18.—1. Cæsar began to lead the army across. 2. The army began to be led across. 3. For several days they were bringing in timber. 4. He ordered ambassadors to come to him from both states. 5. He ordered a garrison to be left at the bridge. 6. They began to conceal themselves in the woods. 7. Meanwhile, all the timber having been collected and the army led across, they began to prepare for flight.

19.—1. Cæsar learned that their wives and children had been placed in the woods, and that they were gathering to one place. 2. As the bridge had been torn down, Cæsar resolved to punish the Germans. 3. When the Ubii learned that all the buildings had been burned, and a bridge built, they betook themselves to the woods. 4. All can bear arms. 5. For ten days they had awaited his arrival. 6. He thought that everything, for which he had led the army across, had been accomplished. 7. The