such Judge is so appointed, the Governor may appoint any Barrister of at least ten years standing at the Bar of Lower Canada, to be and act as an Assistant Judge of either of the said Courts,—or any Judge of the Superior Court to be and act as an Assistant Judge of the Court of Queen's Bench, and a Barrister as aforesaid to supply his place as Judge of the Superior Court, as an Assistant Judge thereof,-for and during the time that the Judge, appointed a Commissioner under this Act. continues to be such Commissioner:

2. Every Assistant Judge so appointed shall during the said time, have and exercise all the powers and authority and perform all the duties by law vested in or assigned to a Judge of the Court of which he is appointed an Assistant Judge, as if he had been appointed a Judge of such Court, and shall reside at the place to be named for that purpose from time to time by the Governor; and in case of the vacancy of the office of any such Assistant Judge, another may be appointed in his stead

in like manner and with like effect. 20 V. c. 43, s. 2.

3. The said Commissioners and Secretaries shall hold their offices during pleasure, and in cases of vacancy, the Governor may appoint another or others to fill the same, and so on until the work is completed. *Ibid*, s. 3.

4. The said Commissioners shall reduce into one Code, to be called the Civil Code of Lower Canada, those provisions of the Laws of Lower Canada which relate to Civil Matters and are of a general and permanent character, whether they relate to Commercial Cases or to those of any other nature; but they shall not include in the said Code, any of the Laws relating to the Seigniorial or Feudal Tenure. Ibid, s. 4.

5. The said Commissioners shall reduce into another Code, to be called the Code of Civil Procedure of Lower Canada, those provisions of the Laws of Lower Canada which relate to Procedure in Civil Matters and Cases, and are of a general and

permanent character. Ibid, s. 5.

- 6. In framing the said Codes, the said Commissioners shall embody therein such provisions only as they hold to be then actually in force, and they shall give the authorities on which they believe them to be so; they may suggest such amendments as they think desirable, but shall state such amendments separately and distinctly, with the reasons on which they are founded. *Ibid*, s. 6.
- 7. The said Codes shall be framed upon the same general plan, and shall contain, as nearly as may be found convenient, the like amount of detail upon each subject, as the French Codes known as the Code Civil, the Code de Commerce, and the Code de Procédure Civile. Ibid, s. 7.