PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Quebec, 24th March, 1862. The Speaker took the chair at 3 o'clock. Hon. Mr. Moore gave notice of his intention on Tuesday next to move for a return of papers relative to the public, buildings at Ottawa

Hon. Mr. Alexander brought in a bill to restrain municipalities from issuing debentures beyond a certain amount.

The bill was read a first time. Hon. Mr. Smith moved the discharge order of day for the consideration of his Excellency's speech until Wednesday, at three vacancies, caused by the retirement of Messrs, Ross Vankoughnet and Morrison,

were not yet filled up.

Motion agreed to, and House adjourned until Wednesday, being a statutory holiday. LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

The speaker took the chair at 3 o'clock. After the usual routine busines, the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, in obedience to an order of the House on Friday last, attended at the bar with the returns of the last election for Lennox and Addington, and Mr. Wallbridge seconded by Mr. Loranger, moved -That it appears by the return of the returning officer appointed to preside at the election of a member for Lennox and Addington, and the poll books by him transmitted therewith, that Agustus F Hooper, one of the candidates, had at the close of said election a majority of votes, and that notwithstanding, the returning officer.

Marshall Perry Roblin, did not declare said Agustus F. Hooper duly elected. Carried. Mr. Wallbridge next moved-That A. F Hooper should have been returned as the duly elected representative of Lennox and Addington. Carried.

Mr. Walbridge moved-That A. Hooper has a right to take his seat in this House as such representative, saving to all candidates and electors the right of contesting the said election as they think proper .-

Mr. Wallbridge moved that the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery do amend the re-turn so as to declare Mr. Hooper duly elected. Carried

Mr. Wallbridge moved-that the return ing officer, M. P. Roblin, do appear at the bar of the House on Monday, 14th April to answer for his conduct. Carried. Mr. Cartier asked if it was the intention of the opposition to move any amendments

Mr. Sicotte replied in the affirmative. Mr. Cartier, as amendments were no printed, moved that the consideration of he address stand over till Wednesday. Motion carried and the House adjourned

till Wednesday. QUEBEC, TUESDAY MORNING. March 25, 1862.

A caucus of the Upper Canada members supporting the Administration was held here

Mr. John A. Macdonald submitted to the meeting the question what course it was rost expedient to take in view of the disor ganization of the Government, towards the re-construction of the Administration.

The gentlemen present declared them selves favourable to the formation of a pure ly Conservative Government-to the exclusion even of Sidney Smith. Mr. Macdonald resisted this proposition no conclusion was arrived at and the cau-

cus adjourned leaving matters worse than TUESDAY EVENING. It is understood that Mr. John A. Mac donald is still firm, and that he insists the Hincksites shall be retained in the Cab-

Mr. John Hillyard Cameron is said to be highly discontented. It is supposed that he will go into oppossition when a favour-

able opportunity occurs.

The report now is that it the discontent in the wigwam can be healed over, Mr. John Simpson of Niagara, and Mr. John B. Rob inson of Toronto will be taken into the Government. No third man is yet named. Mar Robinson it is alleged, declared in the caucus that the country did not want the question of Representation by Population pressed at present in consequence of Prince Albert's death, and the consequent distress of

The Grand Trunk application for further relief, I am glad to inform you, has no chance whatever of being successful. The Opposition press have so thoroughly ventilated the matter, that the Ministry and their supporters dare not venture to touch it. It is amusing to read the fierce denunciations

for calling out the men twenty-eight days in defend themselves in time of war. All were if it were not intended as a vote of want of each year, and that it is proposed to pay them half a dollar per day. The number but she could not do all. This was the optional with the Government.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL. QUEBEC, March 26, 1862. peaker took the chair at 3 o'clock. After the usual routine business, on motion of the Hon. S. Smith, the Speaker was directed to issue his writ for the election of a member to serve for the Rideau divi sion, in the room of the Hon. P. M. Vansentative of said division, has been appoint ed to the office of Chancellor of Upper Can-

that his appointment to the said office, created for the said Pierre Labelle, such appointment being made with the view of enabling him to retire from the representation to vacate his seat by the acceptance of such office, and to afford to one of your Excellency's Ministers, who was defeated at the same General Election in the County which he represented during the last Parliament, the opportunity of obtaining his own elec-tion for the said County of Laval, is a proceeding which merits the censure of this House, and which establishes a precedent dangerous to the good government of this Province.

QUEBEC, March 27.

The speaker took the chair at three o'clock. On the order of the day being called. Atty. Gen. Cartier said he would fulfil e promise he made to the Opposition yesterday. He had the the honour to announce that the vacancies in the cabinet been pleased to appoint the Hon. Mr. Sher-wood to the office of Commissioner of Crown Lands; The Hon. Mr Patton Solicitor General of Upper Canada; Hon, J. B. Robinson, President of the Executive Council; Hon. Mr. Carling Receiver General, and Sir Narcisse Belleau, Minister of Agriculture, the duties of which office he has discharged for a few days past. Mr. Cartier stated with respect to the retirement to Mr Ross from the office of Commissioner of Public Works, that it was owing to the state of his health and his desire to go to England for a long period, he not wishing to hold office from feelings of delicacy or onscientiousness, although his excellency would have been willing to grant him leave

Mr. Sicotte said the House had not been nformed whether the Hon. Mr. Ross had esigned.

Atty. Gen. McDonald said he had resigned. He moved that Mr. Speaker do issue Toronto and London, to supply the places rendered vacant by the acceptance of office by General for Upper Canada; Mr. J. B. Rob-Messrs. Robinson and Carling.—Carried. Hon. Mr. Foley asked if the Bureau of Carling Receiver General. Agriculture was not under the statute at-

tached to another office;
Atty. Gen. Cartier replied that it was so out his Excellency had used his prerogative in appointing Sir N. Belleau to it and there ture, would be legislation on the subject during

Mr. Denis then moved the Address in re ply to the Speech

Hon. Mr. Portman seconded it. The House then proceeded to take up the

paragraphs seriatim. Hon. Mr. Sicotte and Hon. Mr. Foley asked for explanations as to the reasons of the retirement of the Ministers, and the causes of other gentlemen declining to ac-

Atty. Gen. MacDonald replied that the ommunication with these gentlemen were Up to six o'clock, when our report left, nost of the paragraphs were adopted by the House, without any division.

On that relating to the Intercolonial

Mr. Alleyn's appointment to the Bench The writs for new elections in Toronto.

London, and the Saugeen Division, have all been issued! The new Ministers started westward for their constituencies to-night. Let the electors be on the alert—not an hour is to be lost in bringing out their candidates! This evening in the House of Assembly

Mr. Foley demanded to know what was the policy of the new Government on Representation by Population. Mr. John A. Mac-Donald replied that it was the same as it was before the general election. There was no change in the sentiments of the Government. No Bill on the subject would be in-

Mr. McGee pointed out the remarkable omission of all reference to the Census in the Speech from the Throne, and also that no mention whatever had been made to the Immigration question. He said there was no way so good for putting the gratifying progress of the country fairly before the that of the previous year, and that the deficit for the year will actually exceed the shortcoming of 1860!

Mr. McGee pointed out the remarkable omission of all reference to the Census in the Speech from the Throne, and also that no mention whatever had been made to the Immigration question. He said there was no way so good for putting the gratifying progress of the country fairly before the world, as by a paragraph in the Speech. He took occasion to express strong dissent from the doctrine put forward in the House of the doctrine put forward in the House of the country fairly before the world, as by a paragraph in the Speech. He doctrine put forward in the House of the Census in the C Mr. McGee pointed out the remarkable I hear that the Militia Bill will provide Commons, that the British Colonies should would vote for Mr. McDougall's amendment but she could not do all. This was the He disliked the recent resolution of the of men to be called out annually, is to be left wrong time to broach such doctrine. They American continent: and with this trouble

ahead, he did not like the way in which our destiny makers proposed to drop us.

In the discussion of the Intercolonial Railway paragraph of the Speech, explanations were demanded from the Government.

Mr. Cartier said that the basis of the nekoughnet, who, since his election as repre gotiations was that each Province should some discussion the paragraph was carried on a division—99 to 15.

the Speed until Lountrom.

In the State of the address of the address in the tree properties the properties of the prope

AMENDMENT

To be moved by the Honorable Mr. Loranger, seconded by Labreche-Viger, to the Resolutions for an Address to His Excellency.

That this House cannot but express to your Excellency its deep regret at the appointment of Pierre Labelle, Esq., who was elected at the late General Election to represent, in this House, the County of Laval, during the present Parliament, to a lucrative and saleried office under the Crown; that his appointment to the said office, cre
AMENDMENT

Equality of representation was the basis of the Union Act, and that it should be maintained. Mr. Dunkin said he would vote against both amendments, Mr. Sicotte's was quiet unnecessary. Mr. John Sandfield Macdonald said Mr. Dunkin by voting against Mr. Sicotte's motion desired to keep open a loop-hole in case Representation by Population became popular, and Township members were forced to yield it. He (Mr. Macdonald) would vote for Mr. Sicotte's amendment and against Mr. Sicot

Mr. Speaker declared that Mr. Sicotte's notion was out of order.

who had gone to their election, had abjured Government. Government would not bring in a Bill—but ment. leave things as they are. Mr. John A. Macdonald discussed the Brown Dorion nad been filled up. His Excellency had policy on Representation by Population. Mr. Foley said the Brown-Dorion Government would have settled the question had they been allowed the opportunity.

The House then adjourned without a vote

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL. Quebec, Thursday, March 27. The Speaker took the chair at 3 o'clock Hon. S. Smith moved "That a new writ be ssued for the election of a member to serve framboise. Loranger, J. S. Macdonald. during the remainder of the term for Sau- million, Sicotte, and Starnes-20. geen Division, in room of the Hon. Jas. Patton, who since his election as representative of said Division, has accepted the that His Excellency had been pleased to appoint the Hon. Sir Narcisse Belleau Minister nigration department and the colonization roads. The Hon. Mr. Sherwood had also his warrants for writs for new elections in been appointed Commissioner of Crown inson President of the Council, and Mr.

The motion was adopted. Hon. John Ross then rose, and explained

the first paragraph of the Address in reply to the Speech from the Throne.

Hon. Mr. Lacoste seconded the motion. A debate arose and was continued up to six o'clock, when the house adjourned until agreed to. three o'clock to morrow.

QUEBEO, Friday Night.
The debate, to-night on Mr McDougall' amendment to the Address, in favor of Representation by Population, is highly important. A great advance has been made on the

Mr. Pope, member for one of the Eastern speech. He declared that the people of the townships were willing to grant an amended Representation Bill to Upper Canada—and he would vote against Mr. Sicotte's amend-

Mr. Thomas C. Street made a strong speech in favor of Representation by Popula-tion. He said he did not desire to vote want of confidence in the Ministry, bu must vote i 1 favor of Representation reform whenever the question came up. He blam the Government for not doing something to settle the question. He inferred that some thing would be done upon it, from the fact tha three new Ministers had just been appointed who were finiendly to it. Street in the course of his speech, highly complimented Mr. McGee's remarks on the

lonial defence question.

Mr. Matthew C. Cameron spoke strongly in favor of Representation by Population. It must come sooner or later. He had been It must come sooner or later. He had been elected by the people of North Ontario because they trusted to his advocating this principle, The people of Upper Canada manded the passage of this bill by the Ministry and has been refused.

House of Commons on Colonial defence. eager eyes. had not done yet with the Americ n diffi Canada was loyal to the back-bone. He culty. It was the darling project of the Northern democracy to overturn constitutional monarchial government on the North go for good measures against bad ones. Lieut. Col. Haultain made a clear, forc

ble speech in favor of Mr. McDougalls amendment, showing its justice. He was sor ry that the Ministry would do nothing up on it. He denied that equality of representation was necessary to secure Lower Canada rights. His constituents desired to make no entrenchments on the rights of Lower

Mr. Loranger quoted from the debate in

early settlement of the question.

Mr. Morris also contended that the desire Hon. John A. Macdonald thought it was unusual, but he could not say it was with-Upper Canada, and they were so determined Hon. John Hillyard Cameron insisted that to gain it, that it must be conceded. He Mr. Sicotte's amendment was perfectly in concluded by declaring that he should vote

bers of the Opposition as to their views on Representation by Population. Mr. Foley retorted and demanded if the three Ministers ment, because it was intended to injure the

Representation by Population. Mr. Cartier said he had not spoken to them on the subject. No doubt they held their own opinions on the subject, but while they remained tion be disturbed, but no change could be Mr. Dunkin said he was not prepared members of the present Government they could introduce no Bill on the subject. The He would vote against Mr. Sicotte's amend-

> long discussion in French, each endeavoring to prove that the other was less sincere than himself in hostility to Representation by Population. A division was then taken on Mr. Sicotte's

Mr. Sicotte and Mr. Cartier then had

amendment, when it was lost; yeas 20, YEAS .- Archambault, Bourassa, Bureau, Dorion, Drummond, A. Dufresne, Evantur el, Faulkner, Fortier, Huntingdon, Johin Jolly, Kierskowski, Labreche, Vigor, La

NAYS .- Abbot, Alleyn, Anderson, Ault Baby, Beaubien, Bell (North Lanark), Bel (Russell), Benjamin, Beaudreau, Biggar, office of Solicitor General for Upper Cana- Blanchet, Brown, Brousseau, Burnell, J da, whereby his seat has become vacant." H. Cameron, M. C. Cameron, Caron, Atty. In making this motion the Postmaster Gen. Gen. Cartier, Cauchon, Chapais, Connor eral took the opportunity to inform the House | Cowan, Crawford, Daoust, Dawson, DeBou cherville, DeCazes, Denis, Desaulniers, Dick son, Dostaler, J. Dufresne, Dunkin, Duns-Agriculture, and charged also with the ford, Ferguson, Foley, Fournier, Gagnon, Galt, Gaudet, Harcourt, Haultain, Hebert Hooper, Howland, Huot, Jackson, Jones, Knight, Langevin, Macbeth, Atty. Gen. Mc Donald, D. A. McDonald, McKenzie, Mc-Cann, McDougall, McKellar, McLachlin, Mongenais, Sol. Gen. Morin. Morris. Mor rison, Morton, Mowat, Munro, Notman O'Halloran, Patrick, Poupore, Powell, Pre vost, Price, Robitaille, Rose, J. J. Ross, J

Wilson, and Wright -97. The question being then put on Mr. Mac The question being then put on Mr. Macdonald's motion, Hon. J. H. Cameron moved the adjournment of the Abeta which was at last accounts was at Algederos, forty-five miles from Santa Fe. Col. Clough had

The House then adjourned.

The public accounts are in the hands the printers, and I am told they will reveal a frightful state of things. The expendi nihilation will do them any good.

It is positively stated that lord Monck in Railway a division was taken, but the paragraph was adopted by a vote of 99 to 15.

At six o'clock the House took a recess the Ministry were evidently disconcerted by the Also asks that they shall obtain a majorsisted on the Government filling up their ity of Upper Canadians as well as Lower Canadians.

I hear little of the assumption of municipal debts. Its great apostle, Mr. Isaac Buchanan, has not yet come down, and though Mr. Gilkison is here on behalf of Hamilton, I cannot learn that he has ac-

complished anything. Mr. Bureau has given notice of a motion for any correspondence that may be in the possession of the Government in reference to the Mason and Slidell arrest, and, also, in reference to the organization of the Canadian militia.

Mr. McKellar gives notice of a bill to legalize the collection of absentee land tax.

Fort Monroe, March 28th. Matters remain quiet so far at least, from all the news that can be gathered. The

The Merrimac continues to be the subject of much speculation as to the probability of her coming out again. Glasses are constantly directed towards Craney Island, and every indication of smoke or steam in that direction is closely investigated by hundreds of

The Quarter Master of Gen. Blenker's division states that a party of rebel soldiers, numbering about 50, visited Fairfax Court House yesterday. There being at that time no troops there, they with arms in their hands attacked and drove out the soldiers. and destroyed their stores, at the same time tearing down all the Union flags. A part of the German division was ordered there, from Centreville, to guard the town from

Washington, March 28.
The Union troops advanced yesterday The Hon. S. Smith then said that, inasmuch as the vacancies in the Cabinet were not yet filled up, he would wish the House to defer consideration of the address in reply to the Speech until to-morrow.

Mr. Loranger quoted from the debate in the House of Commons on the Union Act, to show that population had there been repudiated at the basis of representation—and maintained that was a "sacred precedent." The constitution had worked har the House of Commons on the Union Act, to show that population had there been repudiated at the basis of representation—and maintained that was a "sacred precedent." The constitution had worked har the House of Commons on the Union Act, to show that population had there been repudiated at the basis of representation—and maintained that was a "sacred precedent." The constitution had worked har the House of Commons on the Union Act, to show that population had there been repudiated at the basis of representation—and maintained that was a "sacred precedent." The constitution had worked har the House of Commons on the Union Act, to show that population had there been repudiated at the basis of representation—and maintained that was a "sacred precedent." The constitution had worked har the House of Commons on the Union Act, to show that population had there been repudiated at the basis of representation—and maintained that was a "sacred precedent." The constitution had worked har the House of Commons on the Union Act, to show that population had there been repudiated at the basis of representation—and maintained that was a "sacred precedent." The constitution had worked har the House of Commons on the Union Act, to show that population had there been repudiated at the basis of representation—and maintained that was a "sacred precedent."

Arrival of the "China." New York, March 26, 1862. The steamship "China", from Liverpo

inst., arrived this morning.

The steamship "Bohemian", from Portand, arrived out on the 14th inst. The news of the "China" is unimportant The proposed amendments of the Liberals in the French Legislature to the paragraphs in the address relative to America, had been withdrawn.

Parliamentary news of slight importance. The Morning Herald thinks it a pity that

Merrimac is again ready for sea.

Lieut Jeffries, of the Monitor, sen auspicious occasion presented by recent successes for concluding peace. The Federals have it now in their power to retire from the test. Mr. Sicotte's amendment was perfectly in order.

Mr. Speaker caved in.

Mr. Speaker caved in.

Atty. Gen. Cartier questioned the mem and laughter, said though he favoured the pers of the Opposition as to their views on principle of Representation by Population he response to the Opposition as to their views on principle of Representation by Population he response to the order of the first power to restrict the something like honour. The Daily News argues that by simply refusing any sort of participation in the slavery question the Federal Government and laughter, said though he favoured the principle of Representation by Population he response to the concluded by declaring that he should vote desperate strife with something like honour. The Daily News argues that by simply refusing any sort of participation in the slavery question the federal Government and laughter, said though he favoured the slavery question the federal Government and laughter, said though he favoured the slavery question the federal Government and laughter, said though he favoured the slavery question the federal Government and laughter, said though he favoured the slavery question the federal Government and laughter, said though he favoured the slavery question the federal Government and laughter, said though he favoured the slavery question the federal Government and laughter will practically doom slavery to extinction The Times speculates on difficulties of settlement, and points out the debt, tariff, tains the following :taxation, slave law, &c., as rocks ahead when

The French Corps Legislatif continued ne debate on the Address.

The paragraph relating to Mexico was dopted after some opposition.

The amendment of the liberal members to e paragraph relative to America has been withdrawn, on the ground that part of it was rendered unnecessary by a decisive declaration of the Government in favor of Government of Kentucky is with Gen. Crit-

It is reported that France has urgently called on Spain at once to put an end to the misunderstanding between the Spanish and

rench commanders at Vera Cruz. It is asserted that the Greek insurrection ut 30,000 men to complete the army. Liverpool, March 14.-Flour declined 6d Wheat dull and 1d. to 2d. lower. Corn declined 6d. Pork steady. Lard active and steady. Ashes declining; pots 32s.; pearls

London, March 14th .- Breadstaffs de clining. Sugar quiet. Tea firm.

Fortress Monroe, March 26. Contrabands state that the rebel steamer Merrimac, having been fully repaired, was brought out of her dry dock on Monday norning, that her crew had been placed on board, and she was ready for action. Several w guns of heavier metal than she used be ore have been placed on board of her.

The rebel steamers Jamestown, and York own, have been greatly strengthened, and vere fully prepared for action, and ready to company the Merrimac. The flag of the

probability of another battle being fought there soon. The advance guard of the Texthe adjournment of the debate, which was arrived at Fort Union from Colorado, with at Fort Craig.

New York March 27 Private advices from London, 15th inst. state that Mr. Field, with other leading genture in almost every department has increased during the year, and the deficiency is to meet Lord Palmeston at noon on the 21 tlemen and capitalists, interested in the

Mr. Field confidently expected to return to New York with assurances of the earnest co operation of the British Government in

Chicago, March 27. Memphis papers of the 22nd state that only one man was killed in the first four days bombardment at Island No. 10. was a citizen of Memphis.

A gentleman arrived on the Conestogo

this morning, with intelligence from Island No. 10, up to two o'clock, Wednesday, p.m. Gen. Bragg is in command there.

1,500 reinforcements had reached there
from Humboldt, having come by railroad to a point only 15 miles distant. Still larger reinforcements were by the same route last night.

Measures have been taken to intercept the means of communication. A steamer has arrived from the Teanesse iver with a number of prisoners taken near

Pittsburg, Tenn. Cheatham and Polk have left Humbolds with their forces to join Beauregard, who is concentrating his forces at Corinth. Their pickets extend within eighteen miles of our

Washington March 27. The following despatch was received from Fortress Monroe to night, dated to day at 4 o.m., it being telegraphed from Cherrystone.

extending to Big Bethel, which was occupied by 1.500 rebels who fled on the approach of our forces without any hostile d ons. Our troops now occupy the place. Many of the regiments engaged in the ecent fight near Winchester are now at Stratsburg, and the surgeons have not re-

The telegraph line is not working. The list of killed is not reported, but will be forwarded as soon as received at head-

Eight waggon loads of the enemy's dead were carried into Stratsburg on Monday, this and other facts lead us to believe that the enemy's killed and wounded amounted

New York, March 27. Santa Fe dates of the 10th instant., state hat the Texans have taken Santa Fe.

tance two shots from the Cambridge were supposed to have struck the Nashville.

The bark "Glenn" which has been blockon the 15th, via Queenstown on the 16th

Chicago, March 27, The Nashville Patriot, of the 21st, cor

"The New Orleans Crescent, of the 10th, t looks for a day which is to give a friendly says that two powder mills on the opposite side of the river were blown up yester-day and five workmen killed. The loss of property is principlly in machinery, as there was only about 3,000 pounds of powder on

> "A letter from Huntsville, Ala., to Picayune of the 13th, after giving an account of operations subsequent to the fall of Fort Donelson, said that the Provisional tenden's brigade, the capital of Kentucky headquarters of that General.

A special despatch to the Republican, dagaining ground. The Government called the 26th, says that only three shells were thrown by the mortars to day, to which no response was made by the rebols.

The total number of the enemy's Two or three balloon ascensions have been made by Capt. Steiner, but the weather was

fire was extinguished before much damage but one man; and he, Jim the sweep, with

COMMERCIAL. MONTREAL WITNESS OFBICE, Tuesday, Noon, March 25, 1862. A good deal of snow has disappeared under the influence of the thaw which has prevailed for several days. The fall of snow stead of a top it had a "b kestare." has been remarkable large in both sections a blow he struck this off, and though the that the reasons of his retirement from the Government, were entirely of a private nature.

Hon. Mr. Boulton moved the adoption of the Hon. Mr. Boulton moved t there will be a flood such as was experienced and the powder (95 lbs. in all) would have in 1851, when we could pass through the main streets in canoes. Some of the mill. side. arrived at Fort Union from Colorado, with 550 men, and intended to join Col. Camby at Fort Craig.

The miles from Santa Fe. Col. Clough had arrived at Fort Union from Colorado, with being ready to close the flumes by shutting off the water at the bridges."—The roads in the neighborhood of this city are much cut George Kidd, Esqr., Second Con, of

up; there are, however, indications of change Beckwith, of a daughter. to hard weather this morning, there having a sharp frost last night. Barom, at 71 this a.m., 20:74; therm. at same hour, 27° above the bride's father, by the Rev. F. S. Vive. zero; at noon, 35° above; barom.; 29:76. much larger than anticipated. There has been no economy. Nothing will ever reform been no economy. Nothing will ever reform termination of operations with the govern Flour, 1,208 barrels; Wheat, 1,769 bushels; Whinfield, Esq., Eden Dale, Grenville. ment, in regard to the necessary capital for Pork 24 barrels; Leather 54 rolls; Barley, On the 21st March, by the Rev. Mr. Mc

> Commissariat Advertisement .- There was excitement in the Provision Market on Tuesday, in consequence of an advertise- 21st instent, after a long and distressing illco operation of the British Government in the great undertaking which he has so long and ably endeavored to bring to a successful generally imported as a call from tenders and ably endeavored to bring to a successful for the supply of 600 barrels Pork at Otta- in the 43rd year of his age. wa, and 1,000 at Montreal. The obscurity of the advertisement, however was removed on Friday by a clearer exposition of the wishes of the Department, who now advertise the sale of several thousand barrels of Flour, and Montreal Prime and Ch. Flour, and Montreal Prime and Chicago Mess Pork. We pointed out in the Witness early last winter, that with a laudable desire on the part of the authorities to provide the best of everything against our brave defenders, they had purchased "Mess Pork" for their use; but although this article, from its fatty properties, is always calculated to make the eyes of an acclimated lumberman glisten with delight, yet to troops new to our climate, such an edible is quiet unsuited, and this has no doubt been found out by the authorities, who have at the same time learned that "Montreal Prime," containing a large portion of heads and coarse pieces, is also uneconomical and unsuitable. Tenders for the purchase of the above provisions can be made up to 2nd April, and offers for 20 brls., and upwards will be en-

tertained! What the Commissariat really want, but

Lumbering Operations .- The Ottawa Union remarks in reference to the lumbering operations this season on the Black River :- " Last year there was about 25,000 pieces got out, whereas the quantity this year falls short of 20,000. As near as can be ascertained, the following is the quantity made: -G. E. White, 2,000; MacDonald & Co., 2,500; Jos. Aumond, 1,500; Warcott & Pohpore, 1,500; J. & H. Cahill, 1,200; Jas. Walker, 1,800; John Landon, 500; Libean, for Aumond, 800; A. Fraser, 1,000; W. Stitt, 1,000; J. Coghlan, 1,200 A. & J. Colton, 2,000; W. Findlay, 2,200;

Total, 19,750. "The average of each piece is probably about 60 feet. The season on the whole has been favorable for lumbering operations, but owing to the low price which timber

tance two shots from the Cambridge were supposed to have struck the Nashville.

The bark "Glenn" which has been blockaded in the harbour of Beaufort for some time, was set on fire by the rebels on Sunday, and was still burning when the "Cambridge" left in the evening.

The "Glen" was supposed to to be fitt ing out as a privateer.

The Great Eastern.—With regard to the accident to the Great Eastern it is stated that the damaged plate can easily be replaced but that as the bottom of the ship is dry for a very short period at low water of spring tides only, it is possible she may be detained on the gridiron a fortnight longer than was originally expected. Annexed is the report of the engineer:—"The cofferdam enclosing the ship's rudder and new after sternpost was got in place at the last spring tides, and THE GREAT EASTERN .- With regard to Washington, March 27.

News has been received at the Navy Department confirming the statement that the Merrimac is again ready for sea.

Lieut Jeffries, of the Monitor, sent word up this morning to Capt Dahlgren, that he had no fears of the result of the next conhe low water previous to her being finally squared into position upon the gridiron has stoven in and cracked one of the plates of the outer skin between the kelsons. The time ber is being got out from under the ship, and a new plate is getting ready to be put in. No inconvenience is being felt by water finding its way through the cracked plate, as the ship having a double bottom it only penetrates between the skin and kelsons of a watertight compartment.

A TRUE HERO, -On Friday evening, a

poor man named Appleton, better known as Jim, the sweep," signalised himself by an act of heroism that can scarcely be surpassed. In one of the low quarters of Merthyr Tydvil, called River-side, a small house, inhabited by a miner, was discovered to be on fire that evening, and very soonn a crowd assembled, with the object of endeavoring to now being located in a sibley tent near the put it out. They soon found that no one was in the house, and a neighbour immediately this discovery was made suddenly recollected a fact that had slipped his memo-A special despatch to the *Republican*, dated near Island No. 10, on the evening of ry, and with terrific cry shouted out, "There's a half hundred cask of powder in the pantry!" A scene followed of the most startling character. The house was situated in the midst of a densely-inhabited local ity, and thus in a moment those who could be aroused were seen flying from the spotsome nestling their children in their ar too thick for favourable observations.

One of the partly finished gunboats at Memphis, was fired the other night, but the the coolness of a hero, forced his way into The new Tennessee levies were disband- the house, and in a moment saw the peril The new Tennessee levies were disbanding and refusing to fight with the pikes, ous nature of things. Two beds were on the only weapons offered them. flames had actually caught the pantry-door. Jim had to shut the front door in order to open the pantry. This he did an right be-fore him was the dreaded cask, and around it a thin fork of flame ! He tried to raise the cask, bui it was burning hot, and in-

BIRTH. On the 28th of March, 1862, the wife of

MARRIED. On the 19th instant, at the residence of Mr. John Evans, of Cherry Valley, Illinois, the proposed new cable, were very encourag-Lard, 7 barrels.

15 bushels; Peas, 69 bush.; Butter 79 kegs Kenzie, Mr. James Gemmill, 11th Con-Ramsay, to Isabella Lawford, of Beekwith.

year of her age. At his residence, in the township of Lanark, on the 5th inst., Mr. George Graham, aged seventy years. Deceased was a native of the County of Tyrone, Ireland, and had emigrated to this Province in 1822. He is much regretted by a large circle of friends

and acquaintances.

In the Tawn of Pembroke, on the morning of the 24th inst., Gates Briscoe, son of Henry Gibson, Esq., aged 3 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

The circulation of the Herald is no large and constantly increasing. Merchants, business men, and those having properties for sale or to let, would consult their interests by advertising in its columns. Terms reasonable.

cannot describe, is "Prime Mess" packed English fashion. It is very little fatter than Prime, but has no heads or shanks in it. It is simply called "Prime Mess" in the Parish of Carleton Place as follows: In St. John's Church, Innisville, Wednesday, April 2nd, at 11 o'clock, a. m.
In St. James' Church, Carleton Place, Wednesday, April 2nd, at 7 o'clock p. m.
In St. George's Church, Ramsay, Thursday April 3rd, at 11 o'clock, a. m. Each meeting will be preceded by Divine

E. H. M. BAKER.

Carleton Place, March 31st, 1862.

Farm for Sale. BEING West Half of Lot No. 13 in the 11th Con. of Pakenham, containing 100 acres, more or less, sixty of which are cleared. The farm is owned and occupied by James McLeod, and is situated on the White Lake Road, about half a mile from

the Village of Pakenham, and bounded on one side by the line of Railroad.

There is a good log house, with good been in operation than otherwise would have been had prospects been more encouraging."

The Aylmer Times thinks the foregoing

The Aylmer Times thinks the foregoing ately. For particulars apply (if by letter, post-paid) to R. H. DAVIE. post-paid) to R. H. DA Pakenham, March 28th, 1862.

Land Surveying.

THE Subscriber is now furnished with new improved and very accurate instruments and will make every description of survey, by the Meridian or otherwise, with great accuracy, at the shortest notice and lowest charges. Also in the laying out and mapping of Towns and Viliages on the most advantageous plans. The subscriber has had a large and varied experience. Written communications post-paid and addressed Perth, C, W.; or left at the subscriber's residence, (for the present the Stone House adjoining the Music Hall, near the Free Church) stating exactly what kind of line, and where to be run, or what other survey to be made will be punctually attended to; but no attention paid to verbal messages. Liberal Credit given when required.

JOSEPH M. O GROMWELL,
P. L. SURVEYOR. THE Subscriber is now furnished with

Perth, March, 1862. Notice. THE Partnership existing between McKilLOP is GORDON is this day disvolved by mutual consent. All debts to be collected by A. GORDON and settled by the same.

1000GALD McKilLOP,

ALEXANDER GORDON

Pakenham March 17th 1862. For Sale

LOT No. 26 on the 10th Con. Ramsay, containing 100 Acres. For further particulars apply to JAMES NAGLE.

Months