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MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.

VOL. 21. CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, SEPTEMBER 5, 1895. D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR

TERMS—$1.00 a Year, in Advance

BUSINESS NOTICE.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, Miramichi, N. B., every TUESDAY morning in time for despatch by the earliest mails of the day.

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Editor Miramichi Advance, Chatham, N. B

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BARRISTER-AT-LAW,
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ETC., ETC., ETC.
CHATHAM N B

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BAND AND SCROLL-SAWING.
Stock of DIMENSION and other Lumber CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
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All Kinds of Cloths,
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ATTENTION!
Wanted 10,000 bushels wheat.
RUSSELL McDOUGALL & CO,
have started their
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and are now prepared to give quick returns to a large amount of customers
They will also be prepared to grind buckwheat in a short time.
RUSSEL McDOUGALL & CO
Oct17, 1894 Black Brook

PUBLIC NOTICE!
All persons owing me accounts of over four months standing are hereby requested to call immediately and settle same, otherwise they will be placed for collection with costs on the 5th of August, next.
J. D. CRAGHAN.
Chatham, 25th July, 1895.

AGENTS WANTED
Who desire to earn from $15 to $25 weekly, it can be done selling our hardy, acclimated, Canadian Grown Nursery stock. Salary or commission paid weekly. Exclusive territory. Handsome outfit free. Write at once for terms.
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Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., - SEPTEMBER 5, 1895.

Investigation of Charges against Police Magistrate McCulley of Chatham.

The investigation of these charges—preferred by petition of Messrs R. H. Armstrong of Newcastle, and Zenas Tingley of Chatham, was begun on Tuesday of last week before George G. Gilbert, Q. C., commissioner appointed by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor-in-Council. In last week's ADVANCE we gave a full report of the testimony of R. B. Bennett Esq., barrister, up to the time he stood aside to allow that of Mr. Thos. Coughlan to be taken, whose testimony was reported in the same number, at the close of which the court adjourned until Wednesday at 10.30 a. m.

Court reassembled on Wednesday, promptly at 10.30.

Cross-examination of R. B. Bennett by Mr. Murray was resumed and receipt submitted yesterday produced.—

Have you had this receipt in the Malive case always in your possession since you received it?

My impression is that I gave it, for a time, to Mr. Smith, editor of the ADVANCE or gave a copy of it to him

Did you not inspire the ADVANCE article on the subject.

I did not. When the editor questioned me I gave him such information as I possessed. I did not talk on the streets to everyone about the matter and about Mr. McCulley.

Have you not the reputation of talking a good deal on the streets.

I don't know what my street reputation is—as good as yours, I suppose.

Have you not been in the habit of denouncing Mr. McCulley both on the streets and in shops in the town?

I have not been in the habit of denouncing Mr. McCulley on streets, in shops or stores—or clubs. I have not been "in the habit" of denouncing Mr. McCulley. Whatever I've said about Mr. McCulley, I have had cause to say.

Did you not tell Henry Kelly last fall that you were going to lay charges against Mr. McCulley and Menzies, and have them dismissed?

I don't remember having done so; I, certainly, did not say I'd have them dismissed; I might have said I was going to lay charges.

Didn't you say in Mackenzie's drug store, that you would have McCulley dismissed before you left here?

I remember what I said to Mackenzie, for I knew he would carry it to McCulley in ten minutes. I said to him I would use my best endeavors to see that McCulley's conduct was investigated. I said to Mackenzie that McCulley had not treated me fairly, and I complained of his conduct generally. I said, whether he was to be dismissed or not I could not say. I often talked to Mackenzie on the subject.

To have it carried to McCulley no doubt?

Yes, I knew he stood very near the throne. I can,t remember saying I'd have satisfaction out of McCulley.

Was it not in any case when he decided against your applications contentions, that you thought he was prejudiced against you?

I say, emphatically, no, for you know one is often decided against, as a matter of course.

Was it not because,on certain occasions, Mr. McCulley ruled against you, that you considered him biased and prejudiced?

Not entirely, but partly so.

Will you undertake to swear he was not right in his rulings?

I will swear, to the best of my knowledge, he was wrong on the occasions of which I complained.

Was it not because you thought that, legally, the Magistrate was obliged to hear your application for Boyle's release at that time, and was obliged to show you the record in the Malive case that you think he did you a gross injustice?

Yes, for that and the way in which he treated me generally in the progress of the trial. You know the impressions the treatment of a judge on a trial will make on one. I consider that he treated me discourteously.

How did he treat you discourteously?

Whenever opportunity arose during the progress of the trial he spoke slightingly to me. During the trial, in consequence of something he said to me, I said "I come here to treat this court civily and I expect to be treated decently," or "civilly," I hardly remember which, I cannot recall what it was he had said, nor do I remember what he said in reply to me.

Can you point to any other instance of fact or act of discourtesy on Mr. McCulley's part?

I cannot, at this date, remember any other specific acts of discourtesy but the bearing of the court—

Will you swear that you treated the court courteously on that occasion?

I will swear that I treated the court respectfully on that occasion.

Have you been in the habit of treating Mr. McCulley courteously when in his court?

Mr. Lawlor objects that this enquiry is not into Mr. Bennett's conduct, but Mr. McCulley's. Allowed.

Witness: In the cases I was trying with you, I say I treated the court as courteously as you did. I don't know what constitutes courtesy to that court save by comparison. I say, I have been in the habit of treating Mr. McCulley fairly and courteously in his court, when engaged in other cases. I won't say I was absolutely courteous for no man could be with the treatment I received, and having the court travel about the town as if it were a stud horse.

Mr. Murray: You had better tell us about the letter you wrote to the Tracadie girl who was in trouble—the letter that was found on the road, you ought to be more careful of such letters.

Witness: What do you mean by that?

The Com'r: Now, never mind about that. That is not evidence.

Witness: Your Honor, Mr. Murray has thrown out an insinuation, and I have the right to require an explanation from him. My conduct is an open book and my reputation a decent one, his is not. What about those girls on the Point aux Car road and the dog scrape? If he dares to say any such thing attaches to me in connection with any Tracadie girl he lies.

The Com'r: If this is not discontinued I will adjourn the court.

Mr. Winslow:—Mr. Murray, you have been longer at the the bar than Mr. Bennett, and I am surprised that you would so far forget yourself. You should not have introduced those outside matters, whatever they may mean.

Mr. Lawlor remarked that Mr. Murray ought to remember that an examining attorney had great advantages over a witness, and that it was unfair for him to avail himself of them. He hoped the examination would now proceed more regularly.

The Com'r: Go on Mr. Murray.

Mr. Murray! How were you unfairly treated in the Stewart case?

By the magistrate admitting evidence offered by you against my objections.

Point out instances.

It was an action of assault, and I considered that questions in relation to the ownership of property were unfairly allowed.

In that case, was it not the father of defendants who was claiming to be the owner of certain sheep which were found impounded in complainant's barn?

They did so claim, but that was not the issue in the case.

Did not the evidence show that the two defendants and their father went to get those sheep from complainant's barn?

At this late date I cannot speak with accuracy of what the evidence disclosed, but on looking at the record it so appears.

And it was the admission of evidence as to the ownership of the sheep that you complained?

Yes, in an action,under summary conviction, for assault.

Didn't the evidence show that the assault took place while the defendants and their father were taking those sheep from complainant's barn?

My recollection is that defendants drove to the farm of the complainant, broke it open, assaulted him with a sled-stake, kicked him and otherwise abused him, both in and outside of his barn, and defendants claimed that when this was done they were on complainant's property to get certain sheep, which they claimed to own.

Was not the assault complained of after Alex Lyons had taken one of the sheep?

Can't say. I objected to the magistrate, at the trial, allowing evidence as to the ownership of the sheep, as I considered it not a matter of extenuation, excuse or justification under the criminal code. I considered the magistrate prejudiced in your favor by his admitting the evidence in the way he did, although both cases were decided in favor of my clients. I cannot point to any other instances in the Stewart case. There were to have been three informations laid in the Stewart matter. The Stewarts and Lyonses live out of town at Lower Newcastle, across the river—3 or 4 miles away, perhaps.

In the Malive case, were not the words of which you complained, in reference to the fine and costs being paid, placed in the certificate at the end?

I will swear that it was on one of the papers, all of which were attached together by a paper fastener. It was a part of the proceedings, as furnished to me by the magistrate.

Will you undertake to say Mr. McCulley intentionally placed those words there?

Mr. McCulley has since assured me that he did not place them there intentionally, to prejudice my case, and he would be very sorry to do such a thing. He said he did not know it would make any difference, and I said, "I believe you." My opinion has changed somewhat since the matter was first gone into.

Do you know who framed these charges against Mr, McCulley?

Objected to by Mr. Lawlor. Allowed, subject to objection.

Witness: I do.—Mr. Lawlor, Mr. Winslow and myself. I think I did the greater part of the work. It was a good while ago.

You are a partner of Mr. Tweedie, Surveyor-General?

I am, but he had no knowledge, at the time, that I was preparing the charges.

Have you ever advised the payment of fines of persons confined in the lockup, in order to get information against Scott Act violaters.

Objected to by Mr. Lawlor, on the ground that the court should not go into matters which the witness has cognisance of as a professional man.

The commissioner said he thought the question should not be pressed, altho' he would take the answer if Mr. Murray insisted.

Witness: I'm ready if it is insisted on.

Mr. Murray: I won't press it. Can you give instances, other than those you have spoken of, to justify your statement of yesterday that you believe Mr. McCulley incompetent to act as police magistrate.

I can't say I recollect any other? I have not had many cases before him and, of late, I have fought shy of going into his court. I don't say that reflects on his competency.

Re-examined by Mr. Lawlor.

What is the reason you have not pursued you profession in Mr. McCulley's court—gone there to try cases?

Objected to by Mr. Murray, as this matter was not brought out in cross-examination.

The Commissioner: I said, in the first place, that the petitioners should go fully into their case in the direct examination, and it should be assumed they did so. However you may go on; confining yourself to matters within your own knowledge.

Witness: I cannot answer the question more fully than I have done.

Outside of your own cases, have you not general knowledge of other lawyers being badly treated in Mr. McCulley's court.

Not of my own knowledge.

What was said by Magistrate McCulley to you, when you made the proclamation at Mr. Murray's house, at the time the court adjourned to that place.

As I recollect it, either Mr. McCulley, or Mr. Murray,—my impression is it was Mr. McCulley—told me to shut up and not to be a fool.

Mr. McCulley: I see you didn't profit by my advice. [Laughter.]

Mr. Lawlor: Referring to what was said of your conversation with Mr. Kelly, has it been a matter of general knowledge in the town that complaint has been made of Mr. McCulley's conduct in his court?

Yes. His conduct has been a matter of general complaint in the town—by several people—a large number of people.

Was the statement upon the Malive papers that the fine and costs had been paid, a true statement?

I cannot say of my personal knowledge, I only knew what my client, Emily Malive, told me. My recollection is that I stated to Mr. McCulley that I would appeal, and that the amount of fine and costs would be deposited, pending the decision of the upper court.

This answer was objected to by Mr. Murray, as the matter was not brought up in cross-examination.

It was, however, allowed.

Witness: I don't recollect whether this was said in court, or on the way down from it.

In the reasons that were given in the Malive case for adjournment to the Murray house I recollect that Mrs. Johnson's and Mrs. McKinnon's names were mentioned.

Re-cross-examination

by Mr. Murray.

Are you not in error in saying you told Mr. McCulley that a deposit would be made?

My recollection of the matter is as I have stated.

This closed Mr. Bennett's testimony, which was read over to him by the Commissioner and signed by Mr. Bennett.

Adjourned until 2.30.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 28.

Court reassembled at 2.30 p. m. The first witness called and sworn was

JOHN CASSIDY

of Chatham, laborer, who testified: Was charged, tried and convicted before Police Magistrate McCulley about a year ago, for violation of the Scott Act and fined $50 and costs, or 60 days in jail; went to jail in default of fine. After being about three weeks in jail I got out having made arrangements with a certain party.

At this point Mr. Frank Cassidy, father of the witness went to him and whispered something, whereupon the court severely reprimanded Mr. Frank Cassidy for the impropriety.

The Court: What did your father say to you?

Witness: He said he gave his note: my father gave his note and I also signed it, Mr. Menzies brought it to me, in the jail, to sign It was for $60.10—the full amount of the fine and cost and payable 6 months after date.

To whom was it payable?

I don't know, can't remember, though I read it at the time. I didn't mind anything about it; made no arrangement with Menzies or anyone else about the note.

Mr. Murray here objects that the court has no right to enquire into transactions between Mr, Menzies and the witness unless Mr. McCulley was a party thereto.

The court admits the testimony as witness was in jail under Magistrate McCulley's commitment and should have served his term or been released on Mr. McCulley's order.

Witness: When Mr. Menzies brought the note up for me to sign he said my father had signed it and I was also to do so. That was all the conversation we had, and I signed it. Mr. Menzies had told me if I would tell where I got the liquor I would get out and I gave the note for the purpose of getting out; he had told me this before I signed the note—a day or two before. I told him where I got it on the day he asked me. He was alone when he came the first time and he came alone the second time.

It was in the morning that I signed the note and I got out about noon. I did not see Mr. McCulley that day in Newcastle. To the best of my recollection I can't say whether I got out the same day I signed the note, or the next day. I don't know whether Mr. Menzies was there the day I got out or not. Deputy Sheriff Irving let me out, didn't see Mr. Menzies give the jailor any papers that day. The jailor was present when I signed the note, I think it was the same day I got out.

Mr. Murray here objected to Mr. Lawlor's question—"Who did you tell Menzies you got the liquor from? Question allowed.

Witness: I told him I got it from Billy Rigley.

I did not make any complaint before Mr. McCulley against Rigley or give any evidence against Rigley. I told Mr. Menzies. It was the middle or latter part of June when I got out of jail and the date of the note would be handy to that time.

I don't know what became of the note. I got a note from Mr. Murray saying it would be due at such a time and would require to be paid. I don't know whether it was paid or not. I never paid it and was not asked to pay it since.

Witness here said it was not he, but his father who received the notice from Mr. Murray that the note must be paid. I was never asked to and never did pay the note. Menzies had said nothing about the note at the time he told me I could get out if I told where I got the liquor.

I had no conversation with Mr. McCulley from the time I was sent to jail until I was released.

The conviction against me was for selling liquor.

Cross-examined by Mr. Murray.

I live with my father and have had no means to pay this note or any part of it since.

Don't you I live opposite you and wouldn't I have a fair idea of your ability to pay.

Yes, you would. I don't think my father has the means to pay the note.

Re-examined by Mr. Winslow.

I had no understanding with Mr. Menzies that I was not to pay the note. My father sent the note and I had a letter from a party in town. I don't know what the letter contained, except saying for me to sign the note. The letter was from my mother.

GEORGE D. CHRISTIE

of Chatham, tailor, sworn and examined by Mr. Lawlor said: I was defendant, last fall, in a case brought against me by Mary Lynch of Chatham, for striking a child. I was served with a summons. I acknowledged the truth of the charge, and Mrs. Lynch said she would withdraw the charge if I would pay the expenses, but a day or two afterwards she came and said she wanted the case to go on, lest I should strike the children again. I saw her on the street, and she again said she would withraw it. After that Mr. McCulley tapped for me on his window and called me in and said Mrs. Lynch wanted me fined something, the fine to stand against me for future good conduct. I paid Mr. McCulley $2 costs and $1 fine stood against me. I never asked the police magistrate to give me a memorandum of how the costs were made up.

ANTHONY FORREST.

a policeman, of the town of Chatham, and keeper of the lockup, sworn:—I have been keeper of the lockup since 1st May 1894. I remember a girl named Malive being in the lockup on a charge of peddling without a license.

Is there a record kept in the court of proceedings there?

There is a record of drunks—not of arrests on warrants—that is, so far as I keep the record. I enter all arrests for drunkeness. I did not arrest Emily Malive. I did not go from the police office to Murray's house during the Malive trial. I was present at part of the trial. On the evening she was convicted and put back in the cell a person met me on the street and told me two men were up in Murray's office going to pay her fine. It was, I think, her sister. I went to Mr. Murray's office. John Fadil and another man,the girl and Mr. Murray were there. The two men made up the amount of the fine between them. I had the warrant of commitment with me. Emily was sick in the lockup. I got the money and gave it to Mr. Murray to keep and give to Mr. McCulley in the morning. I told Mr. Murray to give John Fadil a receipt for it, as I was in a huray to go. I had counted the money on Mr. Murray's desk. I heard nothing about the money being on deposit. I took it as payment of the fine. No receipt was written out while I was there, for I went right away to release Emly Malive, the prisoner. I had got the warrant of commitment the same evening she was committed.

Wasn't you sent for simply to find out how much the fine and costs amounted to.

[No answer]; I swear I didn't understand the money to be paid as a deposit. I heard yesterday, here, that it was so deposited. I don't remember having heard of it before that. I heard it was refunded. I never saw the money after that. I don't know whether there were any costs included in the sum paid for my services. I got nothing out of it, that I remember. Mr. McCulley told me the next day that he had got the money.

I did not take a bottle of whiskey from Billy Mudge on the street. I know Scott Act Inspector John Menzies. I frequently serve papers in Scott Act cases—all I can get. Robt. Murray jr. frequently attends to Scott Act cases. I don't know where Mr. Menzies spends most of his time in Chatham, I see him often at Mr. McCulley's—as often as at the place he boards—often at Mr. Goggin's, which is in the same building as McCulley's.

Do you know that Mr. Menzies pays persons for procuring evidence in Scott Act cases.

I do not.

Did he ever promise you money for so doing?

He never did

Did you not tell a person that if he would give evidence in a Scott Act case you would get them money for doing so?

No, I never did.

Did you ever say so to young Gould in presence of Bob Barnett?

I never did. Policeman Ramsbottom took John Cassidy to jail from here. I never served subpœnas on witnesses without tendering them their fees.

Mr. Lawlor reads Mr. Murray's receipt referred to as follows:—

$24.70

Received from Emile Malive the sum of twenty-four 70-100 dollars in full of fine and costs before Police Magistrate McCulley, for peddling without license, this amount to be held for ten days to await an appeal or review of the case. If the conviction is set aside the money to be returned. If not set aside within ten days the money to be applied to payment of the said fine and costs. In case the money has to be returned it is to be given to defendant or John Fadil

ROBT. MURRAY.

Chatham, N.B., May 16th, 1894.

Witness: I never saw or heard of that receipt until yesterday.

Cross-examined by Mr. Murray.

I dont remember receiving any instructions from Mr. McCulley about releasing the prisoner, Malive, if the money was paid. I would do so, in any case, if the money was paid. You gave me no directions for the release of the prisoner. I did not see Mr. McCulley treat Mr. Bennett discourteously at the Malive trial, but I was there only a short time. I was at parts of Stewart-Lyons trial. I did not, while there, see Mr. McCulley treat Mr. Bennett discourteously. I don't remember what Mr. Bennett said to Mr, McCulley at the trials.

Haven't you heard him say "Oh if Mr. Murray asked that question you would allow it?"

I have heard those words from Mr. Bennett, but can't remember in what case. I have heard Mr. Bennett say "If Mr. Murray asked you to do that you would do it, but not for me." I can't say I heard that remark more than once. I have seen Mr. McCulley try a good many cases,

In your opinion, does he try them fairly or unfairly?

Objected to by Mr. Lawlor on the ground that it is only a matter of opinion of this witness who is not capable. 2ndly. His opinion asked at this time would only be given without considering the facts in evidence or without having any knowledge of the law bearing on the evidence.

The Com'r: You pressed in Mr. Bennett's opinion against Mr. Murray's protest that your question was general. Allowed.

Witness: I would say Mr. McCulley tries cases fairly

The Com'r: I will say that opinions not sustained by facts, would have very little weight with me.

Re-examined by Mr. Lawlor.

Do you consider you are fit to judge whether a magistrate performs his duties properly or not.

Witness: I think I have a pretty good idea. I never studied law much. I would not consider myself competent to decide which lawyer was right, on hearing them argue a question of admission or rejection of certain evidence. I can't remember either any point of the kind decided before Mr. McCulley; I can't remember any points raised in any case before Mr. McCulley. I can't recall to mind any case in which I thought Mr. McCulley did not decide correctly.

Do you remember saying to any person that the decision given by Mr. McCulley in the case of Margaret Conway, for selling liquor to an Indian, was an unfair and unjust judgment.

I don't remember ever having said so. I swear I didn't say so. I said I didn't agree with the Indian's testimony. I don't think it was correct.

Adjourned until 10 a. m., Thursday.

[*Continued on 2nd Page.*]

General News and Notes.

California has 8,000 Japanese.

Japan is to have an Eiffel tower.

The elevator girl is multiplying.

Paris actresses wear paper lace.

Teeth are filled with aluminum.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY:—South American Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Warranted by J. Pallen & Son.

Sweden has cast-steel billiard balls.

Belgium has 50,000 draught dogs.

Germany employs 23,127 locomotives.

In South America a parrot costs a dime.

Human skeletons cost: Male, $40; female, $50.

ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT removes all hard, soft or calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Ring Bone, Sweeney, Stifles, Sprains, Sore and Swollen Throat, Coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Warranted by J. Pallen & Son.

The electric locomotive weighs 13,400 pounds.

Aluminium is being used in making the bodies of cabs.

Every German regiment has a chiropodist in it ranks.

California peaches are selling for $20 a ton in the orchards.

Great Britain pays over $500,000,000 a year for imported food.

Gold leaf is now made by electrolysis, superseding the gold-beater's art.

ITCH, on human or animals, cured in 3 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotions, Warranted J. Pallen & Son.

St. Louis has more brick buildings than any other American city of equal size, nine-tenths being the ratio.

A cob pipe factory, with a daily output of 8,000 pipes will shortly be put in operation in Waverly, Tenn.

In manufacturing operations the average life of soap boilers is highest and that of grindstone makers the lowest.

During the past 30 years 200 tons of ostrich feathers valued at $50,000,000, have been exported from Cape Colony.

The railroad across Siberia will be 4,000 miles long when finished. The two sections now operated are 761 miles long.

A Wonderful flesh Producer.

This is the title given to *Scotts Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil* by many thousands who have taken it. It not only gives flesh and strength by virtue of its own nutritious properties, but creates an appetite for food. *Use it and try your weight.* Scott's Emulsion is perfectly palatable. Sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and $1.00

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE,
The Great English Remedy.

Before and After.

Six Packages Guaranteed to promptly, and permanently cure all forms of *Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Mental Worry,* excessive use of *Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants, which soon lead to Infirmity, Insanity, Consumption and an early grave.* Has been prescribed over 20 years in thousands of cases; is the *only Reliable and Honest Medicine known.* Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six, $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlets free to any address.

The Wood Company,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Chatham by
J. D. B. F. MACKENZIE, Druggist

MID-SUMMER SALE

Cottons said to be advancing,

But Read Below!

We have secured recently some special values in

GREY AND WHITE COTTONS,

These goods were bought on the most favorable terms as to price for cash, and we propose offering our friends and the public

SPECIAL PRICES,

so as to clear them:—

Line No. 1. Yard wide Bleached White Cotton at 7c, this quantity formerly sold at 10c; it is a bargain.

" No. 2 Yard wide Longcloth, this is a very special line, the make being similar to a fine heavy Jaconet Muslin, we offer it at 10c a yd; this quality formerly sold about 15c a yd.

" No. 3. Bleached Pillow Cotton only 12c, this is a special line as this quality formerly would be sold about 20c a yd.

" No. 4. Our 40 inch Grey Cotton, we are making a drive of this line by letting it go at 8c a yd, it is sufficiently heavy for sheeting.

" No. 5. Our yd wide Grey Cotton at 4c is good value.

" No 6. Our special yard wide Grey Cotton heavy and suitable for underclothing at 7c is a daisy, this quality formerly sold much higher.

W. LOGGIE CO. LTD.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after Monday the 24th June, 1895, the trains of this railway will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

WILL LEAVE CHATHAM JUNCTION.

Through express for St. John, Halifax and Pictou, (Monday excepted)	3.00
Through express for Quebec and Montreal,	3.13
Accommodation for Moncton	10.51
Accommodation for Campbellton,	14.05

ALL TRAINS ARE RUN BY EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager

Railway Office, Moncton N. B. 20th June, 1895.

INSURANCE.

The Insurance business heretofore carried on by the late Thomas F. Gillespie, deceased is continued by the undersigned who represents the following Companies:—

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL,
ALBION,
IMPERIAL,
LONDON, & LANCASHIRE,
LANCASHIRE,
ÆTNA,
HARTFORD,
NORWICH UNION
ALLIANCE,
PHŒNIX OF LONDON,
MANCHESTER.

FRANCES A. GILLESPIE

Chatham, 29th Nov. 1893.

WANTED.

Immediately. Energetic man as salesman. No experience necessary. Special advantages offered. Write for particulars.

BROWN BROTHERS COMPANY
Toronto, Ont.

Paid Capital $100,000,00.

School Tax Default Notice.

I hereby give notice that the following non-resident ratepayer of School District number six, in Tabusintac, parish of Alnwick, County of Northumberland, is in default for school taxes as follows:—

John Robertson, resident in the United States:

Tax for 1892	$6.14
" " 1893	3.76
" " 1894	2.59
" " 1895	2.59
	$12.10

Unless the same, with the cost of advertising this default, are paid within two months from date, the real estate of said John Robertson will be sold or other proceedings taken for the recovery of said taxes

SIMON F. MURRAY
Secy to Trustees

School District No 6 Tabusintac,
August 29 1895

FISH!

Never say you can't get fresh fish in town and that they are all exported. We are offering at retail

FRESH SALMON, MACKEREL, SMELTS, SHAD, EELS, CODFISH, BASS ETC.

Telephone orders will be attended to promptly.

W. S. LOGGIE CO., LTD!

Jan.5,1895.

"FITZMAURICE."

The above well known Clyde Stallion will travel during the coming season between Chatham and Doaktown, also standing at Douglastown, Newcastle, Nelson, Derby, Indiantown, Barnaby River, Black River, Bay du Vin and Richibucto.

Terms made known by groom.

GEO. E. FISHER,
Woodburn Farm

CARDING.

The Subscriber will receive, at his store, Black Brook, wool to be carded at the

DOAK CARDING MILL,

Doaktown, and deliver it back again, carded at the same place, at the usual rate for carding—no extra expense being charged for conveyance to and from the Mill.

F. W. RUSSELL,
BLACK BROOK

Lime For Sale

Apply to

THE MARITIME SULPHITE FIBRE CO. LTD.

Aberdeen Hotel.

The building known as the Muirhead stone house opposite the Post Office, Chatham,

[OPENED APRIL 1ST, 1894.]

is conducted as a first class hotel for the accommodation of permanent and transient guests. The Hotel is in the centre of the business portion of the town, near the Steamboat Landing.

Good stabling and yard room.
Sample Rooms for Commercial Travellers.
Hacks to and from all trains.

A. J. PINE.

ADAMS HOUSE

ADJOINING BANK OF MONTREAL

WELLINGTON ST, - - - CHATHAM, N. B.

This Hotel has been entirely Refurnished, throughout and every possible arrangement is made to ensure the Comfort of Guests. Sample Rooms on the premises.

TEAMS will be in attendance on the arrivals of all trains.

GOOD STABLING &C.

THOMAS FLANAGAN.
Proprietor

CANADA HOUSE.

Corner Water & St. John Streets,

CHATHAM

LARGEST HOTEL IN CHATHAM.

Every attention paid to

THE COMFORT OF GUESTS.

Located in the business centre of the town. Stabling and Stable Attendance first rate.

WM. JOHNSTON,
Proprietor

REVERE HOUSE.

Near Railway Station,
Campbellton, N. B.

formerly the Union Hotel, kept by Mrs. Grogan

Comfortable accommodation for permanent and transient guests. Commercial Travellers will also be provided with

Sample Rooms.

GOOD STABLING on the premises.

Daniel Desmond,
Proprietor.

ALEX. MACKINNON,
WATER ST., CHATHAM.

I am now prepared to offer my customers and the public generally, goods at

REDUCED PRICES

in the following lines, viz:—

Mixed Candy, nts, Grapes, Lemons Raisins, Currants, Citron and Lemon Peel, Flavoring Extracts and Pure Spices, and other Groceries.

—ALSO—

nice line of
gift cups & saucers,
Mugs, Lamps, and a General assortment of
Glass and Earthenware &c.

ALEX. MCKINNON.

December 13th 1894.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

THE STR. NELSON
CAPT. BULLOCK

will run between Chatham and points up river as follows—

Leaving Chatham at 9 and 11 a m and 2, 4.30 and 7 p m.

Leaving Newcastle at 10.15 a m, and 12.15, 3.15 5.30 and 7.45 p m, solar time.

Making the usual calls at Douglastown, Bushville and Nelson, carrying freight and passengers.

The Steamer Miramichi will leave on her first down river trip on Saturday, May 4th, at the usual hour.

W. T. CONNORS,
Manager.

THE LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT CO.

The only British Co. in Canada issuing

Guarantee Bonds and Accident Policies.

Accident Insurance at lowest rates. Protect your life and your time by taking a policy in the LONDON.

FRANCIS A. GILLISPIE,
Agent.