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THE T. EATON CO. LIMITED

FRENCH STILL GAIN ON LAKE OCHRIDA

Allies Continue Advance in Macedonia—Quietness Prevails in West.

Paris, Sept. 13.—The official communication issued by the war office tonight reads:

"Intermittent artillery activities occurred in Belgium south of Noord-schoote, on the front north of the Aisne, in the region of the plateau and on both banks of the Meuse, where the enemy of our reply silenced at several points the adverse batteries."

"Belgian communication: On Sept. 12 and 13 the artillery action was less intense. Wednesday night we took task several railway stations and communications of the enemy in retaliation for similar bombardments carried out by his batteries. Several of our communications were in addition bombed by enemy aviators."

"Eastern theatre, Sept. 12: Lively artillery activity was displayed in the region of Monastir. In the neighborhood of the lakes our troops have reached Mumlushita, on the west shore of Lake Ochrida, and Hill 1704, ten kilometres northwest of Mumlushita. On September 11 and 12 we captured 180 prisoners, two mountain guns and three machine guns."

COFFEY BEATS BONDS.

New York, Sept. 13.—Jim Coffey, Irish heavy-weight, stopped Joe Bonds, Washington, in the third round of a ten-round bout here tonight. Bonds' seconds threw up the sponge in the third round to save their man from a knockout. Coffey weighed 202 1/2 lbs., and Bonds 175.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

INFANTRY.

Killed in action—W. J. Robertson, Vancouver Hill, B. C.; J. McLaughlin, Montreal. Died of wounds—W. Lounsbury, Lewis Mountain, N.B.; R. Loucka, Creelman, Sask.; Le-Corp. R. Royat, Montreal; H. B. Ferris, St. John, N.B.; 67270, H. A. Keller, 17 Reinhold avenue, Toronto. Died—H. Boyer, Springbourne, Sask. Presumed to have died—A. Sgt. H. H. Findley, Australia; C. P. Everett, England; O. H. Allan, Calgary, Corp. R. A. Gordon, England; J. Fleming, Vancouver; Corp. G. Berryman, Lennoxville, Q.; P. Pelier, Rocky Gully, N.S.; L.-Corp. F. Carlson, Sleeman, Ont.; L. Church, New Liskeard, Ont.; E. Tomboes, Upper Ireland Cove, Nfld.; J. M. Sully, England; G. J. Hill, Hatfield, N.B.; T. Wright, Ireland; L.-Corp. T. Fleetwood, New Westminster.

MOUNTED RIFLES.

Hill, gas poison—G. D. Lunney, Elmwood, Sask.; J. Thomas, England; J. J. Anderson, Longueuil, Q.; J. Jamieson, Ottawa.

SERVICES.

Died—Spr. S. O. Salaman, Kingston Station, N.S.

FIRE IN C. P. R. COAL PILE.

Winnipeg, Sept. 13.—A fire has been smouldering for more than a week in a gigantic pile of coal in the C. P. R. yard near the roundhouse. The area covered by the coal is about a quarter of a mile in length, and about two hundred yards wide, and contains about 100,000 tons. Spontaneous combustion is supposed to have been the origin of the fire.

RUSSIAN OUTLOOK GROWS BRIGHTER

Washington Cheered by Kerensky's Announcement of Disciplinary Program.

REHABILITATE ARMY

Determination Shown to Stop Meddling of Soldiers' Committees.

Washington, Sept. 13.—News of Premier Kerensky's determination to instill better discipline into the Russian army created almost as great an interest here today as the reports of General Korniloff's revolt. It Kerensky succeeds in his disciplinary program Korniloff's attempted coup will have borne good fruit in the opinion of officials and diplomats. Such an accomplishment would remove one of the great weaknesses of the new democracy and, it is believed, might go far towards infusing a spirit of order and co-operation into the civilian population on whose loyalty the support of the war so largely depends.

Kerensky's plan is believed to be to restore discipline by making it plain that military commanders shall have full authority to dictate military movements; by rooting out the serious interference of soldiers' committees with commanders' orders; and by retaining the present system of government, civil commissioners at the front to advise men in the ranks and provide a certain check on ill-treatment of soldiers.

By this arrangement, the death penalty for violation of orders might continue to be imposed by courts-martial, subject to limited review by the civil commissioners. The forces opposed to the death penalty could be satisfied by the assurance that the commissioners would prevent unjust sentences.

Recent reports from the Russian front indicated that the soldiers' committees, also said to have been short of their referendum power over general orders, still persist in interference, which sometimes means delay and disorder.

Caledonian Society Loses Two of Its Oldest Members

At the opening meeting of the season of the Caledonian Society of Toronto last evening in the Foresters' Hall, the death of two old and respected members was reported. They were about 60 years of age, and who had been a member of the society since its inception, and W. Beattie, treasurer of the society for a group of years. Mr. Beattie was 83 years of age and was for many years the Canadian representative of the Scottish Bannockburn and Burns Society and the S. O. E. Prof. J. Ferguson was present and gave an interesting account of the regular business of the society, and two little girls gave an exhibition of Scottish dancing. The chair was taken by Hugh Macdonald.

HAMILTON NEWS

Hamilton, Sept. 13.—Splendid progress is being made at the Technical School, and plans are being formulated for making it the centre of instruction in the textile trade. At the board of education meeting this evening, the employment of Ernest W. Kay as instructor in physics and chemistry, at a salary of \$1800 per year, was approved, and a committee appointed to co-operate with the committee of the textile manufacturers of the city to establish a cotton spinning class, and endeavor to secure free from the manufacturers of cotton machinery the necessary plant, and to make enquiries regarding a competent teacher. A sure sign of the work of the school topped the largest enrollment in the history of the "Tech."

Government tractors are busy in the vicinity of Hamilton turning over the soil in preparation for the fall period. According to Parks Commissioner Wild, the work of improving Wabasso Park is practically over for the season. The building program has been about completed, and next year the work will consist of grading and landscaping work. The problem of handling the peach and tomato crop in the vicinity of Beamsville has been solved by despatching fifty Hamilton women to the "scene of action." The workers will be paid 10 cents an hour for ten-hour day. They will be boarded for \$4 per week.

The Ontario Temperance Act, which has now been in force in almost all the cities in the province, has been the cause of a large amount of trouble to the city of Hamilton. The Ontario Temperance Act, which has now been in force in almost all the cities in the province, has been the cause of a large amount of trouble to the city of Hamilton. The Ontario Temperance Act, which has now been in force in almost all the cities in the province, has been the cause of a large amount of trouble to the city of Hamilton.

SCORE'S "BALACLAVA" SLIP-ON—AN ESTATE SALE FEATURE.

The "BalACLAVA" is one of the smartest and dressiest, and withal one of the most gentlemanly of outer garments, designed by our own designer, to individual measures, made from very specially imported Scotch and Irish cloths and English covers. And just now when the days may be cool and the evenings raw, it is timely to make special mention of the splendid assortment in the lighter weights for made to your measure. R. Score & Son, Limited, tailors and haberdashers, 77 King street west.

WAR SUMMARY

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

SECRETARY LANSING, at Washington, has disclosed another scandal in the Swedish diplomatic service by publishing a letter which seriously involves Folke Cronholm, late Swedish attaché in Mexico City. This letter, written by Von Eckhardt, German intriguer and chief of spies, recommends that for his services to Von Eckhardt and to Germany, Folke Cronholm should receive a decoration from the Kaiser. In order not to arouse any suspicion Von Eckhardt advised that the honor be kept secret until after the war. The letter was written 18 months ago, and it was addressed to the German imperial ambassador in Mexico City, the presumable not for his pro-Germanism. The letter betrays another clear breach of neutrality by Sweden. The United States is communicating with the Mexican Government with a view to having Mexico take action against German intriguers and spies.

The verbal fog which has obscured the operations between the provisional government and General Korniloff apparently conceals the conducting of negotiations between the two rivals. The act of Korniloff, strictly speaking, was not an act of insurrection, but the act of a man who wished to wake up the idealists at Petrograd to a grasp of the realities. The government, of course, resenting all attempts at instructing it in its obvious duties, branded Korniloff as a counter-revolutionary. In reality he is as anti-car as any of the most crack-brained agitators. The allied legations, it appears, have proffered their good offices to prevent bloodshed, so the situation may evolve in a satisfactory compromise. Kerensky, meanwhile, has secured confirmation of himself as supreme commander of the army. This makes him a dictator, and students of military affairs are inclined to think that he now has the best opportunity that ever man had to give the country strong pilotage in its difficult course. General Korniloff, it is said, has offered to surrender to General Allenoff.

The Russian armies, after their withdrawals, have begun quite a vigorous offensive on both their extreme right and extreme left flanks. Along the Gulf of Riga coast they forced back the German cavalry and established a river line of defence, and in Rumania, near Radauts, they captured a height from the Austrians, taking quite a few prisoners. The Russian artillery has, moreover, begun a heavy bombardment of German positions south of Sventitskaya, a point between Vilna and Dvinsk. The Russian fighting forces, at least on the surface, are recovering from their recent destitution.

The Italians seemingly have settled down to a hammer and tongs. Chemin des Dames sort of battle at Monte Cassino. The position on the heights of the Aisne. They hold the crest, they are dominant, while the Austrians are clinging to the eastern slopes by dint of a policy of incessant counter-attacks. The Italians may maintain this action for a considerable time, until they tire out the Austrians, or until wintry weather immobilizes both armies. It is not certain whether the Italians have enough material on hand to make another mighty effort before the winter campaign begins.

British naval officials declare their complacency these days at the inability of the German submarines to substantiate what their authors expected. While the submarine remains down at the bottom, it is not a dispenser of knockout blows, nor even yet a bugaboo. The allies, however, have contrived, it seems, to pass over the period of greatest danger with ease, when every thing is considered. From a Reuter's despatch it appears that the British navy has destroyed a satisfactory number of the vicious little boats. German under-water activity has again become great, though perhaps rather barren, because the end of October marks the third date set by the German navy for the destruction of the British fleet. The British navy has destroyed a satisfactory number of the vicious little boats. German under-water activity has again become great, though perhaps rather barren, because the end of October marks the third date set by the German navy for the destruction of the British fleet.

The British fought a fierce action on a front of about a mile north and northeast of Langemarck early yesterday morning and succeeded in beating off a German attack. It was preceded by a heavy German bombardment and it was attempted in considerable force. Sharp fighting resulted in the British being driven back, while the British carried out a raid of their own in the Oppy zone.

The French campaign is proceeding with advances to Mumlushita, and Hill 1704, about six miles northwest of the first point. Mumlushita lies about 100 miles west of Lake Ochrida. In the fighting the French have taken 160 prisoners, two mountain guns and three machine guns.

WILL URGE CITY TO DEAL IN MEAT

Board of Health Would Take Action to Reduce Price of Beef.

INSPECT FLOUR MILLS

Will Get First-Hand Information as to Composition of White Flour.

It was decided at the meeting of the board of health yesterday afternoon, on the suggestion of Medical Officer at Health Inspecting, to recommend that application be made to the legislature at the next session for an amendment to the Public Health Act by which railway companies and the proprietors of abattoirs convicted of creating a nuisance shall pay a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$200 for the first offence and double the amount for subsequent violations.

Dr. Hastings' report to the board precipitated a long discussion on the nutritive value of whole wheat bread and foodstuffs in general and on the motion of Dr. Risk the board agreed to ask the board of control to consider the advisability of entering the dead meat business for the purpose of reducing the price to the consumer.

The board will also make a tour of the milling plants in the city with the view of ascertaining the composition of white flour and to obtain information on the whole wheat bread question. Abattoirs will also be paid a visit in order to become acquainted with conditions.

Bran For Fodder. but were used to feed cattle. He was more interested in supplying meat at a reasonable price to the citizens and could not see that the city had anything to be afraid of in entering on the dead meat business.

Chairman Aid. Maguire told him that the wholesalers controlled the market, and that it was not for the public set for them.

Treating the whole wheat bread question, Dr. Hastings' report stated that the most capable physiologists, while thoroughly in accord with the efforts of the medical officer of health to improve the food situation, Dr. Risk was not in favor of the whole wheat bread propaganda. In an extensive disquisition he gave the board his knowledge of bran, shorts, etc., which he contended, were not wasted, chemical and nutritive value, and endeavoring for years to show that from a health standpoint and an economic standpoint, highly bolted white flour was a mistake, inasmuch as it is deprived of the germ of the grain which was rich in protein and fat; also of all the outer coverings, each of which was rich in mineral matter and with the germ of the grain contained the real vitamins, all of which were indispensable to the health of the body to receive the full nutritive value of wheat flour.

Value of Whole Wheat. He showed the value of whole wheat flour in the production of bread and stated that the facts were of special interest at the present time in view of the rapid increase in the price of eggs and meat. These were rich in vitamins, but on account of the increase in cost they were practically prohibitive to a great majority of the people. Furthermore from an economic standpoint it was important that the highest possible percentage of flour was obtained from the wheat which would effect an enormous saving.

For instance, he said that 100 pounds of good average wheat would produce from 55 to 70 pounds of slightly bolted, so-called pure white flour, while 100 pounds of wheat would produce from 80 to 85 pounds of stone ground flour, while 100 pounds of wheat would produce about 95 pounds of whole wheat flour. This would mean a saving of from 10 to 15 per cent, and inasmuch as it was estimated that 40,000,000 bushels of wheat was required to keep the nation in flour every year, by the adoption of these regulations, a saving of from four to eight million bushels would be effected. In addition the people would be better fed and a better race of people would be developed.

COLLAPSE REPORTED OF GEN. KORNILOFF

(Continued from Page 1).

forces of General Korniloff after it had been evacuated by government troops, General Savinkoff, commander of the troops defending Petrograd, told the Associated Press today. Another Korniloff force is twenty miles south of Petrograd in the direction of Tsarskoe-Selo, General Krinoff, commander of the Korniloff troops, is at Luga, ninety miles southwest of Petrograd. No fighting has occurred so far.

General Savinkoff's statement, the first authoritative one on the military situation, follows:

"General Krinoff, commander of the Korniloff troops, and his staff are at Luga. No fighting has occurred so far. One part of the Korniloff force is twenty versts (about 14 miles) south of Tsarskoe-Selo (about 20 miles south of Petrograd). This force includes one 'Savage' division and is in touch with all our advance posts. The men of this division are mostly Moslems, who went to the war and swore to their chiefs to fight the Germans and not to interfere in Russia's internal affairs. The organizers of the revolt, falsely assured them they were being sent against the Germans, and when they discovered they were really marching against Petrograd they showed discontent. They then began fraternizing with our men."

Must Pay Penalty. "The other Korniloff force is already in Gatchina, which was ordered evacuated because the town is not part of my plan for the defence of Petrograd, and we had there only one regiment of sharpshooters. Men from Korniloff's armies are arriving constantly in Petrograd and we are well informed of the movements of the enemy."

"All the armies at the front are solid with the government. More rebel generals have been arrested by their men. I have sent an order for the immediate trial of the officers under arrest by military revolutionary

forces, which have the power to inflict capital punishment. Asked whether any negotiations with General Korniloff were under way, General Savinkoff declared emphatically:

"No, and none can be. Korniloff is a rebel and a traitor to be handed over according to the law."

It is reported that Cossack troops who formed part of the army sent by General Korniloff against Petrograd have sent delegations to the provisional government, expressing loyalty to the revolution, and declaring they would arrest their officers who had deceived them.

OFFERS TO SURRENDER. London, Sept. 13.—General Korniloff, former commander-in-chief of the Russian armies and leader of the rebellion against the provisional government, has expressed a willingness to surrender on certain terms, says a despatch from Petrograd to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The provisional government, however, demands his unconditional surrender.

A despatch from Petrograd, dated yesterday, says: According to an official statement just issued, General Korniloff's attempt seems to have collapsed, and there is no longer any reason to fear a collision between the two forces. After General Alexieff had been in communication by telephone with General Korniloff the opinion was that the revolutionary general later would abandon his enterprise.

KERENSKY HEADS ARMY. Stockholm, Sept. 13.—The Svenska Dagbladet announces that it has received a despatch from Petrograd stating that Premier Kerensky has left the Russian capital at the head of an army in order to meet the troops of General Korniloff before they reach the capital. There was every expectation, the message said, that a battle would be fought on Wednesday.

NINE HORSES BURN. Assiniboia, Sask., Sept. 13.—Fire last night destroyed the Muncaster heavy and feed barn, nine horses being burned to death. The loss is estimated at \$10,000, with \$4,000 in insurance.

Announcing a Decidedly Interesting Fall Display of Oriental Rugs

UNUSUAL conditions in the Oriental rug markets emphasize this year the DOMINANCE of the Babayan collection. We believe it is a very conservative statement to say that we are now showing the MOST COMPREHENSIVE as well as the largest and most complete stock of Oriental Rugs in Canada today, consisting of gorgeous specimens of:

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NEW OR OLD RAGS GET MY PRICES E. PULLAN TORONTO

PRISONER MAKES ESCAPE. Prince Albert, Sask., Sept. 13.—J. Laxondale, a prisoner from Saskatoon awaiting trial on a charge of fraud, escaped from the provincial jail here today while out stoking grain in a field in the rear of the jail. Laxondale, a young man, was committed for trial on a charge of having given a worthless cheque for \$700 to a Saskatoon firm in payment for an automobile.

SWISS HAVE BIG DEBT. Bern, Sept. 13.—According to a Swiss official statement, the Swiss debt on account of the war and the mobilization to guard the frontier amounts to \$1,000,000 francs. This probably will amount to one billion francs by the end of the year.

ANOTHER GERMAN PRINCESS. Amsterdam, Sept. 13.—A daughter has been born to Prince Adalbert, the emperor's third son, and Princess Aglaide, at Kiel.