

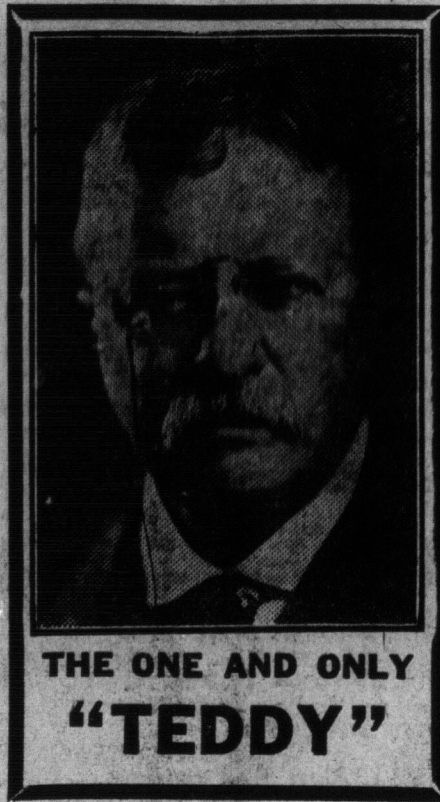
ROOSEVELT HERE MONDAY

IN INTERESTS OF

Canada's VICTORY War Loan

GREAT AMERICAN WILL SPEAK

STUDENT
COWBOY
STATESMAN
WRITER
DIPLOMAT



THE ONE AND ONLY "TEDDY"

SOLDIER
GOVERNOR
PRESIDENT
ORATOR
HUNTER

A FRIEND OF THE ALLIES

MAIN ARMORIES

MONDAY, NOV. 26th

University Avenue

Eight o'Clock, p.m.

EVERYBODY WELCOME

DOORS OPEN AT 6.30

WAR SUMMARY

THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

BESIDES pushing on further the British established their new front on a line west and south of Cambrai yesterday and consolidated the batteries. Escaping the Village of Fontaine Notre Dame, recaptured by the Germans, they kept all their gains. Their consolidation of ground implies either that the Germans have massed large forces for a counter-attack, with an abundance of artillery, or that they have come up to a new series of fortified German positions, or, lastly, and most probably, that they have achieved all they immediately set out to achieve in the present stage of the action. The plowing up of the Hindenburg line by the tanks may have also delayed the prosecuting of the advance until the construction corps lays roads and railways up to the new front. The British in this successful operation, have driven a wedge in the Hindenburg line about ten miles broad at the base, and six miles deep at the apex, in the direction of Cambrai. They hold a wood overlooking the town. Sir Julian Byng apparently does not care about assaulting Cambrai and the undertaking of costly street fighting. He has shown the British ability to reduce German trench lines with tanks and so has inaugurated another phase of the campaign. London is celebrating the victory and all the air of the metropolis is filled with the tintinnabulations of the bells.

One result of the present British operation is the gaining control of the head waters of the Scheldt and the capturing of the key to the Scheldt Valley. This valley is one of the three natural routes of invasion in northern France, and the Germans, when they retreat, will have to withdraw thru this funnel. An advance down the Scheldt, besides, would get behind the German positions on the line of the Scarpe from the Lys to a point east of Arras. If the British proceed with their pressure they will compel the enemy to give battle and when he is defeated, he will have to conduct part of his retirement at least across country. A retreat under these conditions would be extremely disastrous. The Germans would have to sacrifice their heavy guns and it is said to be doubtful whether they could withdraw their forces into Belgium as an organized army. They would have to split up their army corps into detachments. The situation is about like this. The Germans have a great force lined up between Lens and the North Sea. The direction of the Cambrai attack is towards Antwerp and any large advance in that direction would cut the Germans between Lens and Lille off from the Germans between Cambrai and Rheims, splitting their army in two and enabling the British and the French to defeat them in detail.

The British by this masterly stroke have already gained command of the Cambrai Junction and the railway between Douai, Cambrai and St. Quentin, with their artillery. They can now hit everything which moves along it and this advantage increases the burden on the German motor-

transport. This is where the enemy will be fearfully pinched, for he is extremely short of lubricants, and much of his artillery, from this cause, lacks mobility. With the continuance of the British pressure in Belgium, the enemy cannot spare much of his artillery in that quarter. He must strip his lines somewhere else to find the extra guns needed in the region of Cambrai. Thus the strain on his material will greatly increase.

The Bolsheviks have undertaken the halting of the war by armistice and the settling of the peace terms. Because their command to negotiate an armistice has been rejected by the Allies, they have probably assisted by a German staff of the Russian chief of staff has ignored the command to negotiate an armistice. It remains to be decided whether the Bolsheviks will tamely accept the terms of the armistice or whether they will suffer from a violent reaction of public opinion in Petrograd and that this will lead to their overthrow.

In Palestine the British are working around Mount Olivet for the purpose of turning the Turks out of Jerusalem. While this rather slow and delicate process is going on the British left wing appears to have halted at Jaffa. No news is forthcoming of the Turkish disposition.

After a day's pause following the first news of the British advance in the region of Cambrai the Germans have renewed their assaults on the Italian line in the Trentino. The enemy has worn the Italian defences pretty thin at some points and the Italians are holding their own. The Anglo-French troops are believed to be going into action.

To Cure A Cold in One Day
 Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets.
 Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

LONDON CROWD HAILS BORDEN

(Continued from Page One.)
 Sir Robert and his colleagues or turn over the destinies of Canada to Laurier, Bourassa, Lavergne and Company. Carry Eleven Seats.
 Hon. Mr. Balfour was given a hearty reception upon his first public appearance in western Ontario. He brought word that the government would carry at least 11 ridings in the Province of Quebec.
 After a brief address by Mrs. Crenar the prime minister was presented, and received a most remarkable ovation. The audience rose as one man and cheered lustily and then sang, "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."
 When order was restored Sir Robert briefly reviewed the history of Union government, which he had desired to form as far back as the fall of 1915.

new government Liberals and Tories equal representation, and intimated that another representative of labor would be called to the cabinet in the very near future.
 Fair Enforcing of Act.
 It had been expected that the prime minister would make some further announcement respecting the administration of the compulsory service act, but he added little to what he said at the Massey Hall meeting. He did not doubt, he said, that some local tribunals had acted harshly in refusing exemptions, and he promised that every person aggrieved should have an ample opportunity for a rehearing by the appellate tribunal. On the other hand, he gave notice that no district or province would be allowed to make a farce of the law by indiscriminate and wholesale exemptions, and that the government would prosecute appeals in all cases where ex-

emptions had been rocklessly and im-providently granted. In closing the prime minister appealed to the people of Canada to join in "fighting the wild beast of militarism," now assailing the world. He said he had returned from England in 1912 knowing that the war was certain to come in the near future, because Germany and Austria had been planning and plotting for 20 years to acquire domination of the world.
 The prime minister arrived in the city at 6 o'clock, and in spite of the inclement weather a large crowd was at the station to greet him. Several hundred veterans stood at attention like statues in the snow, until they had been inspected by Sir Robert, and then they escorted him to his hotel and, later in the evening, from the hotel to the meeting. Between Hamilton and London people were at every station waiting to see the prime minister's train, and at Inger-

oll he briefly addressed a number of school boys who had hurried to the station after school to see him. He said to them that he hoped when their time came they would be as brave and patriotic as their brothers at the front. Tomorrow Sir Robert speaks at St. Mary's and Stratford, on Saturday at Dundas and Kitchener, and on Monday at Oshawa and Uxbridge. He will probably hold a big meeting in Windsor Tuesday night.

TANKS AND CAVALRY FIGHT IN THE OPEN

(Continued from Page One.)
 towns and villages have fallen into the hands of the British, many of them having been deserted by the surprised Germans, who fled in apparent disorder, leaving equipment and stores behind them.

The operations of the cavalry are described as most brilliant, the horsemen making gallant charges into villages and even against machine gun positions, the entire gun crews of which were engaged in surrounding the Bourlon Wood, directly west of Cambrai, which dominates the entire region, including Cambrai itself, and clearing out the enemy from the district near Fontaine Notre Dame. This village was captured in a brilliant attack Wednesday night, but the Germans in a counter-attack Thursday regained it. Throughout the entire area taken by the British in the drive the work of consolidating the new positions is rapidly being carried forward.

In addition to heavy losses in men killed or wounded, more than 3000 Germans had been made prisoner up to mid-day Thursday. The British casualties are declared to be considerably less than the number of prisoners taken by General Byng's men.
 To the south of Valenciennes, in the Aisne region, where the French troops look several positions from the Germans Wednesday, a counter-attack, which cost the enemy severe losses, has been eventually blocked and General Potain's troops are still holding their advantage. South of St. Quentin, the French again have raised enemy positions at several points, destroying them and taking prisoners.

Amsterdam, Nov. 22.—A Berlin dispatch quotes The Lokal Anzeiger as saying the British used from 150 to 200 tanks in their advance on Cambrai.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
 To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. Grove. Cures a cold in one day, 25c.

Diamonds on Credit
 \$1. \$2. \$3 Weekly
 Write or call for Catalogue
 JACOBS BROS.,
 15 Toronto Arcade,
 Opp. Temperance.

ITALIANS HOLD STRONGER FOE

(Continued from Page One.)
 which lay half covered with snow, as it was impossible to bury the slain because of the rapid shifting of both lines.

The most desperate fighting was around Monte Melleta, where the Italians held one side of the eminence and the Austro-Germans the other. The enemy's object was to advance thru the two valleys of Frenzela and Valstagna, which open directly into Bassano and the plains. The statement on this situation is not based on conjecture, but disclosed in the Austrian plan of attack taken from the bodies of Austrian officers left on the field.

GEN. UNIAKÉ GIVEN MICHAEL AND GEORGE

Major Stanley Norsworthy Receives D. S. O. From Hands of King.
 Canadian Associated Press Cable.
 London, Nov. 22.—The following Canadians have been invested at Buckingham Palace:
 Companion of St. Michael and St. George—Major-General Uniake, Royal Artillery.

Distinguished service order and military cross—Major Stanley Norsworthy.
 Distinguished service order—Majors Burnett Laws, William Manhard, Roscoe Vanderwater, James McCormick.
 Military cross and bar—Lieut. Edward Abbott.

SIX MILES FROM JERUSALEM. British Troops Are Fighting Turks in Hills of Judea.

London, Nov. 22.—General Matricc announces that the operations in Palestine near Jerusalem are continuing with complete success. The British troops are still six miles distant from Jerusalem, fighting in the hills of Judea, he said, and it would be un-

EMPIRE TYPEWRITER
 TORONTO OFFICE IS ADJACENT TO THE COURTS
 MADE IN CANADA

NEW OR OLD RAGS
 GET MY PRICES
 E. PULLAN TORONTO

wise to make any anticipatory movement regarding the fall of the city.

BUY Canada's Victory BONDS NOW

And help make Canada's Victory Loan an overwhelming success, as well as making a safe-paying investment for yourself.

Your money will fight for you, because it will keep Canada's soldiers in the field.

Your money will help extend the credit of Great Britain on the side of the Atlantic, and enable her to buy from Canada what she needs of our resources, thus helping Canada and Canada's workmen.

Canada's Victory Bonds Recommended by

The Consumers Gas Co'y of Toronto

Score's Ties
 With an Extra Word for Our Friday Display of "Pim's"
 We make today a special introduction day.
 And we make introduction day worth while for those interested in such exclusive "togger" by placing on sale special assortments of "Pim's" Irish Poplin Four-in-Hand Ties in plain colors, stripes and fancy effects, in rich variety. Regular \$1.50, now \$1.25 for

PIM'S IRISH POPLIN NECKWEAR

The Score's Estate Sale is affording very genuine and generous discounts in all departments.

R. Score & Son, Limited
 Tailors and Haberdashers.
 77 King St. West