To quote what the Pall Mall Gazette snid nt the time: IT WILL BE THE DUTY OF THE HONEST PEDULE OF THE DOMINION TO TAKE CARE THAT NONE OF THE PERSONS WHO WERE CONCERNED IN THE PROCEEDINGS OF WHICH SIR GEORGE E. CARTIER WAS THE AGENT SHALL EVER AGAIN ONTAIN POWER IN CANADA.

The eyes of Europe and America are still upon us. Will we prove fuithful to our great trust?

## VARIOUS OTHER SCANDALS.

Since the overthrow of the Tory Government in 1873 a variety of scandals have been brought to light. Among these are-

(1.) The levying of black-mail on the Northern Railway Company to the extent of \$27,000,-\$2,500 of which went to the Sir John testimonial, \$2,000 to the Mail newspaper, \$1,000 to the Conservative election fund of 1872, \$5,440 to the expenses of Hon. John B. Robinson's election in Algoma, \$4,166 to Mr. Cumberland's expenses in Algonia and Cardwell, and \$3,750 to help through favorable legislation in 1873-nll of which should have been paid into the Dominion treasury, and which Mr. Macken zie's Government has since compelled the Company to refund;

(2.) The purchase of Ricl's banishment from Manitoba at a cost of \$4,000 public funds during the Dominion elections of 1872, while Sir John went through the country branding him as a red-handed muraterer and wishing to God he could eatch "I sent lum (Archbishop Tache, Sir him. 'John swears) a draft for a thousand dollars 'to be used in procuring Riel's withdrawal.'

(3) The payment of \$2,500 to Sir John's 'impremious' friend, J. G. Moylan, for 'printing' which was never got, keeping the entries out of the books for four years, and then charging the money for work said to have been done eleven or twelve years before, and which if done at all should have been charged to the account of the old Provinces;

(4.) The retaining of \$82,179 of Secret Service funds by Sir John two years after quitting office, 'to be used for his own party purposes in opposition', and the actual payment of \$6,000 of it to the treasurer of his own election fand in the city of Kingston;

And (5) the exaction of \$545 fees from the poor tenants on Ordnance Lands, in violation of law and professional decency,-which amount Sir John himself pocketed while in receipt of his regular salary as Minister of Justice.

## THE PUBLIC EXPENDITURE.

The public expenditure of the Tory Government heran with \$13,486,092 a year, and the financial year beginning 1st July, 1873, were placed at the credit of Sir John Macdonald's Government on 23rd May, and were made up of the following sums:

 (2) The 1st, 2nd and 3rd supplementary estimates, 5525,640. (3) Increased satarles of Ministers, &e., (chap. 31)
\$300,555.

(1) Readjustment of debt and subsidies (chap. 30 and 41) \$819,349.

(6) Admission of P. E. Island (chap. 40) \$418,000,
(6) Mounted police force (chup. 35) \$200,000,
(7) Balances carried forward, \$480,282.

This makes a total of \$23,685,009 voted for the services of the year, or \$368,693 more than was spent. 1. 61

These were the engagements of Sir John A. Macdonald's Government, contracted in their last year of oillee, and, nearly all of them are continuous from, year to year. They added nearly four millions to the yearly expenditure; and yet it is pretended by the Tory party that hecause Mr. Mackenzie entered office during their last financial year, and honorably paid the dehts they (the Tories) contracted, therefore he is responsible for the increase in that year's expenditure!

But this was not all. (The Macdonald Government hnd entered into engagements for the further increase of the untloual debt hy the sum of \$95,000,000,-\$43,800,000 for for canals, \$44,500,000 for the Intercolonial Pacific, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island Railways, \$2,-500,000 for St. Lawrence improvements, and \$5,500,000 for minor works, &c.; and, in addition, there were \$35,000,000 of Public Debentures just maturing - for none of which objects had Sir John's Finance Minister made any provision.

To have met all these engagements at once would have added nearly \$5,000,000 to the yearly expenditure.

## WHAT HAS BEEN DONE.

As just pointed out, the Tory Government's engagements, then completed, would have swelled the yearly expenditure by \$5,-000,000, or a total of \$28,500,000. To meet this they had provided for the year 1873-4 a revenue of only \$21;740,000, which for that year would have left a deficit of nearly two millions, and for future years an additional sum to be provided of seven (millions and a half. rgean

Mr. Mackenzie's Government resolved to meet all unavoidable engagements by increasing the tariff from 15 to 171/2 per cent. and by adopting a policy of strict economy.

All public works the carrying on of which was not imperative were postponed until the return of better times, p.In this way an expenditure of about \$45,000,000 wns deferred. The new works undertaken subsequent to 1st January, 1874, have only cost \$80,000. Other works under contract before that date, and for which yotes had been taken by the Macdonald Government in 1873, have cost up to 30th June, 1877, the sum of \$24,361,920, or within half a million

In 1873 sti \$85 per to ings.): In 18; Sir John j Mr. Macken: Sir John J

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