

## LESSON IV.

1. Latin has two numbers, Singular and Plural. If the subject is Plural the verb is Plural.

2. The Plural of the Nominative, Accusative and Genitive is formed thus:

<i>Singular.</i>	<i>Plural.</i>
<i>Nom.</i> incolae, <i>inhabitant</i>	<i>incolae, inhabitants</i>
<i>Acc.</i> incolam	<i>incolas</i>
<i>Gen.</i> incolae	<i>incolarum</i>

## VOCABULARY.

<i>indigena</i>	<i>a native</i>
<i>silva</i>	<i>a wood</i>
<i>sunt</i>	<i>are</i>
<i>erant</i>	<i>were</i>
<i>laudant</i>	<i>praise (plural of laudat)</i>
<i>occupant</i>	<i>seize (plural of occupat)</i>
<i>frequentat</i>	<i>frequents</i>
<i>frequentant</i>	<i>frequent (plural of frequentat)</i>
<i>intrat</i>	<i>enters, or is entering</i>
<i>hiemat</i>	<i>winters, or is wintering</i>

Translate into English:

1. Pugnae erant in Africa. 2. Nautae in insula sunt. 3. Statuae erant in insula. 4. Nautae Dianam laudant.<sup>1</sup> 5. Diana nautas laudat. 6. Caesar industriam nautarum laudat. 7. Nautae statuas dearum laudant. 8. Hannibal victoriam advenarum laudat. 9. Nautae silvas occupant. 10. Nautae insulam occupant. 11. Caesar insulas occupat. 12. Nauta silvam intrat. 13. Advenae insulas frequentant. 14. Indigenae in silva hiemant.

<sup>1</sup> Ask for several renderings, such as:

- (a) The sailors praise Diana.
- (b) The seamen extol Diana.

And in sentence 6:

- (a) Caesar extols the diligence of the seamen.
- (b) The activity of the sailors meets with Caesar's approval.