

Canada to pay more for their hams and bacon; but in a very brief time the increased distribution of money in the country that the enlarged trade brought about, returning to the towns and cities in the course of commerce, more than recompensed them for any temporary loss, and the whole community, town and country, was better off. No more forceful example of what wise protection can do for an industry for which a country is suited has been adduced in all the controversies over protection and free trade. The Canadian farmers who raise the raw material for the pork packing trade, first gained their own market, then established a foothold in that of Great Britain. When Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Government came to power it saw that this was good, and left the pork duties, and, indeed, most of the agricultural product duties, as the Conservatives had made them. The pork and bacon industry is one in which the first benefits went to the farmer. There are others in which, in the same way, the first advantages apparently go to the town and city. The whole country benefits from both classes. This has been more than half recognized by the framers of the present tariff. When it is fully recognized, and the recognition acted on, the country will be better assured of permanent trade prosperity.