

12. During the rebuilding program for the Canadian mainstem chum stock, Canada will endeavour to manage the harvest of chum salmon in the mainstem Yukon River in Canada within a guideline harvest range of 23,600 in years of weak returns and 32,600 in years of strong returns. The United States will endeavour to deliver to the Canadian border on the mainstem Yukon River the number of chum salmon necessary to meet the spawning escapement objective for that year in the rebuilding program, and provide for a Canadian harvest within the agreed Canadian guideline harvest range. For the years 1992-1995, the United States will endeavour to deliver to the Canadian border on the mainstem Yukon River numbers of chum salmon within the following ranges:

1992	74,600 -	112,600
1993	74,600 -	112,600
1994	84,600 -	112,600
1995	103,600 -	112,600

If spawning escapements from 1992 to 1995 reach the levels anticipated, the United States will, for the remainder of the rebuilding period, endeavour to deliver annually between 88,600 and 112,600 chum salmon to the Canadian border on the mainstem Yukon River. However, if the spawning escapement objective is not achieved for any brood year, the Panel shall establish a new rebuilding program for that brood year to complete the rebuilding program by 2001.

13. During the rebuilding program, for any year when a strong return is anticipated, the Yukon River Panel shall consider recommending a spawning escapement objective substantially above 80,000. If the Panel makes such a recommendation for that year, the United States will endeavour, for that year, to deliver to the Canadian border on the mainstem Yukon River the number of chum salmon necessary to meet the spawning escapement objective recommended by the Panel, plus the Canadian harvest range for the rebuilding program.
14. These arrangements regarding border escapement and Canadian guideline harvest range set out above for the rebuilding period will terminate not later than the end of 2001.
15. The responsible management entities shall consult closely and where possible coordinate pre-season management planning and in-season responses to run assessments. If during pre-season discussion within the Yukon River Panel consideration is being given to not conducting a directed commercial fishery in Alaska because of serious conservation concerns, Canada will also consider taking such a measure. If it is determined in-season that pre-season management measures agreed to by the Panel are insufficient to achieve agreed spawning escapement levels, the Parties agree to consider taking further conservation measures to meet the escapement objectives.