

5. Grain Industry Infrastructure

Egypt has reached self sufficiency storing capacity in major ports: Alexandria, Port Said, Adabia, Damietta and Safaga with total capacity of approx 4.5 million metric tons. Projects are underway to have silos in Ismailia, Beni Suef, Zagazig, Mansourah and Shebin El Kom, and Upper Egypt. The Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA) is building 3 silos at Mansourah, Shebin El Kom, Zagazig with capacity of 10,000 tons each.

Nine flour mill companies exist in Egypt as follows:

North Alexandria Flour Mills	Northern Cairo Flour Mills
South Alexandria Flour Mills	Southern Cairo Flour Mills
Cairo Flour Mills	Central Egypt Flour Mills
Center Delta Flour Mills	Upper Egypt Flour Mills
East Delta Flour Mills	

6. Government Policies Affecting Grain and Agriculture

- a) Wheat: Increase in planted area, improvement in yields, introduction of Mexican wheat. Wheat imports will continue to increase to meet with population explosion.
- b) Coarse grains: Increase in production by adopting hybrid seeds. Corn imports will continue to increase in order to meet with increased utilization of poultry feed.
- c) Increase in grain consumption for both human and livestock.

7. Market Prospects - Grains and Oilseeds

Credit facilities and prices offered will continue to be the main factor affecting the choice of grain and wheat origin.

Interest exists re corn, Eston lentils, and canola if finance and competitive prices are offered.

8. Processing Facilities

Year 1987

- thousands of tonnes -

	<u>Number of Companies</u>	<u>Number of Plants</u>	<u>Annual Capacity</u>	<u>Actual Output</u>
Flour (and durum) Mills	9	1.0		
Compound Feed Mills				
Maltsters	1	3.0		
Brewers*				
Oilseed Crushers	6	6.0		200

* Capacity and output in hectolitres