

the older parts of Halifax were built. It is now a national historic site containing two museums. Below the Citadel, with its thick stone walls and old gun sites, stands a clock tower dating back over 150 years.

Then they visited the North West Arm, a long inlet of the sea, where they hired a boat and went swimming. Also, they made two excursions outside the city, one to the National Historic Park at Grand Pré, site of the Acadian village made famous by the poet Henry Wadsworth Longfellow in his *Evangeline*; the other to Peggy's Cove, a tiny fishing village noted as an artists' paradise with its enormous rock formations running down into the Atlantic Ocean and symbolised by its stately white lighthouse.

#### OTHER MARITIME CITIES

At Moncton, New Brunswick, Paul and Mr. Simpson made a brief stop-over, chiefly to take a side-trip to Charlottetown, capital of Prince Edward Island, and to Fredericton, capital of New Brunswick.

They reached Charlottetown in a short plane hop across Northumberland Strait. There they saw the birth-place of Canadian Confederation in 1864. They went into the room in the Confederation Chamber of the Provincial Building where just over a hundred years ago the delegates from five British North American colonies met around a conference table to discuss their union.

In this historic chamber they found a tablet which read in part: "On September first, 1864, were gathered those statesmen whose deliberations led to the formation of the Dominion of Canada."

After a drive to Cavendish Beach, where the surf rolls in from the Atlantic in ten-foot breakers, they lunched at a neat, white cottage where they enjoyed a home-cooked



STATUE OF  
EVANGELINE  
AT GRAND PRÉ, N.S.



THE PROVINCIAL BUILDING,  
CHARLOTTETOWN