

and for a short time it was used as a military hospital. Sir John A. Macdonald purchased the property in 1884, and lived in it until his death in 1891. From 1891 to 1900 his widow, Baroness Macdonald, rented it furnished, generally to officers who were sent from England to command the Canadian Militia Forces, while she herself went to live in England; but in 1900 Earnscliffe was sold to Dr. and Mrs. Charles Harris who lived there for about thirty years, until the doctor's death in 1929. In 1930 it was purchased by the British Government as the official residence of their High Commissioner to Canada.

Japan

Japan, in accordance with the arrangements for mutual representation, agreed, in 1927, to establish its Legation at Ottawa the following year, (opened on July 20, 1928), almost simultaneously with the opening of the Canadian Legation in Tokyo. Mr. Shuh Tomii, who had been Consul General in Ottawa, was appointed First Secretary and Chargé d'Affaires pending the appointment of a Minister. The former Japanese Consulate General in Ottawa was abolished. Temporary offices were established in the Plaza Building, and soon afterwards the Chancery moved to the Victoria Building at 140 Wellington Street.

Mr. Kiyoshi Fukui, Attaché to the new Japanese Legation, was appointed Vice-Consul in charge