

included in Parts I, II and IV of this table are furnished once only every three years; Table S is also forwarded every three years, on the same date. The particulars furnished relate in every case to the preceding year.

2. Transactions which are recorded in detail are embodied in periodical statements based upon the actual records.

3. With regard to all other transactions, correspondence of all kinds is counted annually without distinction between letters, post-cards, printed papers, commercial papers and samples; and every three years, at least, the different classes of correspondence are counted.

4. The statistics are taken during one week for daily exchanges, and during four weeks for other exchanges. Each Administration has the right to take these statistics during periods which correspond best with the average of its postal traffic.

5. In the interval which elapses between the special statistics, the numbers of the different classes are estimated in accordance with the proportions given by the last special statistics.

6. The International Bureau prints and distributes the statistical forms to be filled up by each Administration. It furnishes to Administrations on application all necessary information as to the rules to be followed, in order to ensure uniformity of practice in taking the statistics.

ARTICLE 85

Expenses of the International Bureau

1. The ordinary expenses of the International Bureau must not exceed the sum of 300,000 Swiss francs annually.

2. The Swiss Postal Administration supervises the expenditure of the International Bureau, makes the necessary advances, and prepares the annual account, which is communicated to other Administrations.

3. The sums advanced by the Swiss Postal Administration, in accordance with § 2 of this Article, must be repaid by the debtor Offices with as little delay as possible, and at latest before the 31st of December of the year of despatch of the account. If this period is exceeded, the sums due are chargeable with interest in favour of that Administration at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the date of the expiration of the period mentioned.

4. The countries of the Union are classified as follows, for the division of expenses:—
1st class: Union of South Africa, Germany, United States of America, Argentine Republic, Commonwealth of Australia, Canada, China, France, Great Britain, British India, Irish Free State, Italy, Japan, New Zealand, Turkey, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics;

2nd class: Spain, Mexico;

3rd class: Belgium, Brazil, Egypt, Greece, Hungary, Netherlands, Poland, Roumania, Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, Sweden, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia, Algeria, French Colonies and Protectorates in Indo-China, the whole of the other French Colonies, the whole of the island possessions of the United States of America other than the Philippine Islands, Dutch East Indies;

4th class: Chosen (Korea), Denmark, Finland, Norway, Portugal, Portuguese Colonies in Africa, Portuguese Colonies in Asia and Oceania;

5th class: Bulgaria, Chile, Colombia, Estonia, Lettonia, Morocco (except Spanish Zone), Morocco (Spanish Zone), Peru, Tunis;

6th class: Albania, Bolivia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Danzig (Free City), Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Abyssinia, Guatemala, Haiti, Republic of Honduras, Lithuania, Luxemburg, Republic of Nicaragua, Republic of Panama, Paraguay, Persia, Republic of Salvador, Territory of the Sarre, Kingdom of Siam, Uruguay, Venezuela, Dutch Colonies in America;

7th class: Austria, Colony of the Belgian Congo, Spanish Establishments in the Gulf of Guinea, Iceland, the whole of the Italian Colonies, the whole of the Japanese Dependencies other than Chosen, Liberia, Philippine Islands, Republic of San Marino.

FINAL PROVISIONS

ARTICLE 86

Entry into Force and Duration of the Regulations

The present Regulations shall come into force on the day on which the Universal Postal Convention comes into operation. They shall have the same duration as that Convention, unless they are renewed by common consent between the parties concerned.

Done at Stockholm, the 28th of August, 1924.

[Here follow the same signatures as are appended to the Convention.]