News of the Week.

EUROPEAN.

The *Journal de St. Petersbury* says the coup meditated by General Boulanger has failed.

England is negotiating a treaty with Japan which will open the whole interior of Japan to foreign trade.

A semi-official Russian denial is given to the statement that an alliance has been formed by France and Russia.

LONDON, July 31.—Lord Randolph Churchill, in a speech at Birmingham last night, said the Conservative party in Birmingham ought to receive a larger recognition than the dissidents appear willing to accord. The dissidents should define decisively their platform. If the Conservatives chose to exert themselves they would carry more than half the seats in Birmingham. Lord Randolph recommended as a final solution of the Irish question an Imperial loan of £100,000,000 to enable tenants to buy their holdings. The speech is ridiculed by the *Times* and other papers.

PARIS, July 31.—A machine gun exploded on the training frigate Couronne, at Hyeres, to-day. Eight persons were killed and seventeen injured.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 30.—The Czar desires that Emperor William shall receive him at Potsdam. He will not visit Berlin for reason of personal safety, as he will be able to keep the public at a greater distance at Potsdam than at the capital. For the same reason he has altered his route. He will arrive in his yacht at Stettin and go thence by rail to Potsdam.

ZANZIBAR, July 30.—The insurgents have blocked the road to Mywapwa. Three French mission runners were killed while trying to get through the rebel lines.

YOKOHAMA, July 30.—A despatch received to-day from Nagaski states that a dreadful earthquake has occurred on the western portion of the Island of Kiou-Siou. The town of Kumamato was destroyed. Thirty persons were killed and eighty injured. A vast amount of property was destroyed.

IRISH.

LONDON, July 30.—The probable change of the mail contract from the Allan to the Orient line is attracting much attention in Ireland, and Justin McCarthy intends to raise the question in the House of Commons, especially with relation to Irish intercourse with Canada, which, he alleges, will be cut off to a considerable extent by the new service, which starts from the South of England. He also intends to urge that the new service, calling at a French port, together with the French export bounties, give French manufacturers in Canadian markets an unfair advantage over British manufacturers, who will have to export goods from Glasgow and Liverpool by unsubsidized steamers and without the other advantages.

LONDON, July 31. — Postmaster-General Raikes requested Mr. Sexton, lord mayor of Dublin, to forward to him the envelope which contained the letter of President Harrison to Mr. Saxton thanking him for the contribution made by Dublin citizens for the Johnstown sufferers and which Mr. Sexton declares was tampered with by the post office authorities. Mr. Sexton, in reply, stated that he would show the envelope to the Postmaster-General, but he would be deceived if he should give it to the Post Office department, as it had already proved unworthy of trust.

LONDON, July 31,—Wm. O'Brien, M.P., has applied for a new trial of his libel suit against Lord Salisbury for slander.

Dublin, July 30.—The *Express* (Independent Conservative) says:—The surplus of the Parnell indemnity fund exceeds £40,000. The accounts show that only £20,000 has been used for legal expenses in connection with the special commission. The remainder, the *Express* says, cannot legally be distributed among evicted tenants, and it therefore ought to be returned to the subscribers.

AMERICAN.

HAVANA, July 30.—At San Luis, a village near Santiago de Cuba, sixty houses have been burned. Two children perished in the flames.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., July 31.—United States Deputy Marshal A. C. Matteon, of Oswego, seized the steamer Pierrepont, of the St. Lawrence Steamboat Company's line, at Cape Vincent last night. The seizure was made on account of an unsatisfied claim for damage resulting from the sinking of a schooner by the Pierrepont near Wolf Island last fall. The claim was settled and the boat released.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 30.—A riot occurred yesterday among the Italian laborers laying the new pipe from the Belle Vernon gas field. Knives and pistols were drawn. One Italian was killed and another mortally wounded, while a number were seriously hurt.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The steamship Anchoria reports having passed a small sailboat, supposed name Nellie Gordon, of Boston, 700 miles at sea with an unknown man on board. He said he was bound for Paris, but refused aid and would not talk much.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 30.—Wm. Shrick and Mrs. Hannah Brecker were killed at the 18th street crossing of the Louisville Southern railroad in this city last evening while endeavoring to cross the tracks. Henry Plistner was probably fatally injured.

EDGERTON, Wis., July 30.—Mrs. Everson, an old Norwegian woman living alone, was found dead in bed this morning with her neck broken. A chest containing her money had been pried open and the contents scattered.

BURLINGTON, Wis., July 30.—Nine persons were poisoned last night by eating dried beef shipped to local dealers by a Chicago firm. Four of the victims are dangerously ill. The others are recovering.

CHICAGO, July 31.—Herman Carmon, a Polish Jew, aged 65, shot himself in the mouth yesterday. *He will die. He is supposed* to be worth $100,000. The depreciation in the value of some of his property drove him crazy.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The Illinois Central Railroad company is blamed for the flooding of business houses on Twenty-second street last Saturday night. There is a six foot sewer on that street and at the lake opening are several flood gates. The Illinois Central managers dumped great quantities of blue clay over these gates blocking the mouth of the sewer and leaving only a thirty inch reducer to carry away the great torrents that poured through the sewer. The damage on Twenty-second street amounted to $15,000 and suit will be brought against the company.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Maria Vincenz Chesri Carrachenl, who arrived here on the steamer Nevestria yesterday, were a very large bustle and on landing was invited into the searching room. The bustle was found to contain five gold chains, thirty three pairs of kid gloves, two gold mounted smelling bottles, two silver watch chains, nine gold rings, five gold pendants and five pairs of gold earings. The goods were confiscated and Maria was held to answer a charge of smuggling.

PURCELL, I.T., July 31 —At Lexington, in the Oklahoma country, yesterday, City Marshal Henry Simons and Francis S. Jones had an altercation. Simons attempted to arrest Jones, when the latter shot him with a rifle. Simons shot and fatally wounded Jones with a revolver, and then fell dead.

NEW YORK, July 31.—The Journeymen Plumbers and Gas and Steamfitters Laborers' union decided to-day to withdraw from the Knights of Labor. The union has been holding a national convention in Brooklyn. The union's membership is 15,000. A new national organization is to be started. It will include other unions not friendly to the Knights of Labor.

WASHINGTON, July 31 —Dr. W. A. Hammond, formely of New York, in a published interview, says he is now experimenting on a decrepit old man with Dr. Brown-Sequard's "elixir of youth." Dr. Hammond prepares the elixir and inserts it into the patient's leg, with good results. He declares he expects the old man to become young again.

CANADIAN

The customs receipts at Halifax for July were $115,166, a decrease of $86,663.

John Wood, 102 years old, was run over and killed by a Canadian Pacific railway train at the Christie street crossing, Toronto, on Wednesday. The body was horribly mangled.

Joseph Cruch of Lambton Mills, was found about two o'clock Wednesday morning walking along the railway track at the Queen street subway, Toronto, in his sleep and dressed only in his night-shirt.

E Ernest Reddy, aged 16 years, of Halifax, had his skull crushed by being kicked by the fore-foot of a horse Wednesday last as he was stooping in front of the animal. He lies in a critical condition.

A mock marriage case has just been unearthed in Winnipeg. The victim is a girl from Saltcoats, who was induced by her seducer, one Tubman, to go to Winnipeg, where he had a bogus ceremony performed. *Tubman has skipped out.*

The annual customs returns of the port of Winnipeg show the value of goods imported: Dutiable, $1,622,939; free, $250,410; total, $1,873,349 Value of goods entered for consumption—Dutiable, $1,636,491; free, $250,410; total, $1,880,907. Duty collected—$508,332. The value of goods exported for the year was $698,723; value of goods exported the previous year, $1,339,637. Duty collected, $444,795.

The Customs returns for the port of Ottawa for July show the total receipts for the month to have been in value $161 792, of which $92,954 were dutiable. Goods to the value of $87,016 were entered for consumption and $24 617 duty collected, this being an increase of $146 over the same month last year. The exports for the month were valued at $367,777, being $53,443 more than for the same month of 1888. The Inland revenue for July was $22,552.

TORONTO, Ont., July 31.—R. A. Wade, an alleged lawyer from Chicago, who has been staying for some time at different hotels in this city and representing himself to be engaged in hunting up some Chicago mystery, has suddenly disappeared, having first borrowed from various temporary friends sums amounting to nearly $2,000. He is supposed to have gone to Seattle, W. T. A warrant has been issued for his arrest for fraud. Lawyer Gilary is one of the heaviest creditors.

STOCK RAISING AND GRAIN RAISING.

Stock raising and grain raising are equally successful in Dakota and Minnesota. Plenty of government land. Cheap railroad land. Good markets, rich soil, excellent schools and churches. For further information, maps, rates, &c., apply to F I Whitney, G. P. & T. A, St. P., M. & M Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

A FEDERATION SET-BACK.

Lord Salisbury Declines to Call an Imperial Convention.

LONDON, July 31.—Sir Charles Tupper has been elected a member of the Excutive council of the Imperial Federation league. The council has since elected him a member of the Executive committee, by which, under Lord Rosebery, the league's movements are directed. The election is the direct outcome of Sir Charles Tupper's proposal for an Imperial convention.

Lord Salisbury's reply to the league's request for an interview with the ministers is published here to-day. The Premier says the Government does not think it within its provinces to summon such a convention. If the colonies desire to consult together they can do so without any assistance from Her Majesty's Government. The intervention of the Government will only lead to misapprehension and *would seem to imply that the* Government had prepared and made the recommendations for a closer and more substantial union between the mother country and the colonies, or, at least, that the Government was fully convinced of the possibility of doing so.

This reply has aroused much displeasure in federation circles. Lord Rosebery replying, disputes Lord Salisbury's contention, and says that meetings of the colonies on the subject without the presidency of Her Majesty's Government should be deeply deprecated. He refers to the ministers' utterances pointing to imperial unity, and earnestly asks a reconsideration. Meanwhile the deputation to the ministers has been postponed till after the holidays.

A HOME IN THE WEST.

Join the great army of homeseekers and secure 480 acres of government land in the Devils Lake, Turtle Mountain or Mouse River districts of Dakota. For further information, maps, rates, &c., apply to F. I. Whitney, G P. & T. A., St. Paul Minn.

Mr. Gladstone Overworked.

LONDON, August 1.—Lord Brassey gave an "at home" to the Eighty club last evening in order to meet Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone. Mr. Gladstone was unable to be present. Mrs. Gladstone, responding to congradulations on her golden wedding, said her husband was fatigued owing to overwork and was obliged to rest.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, in a speech, denied that the difference among the Liberals over the royal grants meant a want of fidelity to their great leader. Every member of the party, from the highest to the lowest, *was never more devoted* to the chief than now. As for any separation between the Liberals and Mr. Gladstone, that was as likely as a separation between Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone. (Laughter.) The Liberals had an uphill fight, but they were never engaged in a greater or nobler.

A SHREWD SWINDLE.

Perpetrated on the Ottawa Branch of the Bank of Montreal.

OTTAWA, July, 30.—A well-planned swindle, fortunately for a small amount only, was to-day prepetrated upon the Bank of Montreal here. A new teller went on duty, his predecessor having been transferred to another branch. One of the first cheques presented to the new-comer for payment was from the Department of Public Works for $65, payable to bearer. The checque had for signature the name of Deputy Bailiarge and Accountant Dionne, of the department. The appropriation to which the amount was to be charged was "harbors generally" When the cheque came to be entered up it was noticed that the word generally was spelled with one "l." This peculiarity led to a further scrutiny and the suspicion that the chrque was not right. The Public Works department is just across the road from the bank, and the cheque being sent over it was pronounced bogus. The matter was reported to the police, but the culprit has not yet been located. He probably had calculated on the new teller's inexperince with department cheques and had he not been timid might have swindled the bank for a larger amount.

A DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEE ARRESTED.

OTTAWA, July, July 31.—The sequel to the forgery of the Public Works department cheque on the Bank of Montreal, reported yesterday, was the arrest to-day of Mr. L. A. Cornellier, a middle-aged man, who has for many years been employed in the department. Though the forgery was discovered on Monday, it was kept so quiet that not until yesterday morning was there any news of it published. This publication, far from hindering the detectives in their work, actually led to their becoming possessed of the information upon which they have acted, for, upon reading the report, Mr. J. R. Quain, a Sparks street business man, informed the police that such a cheque as that described had been tendered him by a person whose name he did not know, but whom he could identify. Being taken to the Public Works department, he pointed out Mr. Cornellier as the man and the arrest followed. It appears that the cheque was cashed at the Canadian Pacific railway *ticket office, and subsequently presented* at the bank by a clerk with whom the bank officials were acquainted and was, therefore, cashed without hesitation. The forger did not calculate so carefully as at first supposed, the change of tellers not having been effected when the cheque was presented at the railway office, and therefore having nothing to do with the attempted swindle.

The impression is strong that Cornellier, whatever he may have known about the matter, was not the forger of the cheque. He is still under arrest and will appear before the magistrate in the morning, when an explanation of how it came into his possession will, it is expected, be forthcoming.

MADE AN ARCHDIOCESE.

The Limestone City Receives a Deserved Recognition From Rome.

KINGSTON, Ont., July 30.—On July 24 a telegram was received by the *Catholic News*, of New York, sent direct from the Vatican, announcing the appointment of Dr. Walsh to be Archbishop of Toronto, vice Archbishop Lynch, deceased. Through some inadvertency only one part of this telegram was published, the part which related to Bishop Walsh. The following is the message as originally received:—

To the Catholic News, New York:—

Bishop Walsh, of London, has been made Archbishop of Toronto. Kingston, heretofore a suffragan diocese, has been made an archdiocese.

Why the latter part was omitted in transmission to the western papers it is hard to say. Your correspondent to-day saw a gentleman whose testimony is not to be doubted and who is well versed in all the facts. This gentleman has received a telegram from a source which is reliable in every way, confirming in all points the statements already made. On being asked his opinion he said in a most decided manner that, although as yet no official information had been received, the public might accept the news as final and positive. It may not be generally known that Kingston, as a Roman Catholic See, is the second oldest in the whole of Canada, having been created as far back as 1821. Quebec is the first, being over 200 years old. Toronto, Montreal and other places are subsequent in this respect to the Limestone City, so that in making Kingston an archbishopric the Roman Catholic authorities are simply placing it in its proper place on the ecclesiastical honor roll. Official and final notification of this news is expected by every mail.—*Gazette.*

THE REPORT CONFIRMED.

ROME, July 31.—The diocese of Kingston, Canada, has been created a new province, and has been detached from the jurisdiction of the Archbishop of Toronto. The province will be divided into three dioceses. The bishops of the new dioceses and the Bishop of Peterborough will be suffragans to the Archbishop of Kingston. The decree making these changes states that they are due to the noted progress of Catholicism in Kingston. The seat of the third diocese, it is understood, will be Cornwall.

A Row in Manitoba.

WINNIPEG, Man., August 1.—To-day's *Sun* says:—"It is learned from sources absolutely reliable that serious friction exists between Lieutenant-Governor Schultz and Ministers of the Crown. His Honor appears to regard it as his duty to go carefully into the details about *almost every matter brought before* him and asks for no end of statistics and information. This the ministers positively refuse to give saying they have no time to collect it, and that they are not going to do it. The result is that orders-in-council remain unsigned for weeks, the ministers claim, greatly to the injury of public business. It is rumored that there is another cause of trouble between *His Honor and the ministers.* It seems that the Governor orders supplies for the Government house down town on his own responsibility and has the bills sent to the Government for payment. This the Government objects to, on the ground that, according to the status, His Honor should make out a requisition for what he wants and send it to the Minister of Public Works for approval before anything is ordered. The result is a serious misunderstanding and it is very probable that the embers which have been smouldering so long will soon burst into an open blaze. It is said to be the intenion of the Government at the next session to cut off all appropriations for the support of the Government house and to allow the Lieutenant-Governor to maintain it out of his $10,000 salary from the Dominion Government."

The *Sun* also says that Attorney-General Martin intends introducing a measure at the next session to abolish juries in civil cases, and that the legal fraternity is largely in favor of it. Separate schools and the French language, according to the Sun, are also to be abolished. A board of Education will be made out, and the portfolio of Minister of Education be created. A complete revolution in system is contemplated. It is also stated that the Government proposes introducing a new municipal law, which will contain a number of sweeping changes.

GEORGIA'S MESSIAH.

Negroes of Low Intelligence Becoming Demoralized.

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 28.—The religious frenzy aroused among Liberty county's negroes by the lunatic who pretended to be the Messiah is baffling every effort made to counteract it. Those who are possessed listen to no arguments or appeals of the whites, nor of the more intelligent of their own color. Orth was sent to the insane asylum at Milledgeville two weeks ago, and the hope was indulged that the craze would die out. But it has not. On the contrary, it is spreading. Orth, or Dupont Bell, as he at times called himself, has been succeeded by a negro, Edward James, who claims that the spirit of Christ passed into him. His preaching is having a worse effect than the white lunatic's had. James preaches that the world is coming to an end August 16, and this has added to the demoralization of the ignorant blacks. He also preaches pernicious practices, and 500 negroes are *following him.*

This new pseudo Christ obtains an influence which has thus far paralyzed the advice of the old orthodox colored preachers. One of these to which the blacks throughout Eastern Georgia have for years looked up to as a leader, is the Rev. Floyd Snelson, the Republican candidate for Congress in the First District last fall. Even Snelson's *efforts are of no avail against James.* The deluded band continues holding daily meetings, singing, shouting and praying.

A white man named McCrimmen went out in the Old Homestead plantation country a few days ago to employ laborers for G. W. Hawking's sawmill up on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad. McCrimmen had secured hands in that part of the country before, and he found several of his old workmen. Their friends and families persuaded them not to leave. The march to the promised land is to start early Friday morning, August 16, and the men were deterred from hiring themselves to work in another county through fear of being left behind when the procession starts Canaan-ward. That part of Liberty bordering on McIntosh county is thickly populated by blacks, but thinly settled by whites, hence there are hundreds of blacks who are tillers of small crops. They do not see many dollars in the course of a year, and now James tells them to throw away what money they have or give it to Christ. He had a box on the ground near his rude pulpit for the reception of the *money. Any one who dared to touch it* would be stricken dead, James declared. Last Saturday a darky known as Tero attended the meeting and saw bright silver coins thickly sprinkled over the turf around the box. Yesterday he was in Savannah with a shot bag full of silver. He frankly owned that he rifled the box. "It wasn't doing anybody any good lying 'here," he says, and adds, "I saw some children pick up a few pieces and they didn't fall dead. So Sunday night I slipped out to the box and picked up all I could find. I got $22 75 altogether. I paid Mr. Sweet $1 65 for a ticket to Savannah, I've bought a jug of whiskey and a pair of shoes, and I aint dead yet. Next Sunday I'm going out there to get more of the fool niggers' money."

Monday David James, brother of Edward, went over to the camp with a friend named Carter. They are intelligent colored men, and wanted to get Edward James to quit preaching and go on to another part of the county for a while. The flock denied that Edward was about. His brother and Carter looked around and discovered Edward asleep in a wagon. They woke him up and begged him to accompany them. The imposter quickly grew excited and then mad at his brother and friend. He threatened to smite them dead if they did not go off and let him alone. The flock crowded around to listen. Carter put his hand on the preacher's shoulder while arguing with him. This enraged the leader of the crowd and he struck *Carter in the face. Carter grabbed him by* the throat and choked his tongue out. The mob closed in to help their Lord and they nearly killed Carter and Dave James. Carter got the worst of it, as he was knocked down with a club.

The Ohio lunatic, Orth, seems to have started an epidemic in this state, for a negro has appeared in Cherokee county who claims to be *Christ. There is another in Camden* county, down near the Okenfinokee swamp, and a women in Brunswick, down the coast is preaching and claims to perform miracles

ST. LOUIS, MO., March 23, 1889.
BAILEY REFLECTOR COMPANY.
Gentlemen:—We have now used your Reflector about three months. *It is very satisfactory.* Our audience room is 50x60 ft., with ceiling 30 ft. Your 60 inch Reflector lights it admirably.
Very respectfully,
J. H. HOLMES,
Chn. Bldg. Com. 3d Cong'l Church.

(*Letter from the Pastor.*)

Dear Sirs:—The Bailey Reflector which you placed in our church gives *entire* satisfaction. *It is ornamental and gives a brilliant light.* It is *really* a marvel of *cheapness, neatness and brightness.* Very sincerely yours,
G. H. GRANNIS,
Pastor of 3d Cong'l Church, of St. Louis, Mo.

College of Notre Dame des Neiges, Montreal.

The religious of the Congregation of the Holy Cross, who direct this important institution of learning, have made heroic efforts to place it upon an equal footing with other educational establishments of the country, both as regards the education and comfort of the pupils. The handsome edifice erected in 1881 has been increased to twice its former size by the addition of a new and magnificent *four-story structure, giving a total frontage* of 260 feet. The buildings, furnished with all modern improvements, are well-equipped for educational purposes, having spacious and well-lighted class rooms, recreation halls, study halls, and dormitories, heated throughout by hot water. The play grounds are extensive and tastefully laid out, affording the student every facility for the enjoyment of invigorating exercise. The system of ventilation is first class. A powerful engine is used to draw water from an immense reservoir, situated on the premises, for distribution throughout the building, to supply the wants of the pupils and to guard against fire.

The college, which opens the 3rd of September, is intended for the education of boys from the age of five to twelve years, and no expense has been spared to afford the young and tender pupils all the comforts of home. The discipline is mild and paternal, the "home principle" predominating. Nuns devote themselves to the cleanliness and well-being of the children, and also have charge of the dormitories, infirmary and culinary departments. The rudiments of the French and English languages, vocal and instrumental music, are taught by able and efficient masters. The utmost care is taken to cultivate their moral and religious principles, which alone render education profitable in after-life.

Situated in a most eligible and picturesque spot, at the foot of Mount Royal, and commanding a view of one of the most delightful landscapes in Canada, it offers superior attractions to parents desirous of giving their children a solid and practical education, far from the noise and dangers of the streets of the metropolis. Daily communication can be had with the city by means of omnibuses.

On account of its retired position and the facilities afforded, this institution is becoming more and more appreciated by the parents of Montreal, and by strangers, as the number of students from all parts of Canada and the States bear witness.

The students who have made their elementary course at the College of Notre Dame are admitted with favor to the higher college of St. Laurent, where, after the completion of their commercial or classical course, they receive their Diploma, or University Degree, according to the course they have followed. The college of St. Laurent is directed by the same religious order, and is regarded as one of the most important educational factors in the country.

ALPHABET OF SAINTS.

A is St. Anna, on whose loving breast,
Mary, our Queen, as an infant did rest.
B is St. Bridget, so tender and true,
Shunning the world to a cloister withdrew.
C's St. Cecilia whose harmonies divine
Are sung by angels in chorus sublime.
D is St. Dorothy, who for her faith dies,
A woman of genius, rich, gifted and wise.
E's St. Elizabeth whose soul for God yearned,
The bread in her mantle to roses was turned.
F is St. Flavia, the first martyred nun,
Thus it was that she her heavenly crown won.
G is St. Genevieve, by pravers redeemed,
And now as its patron by Paris esteemed.
H is St. Hilda, an abbess austere,
Bishops and monks 'twas her duty to rear.
I is St. Ia, a maiden of Greece,
With God and the world her soul was at peace.
J's St. Julitta, for Christ crucified,
Her home she renounced and willingly died.
K is St. Keyna, who the world's pleasures fled,
In the forests of Wales a hermit's life led.
L is St. Lauretta, who lived in God's fear,
His powerful mercy she taught far and near.
M's St. Magdalen, who renounced sinful ways,
To serve the kind Saviour the rest of her days.
N's St. Numillo, who the world edified,
In doing her duty she Christ glorified.
O is St. Olon, so chaste and demure,
Convents she built and assisted the poor,
P's St. *Pelagia*, a penitent fair,
Her life devoting to labor and prayer.
Q's St Quiten's, who for Jesus' sake,
By an angry mob was burnt at the stake.
R's St. Radegunda, friend of the slave,
Comfort and help to the weary she gave.
S is St. Symphorosa, with her seven young sons
As a follower of Christ to martyrdom comes.
T's St. Theodora, an empress so great,
The heresies of Rome she strove to abate.
U's St. Ulphia, a young Christian maid,
Staunch in religion, and in virtue staid.
V. is St. Victoria, noble and calm,
Bearing so proudly the martyr's green palm.
W's St Winifred, from earliest youth
She cherished a love for religion and truth.
X is St. Ximines, who lived in France,
Truth and religion she tried to advance.
Y is St. Yseulte, learned, profound,
With truth the Pagans he strove to confound.
Z's St Zensia, who lived in a cave,
Jesus His Name on her heart did engrave.

—Reis Samson in Catholic Youth.

OLD AGE TURNED TO YOUTH.

The Alleged Discovery of an Elixir of Perpetual Life.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 1.—Dr. W. A. Hammond, the distinguished physician, formerely of New York, who has permanently located in this city, is experimenting successfully with the alleged elixir of life. When the doctor first heard of the discovery by Dr. Brown-Sequard, of Paris, of an elixir thus named, his information, on the character of the fluid said to produce such remarkable results in rejuvenating decrepit and aged persons was so crude that he was forced to the belief that the report was either a canard or the experimenter had given to the world statements that could be only explained *by the fact of his dotage. Since then he* has received detailed accounts of the methods employed by Dr. Brown-Sequard, and they impressed him so favorably that he determined to test the virtue of the elixir practically.

The report of the experiment first given to the world on this side of the Atlantic stated that the youth-giving fluid was compounded of the vital organs of the body, a mixture of the heart, *liver*, kidneys, etc., whereas the fact is that it is made from the most delicate portion of every animal's anatomy, that which is already known for its life-giving qualities. The distinguished Frenchman secured his material from a guinea pig, whereas Dr. Hammond took the lamb for his use, which he believed to be superior to any other animal for the purpose. This material he places in a mortar, pounds to a pulp, and, adding water, distils an essence which is administered to the patient by a hypodermic injection.

ALMOST INCREDIBLE.

The actual work of experiment by Dr. Hammond began a week ago, and he has pursued it constantly ever since. His subject is an old man who is decrepit to an extreme degree. The treatment is exceedingly simple, and consists of an injection in the patient's leg every other day. The quick results already obtained have astonished and gratified the doctor. The decrepit patient has already shown signs of returning vitality that seem incredible, this change having been marked on the third day after the application of the elixir was first made. The doctor stated the facts of the experiment last evening practically as above, but reserves his decision on the merits of the life-giving fluid until his experiment is complete, which it will not be until six weeks after inaugurating the treatment.

Besides the case mentioned, two other patients will be subjects for the elixir's work, and that no question can be raised as to the way of reaching the result, they will be ignorant of the character of their treatment until it is concluded. Dr. Hammond feels a good deal of respect for the believers in the possibility of discovering a youth-giving fluid, and holds himself ready to be converted to any innovation on medical lore, however extravagant its pretenses may be. Immediately upon the conclusion of his present work he will prepare a full report of it for the medical journals.

Last evening he said: "I have just received information from Paris to the effect that Dr. Varlcit has administered the elixir to decrepit individuals with the most astonishing results. The report states that they have become rejuvenated under the influence of the treatment.

You are the only one to blame for the escape of your secret. If you cannot keep it, why should anyone else

FATHER KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

CURED AFTER SIX YEARS.

MANKATO, MINN., Sept. 30th, '87.
To whom it may concern:—I hereby certify that I have tried many great physicians ("by reputation") in the large cities in the west, and for six years I sought for one skillful enough to cure my daughter of a nervous disease, but without success I was then induced to try the Rev. E. KOENIG, of Fort Wayne, Ind., who was reported as being very successful in treating diseases of this character, and I am pleased to say that by his skillful treatment my daughter was in a short time completely cured, and he refused to accept any compensation for his services. I cheerfully recommend him to any parties needing his services. My daughter and myself will ever hold the reverend gentleman in grateful remembrance.
JOHN SCHWEITZER.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of September, A. D. 1887. W. B. DAVIS, Clerk of Municipal Court, Mankato, Minn.

Our PAMPHLET for sufferers of nervous disease will be sent FREE to any address, and POOR patients can also obtain this medicine FREE of charge from us.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., for the past ten years, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG Medicine Co., Chicago

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Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.
Its MAMMOTH DRAWINGS take place Semi-Annually (June and December), and its GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.
FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS
For Integrity of its Drawings, and Prompt Payment of Prizes,
Attested as follows:
"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.
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Commissioners.
We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.
R. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l Bk
PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State National Bank
A. BALDWIN Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bank
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GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING,
At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, August 13, 1889.
CAPITAL PRIZE, $300,000.
100,000 Tickets at $20 each. Halves $10; Quarters $5; Tenths $2; Twentieths $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE OF $300,000 is	$300,000
1 PRIZE OF 100,000 is	100,000
1 PRIZE OF 50,000 is	50,000
1 PRIZE OF 25,000 is	25,000
2 PRIZES OF 10,000 are	20,000
5 PRIZES OF 5,000 are	25,000
25 PRIZES OF 1,000 are	25,000
100 PRIZES OF 500 are	50,000
200 PRIZES OF 300 are	60,000
500 PRIZES OF 200 are	100,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.	
100 Prizes of $500 are	$50,000
100 Prizes of 300 are	30,000
100 Prizes of 200 are	20,000
TERMINAL PRIZES.	
999 Prizes of $100 are	$99,900
999 Prizes of $100 are	$99,900
8,134 Prizes amounting to	$1,064,800

NOTE.—Tickets drawing Capital Prizes are not entitled to terminal Prizes.

AGENTS WANTED.

FOR CLUB RATES, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with State, County, Street and Number. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an Envelope bearing your full address.

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or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D.C.

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Address Registered Letters containing Currency to
NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER that the payment of Prizes is GUARANTEED BY FOUR NATIONAL BANKS of New Orleans, and the Tickets are signed by the President of an Institution whose chartered rights are recognized in the highest Courts; therefore, beware of all imitations or anonymous schemes.
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