

TREMENDOUS SALE!

BLUE PUTTEE HALL, Saturday, Nov. 30th, and two following weeks. Open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Thousands of Bargains for Ladies & Children

COATS.

350 of the very latest styles. No two alike, in Melton, Velour, Broadcloth, Silverton Serge. Only

\$20 to \$125.

300 DRESSES — Georgette, Crepe de Chene, Silk and Serge. Nothing to equal them ever displayed here before. Best values, Lowest Prices,

\$9 to \$40.

587 LADIES' WAISTS in the daintiest styles, Crepe de Chenes and Silks. Only

\$4.50 to \$22.

50 SEALETTE COATS—An up-to-date line selling at

\$65 to \$150 each.

120 SKIRTS—Portraying in beautiful materials the latest style tendencies.

\$25 down to \$7.50

SWEATERS.

Don't overlook this: 150 in Silk and Wool; all shades and the very latest style. Each is a beauty,

\$7.50 to \$28.00

Children's Sweaters and English Rubber Coats, from the World's Best Makers. Bring the little ones and let them help you select. prices, \$2.00 to \$15.00

HATS Magnificent Display of London, New York & Paris, 450 Ladies and Children's. Perfect in Design, Material and Price. **HATS**

THE BLUE PUTTEE HALL, Cor. KING'S ROAD and GOWER ST.

The Gulf Stream.

MIGHTIEST OF EARTH'S PHENOMENA.

"The Gulf Stream is probably the grandest and most mighty of any terrestrial phenomena. Its waters are a deep indigo blue of great clearness and high temperature. When one is on board a vessel floating upon its waters, one is not as much impressed at the power and grandeur of the wonder of nature as he is when he stands before a towering mountain, an immense iceberg, or a fall of water such as Niagara, but when one remembers that the mighty torrent, speeding on hour by hour and day by day is a

volume equal to all the largest rivers in the world combined, carrying its beneficent heat to temper the climate of continents, one begins to realize that of all the forces of the physical world none can equal this one river of the ocean.

"The theories as to the cause of ocean currents have been many. "Franklin's theory, which has many advocates at the present day, was that the winds produce the current by the air moving over the surface of the water, and he illustrated their theory by the following: "It is known that a large piece of water, 10 miles broad, and generally only 3 feet deep, has by a strong wind had its water driven to one side and sustained so as to become

6 feet deep, while the windward side was laid dry. As will be seen later, this is a well-taken example of the Gulf Stream, but it does not quite show the whole of the truth.

"In the tropical regions there is a steady movement of the air from east to west known as the trade winds. South of a certain line situated near the equator these winds flow from a southwesterly direction, while north of the equator they come from a more northeasterly direction. The winds are not always strong, nor are they constant in direction, but they do not vary much, and then only for brief periods.

"Winds blowing over the surface of the water induce a current in the lat-

ter, due to friction. At first it is only the merest skim that moves, but gradually the motion is communicated from layer to layer until at last, if the wind is long continued, as in the trade wind region, the movement extends to lower depths, 300 to 400 feet, or perhaps more.

"These trade wind currents meet finally, the partial barrier of the islands forming the eastern part of the Caribbean, and a portion of the flow escapes through the passages between them.

"The Gulf Stream would be little felt on the coast of Europe did it not receive a great addition to its volume of heat when en route. This is by means of a gentle flow from the north-

east trade wind current that passes outside the Caribbean Islands and the Bahamas. The surface temperature of this outside current is about the same in its passage along the West Indies Islands as the Gulf Stream in the Straits of Florida, but it is less violent in its movements and there is less intermingling of its upper and lower waters, so that it arrives off Cape Hatteras with a much higher temperature than that of the more turbulent Gulf Stream."

Have You a Cold?

A London hospital physician gives the following instructions for avoiding colds and influenza:—

Keep your mouth closed and breathe through the nose.

Eat a good breakfast; never go out on an empty stomach.

Wear warm clothing, but light in weight.

Be as much as possible in the open air.

Avoid fatigue, for it favours infection.

Flush your rooms frequently with air, but do not sit in a draught; in

badly-ventilated rooms into spreads.

Do not stand face to face with person who has a cold or influenza.

Do not sit in a train opposite person who coughs; if it is unavoidable hold up a newspaper.

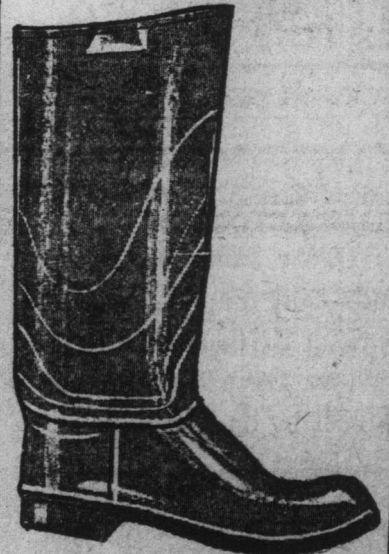
Brush the teeth regularly with good antiseptic.

If you have a cold or influenza, consult a doctor and stay at home as long as you are well; it will be better for you and your friends.

Let your handkerchiefs be killed and also all-cups, spoons, and other you use.

When you cough in other presence, place a handkerchief before your nose and mouth.

No Frills



Extra Wear

EXCEL RUBBER BOOTS FOR FISHERMEN.

AFTER MANY YEARS OF CAREFUL STUDY OF THE RUBBER BOOT BUSINESS WE HAVE SUCCEEDED IN HAVING MADE ACCORDING TO OUR SPECIFICATIONS

"The Excel Rubber Boot"

WITH 7 SPECIAL FEATURES, WHICH WE GUARANTEE TO BE FAR SUPERIOR TO ANY RUBBER BOOTS ON THE MARKET IN QUALITY, DURABILITY AND VALUE.

THE 7 SPECIAL FEATURES OF THE EXCEL BOOT WHICH WE HAVE EMBODIED IN ITS CONSTRUCTION ARE:

- 1ST—THE ENTIRE BOOT IS CURED UNDER STEAM PRESSURE, MAKING IT A "ONE" PIECE BOOT.
 - 2ND—IT HAS AN 8-PLY DOUBLE SOLE OF HEAVY RUBBER RUNNING ALL THE WAY UNDER HEEL.
 - 3RD—IT HAS A SNAG PROOF VAMP, TO WITHSTAND THE HARDEST KIND OF WEAR.
 - 4TH—IT HAS A 6 PLY REINFORCED INSTEP, WHICH RELIEVES STRAIN, PREVENTS CRACKING AND WRINKLING.
 - 5TH—IT HAS A REINFORCED 5 PLY LEG, MAKING IT STAND UP UNDER THE HARDEST KIND OF SERVICE.
 - 6TH—IT HAS A 4-PLY TOP TO INSURE EXTRA WEAR.
 - 7TH—IT HAS A HEAVY DUCK LINING, WHICH PREVENTS MOISTURE, KEEPING THE FOOT COOL AND DRY.
- EXCEL RUBBER BOOTS ARE VACUUM, GREY FINISH. "FEELS LIKE VELVET"

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Extra Wear

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Christmas

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 90c. to \$2.00
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MEN'S SHIRLEY PREMIUM
 80c. pair.
SATURDAY—Our Special
 Sweeping Reductions in
 ment.

Side Talk by Ruth Cameron

WHAT DOES THE CAT SAY?

Did you ever hear a cat say "Meow?" I never did. Not that I haven't had anything to do with cats. On the contrary, cats are a specialty of mine.

But that is just the prelude to an opinion which I have long held—namely, that the most animals do make the noises which the dictionary and common opinion credits them with making.

The cat doesn't say "Meow." It says as nearly as I can describe it "Eraw."

And What Does the Dog Say?

The dog doesn't say "Bow wow." It says (again within the limitations of a man-made alphabet) "woof woof."

What does the sheep say? Some authorities would have it say "Baa" and others "Maa." The real truth is that the sheep doesn't say either— "Aa" with any kind of a consonant sound you choose to imagine between the letters.

When take the rooster. Did you really hear one that said "Cock-a-doodle-do?" The rhythm is approximately right but I insist the consonant sounds are not. I say "approximate" because while I have heard some roosters crow in the "cock-a-doodle-do" rhythm, I have heard others crow in a rhythm of three with a long-drawn-out third. I used to have a rooster of whom my neighbors declared that he said, "The Lord." And if one chose to think it, one could well imagine the rooster was thus appropriating the greeting of another bird.

Listen with Subjective Ears.

Of course, the secret of our hearing most of these sounds—these I specifically mentioned and others such as the Katydid and the poorwill and the Bobwhite—though I will say that the Bobwhite seem to me to come the nearest to saying what he is supposed to say (fish, bird or beast), is that we

