

THE ACADIAN.

WOLFVILLE, N. S., FEB. 17, 1893.

To-morrow the citizens of Wolfville will be called upon to record their votes for or against the incorporation of the town. The matter, we feel, is one of prime importance, and should receive the greatest amount of consideration on the part of the people. It is not our place to say how any person should vote. We have expressed our views as to what we consider would be for the best interests of the town. As public journalists we have felt this to be our duty. We believe the people of Wolfville will be making a wise mistake if they reject incorporation. However let each elector lay aside all personal feelings and interests and vote as he thinks the best interests of the town will be served, and we feel sure the result will be satisfactory.

The attendance at Acadia Seminary this year is much larger than ever before, the number attending for the year being 116. The number attending the present term is 102, of whom 37 are from the town and vicinity. Last year 102 students were in attendance, which was the largest number reached up to that time. The attendance from the town is this year unusually large, about 10 more than in previous years. Taken altogether we think the management should feel well satisfied that their efforts to furnish a first-class education for young ladies are being appreciated. The new building is giving good satisfaction and the Seminary is now one of the best equipped in Canada.

We think it about time that some action was taken to put a stop to the practice indulged in by some of our young men with regard to seducing newly married people. The custom is a relic of barbarism that should never have been tolerated, and has been made especially prominent in Wolfville during the last year or two. Last Saturday evening the gang that congregated on Main street and made night hideous was disgraceful to a town like Wolfville. Their performance we feel sure was not appreciated by those more especially concerned nor by the people generally. Business was interfered with, people driving in the town were put to a great amount of inconvenience and the whole affair was decidedly disagreeable. We trust that some action will be taken to prevent a repetition of it.

Arrangements are now being made for what promises to be an interesting horse-race to be held at Black River Lake on Tuesday afternoon next, Feb. 21st. The race will be in mile heats, best two in three, and will be open to all horses in King's county without records. A purse of \$50 is offered in three prizes of \$25, \$15 and \$10. Entries must be made with Mr. F. J. Porter, of this place, not later than 5 o'clock, on Saturday, 19th. Quite a number of our best horses have already been entered and others from different parts of the county are expected. The course will be a mile straight away, and one of the best that can be secured. No doubt a large number of horsemen and others will attend and witness the sport, which will be open to all. Black River Lake is easy of access when the roads are good as they are now and a good afternoon's sport is prospect.

Much public interest is now being taken in the reports of the revolution in the Hawaiian Islands and the agitation for the annexation of said islands to the United States. It has been heralded over the world that a great revolution has taken place, dethroning the Queen, and the revolution is represented so popular and universal that it was achieved without bloodshed. It is, however, gradually leaking out that the revolution is not an uprising of the people at all, but the work of a little handful of speculators from abroad, who have already wrested from the native people almost everything which was worth having and now seek to reduce them to the position of serfs. It is a little significant, also, that the American man-of-war Boston sailed into the harbor of Honolulu and landed a detachment of troops two days before the "bloodless revolution" broke out, ostensibly to protect American interests, and that a little band of American residents, with the silent prestige of a great warship behind them, accomplished the revolution in the face of the terrified natives. The fact is becoming evident that it is a scheme of a few speculators in the production of sugar—men who have already, headed by Claus Spreckles, made millions out of the privileges granted them by the native parliament, and now, for the sake of a market and the two cents per pound bounty offered by the United States government for the production of sugar, would turn around and crush the parliament which befriended them, and swallow up all that is left. The representatives of the revolutionists lay it down as one of the conditions that the franchise must not be universal suffrage as obtained in the United States, in other words, that the little ring of speculators must rule. The islands are extremely fertile, not only in the production of sugar, but in all the tropical products of commerce. When the sugar men first visited the islands, there were nearly 200,000 natives, but under the influence of American rum and whiskey and the oppressions of their pseudo-friends, the native population has diminished to 30,000. The population at present consists of the said 30,000 natives, about 50,000 of mixed blood, and the sugar men and their retainers.

Butterine.

Butter had no place in the cuisine of the civilized nations of antiquity, who lived in the lands of the olive. Oil was used as shortening for cakes by the widow of Zepheph, who fed the prophet Elijah during the famine in Palestine. The custom of using butter is believed to have come to Greece and Rome through the barbarian tribes who lived on the confines of the empire. For some time it was a disputed point as to whence butter was derived. A chemist thought of a plan to solve the problem; he starved some cows and found that the milk they continued to give contained the same identical proportions of cream and butter as before, and from this he came to the conclusion that butter was the milk fat of the cow worked up in Nature's laboratory for the fattening of the calf. Carrying on the experiment, the city part of the fat was separated from the solid part; the first is called oleo-margarine and the other stearine. If the fat of the cow contained these component parts, why not the fat of the ox? Butter from an ox! Well, that is something strange! That is just what a Dutchman named VanBord did. He set up a factory in Fresland and made oleo-margarine for the London market, therefore that substitute for butter was technically called Bord. By and by other Hollanders, and notably VanDam and Compny carried on the manufacture and considerable hostility was evinced to the new article which the profane christened with a name shocking to polite ears compounded of the two manufacturers' names coupled. Space will not permit to give a description of the process, which is somewhat complicated. Suffice it to say that the oil before mentioned is churned up with milk, the product called oleo-margarine is palatable and wholesome, and is sold at about half the price of "best fresh dairy butter."

"All flesh is grass," consequently and, mal fat must have a vegetable origin. Many clever agriculturists have tried feeding with nitrogenous compounds and cooked food to increase the yield and richness of milk, and the result has scarcely paid for the outlay. How about extracting the butter from the vegetable direct? The palm and the butternut of Africa both yield butter. So does the seed of the cotton plant of Georgia and the southern states. Cotton seed oil is divided by the cold drawn process into two parts called olive and glycerine. This olive refined with fillers' earth, becomes pure, odorless and devoid of any marked taste; it is then much like the best Luca salad oil produced in Italy. By mixing cotton seed oil and oleo-margarine and churning with milk, an article called butterine is produced. Messrs. Armour make and sell Silver Churn Butterine, Messrs. Swift, Dairy Butterine, and Messrs. Jacobs, Doid & Sons, Bonner Butterine, which are sold retail at 20 cents per lb., wholesale at 15 cents. Butterine is in appearance like what is called best Normandy fresh, fetching 40 cents per lb., and is as solid as best dairy butter. There can be no question that the addition of a proportion of cotton seed oil to cream, by churning does materially increase the yield and lessen the cost of butter, and in winter prevents the butter from getting so stony hard that it cannot be spread on bread without first warming it.

After two days' consideration the council called by the Main street Baptist church to consider the position of its pastor, Rev. Sidney Welton, came to a decision at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening. Rev. Mr. Welton finished his explanation of his connection with the American insurance companies which he is alleged to have conspired to defraud in company with his brother, C. B. Welton, and Dr. Randall. The council then asked him to resign, and at 10 o'clock he reached an agreement. Some of those present favored a resolution strongly condemning Rev. Sidney Welton, while others were inclined to pass the matter over much more lightly and favored the idea that nothing of an incriminating nature had been proven against him. Several motions were put to the council, but none were satisfactory, and it was felt it would be unwise not to make a unanimous report. At last after considerable give and take the following resolution was prepared and unanimously adopted: Resolved, In consideration of the public scandal caused by Rev. Sidney Welton's connection with certain insurance matters, that we, without expressing an opinion as to his guilt or innocence of the charges in the indictments and trial in the St. John County Court, recommend that he be suspended from his pastoral and Christian ministry. The Main street church is not legally bound to act upon the recommendation of the council, but they are morally bound by it, for it was called at their request to advise them. The advice, which is couched in the mildest terms, certainly meets the general view of what should be done under all the circumstances.—St. John Globe.

Rev. Sidney Welton, of gray-eyed insurance fame, won a victory over the Southern Baptist Association last night. The Main street church, after a long and violent discussion, passed a resolution refusing to adopt the recommendation of the council, which advised the church to discontinue fellowship to Mr. Welton. After the vote, Mr. Welton tendered his resignation, which was accepted, and it was ordered that he receive a regular letter of dismissal which is equivalent to a certificate of standing.—Herald.

Our Present and Future as Fruit Growers.

PROPOSED EXPERIMENT FRUIT STATION. Extracts from a paper read before the Fruit Growers' Association, by W. C. Archibald:— The observation of his lordship, Judge Weatherbe, is now current; that we have in this golden vale some 400 square miles capable of producing an annual revenue of \$30,000,000. This of course is largely included in the warm fruit belt from this point to the beautiful Basin of Annapolis. I have no means at hand to accurately determine the present annual value of our fruit product, but will estimate it to be \$500,000. In horticulture there never were so many difficulties to meet as at the present time. The fact of our case is mainly this:—The enemies of the fruits of the earth are multiplying at a prodigious rate. It is reported:—A gentleman who inspected a diseased vineyard in his state on returning home looked into his vineyard. The disease had appeared there. On careful inspection he cut out all the diseased vines and leaves which he held in hand. Two days later a hay-cock, he reports would not have held all the diseased vines, so rapid had been the progress of the disease! Fruit growing in Nova Scotia enlarges more than any other product, the carrying power of the land per acre. There has long been a need felt of a fruit experiment station with a professor's chair for the purpose of promoting horticulture in the various branches by scientific investigation and experiment located in our midst. The individual fruit grower cannot afford the experiments for himself, the time and expense required are too great.

I quote, "It is obvious that such a station if it is to accomplish that for which it will be established, must gradually reach out into new fields of enquiry, extend its researches into new branches of horticulture, and be prepared to meet new problems which are constantly presenting themselves to the fruit grower. In short it must be a growing institution, and must be constantly presenting its need for the means of such development." Our experiment station at Ottawa is doing good work for its two provinces, but they touch us in Nova Scotia in a general sense only. After '18 experiments are made there is still a wide gulf to be bridged over by a further testing on our own valley ground, before we can with confidence recommend the results obtained. I think I may safely assert that this is the experience of nearly every fruit grower in this Association. The advantages of the proposed station as we see them are of testing of new fruits before they are offered for sale by the nurseryman, and in this way save a large amount of money to the individual fruit growers.

I believe experience has proved that substantial advantages obtain from wholly separate horticultural and agricultural departments. Now as to our opportunities in taking on this new work proposed; we have already among us three flourishing institutions of learning within the fruit belt: Kings College at Windsor, Acadia Villa Seminary at Horton, and Acadia University at Wolfville. An experiment station of some 20 acres might suit the present purpose of this association for a fruit station. These lands doubtless could be obtained by lease for a term of years, rent free, or tendered by some enthusiastic fruit grower contingent. This station, with botanical gardens attached by the College, which are really necessary, should be under the control of one competent person, who should be styled "The Director," and be responsible to a board of management. The director and professor in botany, entomology, etc., would also be qualified to give lessons in orcharding and the diseases of fruit trees, the second professor being an analytical chemist. These two professors should have combined salaries within \$2,500. Now as to the economical advantages in locating the chair and grounds contiguous to an arts college, it may be observed: Many who are merely taking an arts course would be induced through the presence of the station to take a course with the ultimate result that they might become fruit growers, and of the very best class, because they, in addition to their knowledge of fruit growing, would possess a first class general education. This would stimulate them to greater efforts after leaving college—and therefore give rise to a better and more intelligent class of fruit growers. I would very much rather my boys, if they graduate from a university, would take up the healthy, ennobling and dignifying work of fruit culture, than to be seeking the governorship of this province, highly honorable as the office is. The work of fruit growing is the creation of new capital from Nature's resources adding wealth to the individual and the nation. The advantage to fruit growers of a properly conducted fruit station in this valley would be very great. It is of prime importance to the orchardist to know the correct tree and fruit to plant, for it increases its value about ten times before it commences to bear. Before men will proceed in this work they must have full information what they may successfully plant. They could have an analysis made of their soils and fertilizers, ascertain the suitability of soil for fruit growing with best fertilizer to obtain best results; experiments could be made in regard to new kinds of fruit trees and their yield. The extent of diseases of fruit trees at present unknown, could be investigated and the best preventative learned; testing values of insecticides and fungicides could be carried on, Op-

portunity would be afforded for consulting competent authorities; for the methods of growing high class fruit more economically. From such a central bureau in our midst for circulating information throughout the maritime provinces, publishing results of experimental stations; the large and small fruit interest would soon feel new pulsations of life resulting in increased wealth. As the average value of fruits advanced, the marketable value of fruit lands would rise. Nowhere on the American continent, I believe, is fruit growing more profitable than in the Annapolis valley. This should attract people and population gives value to property. For a score of years our markets have been steadily improving with our greater production. With \$2,500 for salaries and \$1,500 for running expenses of the fruit station—making a total of \$4,000 now required, I submit the following method—This association through its members and friends vote and raise \$1,000, \$500 of this to be raised outside the funds of the association. I believe twenty persons can be found who will contribute this amount.

"Town Topics," that brilliant, spicy, though sometimes slightly naughty, society journal, published in New York, makes the following announcement:—"With the first issue in March Town Topics will be permanently enlarged to thirty-two pages. Although it is generally conceded that already this journal had become the most complete, varied and entertaining to men and women of culture of any weekly ever published, yet the publisher, grateful for the extraordinary favor with which the higher class of readers, not alone in America, but wherever English is read, has received Town Topics, will be content only with renewed and greater efforts to procure a journal approached in breadth of scope and excellence of literature. Arrangements are now completed with twenty-five of the most distinguished writers of fiction to contribute short stories and articles to its columns. Among them are such world famed authors as—Annie Rives, Mary J. Hawker (Lance Falconer), F. Marion Crawford, Edgar Wallace, Julian Hawthorne, Ambrose Bierce, Hamlin Garland, Paul Lindau, Catalina Mendes, Francois Coppee, Anatole France etc., etc."

"Hereafter each number of Town Topics will contain a short story, and a chapter or two of a serial by one or the other of those entertaining literateurs. There will be no curtailment of the varied and interesting matter that has heretofore excited position it now holds in current literature." There is no weekly journal published which covers so wide a field of matter, interesting to people of intelligence and culture as does Town Topics. This new departure, giving to its readers the further benefit of the very highest order of fiction, will prove another element of popularity. For the amount of reading matter that it gives weekly, it is the cheapest publication (\$4 per year) in the world. Clubbed with the great Quarterly Magazine, "Tales from Town Topics," each number containing an original prize novella, the two are sent for \$5 per year. Town Topics, 21 West 23 Street, New York.

"Guaranteed." I have used St. Lawrence Cough Balsam in my family for some time and always with the most satisfactory results. Some months ago my daughter came home from Boston with a very hard and distressing cough, from which she could get no relief until she tried St. Lawrence Cough Balsam. Before finishing one bottle she was completely cured. John C. Clark, merchant, Berwick. Sold by Geo. V. Rand, Druggist.

JOHN A. KIMBALL. Hourglass of the Heart! Chronic Dyspepsia! Awful Constipation! Rheumatism! CURED BY GRODER'S SYRUP. BANYN JOHN, N. B., October 11, 1892. "I am no longer a sufferer from Chronic Dyspepsia, and I feel that I owe a debt of gratitude to the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, for the recovery of my health. I cannot speak in too high praise of the wonders that Groder's Botanic Dyspepsia Syrup has worked in my case. It is an act of justice as well as a duty for me to tell the public through you just what your remedy has done for me. I am 45 years of age. My life during the past 23 years has NEVER BEEN FREE FROM SUFFERING UNTIL NOW. Since I began to take Groder's Syrup, I have been free from CHRONIC NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, and all other ailments. My distress from ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, CONSTIPATION has been an unending torture for the past ten years, but your remedy is fast restoring healthy action to my stomach and bowels. Rheumatism. THAT TORMENT OF LONG-STANDING has ceased to trouble me. I am no longer a gloomy, melancholy dyspeptic. I have no desire for food in any part of my body. My food digests readily and causes me no distress whatever. Your medicine is the first of the hundreds I have tried that has given me any relief. I am ready to answer any inquiry concerning this statement, for I firmly believe in Groder's Syrup and desire to believe in the same as I have. It will cure them as it has cured me. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and the virtue of the Act respecting extra-judicial oaths. Done and declared at the City of St. John, in the Province of New Brunswick, this 11th day of October, A. D. 1892. JOHN A. KIMBALL. A Justice of the Peace in and for the City and County of Saint John. The Groder Dyspepsia Syrup, L'Id.

WINDSOR ADVERTISEMENT.

CARVER'S LADIES STOP! and think if it would not be a wise thing to save a dollar or two on your spring dresses by purchasing now before our MID-WINTER SPECIAL SALE! Closes on the 25th February! Orders by mail will receive our best and prompt attention. Send for samples. I. FRED CARVER. Windsor, Feb. 16th, 1893. 13-1y

BARGAINS EVERY DAY! AT WHITE HALL, KENTVILLE. Ladies' Furs, Fur Coats, Overcoats and all Winter Goods AT SLAUGHTER PRICES. CASH ONLY. NOTICE. The partnership heretofore existing between J. L. Franklin and R. L. Fuller, doing a general Hardware Business under the name of Franklin & Fuller, has been dissolved. The business will be continued in the same premises by J. L. Franklin in his own name, who will collect all debts and pay all liabilities due the late firm. Wolfville, N. S. Feb. 15th, 1893.

CHRISTIE'S TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT. NOTICE. THE Merchant Tailoring Business known as the Estate P. Christie will from this date be carried on by the undersigned, who assumes all debts and liabilities, and to whom all outstanding accounts are to be paid. The business will be carried on as heretofore, and Mr. Grono, already as well known, will continue as cutter, thus guaranteeing the style, finish and first class work of the establishment. The undersigned will continue to deal largely in the best imported cloth—Broadcloths, Meltons, Beavers, and fine Woollen goods; also Foreign and Canadian Tweeds. He will sell for cash, or on short terms, and can assure every satisfaction to his customers. Kentville, Dec. 31, 1892. R. DOW.

WANTED - AT ONCE. HARD COAL! To arrive at Wolfville end of September cargo of LACKAWANA HARD COAL! Price Away Down! J. W. & W. Y. Fullerton. Money Saved. Parties in need of Harness will do well to call At REGAN'S and get his prices before purchasing elsewhere as they can save 25 per cent. Repairing neatly and promptly done. Shop Open Evenings. Wm. Regan. Wolfville, Dec. 10th, 1892. DR. BARSS, WOLFVILLE. Residence adjoining Episcopal church. Office Hours, 1-3, p.m. Telephone, No. 17. January, 4, 1893.

At the Bank. This is to notify you that your account at the bank of health is overdrawn; at this rate you will soon be bankrupt, unless you take SCOTT'S EMULSION. Of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites to build you up. It will STOP A COUGH, CURE A COLIC, and check CONSTIPATION, and all forms of WASTING DISORDERS, as most as palatable as Milk. Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Belleville. For sale by all druggists. Ripans Tablets cure biliousness. Ripans Tablets cure headache.

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G. F. Hamilton - HEADQUARTERS FOR - GROCERIES, CROCKERYWARE, Flour, Meal, Feed, &c., &c. HAVING removed to the store lately vacated by Rockwell & Co. I am prepared to serve the good people of Wolfville and vicinity with the Choicest and Newest Goods in the above lines, at fair prices.

Lime, at retail or by the barrel! Coarse Salt, by the bag! To arrive in a few days a full line of PURE CONFECTIONERY! Bananas, Oranges, Lemons, Dates, Nuts in stock, and all kinds of Fruits in season. Don't miss the place, next to the Bookstore.

G. F. Hamilton. Wolfville, May 25th, 1892. WOLFVILLE Drug Store! Besides the usual complete stock of Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines we have a large assortment of articles suitable for Christmas and New Year presents. OUR JEWELLERY CASE! Has just been filled with New designs in Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Brooches, Necktie Pins, Rings, Etc., Etc. OUR PERFUMERY CASE! Includes the best that such makers as Lubin, Colgate, Young, Beckin and Lundborg can produce. A bottle of good perfume makes a nice present for either lady or gentleman. OUR FLAVORING EXTRACTS! And Essences, Vanilla, Lemon, Rose, Cheekberry, Almond, Etc., are our OWN MAKE, and of the best quality. Give us a call! Geo. V. Rand, PROPRIETOR. Wolfville, Dec. 14th, 1892. 43-1f

WANTED - Wide awake workers every where for "STRIPERS PHOTOGRAPH OF THE WORLD"; the greatest book on earth; costing \$100,000; cash or installment; mammoth illustrated circulars and menus free; daily output over 1500 volumes. Agents will succeed. Mr. Thos. L. Martin, Centerville, Tex., cleared \$711 in 9 days; Miss Rose Adams, Wootter, O., \$23 in 40 minutes; Rev. J. Howard Madison, Lyons, N. Y., \$101 in 7 hours; a bonanza; magnificent outfit only \$1. Books on credit. Freight paid. Address Globe Bible Publishing Co., No. 723 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa., or 558 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

LADIES' BAZAR. Ladies interested in Needlework will find a Full Line of Art Goods at the Bazar. Work stamped and commenced if desired. There is a growing demand for superior fancy and domestic wools, and the Bazar is prepared to fill the bill. Try the Antigonish Mill yarns for knitting hose. English Fleecy for slippers, rugs, wraps, &c. M. A. Woodworth, Webster St. - - Kentville, N. S.

MILK. My delivery wagon calls twice daily, delivering milk to my patrons at 4 cents per imperial quart. I use a milk cooler or aerator which method keeps the milk pure and sweet from 24 to 36 hours longer than without its use. It also from the milk from all animal heat, from the odors of the stable and from the taste of turnips, pasture or silo feed. I invite inspection of my stables and dairy. Aubrey Brown. Wolfville, Dec. 10th, 1892. 4f.

FOR SALE. One Boiler and Engine, near Berwick Station, of 40 horse power, nearly as good as new, which will be sold at bargain and on easy terms. Apply to MILLER BROS., 116 & 118 Granville St., HALIFAX, N. S. 24-1f

J. B. DAVISON, J. P. STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATE, WOLFVILLE, N. S. Plant Ferry's Seeds and reap a rich harvest. They are always reliable, always in demand, always the best. FERRY'S SEED ANNUAL For 1893 is invaluable to every Planter. It is the most complete and latest farming information from the highest authorities. D. M. FERRY & CO., WINDSOR, Ont.