

# Citizens: Vote for KELLY for Mayor.

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## THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

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### War Between United States and Mexico Rests with Carranza

Future Events Will be Decided Upon by How Mexican Government Will Take United States Refusal to Heed Demands For the Recall of American Troops From Mexico

CARRANZA'S MOTIVES NOT QUITE UNDERSTOOD

Official Reports Show That Throughout Mexico a Wave of Hatred Against Americans Has Been Stirred Up—Mexicans are Told States is Preparing For Conquest of Mexico

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Upon Genl. Carranza's reception of the stern refusal to heed demands for the recall of American troops from Mexico, hinges the question of the Mexican war, in the opinion of President Wilson's close advisers. They were prepared tonight for the possibility of open hostilities, after the Note which will be sent forward tomorrow reaches Carranza's hands. While diplomatic steps were in progress today, the nation was stirring through its width and breadth with the movement of National Guardsmen mobilizing to guard the border. At least one hundred thousand, and possibly a far larger number, is preparing for active service under President Wilson's call. For the present their mission will be one of defence, but should war come they will be ready. No marching orders for the new forces had gone out tonight. They will not be assigned to border duty until they are mustered into the Federal service. Even when mobilization is completed, only such units will be ordered south as Genl. Funston desires to fill gaps in his 1,800 mile ground line. The remainder will rest their arms and stay in mobilization camps for the present, awaiting the turn of events. Official reports from many quarters show the flame of popular feeling against the States is being kindled throughout Mexico, apparently with the sanction of Genl. Carranza. From Juarez to the west coast of Mexico posters have appeared calling the people to arm and asserting the United States is preparing to hurl its armies into Mexico.

### Spaniards Ask Alfonso To Act as Mediator

MADRID, June 19.—The Spanish Press Association today received a cable sent on behalf of the Spanish colony in Mexico City, urging King Alfonso to take action, to prevent war between the United States and Mexico. The selection of the King to arbitrate the difference between the two countries is suggested, and the Press Association is requested to give its support to this project.

### Italian Line Remains Unshaken

ROME, June 20.—Heavy attacks are being delivered by Austrians near Magra Bosch and Poscon, in Trentino. The War Office announced today that all assaults have been repelled and that the Italian line has remained unshaken. Progress for Italians north-east of Asiago and north of the Franzel Valley is claimed.

### Earl of Longford Killed

LONDON, June 19.—It was announced officially today that Brigadier General the Earl of Longford, who was previously reported wounded and missing, has been killed. The Earl of Longford was reported last year as being wounded while fighting on the Gallipoli Peninsula. He was the fifth Earl of Longford, and was born in 1864.

Neither the State Department officials or members of the Diplomatic Corps here have been able to satisfy themselves as to Carranza's motives. There are some who believe he should ride into popularity by diplomatic triumphs over his powerful northern neighbour or upon a war wave which might establish his tottering government. Once war was on the certain defeat of his armies is foreshadowed and these observers say Carranza might sue for peace, trusting to the magnanimity of the Washington Government to leave him in power.



R. F. A. CORCORAN, in charge of captured German gun on view in a provincial town. "Ere you! 'Op it!" SMALL DOY: "Garn, swank. You didn't capture it. It's curs as much as joun!"—Fessing Shook.

### MANY IMPORTANT MATTERS AWAIT REASSEMBLING OF PARL'T

The Irish Problem is One For Deep Consideration—Much Attention Will be Given to Finance as Another Vote of Credit Will be Asked For—There is a Division Among Cabinet Over Proposals For Settlement Irish Question and Negotiations For Moment Are Stopped

LONDON, June 20.—Matters of great importance await consideration of Parliament which reassembles today. Since recess was taken three weeks ago, there have been three happenings of great moment, namely, the naval battle off Jutland, the Allies Economic Conference at Paris, and the death of Kitchener, which necessitates the appointment of a new War Minister. The legislators will want much information concerning these matters and in addition the attitude of the Allies toward Greece and the Irish problem provide questions for deep consideration. Much attention will also be given to finance as a new Budget is promised for next month and another vote of credit is scheduled for early in August. There remains besides the problem of the extension of the life of Parliament. It is reported there is a division among members of the Cabinet over the proposals for a settlement of the Irish question. Irish negotiations have been stopped for the moment owing to this difference of opinion.

### Another Demonstration Against High Prices

AMSTERDAM, June 20.—Another demonstration against the high prices of food stuffs was held here today. A large procession, composed mainly of women, paraded the street. The Telegraph announces the police have prohibited all street demonstrations after today.

### Austrians Retiring

LONDON, June 19.—A portion of the Austrian forces toward Czernowitz has retired westward toward Kolomea and Kutu, the remainder southward in the direction of Dornauera, telegraphs Reuter's Petrograd correspondent. Genl. Pfanzers' army is now isolated, it adds, and must depend upon its own resources.

### French Losses At Verdun Are 165,000

NEW YORK, June 20.—A despatch to the Sun from Geneva says the French losses around Verdun in killed and wounded approximately to date are 165,000. These losses have occurred on a front of not more than thirteen miles in length.

team seemed to have sized the other up and spectators were given a good clean exhibition throughout. The Irish had if anything the better of the game for the first ten minutes of the second half and on two or three occasions were within an ace of scoring. However the Terra Novas put up a good defence and towards the close of the game had play confined to their opponent's territory. No further scoring was recorded in the second half and the first game for 1916 ended in a draw.

### The Opening Game Ends in a Draw

Terra Novas and B.I.S. in Opening Game of Season Give Good Exhibition—Teams Scored One Goal Each—Large Gathering of Fans Present and Ideal Weather Conditions

Under ideal weather conditions and before a large gathering of spectators the Terra Novas and B.I.S. met last evening in the opening game of the 1916 fixtures. Interest was keen from the start as much was looked for on account of the entry of the new team who were known to have good material in their ranks.

The game started sharp at 7 o'clock with the Irish defending the eastern goal. Immediately on the ball being put in motion the Irish boys made a good run west but were repulsed by the Terra Novas backs who throughout the game played well. After some fifteen minutes of hard work, "Freddie" Phalen after one of his usual dashes succeeded in netting the first goal for the season amidst loud plaudits of the Irish supporters. This had the effect of making the Terra Novas buck up and just previous to half time they managed to score the equalizer through Simms. No further scoring was done and the teams crossed over at half time one goal each.

The second half opened with a brisk space and play was even better than in the first half. Each

### OFFICIAL BRITISH

LONDON, June 19.—A British official issued tonight reads:—"During last night and today the German infantry carried out no enterprises along the front. Except for some heavy shelling of our trenches south-east of Neuville St. Vaast, the enemy artillery was fairly quiet. Arras was shelled last night, and during the day there has been some shelling about Becourt, Thiépale and Hulluch. East of Souchez there have been trench mortar actions. Today our artillery dispersed an enemy working party west of Hulluch. In this region the enemy blew up a small mine, which destroyed one of his posts, but did us no damage. The chief point of interest to record is the aerial report. Yesterday there was a marked increase of the work of hostile aircraft. In all there were 27 combats, in which the enemy suffered the following losses:—One hostile aeroplane was brought down in our lines near Doullens, and the occupants made prisoners two of our fighting aeroplanes encountered two Fokkers in the vicinity of Lens, when one machine was driven down and damaged, and the other shot down, which crashed to the earth from a height of four thousand feet. Two more German machines were driven down in a damaged condition, while another was brought down near Wiegles. Hostile reconnaissances which crossed our lines were attacked and dispersed by our aeroplanes. One of our pilots reported he saw sink two hostile machines, hit by anti-aircraft fire. As a result of the air combats two of our machines were brought down in the enemy's lines.

### To Governor, Newfoundland:

LONDON, June 20.—The King on visiting the Grand Fleet congratulated them on the result of the North Sea battle which has added another page to the glorious traditions of the British Navy.

At Verdun, there has been further enemy attacks. The situation is virtually unchanged. The French have recaptured a trench on Le Mort Homme.

On our front Canadians recovered a lost position at Zillebeke, and inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

The Russian offensive continues. Czernowitz has been occupied, and prisoners exceed one hundred and seventy thousand.

A Russian flotilla attacked an enemy convoy in the Baltic sinking an auxiliary cruiser, two torpedo boats and several merchant vessels.

The Italians report successes against the Austrians. Gen. Smuts' forces have occupied With-instal, and successful operations continue.

BONAR LAW.

### FRENCH

PARIS, via St. Pierre, June 19.—South of the Somme a surprise attack by the enemy in Libons region completely failed. On the left bank of the Meuse the enemy violently bombarded the southern slope of Mort Homme and Chattancourt region. Everywhere our artillery efficaciously answered the enemy's by cross fires, and counter-preparations were effected. On the right bank a German attack, launched against our positions north of Hill 321, was completely repulsed by our fire. Last night two of our squadrons successfully bombarded the barracks and railway station at Vouziers, where the movements of trains were reported. One of them threw 36 projectiles of heavy calibre, the other 25.

### Has Declared War On United States

SAN DIEGO, June 20.—The Government of the State of Sinaloa has declared war on the United States according to a radiogram today from Commander Kavanagh, of the gunboat, Annapolis, now at Mazatlan. No further details of the alleged declaration of hostilities was given in the message which was directed to Admiral Winston of the Pacific Coast fleet here.

### Heavy Fighting in Galicia and Volhynia, Russians on Offensive

### OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT

NOT PREVIOUSLY REPORTED: 1326 Private Ambrose William Stride, Bridgeport, N.D.B. Wounded dangerously.

J. R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

### Prisoners Taken Are Weary and Ragged

LONDON, June 20.—Among the prisoners captured in Galicia were many who had recently been fighting on the Italian front, says a Reuter's despatch. They were weary and ragged.

### The Premier in London

LONDON, June 20.—Premier Morris, of Newfoundland, arrived in London last night. He deferred making a definite statement, but it is gathered he will take up several matters of political and financial interest regarding the Colony. Lady Morris was already staying in London.

### Russians Add To Their Captures

PETROGRAD, June 19.—The Russians took 3,000 prisoners yesterday in the vicinity of Czernowitz, the War Office announced today.

### MANY LOSSES IN SHIPPING ARE REPORTED

Two Italian Steamers and Six Sailing Vessels are Sunk—American Steamer "Seaconnet" Strikes Mine Becomes Total Wreck—German Steamer Ems is Sunk by British Submarine

LONDON, June 20.—The Italian steamers Redno and Tavotara, and the sailing vessels Francesco Padre, Antonia, Anetta and Adelia have been sunk, according to despatches to Lloyds.

LONDON, June 20.—The German steamer Ems, from Christiania for Quebec, was torpedoed this morning off the coast of North Falkenberg, Sweden, supposedly by a British submarine, says a Reuter's despatch from Stockholm today. The crew were saved.

The German steamer Ems was a vessel of 699 tons gross, built in 1907, and owned in Hamburg.

LONDON, June 20.—The American steamer Seaconnet, from Archangel for London, with timber, struck a mine on Sunday and went ashore on Soroby Sands. She has become a total wreck. The crew landed at Yarmouth.

The Seaconnet was 2,294 tons gross, 247 feet long and was built in 1911.

### RECOVERED THE BODIES

Last evening a message was received by the Department of Justice from Magistrate Roper of Bonavista, saying that the bodies of Levi and John March, the men who were drowned from their boat on the fishing grounds Saturday had been recovered yesterday.

### Czar's Forces After Capture of Czernowitz Are Driving Austrians Before Them Towards the Sereth River and the Carpathian Mountain Passes Taking Numerous Additional Prisoners and War Materials

### AUSTRIANS REPULSED SOUTH EAST TREAT

Nothing Important Reported from Front in France—Bombardments Are in Progress in Region North East Verdun—Fighting Between Austrians and Italians in Progress on Setti Comuni Plateau

LONDON, June 20.—Having captured Czernowitz, the capital of Bukovina, the Russians are well on their way from that city, and from various points along the River Pruth are driving the Austrians before them toward the Sereth River and the Carpathian Mountain passes. Numerous additional prisoners have been captured by the Russians in their drive and more guns, machine guns, ammunition and food stuffs have fallen into their hands. Heavy fighting is still in progress in North Galicia and Volhynia with the Russians generally on the offensive, but with the Austro-Hungarians and Germans battling on various other sectors. A Petrograd official on the fighting on the front, with Genl. Brusiloff's armies says: "The enemy tried by counter-attacks to arrest our advance towards Lemberg. In the region of the village of Lokatchi, about four miles south of the main road from Lutsk to Waldimer Volynzki the Austrians, in mass formation, attacked our units and breaking through one sector of our fighting front, captured 3 guns belonging to a battery, which resisted bravely to the last cartridge. On receiving reinforcements we overthrew the enemy recapturing one gun and taking 300 prisoners and two machine guns. In the region of Korynitsky, south-east of Svinieukhi and south-west of Lokatchi, one of our regiments launched counter-attacks and put the enemy to flight. Meanwhile, a section of our light battery posted in a wood in advance, cannonaded the fugitives point blank. We took in this action 3 officers, 100 soldiers and four machine guns. East of Borchoff we seized, after desperate resistance, a wood near the village of Bojeff, taking one thousand prisoners and four machine guns. During attacks in the region at the southern edge of Radziviloff the enemy received our troops with jets of liquid fire. We took in this region yesterday 1,800 prisoners. Near the village of Storozyess we took two officers and eighty-five men. Prisoners made in the course of the day amounted to 3,000. At Zoutchka station, north of Czernowitz, we captured depots of engineering material.

On the front in France only one infantry action took place this morning. This was between the Aye and the Oise, where the Germans attempted to approach the French lines, but were repulsed with hand grenades. Only violent bombardments in the region north-east of Verdun. Against the British positions near Neuville St. Vaast bombardments were but intermittent.

Fighting between the Austrians and Italians is in progress on the Setti Comuni Plateau. West of the Asiago front artillery duels continue. South-east of Trent numerous Austrian attacks have been repulsed.

### Three German Attacks

PARIS, June 20.—Three German attacks made last night on French positions north-west of Hill No. 321 were repulsed by the fire of the French machine guns. The Germans are heavily bombarding the French positions in the neighbourhood of Vaux, Chapitre and Chattancourt.

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