

Fire Protection By-Law Passed

Three Blocks Between Sydney and Charlotte Added to Fire-Proof Construction District.

The common council yesterday passed a by-law raising the blocks bounded by the south side of King Square, west side of Sydney, south side of Queen Square and east side of Charlotte street, from fire district No. 2 to No. 1 and in future it will be unlawful for any but a fireproof structure to be erected in that locality. The erection of the sample rooms for the Dufferin Hotel will be stopped, even if it requires an injunction, the commissioner of safety said yesterday but it is likely the city will have some damages to pay in connection with this building. Mayor Schofield and Commissioner Jones voted against the immediate passing of the by-law.

Commissioner Thornton moved the by-law as follows: "WHEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly, passed on the twentieth day of March A. D. 1913, entitled 'An Act for the better prevention of conflagrations in the City of Saint John,' the Common Council of the City of Saint John was authorized from time to time, by By-Law or Ordinance, to alter the limits of the fire districts which the City is divided by the Act 41 Vic. C. 6, as amended by the Act 1 Edward 7, C. 63, and make new districts in lieu thereof.

"BE IT ORDAINED, by the City of Saint John in Common Council convened, as follows:

"The boundaries of the First District and the Second District as fixed by By-Law entitled 'A Law to alter certain building Districts within the City of Saint John' passed on the Twenty-first day of April A. D. 1913, are hereby amended by transferring to the First District that portion of the Second District described as follows: BEGINNING at a point at the middle of Sydney Street opposite the middle of the street on the North side of King Square thence southwardly along the middle of Sydney Street to a point opposite the middle of the street on the South side of Queen Square thence westerly along the middle of the said street to the middle of Charlotte Street thence northwardly along the middle of Charlotte Street to a point opposite the middle of the street on the North side of King Square and thence easterly along the middle of the said street to the place of beginning.

"From and after the passing of this By-Law no building shall be erected herein described contrary to the laws and regulations for construction of buildings in the First District notwithstanding any permit heretofore made by the Inspector of Buildings.

"AND BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED that in view of the preparations for construction of a wooden hotel within this area contrary to the laws governing the construction of buildings in the First District it is hereby declared that the passage of this By-Law is urgent for the immediate preservation of the Public Safety and public peace and the same shall go into effect upon its passing.

In moving the resolution he said the permit for the erection of the sample room at the Dufferin Hotel had been issued on March 29 and that construction ordered stopped on April 3, later the permit had been cancelled but the erection of the building had gone on and the only thing he could do was to issue an injunction to stop it. He had discussed the matter with the city solicitor and that official was of the opinion that damages would have to be paid by the city to the owners of the building.

As B. L. Gerow, representing the owners of the Dufferin Hotel, and H. McMillan, fire marshal, were present the council went into committee. Mr. Gerow said he simply wanted to get his clients out of the building and he was going along with this building. They had been granted a permit and that permit could not be withdrawn.

Mr. McMillan said his only interest was to have the building removed. He said he did not think the building at the Dufferin Hotel should enter into the matter.

Commissioner Jones wanted to know why the permit was issued for this building. Commissioner Thornton said a mistake had been made in the permit and he was in a hurry to get it cancelled. He said he was in a hurry to get it cancelled.

The common council then adjourned in council and Commissioner Frink seconded the motion of Commissioner Thornton. The bill was then read a second time and it was moved and carried that it be passed and ordained and the common seal affixed. Commissioner Jones thought there should be some notice given and the mayor agreed with this view.

On the motion being put it carried. Commissioners Thornton, Frink and Bullock voting in favor and the mayor and Commissioner Jones against.

Conditions in Far North Satisfactory During Past Winter

Edmonton, Alta., April 12.—Reports from the "outposts of civilization" are commencing to come in to Royal Canadian Mounted Police headquarters here covering the winter operations of the Mounted in the far north. Sergeant Thorne, of the mounted patrol, reports conditions have been very favorable for the natives during the past winter and no cases of acute distress or starvation were reported. Meat and fish have been plentiful and the fur is being taken in satisfactory quantities this year. The past winter was one of very heavy snow throughout the north, but the trails have been in excellent condition.

In January, Sergeant Thorne made a patrol up the Liard river from Fort Simpson and reports many samples of gold being taken from the South Nahanni, but he had no information as to the quantity or quality of the metal. Major Jennings, commanding the detachment here, states he has seen placer gold from this location which on analysis proved of no value. He issued a note of warning to those who

City Saves Money On Asphalt Purchase

Claim for Damages Done by Blasting on Millidgeville Avenue by City Workmen.

The contract for the supply of asphalt for the city's needs this year was yesterday awarded to the Carrville Co., their being the lowest tender by the city council. The result of Monday's voting was announced by the common clerk; a request for the city to hold a clean-up day was received from the Board of Health and several matters of routine business were disposed of. Mayor Schofield presided and all the members of the council were present.

The common clerk presented the following report of the polling on Monday:

The common clerk, as required by law, reports that at the primary election held on Monday the tenth day of April instant for the purpose of selecting two candidates from the total number of candidates for the office of Mayor and four candidates from the total number of candidates nominated for the office of aldermen and Commissioner, the following named persons were chosen as candidates for the dual election on Monday the twenty-fourth day of April instant, namely:

For the office of mayor, Harry R. McMillan and B. Allan Schofield. For the office of alderman or commissioner, Thomas H. Bullock, Alexander Corbett, John B. Jones and Robert W. Whymore.

An application to be appointed a lumber surveyor was received from Robert M. Miller. The appointment was ordered made on his filing the proper bonds.

An application from F. W. Kelly for permission to install gasoline apparatus on his premises 19 Leinster street was referred to the commissioner of safety.

A communication from No. 1 B. C. Fraser and James Sterling had been elected members, and received and the warrants ordered issued.

A claim for damages to the amount of \$150, the result of blasting operations on Millidgeville Avenue, was received from Walter Bailey, 313 Millidgeville Avenue and referred to the commissioner of public works for a report.

On motion the amount of \$100, a part of his salary as district commissioner for Stanley Ward, was ordered paid to James Leary.

A communication to the Board of Health asking the city to hold a clean-up campaign about the middle of May was referred to the commissioner of public works.

A resolution, moved by the mayor, recommending that no charters be issued by the Federal Government which would in any way interfere with the rights of municipalities, at the instance of private companies carried.

Commissioner Frink reported that the offer of the Carrville Co., of \$28 per ton in pocket money for the lowest tender for asphalt and recommended its acceptance. The motion carried. Last year the department paid \$24 per ton, this represented a saving of \$1,050 on the 175 tons purchased.

The mayor reported that the tender of J. & A. McMillan had been accepted. This represented a saving of \$1,050 on the 175 tons purchased.

Commissioner Jones reported that he would be forced to call for tenders for iron pipe as T. McAvity & Sons would be unable to carry out their contract. It was decided to delay the action until the commissioner had further information from Messrs. McAvity.

Intend going in on the Nahanni in respect to proving the field before any talk of stamps is indulged in.

In addition to the usual patrol work, Sergeant Thorne and his patrol have been investigating the disappearance of two oil prospectors, named Warburton and Kelly, of Whitehorse, Yukon territory, who have not been heard of since they started on a return journey, in 1921, from Fort Norman to the Yukon.

No trace of them was discovered, but it is hoped with the coming of the Fort Norman mail their disappearance may be cleared up as another patrol carried on a layover on the Gravel River, via which stream the Yukoners attempted to return home.

HAD BAD COUGH AND SORE THROAT

Never neglect a cough or cold however slight. If you do it can have but one result; it leaves the throat or lungs, or both, affected. A single dose of

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP will help to stop the cough, soothe the throat, and if the cough or cold has become settled on the lungs the healing virtues of the Norway pine tree, along with the soothing and expectorant properties of other excellent herbs, roots and barks promptly eradicates the bad effects, and the persistent cough cannot but help to bring about relief.

Mr. Albert Marsh, Lower L'Ardoise, N. B., writes:—"About a year ago I contracted a cold accompanied by a very bad cough and sore throat. I sent for the doctor, but what he prescribed did me no little good. I began to get discouraged. A friend came to see me and asked me if I had ever read Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I told him I had not and sent him right away to get me a bottle. I started using it, and after a couple of days I found I was getting relief, and after taking the bottles the soreness in my throat seemed to be leaving me, so I resolved to continue its use. And after I had taken five bottles both my sore throat and cough were gone. I would not be without 'Dr. Wood's' for any money." Price, 50c and 60c a bottle; get only the T. T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Memorial to Early Explorer Takes form of Primitive Fort



"THOMPSON HOUSE," RESTORED HUDSON POST AT INVERMERE, P.E. ON LAKE WINDERMERE, B.C.

Visitors to the tourist region about Lake Windermere in southern British Columbia, will find a reminder there of early days. The Hudson's Bay Company is building a replica of their first post in this region. It was known as "Kootenay House" and was built by the intrepid astronomer and explorer, David Thompson, in 1806 on the shore of lovely Lake Windermere.

David Thompson, a pupil at Blue Coat School in London, was released from his military duties in 1795, to go to the Hudson's Bay Company. He was sent to the mouth of the River to the mouth of the River to the mouth of the River. He was sent to the mouth of the River to the mouth of the River. He was sent to the mouth of the River to the mouth of the River.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA MOVING IN DIRECTION OF PROHIBITION

Government Abandons Planting of Wine Grapes on Soldier Settlements Along Murray River.

Adelaide, South Australia, April 12.—The warning given a long time ago by the prohibition advocates in this State that a mistake was being made in allowing the soldier settlers to plant such a large proportion of wine grapes on their newly-acquired blocks on the banks of the Murray River, appears to be coming true.

When the soldiers returned from the war, and were offered areas of land on generous terms to encourage producing industries, a large number selected holdings in the great valley of the Murray, where the soil is very fertile, and facilities were provided for irrigation. Under a scheme which will cost perhaps between \$5,000,000 and \$6,000,000, the river is now being locked, and the utilities of navigation, as well as of irrigation, will be assisted materially by the project now well in hand, by the joint authorities of the federal and state governments.

The result has been that there has been extensive planting of grapes on the Murray lands, and in the course of a few years, the production will be tremendous. Most of the Murray area are being devoted to the cultivation of the vine. The bulk of the additional planting which has been carried out in Australia during recent times has been done in this State. It is estimated that at present 20 per cent. of that produced in South Australia is exported abroad, and that the remainder is consumed locally. In a few years, unless rigorous measures are adopted, the probability is that those figures will be reversed.

But before then prohibition is expected. The Temperance Alliance is still sanguine about that. Representatives of this organization and of the soldier settlers' Club of Glenosop, one of the largest of the newer vine-growing areas on the Murray, joined hands and went to the Minister of Agriculture the other day on the question of the future of the wine industry. The request was that the Government would conduct experiments, and establish new industries for the utilization of wine, spirit and surplus drying grapes.

The president of the Temperance Alliance, Major Smeaton, admitted that while the advocates of prohibition would far sooner see grapes used for some purpose other than wine making, they were practical men, and desired to do all they could to establish new industries for the benefit of the State. The settlement of the question of the disposal of the produce of the vine was going to give South Australia a great deal of trouble. "We believe prohibition is coming," asserted Major Smeaton confidently, "and we wish to show regard for those who will be affected by it."

Another speaker pointed out that the deportation represented hundreds of soldier settlers. Many thought that prohibition was approaching, and were getting apprehensive about it. Speakers urged that California had shown that grapes could be utilized for various purposes outside of wine making. That the United States Government should be sent to America to ascertain the position. A recent visitor to California argued that it had been a much bigger thing for that country to face prohibition than would be the case with South Australia. He asserted that the California growers got bigger profits after prohibition than previously. Australia should take the duty of commercial spirit as there were enormous possibilities in the use of commercial and industrial spirit.

The minister said it was the desire of the Government that the soldier settlers should remain on the land and have happy and prosperous homes. Honorary commissioners had been appointed to make inquiries in America, but it seemed that the character of such reports depended a good deal on the sympathies of the persons concerned. The experiments suggested would be made.

"Example" of Canada. A few days later the minister published the report of a committee which the Government had appointed to inquire into the technicalities of the liquor industry in respect of the utilization of wine grape for purposes other than wine making. The report indicated that, notwithstanding prohibition, approximately 94 per cent of the grapes produced in California were used for wine making. The committee drew the conclusion that this large consumption was due apparently to the fact that the prohibition law allowed each householder to make up to 200 gallons of wine for home consumption. This announcement, as well as others of a similar character, had made the Australian prohibitionists shrug their shoulders a bit.

The communication from the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce concludes with a very significant statement that, so far as it has been able to glean "should the lid be clapped down," nothing so far worked out to the fact that the characteristics of the various grapes differ.

Tests which have been made by the Department of Chemistry in South Australia show that a proportion, at least, of the grapes produced a juice which is decidedly unpalatable, and which will appeal to consumers. The summing up of the committee's inquiries in America is that, experiments have been a comparative failure, and had it not been possible for wine to be made in the home (at first in spite of the law, but latterly within the law) the vineyards of California would have had to face a total failure.

The report of the committee has been attacked vigorously. The president of the Temperance Alliance asserts that "the report is so report at all, but that the document is interesting, because it exhibits much skill on the part of its compilers in evading the simple question for the elucidation of which its assistance has been invoked."

Major Smeaton remarks that the statement used by the committee showing that 94 per cent of the wine grapes in California were devoted to wine making, conveyed the inference that prohibition was being forced in a wholesale manner, whereas a non-intoxicating beverage was manufactured. Distillation and crime had been reduced wonderfully in California and enormous sales in the upkeep of jails, courts and asylums had been effected. In "dry" California, indeed, Australia had an example of increased efficiency in all branches of industry.

It is significant that the South Australian Government has abandoned the planting of wine grapes on the soldier settlements along the Murray and inland and current grapes and fruit trees are being grown instead.

C. P. R. TRAIN SERVICE. On Good Friday, April 14th, local train leaving city at 7.30 A. M. (last train) will make all intermediate stops at Walsford. Same train returning at night due in city at 10.05. It will make similar stops between Walsford and city.

Marked Decrease In Needy Cases

Associated Charities Report Calls for Relief During Month Were Fewer.

A marked decrease in the number of cases applying for relief was noted in the reports submitted at the meeting of the Associated Charities held yesterday afternoon in the Bible Society rooms, Gervais street. It was felt that the worst of the winter distress was passed and that with the commencement of building operations and of other construction work there would be less unemployment to cope with. Cases of sickness, however, were still fairly numerous. The meeting was presided over by Dr. David Hutchinson, in the absence of W. Shives Fisher.

A resolution of sympathy was extended to Mrs. P. B. Marvin in her recent bereavement. Delegates to the Local Council of Women appointed at the meeting were Miss Grace O. Robertson and Miss Stella Taylor. Miss Robertson's report as secretary gave the following statistics: Applications received, 141; requests for employment, 34; employment found, 26; recommended, 41; requests for mals, 16; records given, 21; seeking relief, 20; relief provided for, 18; visits made, 25; clothing given, 8; cases investigated, 10; asking transportation, 3. The number of cases seeking relief was about one-third less than it had been the previous week.

The secretary reported on several cases that are being dealt with. In two cases the men had found work and in other cases where the head of the family was sick it was decided to continue to give relief.

Obituary

Mrs. Fred Wisely. Frederickton, April 12.—The death occurred at her home in Lower Frederickton, at noon Wednesday, of Mrs. Fred Wisely. The deceased was fifty years of age and had recently returned after spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Herbert Horsnell, of St. Andrews, N. S. Her husband is employed with the New Brunswick Railway Company.

Harry J. Wiley. Frederickton, April 12.—The death occurred Tuesday at Brockton, Mass. of Harry J. Wiley, a former resident of this city. The deceased was fifty-six years of age, and succumbed after a long period of illness. The late Mr. Wiley was twice married and besides his second wife and son Hervey, both now living in Brockton, Mass., he is survived by one daughter Isabelle, of this city, and one son, J. Douglas, of Bridgeport, Conn., both by his first wife. His mother, Mrs. John Wiley, resides in this city, and Mrs. E. A. McKay, with whom she makes her home, is a sister of the deceased.

Through the courtesy of the Standard Film Corporation, a representative of this newspaper was enabled to enjoy a private view of "The Barbarian," which has been justly described as one of the great films of the year.

The leading man, who enacts the role of the Barbarian, is Monroe Salisbury, whose name is sufficient to guarantee the excellence of the picture, and who adequately supported by that well-known star, Jane Novak. Equally good and well-known actors portray the other characters, and the fact that the film is produced by the Pioneer Film Corporation is a very satisfactory assurance that it is "quite all right" in technique finish.

The story centers around Eric Strive, played by Monroe Salisbury. Brought to the wilds of Canada at the age of two years, to be developed into manhood according to the ideals of his father, who has declined at the false standards of so-called civilization, Eric becomes a true child of nature.

He is just approaching manhood when a group of eastern capitalists schemes to obtain possession of the vast tract of land containing rare mineral deposits and valuable timber, which the elder Strive had been gradually accumulating and which he did not want for the wealth it concealed, but rather to be held as a God-given estate for his boy.

Eric's father dies, and in the months that pass the capitalists invade Eric's land, claiming the right of way through a forged agreement with his dead father. Here he meets Floria Heatherton, (portrayed by Jane Novak), daughter of the head of the syndicate, to whom he appears as a barbarian. After exposing the man responsible for the forged agreement, Eric surprises them by refusing to sell but he offers to give it to his father's friend, who is his first love. Gloria has fallen in love with Eric, and his eyes grow big with wonder as he enfolds her in his arms and their lips meet for their first kiss.

The Canadian forests and lakes provide Salisbury with rich and natural settings which add considerably to the artistic beauty of the production. The trend of modern civilization, in which sham and hypocrisy have no place with innate honesty and straightforwardness, is reflected in "The Barbarian." Altogether, it is a great picture.

Remanded For Further Evidence

Alleged Bigamist Before Police Court—Traffic Cases Dealt With.

In the police court yesterday morning, Howard J. Hantington was arraigned on a charge of bigamy. When the charge was read to him, the accused made no reply. He was remanded at the request of the prosecution, until witnesses can be brought from Truro.

Lindsay Sabean pleaded guilty to a charge of assault on Wilfred Finney, but was charged with using abusive language. After evidence had been given by the complainant and policeman Donahue, the accused was remanded.

Two traffic cases were settled yesterday morning. C. D. Jackson pleaded not guilty to a charge of exceeding the speed limit on Prince Edward street on April 9. After Police Constable Dykeman and his partner gave evidence the case closed and the defendant was fined \$10.

A. L. Stearns pleaded not guilty to the charge of allowing his car to stand for nearly an hour, on the North Side of King Square, without head or tail lights showing. Police Constable McNeill gave evidence, as did also the defendant. A fine of \$10 was allowed to stand.

TINT AWAY GRAY OR FADED HAIR

The Safe, Harmless Method By Which Thousands of Women Keep Looking Young. TRIAL PACKAGE SENT FREE.

There are many hair "dyes" and so-called "restorers" but there is only one "Brownstone" Hair Tint—safe, harmless, instant in results, easy to apply and absolutely in every way what you need.



"Brownstone is My Best Friend." This wonderful preparation does not rub or wash off. If you want a delightful surprise, just brush or comb a little "Brownstone" through your gray, streaked, or bleached hair and see it change this magic to golden, not a deep rich brown, or black—any shade desired—the exact color to set off your complexion.

Absolutely Harmless. "Brownstone" is not only odorless and fragrant, but is positively non-injurious. We absolutely guarantee it to contain no lead, sulphur, silver, mercury, zinc, aniline, or coal tar products. Used for switches as well as for growing hair. "Brownstone" is sold and recommended in St. John by Watson's Stores and other leading druggists. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.50.

Special Free Trial Offer. Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Mail This Coupon Now. The Kanton Pharmaceutical Co., 591 Copestake Bldg., Covington, Ky. Enclosed find 10 cents (to cover postage and packing) for trial package of Brownstone.

Light to Medium Brown or Dark Brown to Black. Mark with X shade wanted and mail with your full name and address.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.

Send only 10c. with this coupon for Free trial package and helpful booklet on the care of the hair.