ment in 1934 and 1935, have been received within the past few days, and are being carefully studied by my ministers and by the law officers of the crown.

My ministers have given continuous thought to the serious international situation. They have sought to support by all appropriate and practicable means the establishment of a world order based on justice and equity. At the forthcoming meetings of the Assembly of the League of Nations to be held at Geneva at the end of the present month, and in September, the representatives of Canada will seek, in cooperation with other delegates, to further in the most effective way the aims and ideals of the league.

His Majesty the King has graciously consented to unveil, on July the twenty-sixth, the memorial on Vimy Ridge, erected in commemoration of the valour and sacrifice of the Canadian soldiers who fought during the great war. The acceptance by the King of the invitation of His Majesty's Canadian
ministers, and by the President of the French Republic of the Canadian government's invitation to be present on this occasion has been deeply appreciated.
Members of the House of Commons:
I thank you for the provision which you have made for the public service.
Honourable Members of the Senate:
Members of the House of Commons:
The many important measures enacted at the present session, the first of the eighteenth parliament of Canada, constitute, I believe, a substantial contribution towards national recovery.

In taking leave of you at this time, I pray that the blessing of Divine Providence may rest upon your labours.

This concluded the first session of the eighteenth parliament.

