member who paid the bounties, and I pointed out that the industrial centres paid them to a large extent.

Mr. WARNER: I would like to know where those who pay them get the money to pay them with?

Mr. MANION: They do not get it from the farmers. They get some of it from me, for example, and I am not a farmer, neither am I a manufacturer. But I am quite sure that they get more of it from me than they do from some of my hon. friends who talk more about what they do. Now, if I may be permitted to go on—

Mr. LEWIS: I would like to point out that this whole discussion is out of order. We are not dealing with the agricultural estimates.

Mr. MANION: I always notice that my hon, friends do not like this discussion about the agricultural estimates. Now, Mr. Speaker, I was not going to read all these items; too much of my time has been taken up already.

Mr. LEADER: If the hon, gentleman will permit me—I do not as a rule interrupt hon, members when they are speaking; this is about the third time I have interrupted anybody. But I wish he would read some of the agricultural items. If he does not, I will read one.

Mr. MANION: I have the floor just now; my hon, friend may read it after I have finished.

Mr. LEADER: Read the Health of Animals item, for instance.

Mr. MANION: I will read them all if my hon, friend wants me to:

The state of the s	
Experimental Farms	\$1,400,000
Entomology	25,000
Administration of the Destructive In-	
sect and Pest Act	310,000
Dairying	230.000
Cold Storage Warehouses	30,000
Fruit	182,000
Health of Animals	2,000,000
(Administration and enforcement of	Animal Con-
gious Diseases Act and Meat and Food	ds Act).

Mr. LEADER: Is not that last vote of benefit to the whole country, rather than to the agriculturists alone?

Mr. MANION: Some of it is of direct benefit to the population generally, but most of it, I should think, is of direct benefit to the farmer. The next item is Publications, \$33,500. These publications deal with agricultural questions. They are not of any special interest to me, and if my hon, friends

do not think they are of any use to them, why not move to wipe out the item? These publications are of no use to the manufacturers, nor to me as an ordinary medical man.

Mr. WARNER: When you help the farming industry are you not helping the rest of Canada?

Mr. MANION: That is true, but how can you help the manufacturing industries in this country without helping at the same time the rest of Canada? I think that question is just as proper as my hon, friend's. There are farmers in this country beside those in the prairie provinces. There are farmers in Ontario and Quebec, and about 90 per cent of their total products is sold to people dependent upon the manufacturing industries in the two provinces. If you wipe out the tariff altogether, you may temporarily help the prairie provinces, but probably you will ruin permanently the Ontario and the Quebec farmer, and there are as many farmers in those two provinces as there are in the prairie provinces.

Coming back to the question of bounties, I was going on to say when I was interrupted, that generally speaking free-traders look upon bounties as the fairest method of assisting industry. To my mind it is one of the very fairest methods. If you wish to build up an industry, if you give it a bounty you know exactly what it is getting. Questions have been put on the order paper this session with respect to the oil bounties, how much was received in bounties, and what the production was. You can get that information under the bounty system, so if we are going to have any type of production, and my hon, friends apparently agree with me that they are not moving very far this year towards free trade except in the matter of agricultural implements, we might as well have the bounty

There are other industries in this country that could be helped to a great extent by bounties, and which have not been helped so far. This year the Ontario government, the good Conservative government which wiped out the Drury crowd, to the great blessing and prosperity of this country, to my mind, have brought in a measure for paying a bounty on iron ore We are importing into Canada to-day iron and its products to the extent of \$175,000,000 a year. I for many years advocated in this House, until it became a bit of a joke, that something be done to assist the production of iron ore in Canada. I quit in 1921; that was the last time I spoke on the question. To-day the Conservative